

مراجعة المستوى الثالث

2015-2016

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Read the following texts then answer the questions below.

The Internet of Things

A. What is the ‘Internet of Things’?

Everyone knows that the Internet connects people, but now it does more than that – it connects objects, too. These days, computers often communicate with each other; for example, your TV automatically downloads your favourite TV show, or your ‘sat nav’ system tells you where you are. This is known as the ‘Internet of Things’, and there’s a lot more to come.

B. An easy life!

In just a few years’ time, experts say that billions of machines will be connected to each other and to the Internet. As a consequence, computers will increasingly run our lives for us. For example, your fridge will know when you need more milk and add it to your online shopping list; your windows will close if it is likely to rain; your watch will record your heart rate and email your doctor; and your sofa will tell you when you need to stand up and get some exercise!

C. A frightening future

Many people are excited about the ‘Internet of Things’. For them, a dream is coming true. They say that our lives will be easier and more comfortable. However, others are not so sure. They want to keep control of their own lives and their own things. In addition, they wonder what would happen if criminals managed to access their passwords and security settings. The dream could easily become a nightmare!

Question Number One:

1. Find a word in the first paragraph which has the same meaning as ‘**speak to**’.
2. What is the American English for the underlined word "**favourite**"?
3. Find out a **passive form** from the text.
4. What does the underlined pronoun "**others**" refer to?
5. According to the text, why are some people excited about the future? Why are others worried?
6. Write down the sentence which shows the consequence of connecting computers to each other.

Are happier people healthier – and, if so, why?

It's normal to **feel a bit blue** from time to time. However, studies show that negative emotions can harm the body.

Anger can also have harmful effects on health. When you see red, your blood pressure is raised and you can suffer from headaches, sleep problems and digestive problems. However, what about positive feelings and attitudes? Until recently, scientists had not investigated whether there is a link between positive feelings and good health.

Then, in a study that had followed more than 6,000 men and women aged 25 to 74 for 20 years, researchers found that positivity reduced the risk of heart disease. Other factors influencing health included a supportive network of family and friends, and an optimistic outlook on life.

The research showed that children **who** were more able to stay focused on a task, and who had a more positive attitude to life at age seven, were usually in better health 30 years later. The study has been controversial. Some health professionals believe that bad lifestyle choices, such as smoking or lack of exercise, are the reason for heart disease and other illnesses, and not an individual's attitude. The researchers, while agreeing, raise the question: why are people making bad lifestyle decisions? Do more optimistic people make better and healthier lifestyle choices?

The researchers appreciate that not everyone's personal circumstances and environment make it possible to live without worry. However, they believe that if we teach children to develop positive thinking, and to 'bounce back' after a setback, these qualities will improve their overall health in the future.

Questions:

1. What does the underlined colour idiom " **feel blue**" mean?
2. What does the underlined pronoun " **who** " refer to?
3. Write down the sentence which shows that optimism affects our life.
4. What is controversial about the researchers' study?
5. How could we develop children's overall health?
6. Do you ever feel yourself getting angry? What kind of things can make you angry?

The King Hussein Cancer Center

The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan's only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. It treats both adult and paediatric patients. As the population of the country increases, more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment. Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as they are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.

In order to cope with the increase in demand for treatment, the KHCC has begun an expansion programme. Building started in 2011 CE. The hospital will have more than doubled its capacity by 2016 CE, increasing space for new cancer cases from 3,500 per year to 9,000.

By then, they will have added 182 extra beds, along with bigger units for different departments, including radiotherapy. New adult and paediatric wards will have opened. Additionally, they will have built a special ten-floor outpatients' building, with an education centre which will include teaching rooms and a library.

Many cancer patients live far away from Amman, where the KHCC is located, and the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult. For this reason, there are plans to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan. In the near future, King Abdullah University Hospital in Irbid hopes to set up radiotherapy machines, so that cancer patients from northern Jordan will not have to go to Amman for radiotherapy treatment.

Questions:

1. What is the American English for the underlined word ' **Programme**'?
2. Find a **non-define relative** clause from the text.
3. Find a future perfect form from the text.
4. What does the underlined pronoun ' **they** ' refer to?
5. Give three reasons why patients from other countries visit the centre.
6. What is one of the disadvantages of the KHCC for patients who live far from Amman?

Literature Spot:

A: Read the following stanza form " I Remember, I Remember", then answer the questions.

My spirit flew in feathers then,
That is so heavy now,
And summer pools could hardly cool
The fever on my brow!

1. The poet uses a **rhetorical device** to talk about his **high spirit in the past**. **Extract the line** and **mention** the rhetorical device.
2. The poet contrasts his past with his present situation. Discuss with extracts from the stanza.

B: Read the following stanza form " All the World's Stage", then answer the questions.

Last scene of all,

That ends this strange eventful history,
Is second childishness and mere oblivion,
Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans everything.

1. Which **stage of life** does the playwright talk about in these line?
2. What does the playwright mean by the line, **'this strange eventful history'**?

C: Read the following extract form " The Old Man and the Sea", then answer the questions.

As night falls, he wraps the fishing line around himself, and goes to sleep, leaving his left hand on the rope to wake him if the marlin **surfaces**. Soon, the old man is asleep, dreaming of the lions he used to see when he was a boy in Africa.

1. Why does Santiago go to sleep that night with the line tied around himself?
2. Find a word from the extract that means " **to come to the top of the ocean or earth**".
3. In this retelling of the story, **strength** is represented in many ways. Choose one example of strength and explain its importance.

Question Number Two:

A. Choose the suitable items from those given in the box to complete the following paragraph. There are more words than you need.

Model whiteboard tablets blog calculation

1. I need to make a few _____s before I decide how much to spend.
2. We use.....to watch educational programmes in class.
3. Mobile phones used to be huge. Early _____s were as big as bricks!
4. We use.....to record interviews with people.

Migraine inspire pills insomnia acupuncture

1.is a form of complementary medicine which uses thin needles.
2. If you have a....., the best thing to do is take some medicine and rest somewhere quiet.
3. The Olympic Games often..... young people to take up a sport.
4. My grandfather has to take a lot of medicine – he takes six different.....every day.

Polymath white elephant sculpture textiles ceramics founder

1. A solid piece of art, usually made of stone, metal or wood
2. Mr Shahin is a true....., working in all kinds of creative and scientific fields.
3. Look at and touch.....that have been sewn together.
4. The person who starts something new, such as an organisation or a city is a.....
5. No one joins the new gym. It is a.....and has no good equipment.

Ailment artificial equipment fund textile

1. My sister wants to be a fashion designer and work with.....
2. Before the boys go climbing, they'll go to a special shop to buy all the..... that they need.
3. Older people tend to suffer from more..... s than younger people.
4. My parents have saved enough money to..... our university courses

**Arithmetic astronomer gallery calculations polymath textiles
disabilities geometry smartphone physicist ceramics symptoms
career allergies**

1. If you don't feel well, you should describe your..... to the doctor.
2. There is a good..... for contemporary art across the street.
3. A telescope enables..... s to observe the stars.
4. It is often impossible for people with..... to climb stairs.
5. In our Maths exam, we have to write down our..... as well as the answers.

B. Complete the following sentences with the suitable words derived(form of the word) from the box.

Original success surgeon nine

1. It's the.....experiment that I do to test my theory.
2. It's difficult somehow to know the.....of plants.
3. They have.....found the way out.

Education appreciate create conclusion

1. You must.....all the methods in the research.
2. All my brothers are.....and well mannered.
3. Parents should receive the.....they deserve.

Infect discover success believe

1. Our.....s determine the way we think and live.
2. Doctors use conventional medicine to treat
3. Scientists found a great.....concerning medicine.

B. Study the following sentences and answer the questions that follow.

The teacher gave me **the green light** to leave the class.

What does the underlined **color idiom** mean?

.....

I **used to celebrate** my birthday when I was a kid.

What is **the function** of using(**used to**) in the previous sentence?

.....

Students **always take** their books to schools.

What is the **function** of using the **Present Simple Tense**?

The man **had been solving** the puzzle for two hours now.

What is the **function** of using The Past Perfect Tense?

My grandfather has an **artificial** hand.

What is the **synonym** of the underlined word?

Amman, **which is the capital of Jordan**, is a big city.

What is the **function** of using a **non-define** relative clause?

The **head teacher** called me to check my grades.

What is the **American word** for the underlined British one?

We have a small **cat** at home.

What is the **symbol** that represents the underlined sound?

We all worked together. **Therefore**, we won the competition.

What is the **function** of using (therefore) in the sentence?

If I were you, I would train hard.

What is the **function** of using the **second conditional** clause?

.....

Question Number Three:

A. Correct the verbs between brackets in the following paragraph.

1. in 2002, the scientists a new medical treatment. (discover)
2. many school childrenfor the exams since they got the schedule. (study)
3. we.....a cake for an hour when my mum came home. (make)
4. my brother.....the class when you arrive the college. (attend)
5. we.....all our needs by tomorrow. (buy)
6. I am used to.....with difficult situations. (deal)
7. when I was a child, Iin Amman. (use to/ live)
8. we didn'ta lot of chocolate when we were kids. (use to/ eat)
9. if the girl..... her task, she would receive her money. (finish)
10. I will win the race if Ihard. (train)
11. if Iyou, I would join the competition. (be)
12. I can't stand..... Scary movies. (watch)
13. she always attempts.....the rules. (break)
14. we will have our new terms.....next week. (write)
15. the boy had.....in the shop last week. (his bike/ fix)
16. Are you planning..... shopping tomorrow? (go)
17. Where have you been? I..... for ages. (wait)
18. Our grandmother used..... us stories at bedtime. (tell)
19. Will it still..... this evening? (rain)
20. Before she went to the library, Huda..... her mother to prepare lunch. (help)

In 2010, I(take) a part in the school play where I played the role of an old man and the clothes.....(give) to me to wear them and see if they were fit. In the future, I hope.....(become) an actor and play so many different roles. By 2020, I(finish) my studies and could join the theatre.

People.....(use) smartphones since 2007. These days, smartphones.....(consider) as an essential tools for our way of living. In the future, we will have our tasks.....(do) on phones and we will afford.....(buy) more than one smartphone.

C. Make meaningful sentences with right tense using the given words.

1. The man / shop / from the Mall for an hour when I called him.

.....

2. By 2020, I / achieve/ all my goals.

.....

3. Tomorrow, at 6 p.m., my father / work/ at his office.

.....

4. The lady / hope / hire a new employee.

.....

5. We/ avoid/ deal with big headed persons.

.....

B. Rewrite the following paragraph so that the new one has a similar meaning to the one before it.

1. He started studying at 5p.m. It's 10 p.m., and he's still studying.

Hesince 5 p.m.

2. The teacher:" I think Ali won't attend the class today".

The teacher said that.....

3.Rami is speaking to Rana on the phone, he is telling her:" you must come back home and get your gear so that you can join the race tomorrow".

Rami told Rana.....
.....

4.it's normal for me to sleep in long trips.

I'm.....

5.Fill the tank with fuel to make the car move. (moves)

If you.....

6.I intend to travel to Canada next week.

I am.....

7.He doesn't like to eat fast food when he goes out.

He can't stand.....

8.The man asked someone to bring the signs for him. (had)

The man.....

9.the manager travelled to America last week.

The person.....

10. the woman sold the draw in the market.

It was.....

11. he has written many books, but his final book made him famous all over the world.

He has written many books, but it.....

12.I would like to visit my uncle next week.

What.....

13. Ali replaced the covers with new ones.

Ali was the person.....

14. how would you define success?

The way in which.....

15. The exam was very difficult. It had four different sections.

The exam,.....

16. I went to Petra. It is a marvelous place. (which)

.....

17. We followed the red car in the street.

The red car.....

18. I have found my missing laptop.

My.....

19. Mohammed checked his emails, and then he started work. (before)

Mohammed had.....

Rewrite the following sentences, changing the British English phrases into American English.

1. We are travelling to Canada where we will stay in a new flat.
2. Have you tried the new programme?
3. I will have a look at the tools in the boot.

Find the mistaken word in the following sentence, then replace it with the right one.

You can show your own CV over the net foreign countries.

.....

When teachers establish the website, students could create to webpages.

.....

Question Number Four:

A. Imagine you are an editor in the Jordan Times. You are asked to edit the following lines that have three grammatical mistakes and two spelling mistakes. Find out these five mistakes and correct them.

By 2030, doctors will find a new treatment for many kancerous diseases. People had suffered a lot for years when they found the cure. I think that people used to consulting doctors about these kind of treatments, but now they know a lot about what is called comblementary medicine.

Answers:

Grammatical :

will have found/ had been suffering/ used to consult

Spelling:

cancerous/ complementary

Edit the following text. There are two grammar mistakes and three punctuation mistakes. Find and correct them.

Scientists will say that exercise is not only important for general fitness; but that it is also good for the brain, it helped us concentrate better? As a result, we perform better in exams.

Answers:

Grammatical:

say/ helps

Punctuation:

fitness, / brain. It / better. /

Teacher's book:

These sentences have the wrong word in bold. Correct them by using one of the words in the box below.

**Antibodies artificially-created blog calculations
desalination**

1. **Textiles** plants are becoming a popular method of providing water for people living in areas that have little fresh water.
2. Many megaprojects consist of **sceptical** cities, which will be built according to principles of sustainable living.
3. I came across a **conventional** post the other day. It was discussing the importance of traditional crafts in our modern-day society.
4. Homoeopathy cannot produce **ceramics** needed to protect against childhood diseases .
5. One of the earliest computers took as long as 25 minutes to do simple mathematical **demonstrations**.

Answers:

A 1 Desalination 2 artificially-created 3 blog 4 antibodies 5 calculations

Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.

- 1 My grandparents gave me a **fountain pen / pedestrian** for my birthday, and I am learning calligraphy now.
- 2 Some **ailments / inoculations** can be treated effectively with homoeopathic remedies.
- 3 When there is not enough rainfall to grow crops, the ground must be **irrigated / publicised**.
- 4 I enjoy painting and sculpture so I decided to do a degree in **Fine Arts / craftsmanship**.
- 5 Elderly people often suffer from **dementia / acupuncture**, which is difficult to treat.

Answers:

1 fountain pen 2 ailments 3 irrigated 4 Fine Arts 5 dementia

Complete the text below with the correct form of each verb in brackets. You may need to use more than one word.

Some advertisements say that you can (1)..... (learn) a language in a month; others promise that a basic knowledge (2)..... (be) yours in 24 hours. There are language-learning courses that promise excellent results with very little effort, and even less time! However, these advertisements gave many people the wrong idea, and after some people (3)..... (struggle) for months to achieve a good level, they (4) (begin) wondering what had gone wrong. A complaint (5)..... (recently make) against LearnAssist, a language school chain, and the company (6)..... (force) to remove its claim that its technique is better than any other method. The Managing Director of LearnAssist said "While we still believe that what we say is true, we accept it is best for us to change our advert. However, the fact (7)..... (remain), if you (8)..... (spend) three hours per day for five weeks on our language course you (9)..... (speak) the language very soon. What we (10)..... (do) next time is make this clearer in the advert."

Answers:

1 learn 2 will be 3 had struggled 4 began 5 was recently made 6 was forced 7 remains 8 spend/spent 9 will/would speak 10 will do

Complete the text with the correct form of each word in brackets. You may need to use more than one word to fill in the gaps.

The bullet train or Shinkansen is a highspeed rail system that (1)..... (serve) as the core of Japan's rail transportation network. Shinkansen (2)..... (link) the major cities of Japan since it (3)..... (first introduce) in 1964 CE. At the moment, the network (4)..... (expand) with newer, faster and more environmentally-friendly trains navigating through the country's mountains.

1 serves 2 has linked 3 was first introduced 4 is expanding

The London Underground, which (5)..... (know) as The Tube, is one of the most famous underground rail systems in the world. The Tube, which (6)..... (get) its name from the shape of the system's tunnels, (7)..... (serve) commuters since 1863 CE. It is also one of the biggest networks, as it (8)..... (currently run) over 408 km and 275 stations across London. There are plans to build at least 10 more stations in the near future!

5 is known 6 got 7 has served/has been serving 8 currently runs/is currently running

The Shanghai Maglev Train is one of the fastest trains in the world; its speed (9)..... (record) as 431 km per hour! The train takes only seven minutes and 20 seconds to bring travellers from Pudong International Airport to Longyang Road Station, which (10)..... (be) about 30 km away.

9 has been recorded 10 is

Read the text and complete it using the correct form of the words

Amazing (1).....(medicine) advances are constantly taking place in these days of technological and scientific (2).....(discover) . Many people expect instant cures, and prefer to get a (3).....(prescribe) , but it is worth remembering that our immune systems can fight (4).....(infect) and diseases on their own, too.

Research has been done to find out why some people survive cancer. One hundred people who had survived a serious (5).....(diagnose) were interviewed twelve years after they had been diagnosed. The (6).....(intend) of the study was to discover if there was anything in common with the ways in which they had acted after their diagnosis.

They had all used different treatments such as (7).....(surgeon) , radiotherapy, acupuncture and special diets. What they all had in common, however, was a strong (8).....(believe) that what they were doing would be (9).....(succeed) . This survey has limited (10).....(conclude) , but one thing it shows is that a positive attitude can help your immune system to work .

1 medical 2 discoveries 3 prescription 4 infections 5 diagnosis 6 intention

7 surgery 8 belief 9 successful 10 conclusions

Literature spot:

A I Remember, I Remember: Why do you think the poet might be "farther off from heav'n" now? Discuss all possible meanings of this statement.

Answer:

I think that the poet might be "farther off from heav'n" now that he is an adult because he has lost the "childish ignorance" that he had when he was younger.

B All the World's a Stage: Read the following quotation by a Chinese philosopher. Do you think that the speaker in *All the World's a Stage* would agree with the philosopher's view of old age? Why?

"Old age, believe me, is a good and pleasant thing. It is true you are gently shouldered off the stage, but then you are given such a comfortable front seat as spectator".

Answer:

I don't think that the speaker in *All the World's a Stage* would agree with the philosopher's view of old age; he sees old age as nothing but a degeneration

("... mere oblivion", "sans everything"). I would say that the Chinese philosopher's old age seems more like the justice's stage where one can relax and observe life in action from a distance.

C The Old Man and the Sea: Why do you think Santiago risks his life for the marlin?

Answer:

I think that Santiago risks his life for the marlin because he has already put a lot of effort into catching it. It is possibly also something that could help him feel young again. He may also feel ashamed that he has failed to catch anything for the past eighty-four days and so is willing to risk his life to prove to the rest of the village that he is still a good fisherman.

Answers:

Text 1:

1. Communicate.
2. Favorite
3. Is known
4. People with a different opinion.
5. Many people are excited about the 'Internet of Things'. For them, a dream is coming true. They say that our lives will be easier and more comfortable. However, others are not so sure. They want to keep control of their own lives and their own things
6. As a consequence, computers will increasingly run our lives for us.

Text 2:

1. To feel sad
2. Children
3. Other factors influencing health included a supportive network of family and friends, and an optimistic outlook on life.
4. Some health professionals believe that bad lifestyle choices, such as smoking or lack of exercise, are the reason for heart disease and other illnesses, and not an individual's attitude
5. teach children to develop positive thinking, and to 'bounce back' after a setback
6. yes, making mistakes and forgetting things.

Text 3:

1. program
2. ,where the KHCC is located,
3. Will have added
4. Patients from other countries

5. its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.
6. Many cancer patients live far away from Amman, where the KHCC is located, and the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult.

Literature spot:

A:

1. Personification
2. In the past he was happy with high spirit and optimistic, but in the present he is not very good and ill.

B:

1. Old age (second childhood)
2. He means that life can be strange with lots of things happening in it.

C:

1. so that he feels the tug when the fish pulls on the line.
2. Surface
3. Santiago represents strength in the story. When he fights the marlin and he fights the sharks with a harpoon and a knife.

Box 1:

1. Calculation
2. Whiteboard
3. Model
4. Tablets

Box 2:

1. Acupuncture
2. Migraine
3. Inspire
4. Pills

Box 3:

1. Sculpture
2. Polymath
3. Textiles
4. Founder
5. White elephant

Box 4:

1. Textile
2. Equipment
3. Ailment
4. Fund

Box 5:

1. Symptoms
2. Gallery
3. Astronomer
4. disabilities
5. Calculations

Derivation:

Box 1:

1. Ninth
2. Origin
3. Successfully

Box 2:

1. Conclude
2. educated
3. Appreciation

Box 3:

1. Belief
2. Infection
3. Discovery

Study:

1. Give permission
2. to describe past habits or past states that have now changed.
3. Routine
4. Continuous actions and repeated in the past.
5. Prosthetic.
6. Gives extra information.
7. Principle
- 8.
9. Addition
10. Give advice

Correct the verb:

1. Discovered
2. Have been studying
3. Had been making
4. Will be attending
5. Will have bought
6. Dealing
7. Used to live
8. Use to eat
9. Finished
10. train
11. Were
12. Watching
13. To break
14. written
15. His bike fixed
16. To go
17. Have been waiting
18. to tell
19. Be raining
20. Had helped

1. took
2. Were given
3. To become
4. Will have finished
1. have been using
2. Are considered
3. Done
4. To buy

C. Make meaningful sentences with right tense using the given words.

- .1 The man **had been shopping** from the Mall for an hour when I called him.
- .2 By 2020, I **will have achieved** all my goals.
- .3 Tomorrow, at 6 p.m., my father **will be working** at his office.
- .4 The lady **hopes to** hire a new employee.
- .5 We **avoid dealing** with big headed persons.

B. Rewrite the following paragraph so that the new one has a similar meaning to the one before it.

1. He has been studying since 5 p.m.
2. The teacher said that he thought Ali wouldn't attend the that day.
3. Rami told Rana that she had to come back home and get her gears so that she could join the race the day after.
4. I'm used to sleeping in long trips.
5. If you fill the tank with fuel, the car moves.
6. I am planning to travel to Canada next week.
7. He can't stand eating fast food when he goes out.
8. The man had the signs brought for him.
9. The person who travelled to America last week was the manager.
10. It was the draw that the woman sold in the market.
11. He has written many books, but it was his final book that made him famous all over the world.
12. What I would to do next week is visit my uncle.
13. Ali was the person who replaced the covers with new ones.
14. The way in which I define success is to work very hard.
15. The exam, which had four different sections, was very difficult.
16. I went to Petra which is a marvelous place.
17. The red car was followed in the street.
18. My missing laptop has been found.
19. Mohammed had checked his emails before he started work.

Rewrite the following sentences, changing the British English phrases into American English.

8. We are travelling to Canada where we will stay in a new **apartment**.
9. Have you tried the new **program**?
10. I will **take** a look at the tools in the boot.

Find the mistaken word in the following sentence, then replace it with the right one.

You can **send** your own CV over the net foreign countries.

When teachers establish the website, students could **contribute** to webpages.

Functions: الوظائف اللغوية

Present simple: true in the present, routine

Present continuous: something that is happening at the moment, temporary.

Present perfect simple: something that was true in the past and continues to be true in the present.

Present perfect continuous: something that began in the past and continues in the present, repeated

Past simple: something that started and finished in the past.

Past continuous: something which was happening before and after another action in the past, happened for a long time in the past.

Past perfect simple: actions that happened before a specific moment in the past.

Past perfect continuous: talk about actions or situations that were happening up to a specific moment in the past.

Will: predicting it without evidence, sudden decisions.

Going to: future plans, predictions that are based on evidence.

Future continuous: to talk about a continuous action in the future.

Future perfect: to talk about an action that will be completed by a particular time in the future.

Reported speech: report what someone said

Use to: to describe past habits or past states that have now changed

Be used to: to describe things that are familiar or customary

Cleft sentence: to emphasise certain pieces of information.

Define relative: to identify which particular person, place or thing is being talked about.

Non- define relative: to give more detail.

Best wishes

T. Motasim Jihad