

## ( Text A )

Scientists have successfully invented a prosthetic hand with a sense of touch. It is an exciting new invention, which they plan to develop. It is possible that, in the not-too-distant future, similar artificial arms and legs will have taken the place of today's prosthetic limbs.

Dennis Sorensen, a 39-year-old from Denmark, was the first person to try out the new invention. After losing his left hand in an accident, he had been using a standard prosthetic hand for nine years. The new hand, which was developed by Swiss and Italian scientists, was a huge improvement. With it, Sorensen could not only pick up and manipulate objects, but he could also feel them. 'When I held an object, I could feel if it was soft or hard, round or square,' he explained. He said that the sensations were almost the same as the ones he felt with his other hand.

Unfortunately, Sorensen was only taking part in trials, and the equipment is not ready for general use yet. He was only allowed to wear it for a month, for safety reasons. So now he has his old artificial hand back. However, he hopes that soon he will be wearing the new type of hand again. He is looking forward to the time when similar artificial limbs are available for the thousands of people who need them. He will have helped to transform their lives.

### Answer the following questions based on the text.

1. Write down the sentence which indicates that in the near future, there is a plan to replace old prosthetic limbs with new developed ones.
2. Who invented the new prosthetic hand?
3. Who is the first person to take part in testing the new prosthetic hand?
4. Write down the sentence which indicates that Sorensen didn't use the new hand for a long period.
5. The new prosthetic hand can perform many tasks. Write down two of them.
6. Why has Sorensen been using artificial limb?
7. Sorensen was allowed to wear the new prosthetic hand for a short time. Write down the reason for that.
8. Find a word in the text that is opposite to "natural".
9. What does the underlined word "prosthetic" in the first paragraph, mean?
10. What does the underlined pronouns "I" and "them" in the second paragraph, refer to?

## ( Text B )

Two summers ago, I spent five months studying Arabic at the German-Jordanian University near Madaba. As my father is originally from Jordan, I grew up speaking Arabic as well as German. However, I had never studied Arabic formally, and when the opportunity came up for me to spend a year in Jordan studying Arabic, I didn't hesitate for one moment.

I have relatives in Jordan and they arranged for me to stay with a wonderful family who live just outside Madaba. I was amazed by the number of international students there, who were not only from Germany, but from all over the world. Most of them had studied Arabic to a high level. I'm very familiar with colloquial Arabic, which is what my family speaks and understands. The Arabic class, in Modern Standard Arabic, was challenging, especially the grammar.

Every week, we had to learn a vocabulary list of around 50 words. We covered many topics. Living with a family helped to improve my Arabic-speaking skills because, while all the students heard Arabic in the classroom and streets, I could also practice it at home.

I really **put my back into** it, and I earned an A on the course.

What impressed me most about students in Jordan was **their** behavior and their attitude to studying. All the students who I met appreciated the importance of their university education and the opportunities it would give them to contribute to their country's prosperity. They also showed extremely positive values. Everybody was honest, and people discussed problems rather than getting angry if they disagreed with each other. As someone who enjoys delicious food, beautiful places and friendly, hospitable people, studying in Jordan was one of the best decisions I have made in my life. I made many new friends. I also improved my Arabic speaking, writing and reading skills. My dream is to be **fluent** in Arabic one day – and as I intend to return to Jordan as often as I can, I know I'm going to make this dream a reality.

**Answer the following questions based on the text.**

- 1- Anita states that living with a family helped to improve her Arabic speaking skills. How does she justify this?
- 2- What makes Anita familiar with colloquial Arabic?
- 3- Several aspects about the Jordanian students impressed Anita. Write down two of them.
- 4- Studying in Jordan was one of the best decisions she has made. Write down two reasons?
- 5- What does the idiom "**put my back into**" mean?
- 6- What does the underlined pronoun "**their**" refer to?
- 7- What does the underlined word '**fluent**' mean?
- 8- According to Anita's Blog, the Arabic class in Modern standard Arabic, was challenging, especially the grammar. Suggest three ways to improve learning a certain language.

**(Text C)**

No, it's never too late to start revising! The first thing I would do is to draw up a revision timetable

Look at all the subjects you have to do, and work out when you are going to work on each **one**. It's a good idea to change the order of the subjects in your timetable for each day. Try doing a little English, followed by some Maths, then Biology, and so on. This way, by changing the focus of your revision you keep your mind fresh.

The earlier you start in the morning, the more beneficial your revision will be, because that's when you feel most awake and your memory is at its best. I'd also recommend studying for 30-minute periods, and then taking a break. It's been proved that concentration starts to decrease after half an hour, so frequent breaks will help the brain recover and concentration to return.

By a break, I mean any change of activity from studying. It could be something as simple as just getting up from your desk and listening to some music, or walking around for ten minutes.

Physical activity is very important, of course, especially when you are studying. Exercise will make a huge difference to the way you feel. The physical activity will increase your heart rate and, in turn, that will increase your blood circulation. It also sends more oxygen to the brain, which makes you revise more efficiently!

Nutrition is very important. You should try to eat as much fresh fruit and vegetables as you can. It's essential not to become **dehydrated**, so drink lots of water.

**Answer the following questions based on the text.**

- 1- The writer states that it is a good idea to change the order of subjects in the timetable. Is he justified? Explain your answer.
- 2- What is the importance of taking break from studying?
- 3- Quote the sentence which indicates that the best time for students to start revising is the early morning.
- 4- There are some activities which can be done as a break from studying mentioned in the text. What are they?
- 5- How does exercise make students revise more efficiently?
- 6- Write down the sentence which indicates that drinking water prevents dehydration.
- 7- What does the underlined word "**one**" refer to?
- 8- The writer states that when students feel awake their memory will be at its best. Suggest three other tips to help students improve their memory power.

### ( Text D )

Most doctors used to be sceptical about the validity of homoeopathy, acupuncture and other forms of complementary medicine. If patients wanted to receive this kind of non-conventional treatment, they used to have to consult a private practitioner who was likely not to have a medical degree. However, in recent years, the perception of this type of treatment has changed. These days, many family doctors study complementary medicine alongside conventional treatments, and many complementary medicine consultants also have medical degrees.

Whereas critics used to say that there was no scientific evidence that non-conventional treatments actually worked, now it is more common for medical experts to recognise that conventional medicine may not always be the only way to treat an ailment.

At a surgery in London, 70 per cent of patients who were offered the choice between a herbal or a conventional medicine for common complaints such as insomnia, arthritis and migraines chose the herbal remedy. Fifty per cent of patients then said that the treatment helped. One doctor said, "I now consider homoeopathy to be a viable option for many different conditions, including anxiety, depression and certain allergies. It provides another option when conventional medicine does not address the problem adequately."

However, complementary medicine cannot be used for all medical treatments. It can never substitute for immunisations as it will not produce the antibodies needed to protect against childhood diseases. It also cannot be used to protect against malaria. One doctor said, "I will always turn to conventional medical treatment first to ensure that no underlying condition is missed. However, the idea of complementary treatments is no longer an alien concept. In my opinion, it should work alongside modern medicine, and not against it."

#### **Answer the following questions based on the text.**

1. Quote the sentence which indicates the reason why complementary medicine cannot be used to immunise people.
2. Many examples of complementary medical treatments mentioned in the text. Write down these two examples.
3. Many forms of common complaints can be treated by homoeopathy. Write down two of these forms.
4. Find a word in the text which means "substances produced by the body to fight diseases."
5. What does the underlined word "*ailment*" mean?
6. What do the underlined pronouns they & it refer to ?
7. It is said that health is a treasure. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write your point of view.
8. Some people take medicines without consulting doctors. Suggest three negative effects of such an act on human health.
9. Quote the sentence which indicates that doctors and patients didn't use to be convinced that complementary forms of medicine work.
10. Two pieces of evidence show that people's perception of complementary medicine has changed. Write down these two pieces of evidence.

### ( Text E )

Ten-year-old Adeeb al-Balooshi, from Dubai, is going to travel to seven countries on a tour which has been organised and funded by Sheikh Hamdan bin Mohammad, Crown Prince of Dubai. The boy caught Sheikh Hamdan's attention with his invention – a prosthetic limb for his father. The Sheikh has taken a special interest in the boy, and hopes the tour that he is sponsoring for Adeeb will give the young inventor more self-confidence and inspire other young Emirati inventors.

Adeeb got the idea for a special kind of prosthetic leg while he was at the beach with his family. His father, who wears an artificial leg, could not swim in the sea as he could not risk getting his leg wet. This inspired Adeeb to invent a waterproof prosthetic leg.

Adeeb is going to visit the USA, France, the UK, Ireland, Belgium, Italy and Germany, where he will be staying with relatives. However, while he is in Germany, Adeeb will not be spending all his time sightseeing. He will be working with a specialist doctor to build the appendage. He will also be attending a course on prosthetics and learning about different kinds of medical apparatus.

Adeeb has invented several other devices, including a tiny cleaning robot and a heart monitor, Which is attached to a car seat belt. In the case of an emergency, rescue services and the driver's family will be automatically connected with the driver through this special checking device.

He has also invented a fireproof helmet. This special equipment, which has a built-in camera system, will help rescue workers in emergencies. It is for these reasons that Adeeb rightly deserves his reputation as one of the youngest inventors in the world.

**Answer the following questions based on the text.**

1. Sheikh Hamdan sponsored and funded Adeeb's tour for two purposes. Write down these two purposes.
2. Adeeb will be doing many activities while he is in Germany . Write down two of these activities.
3. Quote the sentence which indicates that Adeeb is famous for his inventions worldwide.
4. What do the underlined pronouns **he & which** refer to ?
5. Find a word in the text that has a synonymous meaning to the word "*artificial* ".
6. It is said that "necessity is the mother of invention". Think of this proverb and in two sentences, write your point of view.
7. According to the writer, Sheikh Hamdan motivated Adeeb to achieve further success. Suggest three ways to motivate young people to develop their abilities.
8. Adeeb has invented many devices. Write down the names of two of these devices.
9. During his tour, Adeeb will visit seven countries. Write down the names of two of these countries.
10. What does the underlined compound noun "*fireproof*" mean?

**( Text F )**

My name is Fatima Musa and I have worked as an interpreter for five years. Many students have emailed me about my work because **they** want to know what it would be like to do my job. So here is 5 my reply.

I have always been **fond of** languages. My father worked in many different countries when I was young and we usually travelled with him. When we visited a country, I always wanted to learn the language.

At school I was very good at English. Therefore, I decided on a career as an interpreter.

My job now involves going to important conferences and seminars around the world. When a person speaks in English at a conference, I listen to what they say through headphones. I then translate into Arabic while the speaker is talking. I give the translation through headphones to other people at the meeting. This means that anyone in the room who speaks Arabic can understand what people are saying. Is it an easy job? Not at all. English is not the same in all English-speaking countries.

For example, the English words that are used in India are sometimes different to the words that people use in the UK, the USA or Australia. As well as knowing regional English, you also need to know a lot of specialist language. Some of the words that are used to talk about business, science or law, for example, make it almost a different language!

Unless you have a language degree, you will not be able to become an interpreter. Provided that you have a postgraduate qualification, you will probably get a job as an interpreter quite quickly. If you get an interview for a job, you will need to show that you have good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. You will also need to show that you can think quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time. If you are successful, it is **a secure** and rewarding job. You will probably need to travel a lot, but that is not a problem as long as you enjoy visiting other countries.

It is a very responsible job. I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries. However, you get a huge feeling of satisfaction when you know that people understand everything that you translate.

**Answer the following questions based on the text.**

1. The blogger mentions many factors which have helped her to be an interpreter. Write down two of them.
2. Mention two kinds of English should be mastered by the interpreter.
3. What do the underlined words "**fond of**" and "**secure**" mean?
4. Quote the sentence which indicates the consequences of bad translation.
5. What does the underlined word '**they**' refer to?
6. Visiting other countries is a good experience. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

### ( Text G )

A few years ago, as many as 1,000 schools across the USA started making school years longer by adding up to ten extra days to the school year or by making each school day longer by half an hour. This was because it was found that secondary school students in the USA and the UK were spending the least time at school, with an average school year of 187 days. The typical Jordanian school year is longer than this. However, none of these are nearly as long as the school years in countries like Japan and South Korea. South Koreans attend school for 220 days per year, and in Japan, the school year numbers 243 days.

According to a study by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), students in Japan, Indonesia and South Korea spend the most time studying in the world. They want to learn as much as they can to ensure excellent exam grades. They go to school for about nine hours, although this includes optional after-school tuition and activities. They also spend about three hours on homework every day, which is three times as much as many other countries. Their high academic achievements do suggest that the longer you study, the better you do in final exams.

In Finland, however, students are usually given less than half an hour of homework per night, and they attend school for fewer and shorter days than 85% of other developed nations. Despite this, they achieve top marks in subjects like Maths and Science. In addition, most students also speak at least two, and often three, languages fluently.

The contradictory views of the study suggest that the number and length of school days is not the only factor in determining whether students will succeed at school or not.

#### **Answer the following questions based on the text.**

- 1- Why did the American schools start making school years longer? How did they manage to achieve this change?
- 2- Why do the students in Japan, Indonesia and South Korea spend most of their time studying?
- 3- There are two contradictory viewpoints mentioned in the text, write them down.
- 4- Write down the sentence which indicates that Jordanian students attend school for more than 187 days per year.
- 5- Find a word in the text which is opposite in meaning to the word 'compulsory'.
- 6- Find a word in the text which means "speaking a language very well, like a native speaker."
- 7- What does the underlined pronoun 'they' refer to?

### ( Text H )

The city will run entirely on renewable energy sources. It is built on an advanced energy grid which monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex. Furthermore, in order to reduce its carbon footprint, Masdar City will be a car-free zone, designed to be pedestrian and cycle-friendly. Electric, driverless cars will operate as public transport vehicles, and the city will be connected to other locations by a network of roads and railways.

Energy will be provided by solar power and wind farms, and there are also plans to build the world's largest hydrogen plant. A desalination plant will be used to provide the city's water, with 80% of water used being recycled. Biological waste will be used as an energy source too, and industrial waste will be recycled.

The current residents of Masdar City are all students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology, a university whose students are fully committed to finding solutions to the world's energy problems.

While the project has the support of many global, environmental and conservation organisations, there is some criticism of it. It is felt that, instead of building an artificial sustainable city, sustainability should be made a priority of existing cities. In conclusion, the benefits of Masdar City for the community and the environment greatly outweigh any disadvantages. If the aims of the developers are realised, Masdar City will be a blueprint for future urban planning that will inspire similar megaprojects in other countries.

#### **Answer the following questions based on the text.**

1. Write down the sentence which indicates the city's sources of energy.
2. Masdar city will be connected to other areas with two types of transportation. Write them down.
3. Masdar city will be a car-free zone. Write down the main reason for that.
4. How will the city be provided with water?
5. Masdar city is built on an advanced energy grid which has a certain purpose. Write down that purpose.
6. What does the underlined word "pedestrian" in the fourth paragraph, mean?
7. What does the underlined pronoun "Which" in the third paragraph, refer to?

### (Text I)

Don't come away from a sales pitch wishing you had been better prepared. It is essential to know everything about your product. Do you know when it was developed, and where it is produced? You also need to know who the **target market** is – for example, the age group or income of the people who might buy it. Not only that, you should know all about the competition – that is, similar products on the market. Why is your product superior to others and why does it have better value?

In addition, you should know exactly which people you are speaking to, and what **their** needs are. For example, if they represent a middle-class department store in a humble neighborhood, be ready to explain why your particular product would suit customers who do not have lots of money. What makes your product perfect for them? Most of all, you need to believe in what you're selling, and the best way to do that is to use it!

Plan your presentation carefully, not just what you will say, but how you will say it. Will you read it word by word, use notes or memorize it? Whatever you decide, it is always a good idea to have a list of your main points, in case something interrupts you, or you simply freeze with nerves (it happens!). Then practice it, if possible in front of colleagues. Make changes and practice it again.

Keep your presentation short and simple. Start with some friendly comments. For example, thank your hosts for allowing you to speak to them, and compliment their company. Remember to speak slowly and clearly. It is important to appear confident (even if you're nervous!). While you're speaking, don't keep your head down. Instead, look round the room and make eye contact with your audience. Smile! When you've finished speaking, invite questions. If you don't know the answers, don't pretend! Thank the questioner and promise to find out the answer (and do it!). Finally, have a summary of your presentation ready to hand out at the end of the session.

I wish I had known all this when I started out in business! Good luck!

### Answer the following questions based on the text.

1. There are several matters should be researched before making a sailing pitch. Mention three of them.
2. Quote the sentence which indicates that using what you sell is the best way to believe in what you sell.
3. The writer mentioned some tips for effective presentation. Write down two of them ?
4. What does the underlined pronoun 'their'?
5. Give two examples of friendly comments.
6. What does the underlined expression (target market) mean?

### Model Answers

### الاجابات النموذجية

### (Text A)

1. It is possible that, in the not-too-distant future, similar artificial arms and legs will have taken the place of today's prosthetic limbs.
2. by Swiss and Italian scientists.
3. Dennis Sorensen.
4. Unfortunately, Sorensen was only taking part in trials, and the equipment is not ready for general use yet.
5. Sorensen could not only pick up and manipulate objects, but he could also feel them.
6. After losing his left hand in an accident.
7. for safety reasons.
8. artificial.
9. an artificial body part.
10. Dennis Sorensen / similar artificial limbs.

### (Text B)

1. because, while all the students heard Arabic in the classroom and streets, I could also practice it at home.
2. which is what my family speaks and understands.
3. their behavior and their attitude to studying / All the students who I met appreciated the importance of their university education and the opportunities it would give them to contribute to their country's prosperity / They also showed extremely positive values / everybody was honest / and people discussed problems rather than getting angry if they disagreed with each other.
4. As someone who enjoys delicious food, beautiful places and friendly, hospitable people.

5. to put **a lot of effort** into something / **tired extremely hard**
6. students in Jordan.
7. speaking a language very well, like a native speaker.
8. Open answer.

**( Text C )**

1. Try doing a little English, followed by some Maths, then Biology, and so on. This way, by changing the focus of your revision you keep your mind fresh.
2. so frequent breaks will help the brain recover and concentration to return.
3. The earlier you start in the morning, the more beneficial your revision will be, because that's when you feel most awake and your memory is at its best.
4. It could be something as simple as just getting up from your desk and listening to some music, or walking around for ten minutes.
5. It also sends more oxygen to the brain, which makes you revise more efficiently!
6. It's essential not to become dehydrated, so drink lots of water.
7. subjects.
8. Open answer.

**( Text D )**

1. it can never substitute for immunizations as it will not produce the antibodies needed to protect against childhood diseases.
2. acupuncture, herbal remedy, homoeopathy.
3. insomnia, arthritis, migraines.
4. antibodies.
5. illness.
6. **it:** homoeopathy. **They:** patients.
7. I think that health is treasure because if a person has a good health, he will be able to do all his duties perfectly, in the contrary, if he has an illness or disease he will be dependent and needy most of the time.
8. complaining from side-effects such as migraines and allergy, it may lead to death if it doesn't suit the bodies of some people, some medicines can't be taken with other medicines and the combination of both may be disastrous for health.
9. most doctors used to be skeptical about the validity of homoeopathy, acupuncture and other forms of complementary medicine.
10. these days, many family doctors study complementary medicine alongside conventional treatments, and many complementary medicine consultants also have medical degrees.

**( Text E )**

1. will give the young inventor more self-confidence, and inspire other young Emirati inventors.
2. he will be working with a specialist doctor to build the appendage. He will also be attending a course on prosthetics and learning about different kinds of medical apparatus.
3. its for this reason that Adeeb rightly deserves his reputation as one of the youngest inventors in the world.
4. he: the Sheikh which: a heart monitor.
5. prosthetic.
6. I think that necessity is the mother of invention because when we find ourselves in difficult situations, we start thinking of solutions. For example when Adeeb saw his father can't swim because he has lost his leg, he thought of a solution to help his father.
7. Organising workshops to develop the young's skills, provide them with the needed fund and equipment, reinforcing them through prizes and gifts.
8. a heart monitor, a fireproof helmet, a tiny cleaning robot.
9. USA, France, the UK, Ireland, Belgium, Italy and Germany
10. provide protection against fire.

**( Text F )**

1. She is fond of languages. , She was good at English (at school).  
- Her visits for foreign countries with her father when she was younger. (Any 2) أي إجابتين صح
2. - Regional English - Specialist English.
3. **fond of:** having an affection or liking for someone or something.  
**secure:** safe ; free from danger.
4. I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries.
5. Many students.
6. Open answer.

**( Text G )**

1. This was because it was found that secondary school students in the USA and the UK were spending the least time at school, with an average school year of 187 days / by adding up to ten extra days to the school year or by making each school day longer by half an hour.
2. to ensure excellent exam grades.
3. the longer you study, the better you do in final exams / the number and length of school days is not the only factor in determining whether students will succeed at school or not.
4. The typical Jordanian school year is longer than this.
5. optional.
6. fluently.
7. students in Japan, Indonesia and South Korea.

**( Text H )**

1. The city will run entirely on renewable energy sources.
2. cycle-friendly / electric, driverless cars.
3. in order to reduce its carbon footprint.
4. A desalination plant will be used to provide the city's water.
5. It is built on an advanced energy grid **which** monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex.
6. someone who is walking.
7. an advanced energy grid.

**( Text I )**

1. It is essential to know everything about your product / You also need to know who the target market is / you should know all about the competition.
2. Most of all, you need to believe in what you're selling, and the best way to do that is to use it!
3. to have a list of your main points / Keep your presentation short and simple / Start with some friendly comments / It is important to appear confident (even if you're nervous!) / don't keep your head down / When you've finished speaking, invite questions / have a summary of your presentation ready to hand out at the end of the session.
4. people
5. For example, thank your hosts for allowing you to speak to them, and compliment their company.
6. people who are identified as possible customers.

## Vocabularies المفردات

Choose the suitable item to make the sentence meaningful.

1. The software enables you to ..... the Internet in seconds.

- a. expansion      b. floppy disk      c. access      d. keen

2. The mathematician was able to make a mental ..... and didn't need to write out the estimate on paper.

- a. calculation      b. arthritis      c. allergy      d. setback

3. The hospital has a .....to provide the best possible medical care.

- a. mortality      b. rewarding      c. commitment      d. decline

4. Old men were often suffering from other illnesses, including .....

- a. filter      b. dementia      c. inheritance      d. geometry

5. Franklin was a renowned ..... and a leading author, printer, politician, scientist and inventor.

- a. algebra      b. scales      c. symptoms      d. polymath

6. Medicine companies usually support researchers which try to minimize the .....of many drugs.

- a. side effects      b. urban planning      c. bounce back      d. legacy

7. If you would like to learn to play the oud, you can get private .....

- a. symptoms      b. small talk      c. tuition      d. potential

8. At the beginning of a business meeting, it is normal to make a ..... so that everyone feels comfortable.

- a. optional      b. satisfaction      c. postgraduate      d. small talk

9. I get a feeling of ..... after a hard day's work.

- a. offence      b. satisfaction      c. proficiency      d. tailor-made

10. If you are polite, you won't cause .....or upset anybody.

- a. undergraduate      b. internship      c. pioneering      d. offence

11. The Olympic Games often..... young people to take up a sport.

- a. make      b. inspire      c. fund      d. shake

12. No one joins the new gym. It is a.....and has no good equipment.

- a. see red      b. feel blue      c. white elephant      d. have the green light

13. I'm not very good with.....Arabic, it's somehow difficult.

- a. developed      b. tailor-made      c. difference      d. colloquial

14. You must know everything about the target market especially, the.....and the income.

- a. age group      b. shake hands      c. earn respect      d. extraction

15. In many.....nations we see students use laptops at school.

- a. high-level      b. developed      c. ailment      d. polymath

16. Radwan is too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think that he will .....at the last minute.

- a. small talk      b. tuition      c. potential      d. get cold feet

17. Medicines that are not normal, traditionally accepted treatments are known as .....

- a. acupuncture      b. homoeopathy      c. conventional      d. complementary

18. You must not take any allergy medicine without consulting a .....

- a. arithmetic      b. mathematician      c. physician      d. philosopher

19. you can increase your employment.....by having an international degree.

- a. lifelong      b. prospects      c. academic      d. compulsory

20. When you can prove that you have experience, you have a .....

- a. sales pitch      b. track record      c. target market      d. package holiday

21. we're having an examination in .....tomorrow.

- a. geometry      b. philosopher      c. polymath      d. effect

22. My father has been the most.....person in my life.

- a. arithmetic      b. physician      c. influential      d. chemist

23. Teacher Anas examined the students in the.....lesson.

- a. negotiate      b. patient      c. conflict      d. previous

24. After lengthy talks, the two sides finally reached a .....

- a. succeed      b. youth      c. invention      d. compromise

25. After the talk, there will be a chance for you to .....about anything you don't understand.

- a. shake hands      b. ask questions      c. make a mistake      d. earn respect

## Derivation

Choose the correct form of the word from those given in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

- 26. The new model will be in ..... by the end of the year.**  
a. production      b. produce      c. productive      d. productively
- 27. In some countries it is ..... for a bride to wear white.**  
a. tradition      b. traditional      c. traditionally      d. traditions
- 28. The number of new products have been..... produced.**  
a. succeed      b. success      c. successful      d. successfully
- 29. The issue of gun control will ..... the next election.**  
a. dominate      b. dominance      c. dominantly      d. dominant
- 30. First and foremost, we are ..... considering a limited subset of the potential causes of recent longer-term climate change.**  
a. intend      b. intentionally      c. intentional      d. intention
- 31. Those facts were ..... in solving the problem.**  
a. influence      b. influenced      c. influential      d. influentially
- 32. The government revoked her husband's license to ..... migrant labor crews.**  
a. operate      b. operation      c. operational      d. operationally
- 33. She spent all her ..... in a year.**  
a. inherit      b. inheritable      c. inheritance      d. inheritably
- 34. This has proved to be.....beneficial to the community.**  
a. extreme      b. extremist      c. extremely      d. extremism
- 35. Scholars have discovered an..... document from the twelfth century.**  
a. origin      b. original      c. originally      d. originalism
- 36. When we visited the university, we had an outstanding.....from the dean.**  
a. recommend      b. recommended      c. recommendation      d. recommending
- 37. How quickly does blood..... round the body?**  
a. circulate      b. circulation      c. circulated      d. circulating
- 38. The painters .....many fine works of art.**  
a. produce      b. production      c. productive      d. product

**39. Ali ..... at the university for more than a year before he left for Asia.**

- a. had been teaching      b. has been teaching      c. is teaching      d. were teaching

**40. Petra ..... by a thousand tourists last year .**

- a. have been visited      b. has been visiting      c. is visiting      d. was visited

**41. The children ..... their homework when I got home.**

- a. will be doing      b. will have doing      c. were doing      d. was doing

**42. Reem..... Chinese language before she moved to China.**

- a. learnt      b. had learnt      c. will have learnt      d. has learnt

**43. Sami..... in a small house when he was young.**

- a. use to live      b. was used to live      c. used to live      d. didn't used to live

**44. The manager wishes he..... very angry during the last meeting.**

- a. wasn't      b. hasn't been      c. hadn't been      d. isn't

**45. Students in Finland go to school for ..... days than students in Japan.**

- a. short      b. shorter      c. shortest      d. as short as

**46. I will never forget the day ..... I graduated from college.**

- a. who      b. when      c. which      d. where

**47. Sameer didn't have his computer..... last week.**

- a. fix      b. fixes      c. fixed      d. fixing

**48. Jordanian students are finally used to..... online.**

- a. learn      b. to learn      c. learning      d. learnt

**49. This hotel.....thirty years ago.**

- a. built      b. is built      c. was built      d. had been built

**50. I.....three subjects so far.**

- a. have studied      b. has been studying      c. had studied      d. had been studying

**51. Rayyan has sent the emails on time.**

- a. The emails were sent on time      b. The emails are sent on time  
c. The emails have been sent on time      d. The emails had been sent on time

**52. King Abdullah opened the new section of the KHCC in 2017.**

- a. The year when King Abdullah opened the new section of the KHCC was 2017.  
b. The year which King Abdullah opened the new section of the KHCC was 2017 .  
c. The year when King Abdullah opened the new section of the KHCC is in 2017.  
d. The year that King Abdullah opened the new section of the KHCC was on 2017.

**53. It is not customary for Ahmad to have more than one exam a day.**

- a. Ahmad used to having more than one exam a day  
b. Ahmad didn't use to have more than one exam a day  
c. Ahmad isn't used to have more than one exam a day  
d. Ahmad isn't used to having more than one exam a day

**54. Our school support students with intellectual disabilities.**

- a. Hani said that their school supported students with intellectual disabilities.  
b. Hani said that their school has supported students with intellectual disabilities.  
c. Hani said that our school supported students with intellectual disabilities.  
d. Hani said that their school supports students with intellectual disabilities.

**55. We asked the maid to clean the kitchen .**

- a. We will have the kitchen cleaned.  
b. We had the kitchen cleaned.  
c. We have had the kitchen cleaned.  
d. We had had the kitchen cleaned.

**56. Ali ibn Nafi' established the first music school in Cordoba in 789 CE.**

- a. It was Ali ibn Nafi' who established the first music school in Cordoba in 789 CE .
- b. The place where Ali ibn Nafi' established the first music school in 789 CE was in Cordoba.
- c. The year when Ali ibn Nafi' established the first musical school in Cordoba was 789 CE.
- d. The thing that Ali ibn Nafi' established in Cordoba was the first Musical school.

**57. First the burglar pulled out his gun and then he demanded the money.**

- a. Before the burglar pulled out his gun ,he demanded the money.
- b. Before the burglar had demanded the money, he pulled out his gun.
- c. Before the burglar had demanded the money, he had pulled out his gun.
- d. Before the burglar demanded the money, he had pulled out his gun.

**58. I intend to repay them the money that they lent me.**

- a. I am planning to repaying the money that they lent me.
- b. I am planning to repay the money that they lent me.
- c. I planned to repay the money that they lent me.
- d. I plan to repaying the money that they lent me.

**59. Working in an office isn't as tiring as working outside.**

- a. Working outside is less tiring than working in an office .
- b. Working outside is as tiring as working in an office .
- c. Working outside is more tiring than working in an office.
- d. Working outside is more tiring as working in an office.

**60. When will the meeting take place?**

- A. Could you tell me when the meeting will take place?
- B. Could you tell me when will the meeting take place?
- C. Could you tell me when the meeting take will place?
- D. Could you tell me when the meeting take place will?

A.

**61. They said that Manar is ready for the final round.**

- A. It is said that Manar is ready for the final round.
- B. It was said that Manar is ready for the final round.
- C. It was said that to be ready for the final round.
- D. It has been said that Manar is ready for the final round.

**62. I didn't pay attention in the lecture.**

- A. If only I paid attention in the lecture.
- B. If only I hadn't paid attention in the lecture.
- C. If only I had paid attention in the lecture.
- D. If only I pay attention in the lecture.

**63. I .....all the reports by tomorrow.**

- A. sent
- B. had sent
- C. will send
- D. will have sent

**64. Rami ..... a new car yet. Unfortunately, he doesn't have enough money.**

- A. doesn't bought
- B. hadn't bought
- C. hasn't bought
- D. won't have bought

**65. Can you name the man..... invented irrigation systems?**

- A. where
- B. who
- C. which
- D. when

**66. We didn't ..... fast food when we were young.**

- A. used to eat
- B. used to eating
- C. use to eating
- D. use to eat

**67. If I .....you, I would consult a specialist.**

- A. was.
- B. am
- C. were
- D. had been

**68. Most of our cars.....often.....to our shops to be fixed.**

- a. are taken
- b. is taken
- c. were taken
- d. will take

**69. If only I ..... extra time.**

- a. get
- b. can get
- c. could get
- d. gets

**70. Did the kids.....in the class alone?**

- a. used to study
- b. are used to studying
- c. use to study
- d. is used to studying

**71. By tomorrow, we..... all our desks in the yard.**

- a. will be cleaning      b. will clean      c. will have cleaned      d. have cleaned

**72. English is not as difficult as Math. Math.....**

- a. are more difficult than English .      b. is not more difficult than English .  
c. is more difficult than English.      d. is less difficult than English.

**73. Sara moved to Canada in 2010. The person.....**

- a. which moved to Canada in 2010 was Sara.      b. who moved to Canada is Sara.  
c. where moved to Canada was Sara.      d. who moved to Canada in 2010 was Sara.

**74. It is not normal for the boys to sleep early .The boys.....**

- a. are used to sleep early.      b. are not used to sleeping early.  
c. used to sleep early.      d. use to sleep early.

**75. What kind of topics does the man like to write about ? Do you know.....**

- a. what kind of topics the man liked to write about?      b. what kind of topics the man has liked to write about?  
c. what kind of topics likes the man to write about?      d. what kind of topics the man likes to write about?

**76. They say that eating snacks helps the body maintain its weight.**

Eating snacks.....

- a. is said to help the body maintain its weight.      b. are said to help the body maintain its weight.  
c. was said to help the body maintain its weight.      d. has been said to help the body maintain its weight.

**77. Hani speaks French fluently. It.....**

- a. was Hani that speaks French fluently.      b. is Hani which speaks French fluently.  
c. is Hani that speaks French fluently.      d. was Hani where speaks French fluently.

**78. I didn't write all the words in the page. I wish I .....**

- a. hadn't written all the words in the page.      b. wrote all the words in the page.  
c. had written all the words in the page.      d. writes all the words in the page.

**79. We all admire people.....work very hard.**

- a. who      b. which      c. where      d. whose

**80. The boy intends.....the competition next week.**

- a. to join      b. joining      c. has joined      d. joins

**81. I had my laptop.....to the shop yesterday.**

- a. took      b. taken      c. had taken      d. takes

**82. We should know ..... dangers of the Internet.**

- a. on      b. in      c. about      d. at

**83. I will give ..... personal information.**

- a. on      b. with      c. out      d. at

**84. You must fill ..... a form.**

- A. in      b. on      c. with      d. out

**85. English is .....studied subject.**

- a. the most      b. less      c. more      d. much

**86. Math's is .....popular than Science, but less popular than English.**

- a. more      b. most      c. many      d. the least

**87. In Jordan, children start school a year..... than English children.**

- a. early      b. earlier      c. earliest

**88. Could you tell me.....this book costs, please?**

- a. where      b. how much      c. how      d. when

**89. Eating almonds is thought ..... good for the brain.**

- a. Is      b. are      c. to be      d. was

**90. "the hospital ..... more than doubled its capacity by 2026 CE"**

- a. will be had      b. have      c. will have had      d. has had

# ملاحظات اللغة

## Functions الوظائف النحوية

### 1. Giving Advice :

a. You could + V-inf. ...b. Why don't you + V-inf.?

c. If I were you, I would ...

( should – ought to – It would be a good idea for you to)

### 2. cleft sentence: - to emphasize certain pieces of information

3. Defining relative clauses : - to identify which particular person, place or thing is being talked about.

4. Non-defining relative clauses: - to give more detail about a particular person, place or thing that is being talked about.

5. Zero conditional : - Describe something that always happens.

6. First conditional : - Describe a future outcome of a certain future action or event.

7. Third conditional : - To imagine past situation.

8. wish + had + v3 : - To express regrets about the past.

9. wish + simple past : - To express wishes about the present.

10. Should : to give advice

11. If I were you, I'd : to give advice

12. Because : to show cause

13. As : to show cause

14. Since : to show cause

15. because of : to show cause

16. due to : to show cause

17. therefore : to show result

18. so : to show result

19. as a result : to show result

20. because of that : to show result

21. Consequently : to show result

22. Why don't you : to give advice

23. zero conditional : to describe something that always happens.

24. First conditional : to describe a future outcome of a certain future action or event.

### مهم افظ

Get over

Go away

Come up with

Looking forward

Decide on

Good at

Translate into

## Collocations

## المتلازمات

احفظ كل كلمة وما يأتي معها :

(take **interest**) (wake **up** \ get **up**) (spend **time**) (turn **on**) (urban **planning**)

(attend a **course** \ take a **course**) (public **transport**) (biological **waste**)

(negative **effect**) (carbon **footprint**) (economic **growth**) (give **out**)

(make a **mistake**) (ask **question**) (earn **respect**) (join a **company**) (cause **offence**)

(fill **in**) (take **interest**) (wake **up** \ get **up**) (spend **time**) (turn **on**)

(attend a **course** \ take a **course**) (urban **planning**) (public **transport**) (biological **waste**)

(negative **effect**) (carbon **footprint**) (economic **growth**) (give **out**) (make a **mistake**)

(ask **question**) (earn **respect**) (join a **company**) (cause **offence**) (fill **in**)

## Colour Idioms

### مصطلحات الألوان

feel blue	to feel sad	يشعر بالحزن
see red	to get angry	يغضب
white elephant	something that has cost a lot of money but has no useful purpose./ a useless possession	مكلف بدون فائدة
have/get the green light	to have or give permission to go ahead with something or for something to happen	يأذن - يسمح - يوافق
red-handed	in the act of doing something wrong	يقوم بعمل خاطئ
out of the blue	unexpectedly / apparently from out	بشكل مفاجئ

## Body Idioms مصطلحات الجسم

<b>get it off (your) chest</b>	to tell someone about something that has been <b>worrying</b> you
<b>get cold feet</b>	to <b>lose your confidence</b> in something at the <b>last minute</b>
<b>keep your chin up</b>	to remain cheerful in difficult situations; an expression of <b>encouragement</b>
<b>play it by ear</b>	to decide how to <b>deal with a situation</b> as it <b>develops</b>
<b>have ahead for figures</b>	to have a <b>natural mental ability</b> for math / numbers
<b>put (my) back into it</b>	to put a lot of <b>effort</b> into something / <b>tired extremely hard</b>

أدرس الجداول التالية للأهمية يمكن أن تأتي على شكل سؤال استخراج من النص أو أن تطلب على شكل معنى :

### Phrases with different meanings

share ideas	to <b>give your idea</b> to another person or a group	تشارك الأفكار
compare ideas	where <b>two</b> or more people consider how their <b>ideas are similar or different</b>	تبادل الأفكار
create a web site	<b>to construct a website</b> that currently does not exist	إنشاء موقع على شبكة الأنترنت
contribute to a web site	<b>offer your writing</b> and work to the website	المساهمة في موقع على شبكة الأنترنت
research information	to use a variety of sources <b>to find the information you need</b>	البحث عن معلومات
present information	<b>to give the results of your research</b> in a presentation	تقديم معلومات
monitor what is happening	<b>you know</b> what is happening and <b>you are following the developments</b>	مراقبة ما يحدث
find out what is happening	<b>you don't know</b> what is happening and <b>you want to discover it</b>	يعرف ما يحدث
give a talk to people	you have prepared a speech and you are giving this <b>speech to a group of people</b> who are expecting it	إلقاء محاضرة بالناس
talk to people	<b>an informal discussion</b>	التحدث مع الناس
show photos	you <b>show people photos</b> that you have in person	عرض الصور
send photos	you <b>send photos</b> to someone over the Internet or by post	ارسال الصور

## Phrasal Verbs

cope with	to deal successfully with, or handle a situation.	يتعامل مع
bounce back	to start to be successful again after a difficult time.	ينهض بعد الفشل
focus on	to direct your attention or effort at something specific.	يركز على
speak to	Communicate	يتواصل مع
rely on	to have trust or confidence in something or someone	يعتمد على

## Phrasal verbs and prepositions

get started	يبدأ
look around	يلقي نظرة
settle down	يستقر
take place	يحدث
meet up	يقابل / يلتقي بـ
wake up	يستيقظ
know about	يعرف عن
connect with	يتصل مع
turn on	يشغل
give out	ينشر
fill in	يعبئ

## Synonyms

كلمات لها نفس المعنى

apparatus	equipment	آلة / أداة
appendage	limb	طرف
artificial	prosthetic	صناعي
sponsor	fund	يمول / يدعم
obese	Overweight / fat	سمنه

# Writing

مواضيع مقترحة على كتابة المقالة :

١ . دور التكنولوجيا في التواصل .

٢ . التسوق عبر الإنترنت .

٣ . كيف تحمي نفسك والمجتمع من فايروس كورونا .

٤ . إيجابيات التعلم عن بعد .

## The role of Technology in communication

Technology plays an important role in communication these days . It really makes communication faster and easier . Thanks to technology **because** people can communicate with family and friends we don't see every day . **Therefore**, technology has become an essential part of our daily life .

Despite the undeniable advantages of technology , it has had some negative effects on our society . **For example**, social media is time wasting . The faster we communicate the more likely it is that there will be misunderstandings . Besides fast and convenient communication makes it easier to offend or upset people since we don't put as much thought into what we write due to the speed of the communication .

Finally, technology is a bless and curse at the same time , we should be aware when we use it .

## The advantages and disadvantages of online shopping

Most people now use the Internet on computers, smartphones and tablets to do a variety of tasks. For many people, these tasks include online shopping. From shopping for groceries to all kinds of clothes shopping, consumers are finding this the easiest way to get what they need, literally at the touch of a button. **However**, there are numerous and important disadvantages to shopping in this way.

**Although** using the Internet to shop is usually fairly easy, and there is often greater variety available, it is always a risk **because** you cannot try on or see in detail the item you wish to buy. In fact, the immediate 'convenience' of shopping in this way can end up being an inconvenience if the item is faulty or does not fit, or is just not what the customer wanted. It is true that the prices are better when you shop online, but, while it might be cheaper, there is a distinct disadvantage **because** you have to wait for the delivery of the purchases. Some people might prefer not to have any personal contact while shopping online, but it can save time in the end since there are always assistants to help with queries you might have during the transaction. **In addition to this**, there is the issue of Internet payment security; however, recently this has improved a lot.

**Finally**, the Internet has indeed given us a wider choice as consumers, as well as made some aspects of shopping more pleasant and convenient. **However**, it is nearly impossible, in my opinion, to forget the disadvantages we experience from time to time, since these can and do influence the way in which we choose to shop.

أفكار رئيسية لعدة مواضيع مقترحة لكتابة المقالة :

## How can you protect yourself from Covid-19 Virus ?

- Wearing a mask covers your mouth and nose .
- Leave a safe distance from others , especially in markets or malls .
- Wash your hands with soap and water at least 20 seconds each time .
- Avoid crowds and family gathering.

## Advantages of online learning :

- Share ideas easily with other students
- Allow students to post work and photos.
- It helps teachers to monitor their students .
- Check homework with other students in the same age .

## Punctuation , Spelling And Writing

**1. The correct punctuated sentence is:**

.....very careful when you answer the question.....and try not to make a mistake.....

- a. ( Be / ! / . )    b. ( be / , / ! )    c. ( Be / , / . )    d. ( be / , / . )

**2. Before the discussion starts....we always make a small talk....it's often about the weather....**

- a. ( , / ; / ! )    b. ( , / ; / . )    c. ( . / , / . )    d. ( , / , / . )

**3. Rayyan never forgets anything.....He's got an amazing memory.....**

- a. ( . / . )    b. ( ! / . )    c. ( , / . )    d. ( . / ! )

**4. Don't sit for too long time; move around frequently to increase your.....**

- a. cirkualation    b. circualation    c. circulaition    d. circulation

**5. Before we go climbing, we'll go to a special shop to buy all the.....that we need.**

- a. epuipment    b. ekuibment    c. equipment    d. equipment

**6. health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. This is largely .....the country's commitment to making healthcare for all top priority.**

- a. because    b. although    c. therefore    d. because of

**7. If I were you .....I would employ someone who is keen or someone who is .....**

- a. , / conscientious    b. . / consciantious    c. ; / consceintious    d. consceintious

**8. The aim of this report is to provide information concerning participation in the arts in London England.**

**The above sentence in a report represents one of the following :**

- a. A conclusion    b. A recommendation    c. A reporting information    d. An introduction

**9. Your Sofa will tell you when you need to stand up and get some exercise !**

- a. onomatopoeia    b. personification    c. simile    d. metaphor

**10. Because of the large.....from his aunt.....Ali was able to buy his own house.**

- a. inharitance / ,    b. inheretance / .    c. inheritance / ,    d. inhiritance / .

## Model Answers

### الإجابات النموذجية

1	c	31	c
2	a	32	a
3	c	33	c
4	b	34	c
5	d	35	b
6	a	36	c
7	c	37	a
8	d	38	a
9	b	39	a
10	d	40	d
11	b	41	c
12	c	42	b
13	d	43	c
14	a	44	c
15	b	45	b
16	d	46	b
17	d	47	c
18	c	48	c
19	b	49	a
20	b	50	a
21	a	51	c
22	c	52	a
23	d	53	d
24	d	54	a
25	b	55	b
26	a	56	d
27	b	57	d
28	d	58	b
29	a	59	c
30	b	60	a

61	a
62	c
63	d
64	c
65	b
66	d
67	c
68	a
69	c
70	c
71	c
72	c

73	d
74	b
75	d
76	a
77	c
78	c
79	a
80	a

تابع إجابات أسئلة الدوائر :

81. b

82. c

83. c

84. a

85. a

86. a

87. b

88. b

89. c

90. c

تم بحمد الله

أبنائي وبناتي الطلبة أسأل الله لي ولكم التوفيق والنجاح الدائمين ولا تنسونا من جميل دعائكم

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