

In England , almost 50 % of school leavers go on to higher education . The figure has not always been as high as this . Twenty years ago , it was closer to 30 % , and thirty years before that , it was only about 5% . Another huge change has been financial . Before 1998 CE , higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens . Since then , tuition fees have been introduced . Most students borrow this money from the government . They don't have to repay it immediately . Instead , they pay it back slowly out of future earnings .

Despite the high cost , most students choose to study away from home . A recent survey of 17,000 students revealed that only 7% wanted to stay at home while they studied for their degree . Of course for most young people , living away from home means borrowing even more money from the government . So why don't students choose to avoid debt by staying at home , where they don't have to pay rent? Most of them say that they want to move to the university of their choice , rather than the nearest <u>one</u> . Another strong motive is the desire to live in a new culture .Where do these students live ? Many have rooms in halls of residence , especially in their first year . Others rent flats or houses . A lucky minority live in property that their parents have bought for them . Most of them need to learn to cook , do their own washing and manage their time and money.

- 1. Two huge changes happened to higher education in Britain . Write down them .
- The text gave two reasons which make most students choose to study away from home. Write down them
- 3. Find a word which is the opposite of ( majority ) .
- 4. Quote the sentence which shows some students live in rooms provided by the university.
- 5. Quote the sentence which shows the way that students should use to repay the money they borrow from the government.
- 6. Quote the sentence which shows that few students don't rent ,but they live in houses or flats that they own ( have) .
- 7. Quote the sentence which shows the percentage of the students who prefer to study in Britain .
- 8. Students who study abroad need to do a lot of household duties . Write down two of these duties.
- 9. Suggest three challenges students face when they study abroad .
- 10. Studying abroad has many advantages . Think of this statement , and in two sentences , write your point of view .



## الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم ( ٢١٦٠ ٥٩٩٠٠)

#### **Question Number Two:**

A. Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences .

cause offence , came about , Internships, mimic , recruiting , get it off your chest , enrolls , enclosed , reserves ,fertilizers , take up , lifelong , carry out , get away with , immerse , package holiday , replicate

1.It is said that the best way to acquire a language is toyourself in it.
2. If you are polite , you won'tor upset anybody .
3 provide work experience for university students , graduates and people considering career changes .
4. I don't think the robbers willthe crime .
5.It is possible in some Jordanian universities toonto online distance learning programs.
6. As can be seen from thecurriculum vitae that I have a degree in chemistry .
7. Studying is aactivity -you are never too old to start .
8. I did a course in Management, which is aboutand managing staff.
9. When you feel depressed , talk to someone close to you . It helps to
10. Jordan does not have large oil or gas It imports them .
11.Farmers useto make their crops grow .
12. After graduating , some students go on to further study , but most of thememployment .
13. It's essential not to become, so drink lots of water .
14.As part of the interview, we will be asking all candidates to a short task.
15. I watched an interesting documentary about how the ice age
16. After a few months, babies start to try out experimental noises and

# الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم ( ١٦١، ٢٩٩٥٠)

B: Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows.

I'm not sure if it will be warm enough to have a barbecue . We will have to <a href="play it by ear">play it by ear</a>. What does the underlined body idiom mean?

from the words in brackets.
1.Anyone who keeps learning stays ( youth)
2.Firas made apresentation at a seminar in Amman last month.
3.Before you find a full-time job, why don't you consider doing work?
4. If you are successful , interpretation is aand rewarding job . ( security )
5. The document was not translated ( correct )
6. Our country considers a necessity .( educate )
7. It has been proved thatstarts to decrease after half an hour of study . ( concentrate )
8. Most students in Finland speak at least two , and often three , languages ( fluency )
9. The results of thewhich we carried out yesterday were very interesting . (experimental)
10. The Gross Product has risen to 70 % in 2016 . (Domesticity )
11. After a few months , babies start to try outnoises and mimic sounds . (experiment)

# الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم ( ١٦١٢٥ ٩٩٧٠ )

### **Question Number Three:**

A: Correct the verb between brackets .
1.lce cream melts when itwarm . ( get ) .
2.I wouldn't have had much money last year if Ithat job .( not , have )
3. By 2025 CE, our public transport system will ( change )
4. I'll buy the book as long as ittoo expensive .(not be )
5. Do you minda healthy breakfast ? (suggest)
6.If Hudaill yesterday , she wouldn't have missed the exam .( not , be)
7. Firas and Zein have to go now ,they ? (do)
8.You did English at university last year ,you? (do)
9. Finnish studentsusuallyless than half an hour of homework . ( give )
10.Prominent scientistsalwaysin as guest lecturers . ( bring )
B : Complete each of the following items so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it .
1.I live in a small flat .
l wish a bigger flat
2. The cheapest thing on the menu is lemon juice .
The least
3. There is less information on this website than there is in the book .
There isn't
4. None of these schools are nearly as long as the school year in Japan .
Japan has
5. Firas hasn't got as much homework as Karam.
Karam

# الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم ( ١٢١٢٥ ٩٩٧٠ )

	south Koreans attend school for 220 days per year , and in Japan , the school yea numbers 243 days .
7	he school year number in Japan is
7	.My brother doesn't eat as much as I do .
	l eat
8	s. In Jordan , children start school a year later than English children .
•	English children start
	9. Where's the post office , please ?
1	Do you mind telling me?
1	10. How much sleep does a teenager need ?
	Do you know?
	11. You had a brightly colored T-shirt on .That's how I noticed him in the crowd.
	lf
	12.Scientists used to think that the Earth was flat .
	It used to
	13.if you don't have a language degree , you won't be able to become an interpreter .
	Unless
	Question Number Four:
	A: Read the following situations and rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets .
	<ol> <li>Karam didn't do the course, so he didn't have enough experience to apply for the job. (If / would)</li> <li>I am sorry that I did not read that book. (If only)</li> </ol>
	B: Complete the following mini-dialogue by giving advice
	Firas: I don't understand what we have to do for homework .
	Karam :

### الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم ( ۱۲۱۲۰۹۹۷۰ )

#### Question Number FIVE:

A: EDITING (2 spelling mistakes, one grammar mistake, one punctuation mistake)

If you do a degree in Medicine or Law, you will find that your job prosbects are better than if you did a more general degree. However: language profitiency is becoming increasingly important for people who want to work abroad for global companies.

### B: Study the following sentences

1. The police are investigating the cause of the accident .

Replace the underlined word with the correct phrasal verb that has similar meaning.

2. Zein has replaced the plate he broke, so he will not be blamed for it.

Replace the underlined words with the correct **phrasal verb** that has similar meaning

3. We were caught in traffic, therefore we missed the start of the play.

What is the function of using therefore in the above sentence?

4. Every fireman should do his job responsibly .

Make this sentence gender-neutral .

5.Let's look the story into and discover what really happened .

Correct the grammatical mistake in the use of the phrasal verb C:Guided Writing:

#### A successful interpreter

- has good listening skills
- can think quickly
- is able to concentrate for long periods of time
- has a clear speaking voice



### الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم ( ١٦٠ ٢١٦٥ ١٩٠٠ )

A few years ago, as many as 1,000 schools across the USA started making school years longer by adding up to ten extra days to the school year or by making each school day longer by half an hour.

<u>This</u> was because it was found that secondary school students in the USA and the UK were spending the least time at school, with an average school year of 187 days. The typical Jordanian school year of 187 days. However, none of these are nearly as long as the school year in countries like Japan and South Korea. South Koreans attend school for 220 days per year, and in Japan, the school year numbers 243 days.

According to a study by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), students in Japan, Indonesia and South Korea spend the most time studying in the world. They want to learn as much as they can to ensure excellent exam grades. They go to school for about nine hours, although this includes optional after-school tuition and activities. They also spend about three hours on homework every day, which is three times as much as many other countries. Their high academic achievements do suggest that the longer you study, the better you do in final exams.

In Finland, however, students are usually given less than half an hour of homework per night, and they attend school for fewer and shorter days than 85% of other developed nations. Despite this, they achieve top marks in subjects like Maths and Science. In addition, most students also speak at least two, and often three, languages fluently.

The contradictory views of the study suggest that the number and length of school days is not the only factor in determining whether students will succeed at school or not.

- 1. Hundreds of schools across the USA followed two procedures ( ways ) to make school years longer . Write down them .
- 2. Two things related to school days distinguish Finland from many developed countries . Write down them .
- 3. There are two findings of the study carried by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) . Write down them .
- 4. According to the study , two factors ( elements ) can determine whether students will pass at school or not .
- 5. Two indicators show that the education system in Finland is successful . Write down them
- 6. Find a word which means (on different sides of the argument).
- 7. What does the underlined pronoun ( This) refer to ?
- 8. Quote the sentence which shows that some hours from the whole school day is not compulsory ( obligatory ) .

# الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم ( ١٦٠ ٢ ٢ ٩ ٩ ٩٠٠ )

- 9. Quote the sentence which shows that most Finnish students are multilingual or bilingual.
- 10. Quote the sentence which shows that the school subjects Finnish students are excellent (distinguished).
- 11. Suggest three advantages of after-school programs (activities).
- 12. Too much homework has many disadvantages. Think of this statement, and, in two sentences, write your point of view.