

THE HASHIMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
GENERAL ENGLISH – LEVEL THREE

READ THE FOLLOWING TEXT CAREFULLY, AND THEN ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW IT.

Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. This is largely due to the country's commitment to making healthcare for all a top priority. Advances in education, economic conditions, **sanitation**, clean water, diet and housing have made our community healthier.

As a result of careful planning, the number of healthcare services has been increasing rapidly over the past years. More than 800 different kinds of healthcare centres have been built, as well as 188 **dental** clinics. In 2012 CE, 98 per cent of Jordanian children were fully immunised, thanks to **immunisation** teams that had been working towards this goal for several years.

Although there were remote areas of the country **where** people had been without consistent access to electricity and safe water, almost 99 per cent of the country's population now has access.

Although the country has been focusing mainly on improving its primary healthcare facilities, it has not neglected **its** advanced medical facilities. The reputation of Jordanian doctors has spread in the region, and now many more patients come to Jordan for open heart surgery. In Jordan, the open heart surgery programme started in 1970 CE in Amman.

The life expectancy figures show that Jordan's healthcare system is successful. In 1965

CE, the average Jordanian's life expectancy was age 50. In 2012 CE, this average life expectancy had risen to 73.5. According to UNICEF statistics, between 1981 CE and 1991 CE, Jordan's **infant mortality** rates declined more rapidly than anywhere else in the world – from 70 deaths per 1,000 births in 1981 CE to only 32 deaths per 1,000 births in 2014 CE.

The low infant mortality rate, as well as the excellent healthcare system, have been contributing factors to Jordan's healthy population growth, which will result in a strong **work force** with economic benefits for the whole country.

QUESTION NUMBER ONE

- 1- There are two factors which contributed to the growth of Jordanian population. Write them down.
- 2- The number of healthcare services has been increasing rapidly in Jordan over the past years. Write down the main reason for that?
- 3- There are many factors that made Jordanians healthier. Write down two of them.
- 4- Find a word in the text which means “ **death especially on a large scale**”.
- 5- What does the underlined pronoun “**where**” in the second paragraph, refer to?
- 6- Find a noun phrase which means “ the length of time that a person or an animal expected to live “.
- 7- Quote the sentence which indicates that Jordanian children were protected from childhood diseases

READ THE FOLLOWING TEXT CAREFULLY, AND THEN ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW IT.

The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan's only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. It treats both adult and paediatric patients. As the population of the country increases, more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment. Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as they are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.

In order to cope with the increase in demand for treatment, the KHCC has begun an expansion programme. Building started in 2011 CE. The hospital will have more than doubled its capacity by 2016 CE, increasing space for new cancer cases from 3,500 per year to 9,000.

By then, they will have added 182 extra beds, along with bigger units for different departments, including radiotherapy. New adult and paediatric wards will have opened. Additionally, they will have built a special ten-floor outpatients' building, with an education centre which will include teaching rooms and a library.

Many cancer patients live far away from Amman, where the KHCC is located, and the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult. For this reason, there are plans to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan. In the near future, King Abdullah University Hospital in Irbid hopes to set up radiotherapy machines, so that cancer patients from northern Jordan will not have to go to Amman for radiotherapy treatment.

1. Write down the sentence which indicates that The King Hussein Cancer Centre treats people from all ages.
2. Write down the sentence which indicates that the centre treats patients from other countries.
3. Patients come from neighbouring countries to receive treatment in the centre for many reasons. Write down two of them.
4. The centre needs to expand for a certain reason. Write it down.
5. There is a disadvantage of the KHCC for patients who live far from Amman. Write down that disadvantage.

6. Find a word in the text which means “someone goes to hospital for treatment but does not stay for the night”.

8. What does the underlined pronoun “It” in the first paragraph, refer to?

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MINISTRY OF EDUCATION - GENERAL ENGLISH – LEVEL THREE

READ THE FOLLOWING TEXT CAREFULLY, AND THEN ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW IT.

Adnan, a professional craftsman, is at work in his studio. With the oven at 1,400 degrees Centigrade, 20 hours a day, a glass-making studio isn't the most comfortable place to be. For Adnan, however, this is more than just a job. ‘My family has been blowing glass for around 700 years,’ he says. ‘My father learnt the craft from his father, and he taught it to me when I was a child.’

Adnan is passionate about this ancient craft, and regularly gives demonstrations and workshops to teach young people the skills of glassblowing.

He strongly believes that unless we interest more young people in learning the craft, nobody will know how to make hand-blown glass in the future. ‘These days, young people don't always want to follow their parents' professions, and, added to that, glassblowing isn't an easy job. It has to be an obsession, as it is for me!’

Adnan still uses the technique that was first developed by the Phoenicians some 2,000 years ago. First, he pushes a thin metal blowpipe into the boiling hot furnace. Secondly, he lifts out the liquid sand and lays it on a metal plate. After that, he blows the red-hot glass until it becomes more flexible. Then he pulls and bends the glass into shape. He has to work extremely quickly because the liquid sand is already solidifying into glass.

Adnan is making a delicate swan. Through the semi-opaque glass, you can see fine lines of turquoise, green and blue. ‘The sand gives us **transparent**, or “white”, glass,’ Adnan explains. ‘We get this beautiful dark, cobalt blue by adding the metal cobalt to the melted glass. Then, this blue becomes a lighter, sea-green turquoise after adding copper. Finally, we decorate the glass by hand.’

‘These days **we** recycle broken glass. We also use commercially produced colours instead of using natural ingredients as in the past. Apart from that, nothing else about this craft has changed through the centuries. You can’t use a machine to do this work,’ he says. ‘The old ways are still the best.’

- 1-Write down the sentence which indicates that Adnan inherited his craft from his father.
- 2-Quote the sentence which indicates that the glass-making studio is incredibly hot.
- 3-Write down the sentence which indicates that Adnan teaches his craft to others.
- 4-Adnan runs workshops and gives demonstrations for a certain reason. Write it down.
- 5-There are two reasons why Adnan wants to teach young people his craft. Write them down.
- 6-Write down the sentence which indicates that Adnan still use old-fashioned methods in his craft.
- 7-There are four steps to make glass. Write down two of them.
- 8-The glassblower has to work very fast. Write down the reason for that.

9-There are two things which have been changed in Adnan’s craft through centuries. Write them down.

10-Write down the sentence which indicates that technology can’t be used in glass making.

11-Glass studios aren’t a comfortable place for craftsmen. Explain this statement. Justifying your answer.

12-Find a word in the text which means “**a container of some sort to hold the metal and it’s very hot**”

13-What does the underlined pronoun “**we**” in the last paragraph, refer to?

14-What does the underlined pronoun “**his**” in the first paragraph, refer to?

QUESTION NUMBER TWO:- (15 POINTS)

A- CHOOSE THE SUITABLE ITEM FROM THOSE GIVEN IN THE BOX TO COMPLETE EACH OF THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES.

symptoms	ailments	viable	alien	sceptical	inspire
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- 1- Headaches and colds are common.....especially in winter.
- 2- I feel much better now; this medicine seems to be.....
- 3- I don’t really believe that story , I’m very.....
- 4- lliant teachers often try to their students to achieve their goals.
- 5- Doctors look at the before they decide how to treat the patient.

B- STUDY THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE AND ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS:

I was shocked when I heard the news. It came unexpectedly
 Replace the underlined phrase with the suitable colour idiom.

C- COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES WITH SUITABLE WORDS DERIVED FROM THE WORDS IN BRACKETS

- 1- One of the medical priorities is the of doctors to keep the private information of their patients. (Commit)
- 2- Be careful!! Do not give the kid peanuts!! He isto them. (allergy)

A- CHOOSE THE SUITABLE ITEM FROM THOSE GIVEN IN THE BOX TO COMPLETE EACH OF THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES.

ailments	monitor	allergies	migraine	arthritis
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- 1- Teachers should students while they work on computers.
- 2- My grandfather has.....in his fingers, so he finds it difficult to write sometimes.
- 3- Headaches and colds are common.....especially in winter.
- 4- If you have a , the best thing to do is to take some medicine and rest somewhere quiet

B- STUDY THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE AND ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS:

Have you heard the good news? We've got the permission to go ahead with our project

Replace the underlined phrase with the suitable colour idiom.

C- COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES WITH SUITABLE WORDS DERIVED FROM THE WORDS IN BRACKETS

- 1- **When do you.....to receive your test results?** (expectancy)
- 2- The university is going to.....its capacity by adding another theater and a conference hall. (expansion)

A- CHOOSE THE SUITABLE ITEM FROM THOSE GIVEN IN THE BOX TO COMPLETE EACH OF THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES.

risk	symptoms	conventional	energy	dementia
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- 1- In hot countries, solar is an important source of energy
- 2- Doctors often treat infections with antibiotics; that is.....approach .
- 3- Please hurry up. Let's notmissing the bus.
- 4- Doctors look at the before they decide how to treat the patient.

TEACHER : ADNAN ABU HAMMAD

B- STUDY THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE AND ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS:

Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is expensive with no useful purpose

Replace the underlined phrase with the suitable colour idiom.

C- COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES WITH SUITABLE WORDS DERIVED FROM THE WORDS IN BRACKETS

- 1- Fatima al-Fihri was born in the century (nine)
- 2- Who was the most writer of the twentieth century? (influence)

QUESTION NUMBER FOUR :-

A- THE UNDERLINED WORDS IN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES AREN'T USED CORRECTLY. REPLACE THESE WORDS WITH THE CORRECT ONES.

1- John lives now near a beach of Aqaba, so he used to swimming.

.....

B- THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES ARE IN AMERICAN ENGLISH, REWRITE THEM IN BRITISH ENGLISH.

1- I didn't visit Lebanon yet.

.....

2-

.....

C- STUDY THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE AND ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS

- It appears that Jordan has excellent health care centres as well as qualified doctors.

What is the function of the underlined words It appears that ?

WITH MY BEST WISHES

ENGLISH TEACHER:- ADNAN ABU HAMMAD

MOBILE PHONE:-

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A- CORRECT THE VERBS BETWEEN BRACKETS:-

- 1- By the time we arrived, Faten the painting. (spoil)
- 2- By the end of next month, we our new project. (complete)
- 3- When it, the ground becomes wet. (rain)

B- COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SO THAT THE NEW ITEM HAS A SIMILAR MEANING TO THE ONE BEFORE IT .

- 1- Mustafa has invented this machine in France.
 - The person
 - It
- 2- Mr. Hammad has corrected our English exam already.
 - Our
- 3- Khawla cleaned the kitchen, and then she went to sleep.
 - After

A- CORRECT THE VERBS BETWEEN BRACKETS:-

- 1- Mohammad told me that he T.V , when I had phoned him. (watch)
- 2- We always have our flat by a local company. (redecorate)
- 3- If I you , I would study harder. (be)

B- COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SO THAT THE NEW ITEM HAS A SIMILAR MEANING TO THE ONE BEFORE IT .

- 1- We forgot to bring our shorts, so we didn't swim in the pool.
 - Because
- 2- " My parents went to France three years ago ."
 - Maria said
- 3- I would like to go to London next year.
 - What

A- CORRECT THE VERBS BETWEEN BRACKETS:-

- 1- I intend Medicine at university and to work in my country. (study)
- 2- Can I call you tonight after 6 p.m., or You dinner with your family then? (have)
- 3- This time tomorrow, we'll be celebrating because we..... our exams. (finish)

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B- COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SO THAT THE NEW ITEM HAS A SIMILAR MEANING TO THE ONE BEFORE IT .

- 1- I'm certain that she went by bus. (must)
 - She
- 2-It's not necessary to bring our books in The Open Day. (not , have to)
 - We
- 3- Suzan usually wears expensive clothes .I am certain she is rich. (must)
 - Suzan

A- CORRECT THE VERBS BETWEEN BRACKETS:-

- 1- My cousin has lived in Lebanon for a year. He says he *is used to* there now.(live)
 2- Hind very hard for several weeks before she did her final exams. (work)
 3- 6 You can borrow this book tomorrow. I it by then. (finish)
 4- Next Monday, I in my new job. (work)

B- COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SO THAT THE NEW ITEM HAS A SIMILAR MEANING TO THE ONE BEFORE IT .

- 1- The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE by Abd al-Rahman I.
 - The year
- 2- It was normal for me to run five kilometers every morning, but now I cant. (used to)
 - I
- 3- Muna asked her brother to repair her car. (have)
 - Muna



WITH MY BEST WISHES

TEACHER:- ADNAN ABU HAMMAD

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QUESTION NUMBER FOUR :-

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2- John lives now near a beach of Aqaba, so he used to swimming.

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B- THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES ARE IN AMERICAN ENGLISH, REWRITE THEM IN BRITISH ENGLISH.

3- I didn't visit Lebanon yet.

.....

C- STUDY THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE AND ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS

- It appears that Jordan has excellent health care centres as well as qualified doctors.

What is the function of the underlined words It appears that ?

READ THE INFORMATION BELOW, AND THEN IN YOUR ANSWERBOOKLET, WRITE A BRIEF BIOGRAPH USING ALL THE GIVEN NOTES BELLOW A BOUT GIRALDA TOWER.

- Location:- Seville , Spain
- Date of construction:- 1198 CE
- Architect:- Ahmed Ben Baso.
- Description of the building:- stands at just over 104 metres tall.

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