(سلسلة الأسطورة في اللغة الانجليزية المستوى الثالث)

تدريبات شاملة على أهم القطع المتوقعه تدريبات شاملة على أهم المفردات و المصطلحات في المادة تدريبات شاملة على قواعد الماده والاشتقاق و تدريبات على الكتابة الموجهة والاخطاء الفقرات على نمط الامتحانات

(مع الإجابة النموذجية)

#صيفى-2017

اعداد الاستاذ:

« راس ابو کرو

0788242298

0799522160

SEE YOU AT THE TOP

الدِمكا مهامترج المستوى (ثان رقم لا) لِدُستَاذ: فراس أبو كرم (۷۹۹۵۲۲۱۲۰)- م۳

Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. **This** is largely due to the country's commitment to making healthcare for all a top priority. Advances in education, economic conditions, sanitation, clean water, diet and housing have made our community healthier.

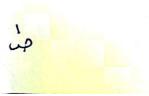
As a result of careful planning, the number of healthcare services has been increasing rapidly over the past years. More than 800 different kinds of healthcare centres have been built, as well as 188 dental clinics. In 2012 CE, 98 percent of Jordanian children were fully immunized, thanks to immunisation teams that had been working towards this goal for several years. Although there were remote areas of the country where people had been without consistent access to electricity and safe water, almost 99 percent of the country's population now has access.

Although the country has been focusing mainly on improving its primary healthcare facilities, <u>It</u> has not neglected its advanced medical facilities. The reputation of Jordanian doctors has spread in the region, and now many more patients come to Jordan for open heart surgery. In Jordan, the open heart surgery programme started in 1970 CE in Amman.

The life expectancy figures show that Jordan's healthcare system is successful. In 1965 CE, the average Jordanian's life expectancy was age 50. In 2012 CE, this average life expectancy had risen to 73.5. According to UNICEF statistics, between 1981 CE and 1991 CE, Jordan's infant mortality rates declined more rapidly than anywhere else in the world – from 70 deaths per 1,000 births in 1981 CE to only 32 deaths per 1,000 births in 2014 CE.

The low infant mortality rate, as well as the excellent healthcare system, have been contributing factors to Jordan's healthy population growth, **which** will result in a strong work force with economic benefits for the whole country.

- There are many factors (reasons) behind Jordan's healthy population growth.
 Write down them.
- 2. There are many examples which show that Jordan's healthcare system is successful. Write down two of these examples.
- Quote the sentence which shows that the common opinion that people have about Jordanian doctors is excellent.
- 4. Find a word which means (a promise to do something)
- 5. What does the underlined word (it) refer to?
- 6. Mention three illnesses children in Jordan are vaccinated against (immunized).
- 7. Health is wealth . Think of this statement , and in two sentences , write your point of view .



فراس أبو كرم (۲۲۱۲۰ ۹۹۷۰)- م٣

Question Two: A: Choose the suitable item from those given in the box

viable, decline, biological waste, outweigh, prosthetic, polymath, access, heritage, strenuous, solidifying, economic growth

1.	It is people's increasing need for land and resources, hunting and fishing causes the rapidin wildlife.		
2.	Al-kindi was a physician , philosopher , chemist , musician and astronomer – a		
	true		
3.	Mega projects are designed to encourageand bring new benefits to cities .		
4.	Scientists have successfully invented ahand with a sense of touch .		
	. The benefits of Masdar City for the community and the environment greatlyany disadvantages .		
6.	Hospitals need to dispose of a lot of and it should be carefully		
	managed because it can be dangerous .		
7.	Glassblowers have to work extremely quickly because the liquid sand is already into glass .		
8.	In order to lose weight, health experts recommend a mixture of moderate andexercise.		
9.	Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say it is		
10.	To truly understand a country's culture , you have to understand its artistic		
11.	What would happen if criminals managed toyour passwords and security settings?		

B:Study the following sentence, then answer the question that follows.

Luckily , the police arrived and the thief was caught <u>in the act of doing something</u> wrong .

Replace the underlined words with the correct colour idiom .

فراس أبو كرم (۲۱۲۰ ۹۹۷۰)- م٣

·	
C: Complete the following sentences with the suitable words derived from the words derived from the words in brackets.	
 Megaprojects	
12. He is not overweight . He is (obesity)	
Question Three : Correct the verbs between brackets.	
 Peoplesmartphones since they were invented in the ear 2000 s . (be , use) If youthis type of lesson , the students would be very excited .(have) If you need to contact me next week , we willat a hotel in Aqaba (be , stay) Every year , UNESCO a different Arab city as the Arab Cultural Capital . (choose) Joining a gym can be very tiring at first if you aremuch exercise . (not , used to , do) 	
B: Complete each of the following items so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it .	



1. Queen Rania opened the Children's Museum of Jordan in 2007CE.

The year

فراس أبو كرم (۲۲۱٦، ۲۹۹۰)- م٣

2. Press the button to make the picture move .	
	lf
3.	His friends who were worried about his health advised him to relax.
	He
4.	I would like to go to London next year .
	What
5.	It isn't necessary to give them your identity card.
	You don't

Question Four:

A:The underlined words in the following sentence are not used correctly . Replace these words with the correct ones .

Firas has lived in an UK for a year . He used to speaking English now .

B:The following questions are in American English . Rewrite them in British English .

- 1. Did they already fix the elevator?
- 2. Excuse me, is there a drugstore near this conservatory?
- 3. I already put them in the trunk of the car .

C: Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows .

In this way, technology makes communication more convenient.

What is the function of using "in this way" in the above sentence .

Question Five

A: Editing:(four spelling mistakes, five grammar mistakes, one punctuation mistake)

Jordan has a very rich cultural heritaje thanks to a support of a Department of Culture and the Arts , who is founded in 1966 CE . Since then , the department have built up an exciting , ongoing programme of kultural activities related to all the arts : music , vitual arts ; berforming arts and the written word .



فراس أبو كرم (۱۹۱۹ ۹۹۷۰)- م٣

EDITING:

(five spelling mistakes, three grammar mistakes, one punctuation mistake)

The Jordan National Gallary of Fine Arts is one of a most important art museums in Middle East . The collection include over 2,000 works of art , including paintings , scalptures , photographs , instollations ; tixtiles and seramics , by more than 800 artists from 59 countries .

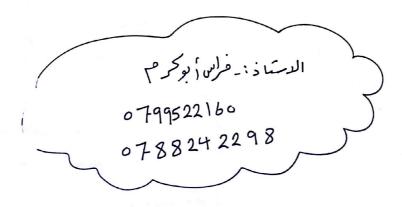
 $\textbf{B: Guided Writing:} \ \, \textbf{Read the information below} \, , \, \textbf{and write two sentences about the advantages of the "Internet of Things"} \, .$

- · Many thousands of jobs are lost
- · Computers sometimes fail
- Criminals could get control of your personal information
- · Everything you do tracked

C:FREE WRITING: write on ONE of the following topics

2/2

- 1. The population of Jordan increased rapidly . How will this increase affect Jordan's housing , education and health facilities ? What can be done to help Jordan cope with this increase in population ?
- 2. A major cultural festival which takes place in Jordan every year .
- 3. What would life be like without computers?



See You At

إستُ الد لِدول : . المعقمة

int. a. the low infant mortality

b. the excellent healthcare system

2. a. the average Jordanian's life expectancy had risen

> b. Jordan's infant mortality rates declined

3. The reputation of Jordanian ductors - - " heart surgery . "

4. Commitment

5. the Country

- - a. polio المواهدة عبيه الم
 - b. measles augsl
 - 3. Chickenpox sllsis
 - 7. * When you are healthy, you Can work and get noney
 - * When you are healthy, you have hope.

السفال لانك: ﴿

ا الخط ر/تنامض decline بالخط ا

2. polymath polymath

3. economic growth with it

4. prosthetic chip

5. owweigh art view

b. biological waste apple Tyrical

7. strenger solidifying

8. Strennous moss/2012

9 · viable Ziruy r 6

10. heritage 215

رخل الح ۱۱ · access

B. red-handed

C:

1. Jary

2. inheritance

3. produce

4 · install

5 · appreciate

6 · archaeological

7. allergic

8. calculation

9 fraditionally

10 · medical

11 · restore

12 · obese

السؤلا لِثلاث

Α:

- 1. have been using
- 2. had
- 3. be Staying
- 4. Chooses
- 5. not used to doing

B.

- Jordan Ducen Rania --- Of Jordan Was in 2007 (6.
- 2. you press the button, the picture moves.
- 3. was advised to relax
- 4. I would like to do ASXX year is go to London.
- 5. have to give them your identity card.

السؤاه لرابع

- A. The Uk is used to
- B. 1. Have they already fixed the lift?
 - 2. drystone -o chemists
 Conservatory -o Conservatoire

3. I have already put them in the book of the car.

C. Consequence

السخال كامي : - الإملاء : لعف الردل.

- 1. heritage
- 2. Cultural
- 3. Visual
- 4. performing

5. je performing - 1 2 performing

- 6. The support
- 7. the Department
- 8. who -o which
- 9. was founded
- 10. has built

المرد : لِنَّا لِنَّالَ الْمُرْدِ : لِنَّا لِنَّالًا الْمُرْدِ :

- 1. Gallery
- 2. Sculptures
- 3. installations
- 4 · textiles
- 5. Ceramics
- 6. 2 textiles -0 @ textiles
- 7. The most
 - 8. the Middle East.
 - q. includes

Ten -year-old Adeeb al-Balooshi from Dubai, is going to travel to seven countries on a tour which has been organised_and funded by Shiekh Hamdan bin Mohammed, Crown = Prince of Dubai.

The boy caught Sheikh Hamdan's attention with his invention - a prosthetic limb for his father. The Sheikh has taken a special interest in the boy, and hopes that the tour he is sponsoring for Adeeb will give the young inventor more self-confidence and inspire other young Emirati inventors.

Adeeb got the idea for a special kind of prosthetic leg while he was at the beach with his family. His father, who wears an artificial leg, could not swim in the sea as he could not risk getting his leg wet. This inspired Adeeb to invent a waterproof prosthetic leg.

Adeeb is going to visit the USA, France, the UK, Ireland, Belgium, Italy and Germany, where he will be staying with relatives. However, while he is in Germany, Adeeb will not be spending all his time sightseeing. He will be working with a specialist doctor to build the appendage. He will also be attending a course on prosthetic and learning about different kinds of medical apparatus.

Adeeb has invented several other devices, including a tiny cleaning robot and a heart monitor, which is attached to a car seat belt. In the case of an emergency, rescue services and the driver's family will be automatically connected with the driver through the special checking device.

He has also invented a fireproof helmet . This special equipment , which has a built –in camera system , will help rescue workers in emergencies .

It is for these reasons that Adeeb rightly deserves his reputation as one of the youngest inventors in the world .

- 1. Adeeb ivented many inventions (devices) . Write down four of these inventions .
- 2. Adeeb will be doing many things while he is in Germany . Write down two of these things
- 3. Sheikh Hamdan was interested in helping Adeeb for two reasons . Write down them .
- 4. Quote the sentence which shows that . A deeb invented a hard hat against fire.
- 5. What does the underlined word (Na) refer to?
- 6. Find a word which is a synonym to (appendage).

- 7. Find an adjective which is an antonym (opposite) to (natural).
- 8. Suggest three effective ways to encourage smart students to be inventors.
- People with disabilities (Handicapped people) needs all kinds of support and help. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write your point of view.

Question One:

Adnan, a professional craftsman, is at work in his studio. With the oven at 1400 degrees centigrade, 20 hours a day, a glass-making studio isn't the most comfortable place to be. For Adnan, however, this is more than just a job. 'My family has been blowing glass for around 700 years,' he says. 'My father learnt the craft from his father, and he taught it to me when I was a child.'

Adnan is passionate about this ancient craft, and regularly gives demonstrations and workshops to teach young people the skills of glassblowing. He strongly believes that unless we interest more young people in learning the craft, nobody will know how to make hand-blown glass in the future. 'these days, young people don't always want to follow their parents' professions, and, added to that, glassblowing isn't an easy job. It has to be an obsession, as it is for me!'

Adnan still uses the technique that was first developed by the Phoenicians some 2000 years ago. First, he pushes a thin metal blowpipe into the boiling hot furnace. Secondly, he lifts out the liquid sand and lays <u>it</u> on a metal plate. After that, he blows the red-hot glass until <u>it</u> becomes more flexible. Then he pulls and bends the glass into shape. He has to work extremely quickly because the liquid sand is already solidifying into glass

Adnan is making a delicate swan. Through the semi-opaque glass, you can see fine lines of turquoise, green and blue.

'The sand gives us transparent, or "white", glass,' Adnan explains. 'We get this beautiful dark, cobalt blue by adding the metal cobalt to the melted glass. Then, this blue becomes a lighter, sea-green turquoise after adding copper. Finally, we decorate the glass by hand.'

'These days we recycle broken glass . We also use commercially produced colours instead of using natural ingredients as in the past. Apart from that, nothing else about this craft has changed through the centuries. You can't use a machine to do this work,' he says. 'The old ways are still the best .

- 1. The craft of glassmaking nowadays is different from glass -making in the past in two aspects . Write down two of these differences .
- 2. More young people are not interested in learning the craft of glassblowing because of many reasons . Write down two of these reasons .
- 3. Adnan does two things to show his great love to the craft of glass-making . Write down them .

4. Quote the sentence which shows the way used by glassblowers to decorate

5. Quote the sentence which shows the person who taught Adnan the craft of glass-

- 6. Quote the sentence which shows the first people who blew glass.
- 7. Quote the sentence which shows the shape which Adnan is making
- 8. Quote the sentence which shows the reason that does not make the glassmaking room a comfortable place.
- 9. What does the underlined pronoun (it, it, it) refer to?
- 10. Find a word which means (acts of explaining how to do something)
- 11. More young people are not interested in learning the craft of glassblowing .Suggest three ways to encourage young people to learn traditional crafts
- 12. Some say traditional crafts have no place in today's society. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write your point of view.

Question Two: A: Choose the suitable item from those given in the box

textiles, astronomers, setback, founder, vary, ailments, cope with, out of the blue, ground-breaking, obese

health in the future. 4. The person who is known as theof of chemistry is probably Hayyan. A kind madediscoveries in many fields.	Batool wants to be a fashion designer and works with
	Megaprojectsin terms of size and cost . An increasing number of young people and adults are overweight or even
0	Exercise is a great way tostress • Headaches and colds are common, especially in winter .

B:Study the following sentence,	then answer the question that fo	ollows .
---------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------

When you are angry , you blood pressure is raised .

Replace the underlined words(are angry) with the correct colour idiom .

C: Complete the following sentences with the suitable words derived from	n the
words derived from the words in brackets.	

1.	Some say thatcrafts have no place in today's society . (tradition) Students are going toa text from Arabic to English . (translation)
2.	Students are going to a text from Arabic to English (section Arabic to English)
3.	I will show you myof postcards . (collect)
4.	An American scientist made an importantin mathematics .
	(discover)
5.	Scholars have discovered andocument from the ninth century.
	(origin)
6.	Scientists performtrials to make sure the drugs are safe .
	(medicine)
7.	I intend to go to university and study (Archaeological)
_	s as well as the answers. (calculate)
\circ	Modio likes working in all kings of
10	. When do youto receive your test results? (expectation)
11	She will have anin King Abdullah University Hospital .

Question Three: Correct the verbs between brackets.

(operate)

	her mother to prepare lunch.
1.	Before Maha went to the library , sheher mother to prepare lunch .
	(help)
2.	(help) Munaher homework for two hours . She will be finished very soon
3.	. (be , do) These days , millions of familiesat least one computer at home .
4.	(have) My parents didemails when they were my age .
	(not , used to , sending)
5.	(not , used to , sending) Please be quiet when you come home tonight . The baby will
	(be, sleep)

B: Complete each of the following items so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it.

Fatima built a learning centre in Morocco	
	The thing
2.	In 2010 CE, the first tablet computer was produced
	Our teacher said that
3.	The police caught the thief red-handed
	The thief
4.	Noura won the prize for Art last year
	The prize that
5.	You are not allowed to use these tools for personal use .
	You must

Question Four:

A: The underlined words in the following sentence are not used correctly . Replace these words with the correct ones .

He is the man which daughter I met in an Aqaba.

B:The following questions are in American English . Rewrite them in British English .

- 1. I didn't reach the harbor yet .
- 2. I just had my cookies .
- 3. I have gotten tired, so I need a vacation.

C: Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows .

His great passions were botany , $\underline{\text{which is the study of plants}}$, and agriculture .

What is the function of using "the non-defining relative clause" in the above sentence.

Question Five

A: Editing:(two spelling mistakes, one grammar mistake, one punctuation mistake)

As farmers down the generations followed his instructions and advice; the land became wonderfully firtile and produced more than enough food for the fast- growing population. Although his name is not widely know, Ibn Bassal's ligacy to the world has been great

EDITING:

(two spelling mistakes , one grammar mistakes, one punctuation mistake)

Some people are not sure about the "Internet of Things". They want keeping control of their own lives and their own things. In addition: they wonder what would happen if criminals managed to acsess their passwords and security sittings.

B: Guided Writing: Read the information below, and write two sentences about the benefits of using tablet computers at schools.

show photographs
research information
record interviews
create diagrams

C:FREE WRITING: write on ONE of the following topics

- 1. A major cultural festival which takes place in Jordan every year .
- 2. The population of Jordan increased rapidly . How will this increase affect Jordan's housing , education and health facilities ? What can be done to help Jordan cope with the increase in population ?
- 3. What would life be like without computers?

الدُستاذ: خواس أبوكرم (ما 1995220) أرالسيف العمت

السؤال لِدُول :- العَمِّلة

- 1. a waterproof prosthetic Leg
 - 2. a finy cleaning rubot
 - 3. a heart monitor
 - 4. a fire proof helmet
- 2. It will be working with a specialist doctor to build the appendage
 - 2. He will be attending a Course on prosthetics.
- 7. It to give the young inventor more self-confidence
 - 2. inspire other young Emirati
 - 4. e He has also invented a fireproof helmet...
 - 5. Adreb's father 1 lls
 - 6. Limb
 - 7. artificial | presthetic

- 8. 1. Make Young inventors

 club soli

 a. give them maney

 cyssli

 3. Hedia should help

 them
- 9. 1. They need financial (money) support pts

 2. They need medica psisses psss and moral support.

مَضِة "عدنام صانع لزجاج ١٠)

- broken glass
 - 2. We also use commercially produced colours instead of using natural ingredients
- 2. I. Young people don't want to follow their parents' proffessions.
 - 2. glassblowing isn't an easy job.

- 3. I. He regularly gives workshops
 2. He gives demonstrations
- by hand. "
 - 5. " My father learnt the craft from his father, and he is taught it to me when I was a child."
 - 6. "Adnan still user the technique that was first developed by the Phoenicians some 2000 years ago."
 - 7." Adnan is making a delicate swan . "
 - 8." With the oven 1400 degrees certigrade --- the place to be ."
 - 9: it: the craft

it: the liquid sand

it: the red-hot glass

10. demonstrations

- 11. 1. give them money

 post in in marketing

 2. help them in marketing

 push of inf. post...

 T. Media should help them

 4. make free workshops
- 12. 1. Young people like

 and modern things and

 2. They are not easy

السيؤال إثاعيب

A: 1. astronomers subjects

2. textiles

3 · setback

4. founder Junes

5 · ground - breaking خدید/مینک

تينوع/انيلف : b. vary

7. obese : min

8. cope with: وح ابنالمانية

9. ailments:

أ مواجت

10. out of the blue : - - prince

B. see red

<u>:</u>

- 1. traditional
- 2. translate
- 3. Collection
- 4. discovery

- 5. original
- 6. medical
- 7. Archaeology
- 8. Calculation
- 9. creative
- 10 · expect
- 11. operation

السغول بشائث

- 1. had helped
 - 2. has been doing
 - 3. have
 - 4. not use to send
 - 5. be sleeping
- B.

 1. That Fatima built in Horocco
 was a Learning centre.
 - 2. in 2010 (6, the first tablet Computer had been produced
 - 3. was caught red-handed
 - 4. Noura won last year was for Art.
 - 5. Not use these tobls --

العُوالإلم A. * whose * Agaba

- B: I haven't reached the harbour yet.
 - 2. I have just had my biscuits.
 - 3. I have got tired, 50 I need a holiday.

C: giving extra information

المسؤال لخامر : السيؤال لخامر

-: المن (الدن

- 1. fertile
- 2. legacy
- 3- widely known
- 4. ف م

.؛ العنوثياني

- 1. want keeping => want to keep
- 2. : 2
- 3. access
- 4 . Settings

مح

امتحان مستوى ثالث رقم ٣ (الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم) (٢١٦٠ ٥ ٩٩٠)

Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer who lived in AL-Andalus in the eleventh century CE. He worked in the court of Al-Ma'mun, who was the King of Toledo. His great passions were botany, which is the study of plants, and agriculture. Although he was a great scholar, he was also a practical man. All of his writing came from his own "hands-on" experience of working the land.

One of the many things which Ibn Bassal achieved was A book of Agriculture . The book consisted of sixteen chapters which explain how best to grow trees , fruit and vegetables , as well as herbs and sweet-smelling flowers ; perhaps the most famous chapter of all was the <u>One</u> that described how to treat different types of soil . Ibn Bassal also worked out how to irrigate the land by finding underground water and digging wells . He designed water pumps and irrigation systems . All of these things were passed on through his writing .

The influence of Ibn Bassal's book was enormous. As farmers down the generations followed his instructions and advice, the land became wonderfully fertile and produced more than enough food for the fast –growing population. The irrigation systems that he and his followers put in place are still in evidence in Spain. Although his name is not widely known, Ibn Bassal's legacy to the world has been great.

- 1. Ibn Bassal found out two ways to irrigate land . Write down them .
- 2. Ibn Bassal had knowledge in many areas. Write down four of these areas of knowledge
- 3. Ibn Bassal had many **achievements** in agriculture . Write down two of his achievements .
- 4. Quote the sentence which shows the name of the book that Ibn Bassal wrote.
- 5. Quote the sentence which shows Ibn Bassal was a polymath.
- 6. Find a word which means (supply land with water)
- 7. What does the underlined word (one) refer to?
- 8. Suggest three ways to treat soil .
- 9. Suggest three factors that destroy land .
- 10. Civilizations began where farming was most productive. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write your point of view

امتحان مستوى تألث رقم ٣ (الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم) (٢٢١٦٠ ٥ ٩٩٠)

Text B:

It's normal to <u>feel a bit sad</u> from time to time. However, studies show that negative emotions can harm the body. Anger can also have harmful effects on health. When you see red, your blood pressure is raised and you can suffer from headaches, sleep problems and digestive problems. However, what about positive feelings and attitudes ?Until recently, scientists had not investigated whether there is a link between positive feelings and good health.

Then , in a study that had followed more than 6,000 men and women aged 25 to 74 for 20 years , researchers found that positivity reduced the risk of heart disease . Other factors influencing health included a supportive network of family and friends , and an optimistic outlook on life .

The research showed that children who were more able to stay focused on a task, and who had a more positive attitude to life at age seven, were usually in better health 30 years later.

The study has been controversial. Some health professionals believe that bad lifestyle choices, for example smoking or lack of exercise, are the reason of heart diseases and other illnesses, and not an individual's attitude. The researchers, while agreeing, raise the question: why are people making bad lifestyles decisions? Do more optimistic people make better and healthier lifestyle choices?

The researchers appreciate that not everyone's personal circumstances and environment make it possible to live without worry . However , they believe that if we teach children to develop positive thinking, and to "bounce back" after a setback, these qualities will improve their overall health in the future .

- 1. What does the underlined word (bounce back) mean?
- 2. Find a word which means (a problem that stops progress)
- 3. Find a word which means (cast doubt on something)
- 4. Replace the underlined words (feel a bit sad) with the colour idiom which has the similar meaning .
- 5. What does the underlined word (they) refer to?
- 6. There are many possible effects of anger on health . Write down two of these effects .
- 7. The researchers found that teaching children some qualities will improve their overall health in the future . Write down two of these qualities .
- 8. The article mentions many examples of bad lifestyle choices . Write down two of these bad choices .

امتحان مستوى ثالث رقم ٣ (الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم) (٢١٦٠ ٥٩٩٠٠)

- 9. According to a study, one (you) can judge what a child's health will be from having two qualities since childhood. Write down them.
- 10. Many factors reduce the risk of heart disease. Write down two of these factors.
- 11. Quote the sentence which shows that when a person gets angry, he or she may have a stomachache
- 12. Quote the sentence which shows that up to now there is no evidence if there is a relationship (connection) between good health and positivity.
- 13. Quote the sentence which shows that the study caused a lot of disagreement and discussion .
- 14. Mention three illnesses or diseases that are caused by smoking .
- 15. Suggest three strategies to manage anger.

Literature spot

I remember, I remember,

The roses, red and white,

The vi'lets, and the lily-cups,

Those flowers made of light!

The lilacs where the robin built,

And where my brother set

The laburnum on his birthday,-

- 1. Where did the bird build its nest?
- 2. What was the occasion (celebration) that made the poet's brother grew a tree ?
- 3. Who grew the laburnum?
- 4. Write down two flowers mentioned in the stanza .
- 5. What is the name of the bird mentioned in the stanza?
- 6. What is the name of the tree that the poet's brother grew?

امتحان مستوى ثالث رقم ٣ (الأستاذ : فراس أبو كرم) (٢١٦٠ ٥ ٩٥٠٠)

Question Two: A: Choose the suitable item from those given in the box

alien , pedestrians , sponsor , dementia , Windmills , showcase , apparatus , revolutionize , inherited , ward , commitment , mortality , conventional

1.	are used to grind corn into flour.
2.	Throughout the school year, my mother likes to my little sister's preschool drawings on our refrigerator.
4.	This new drug may cancer treatment. After the death of his father, Tom all of his father's property She fell and injured her neck, and had to be taken to the emergency of the hospital by ambulance.
6.	We are looking for a to help fund our local football team .
	Because of his, the man could no longer remember how to do daily tasks.
8.	The physics laboratory has the best I've ever seen .
9.	We've got from several charities to donate food and clothing.
10	Therate continues to rise in areas where adequate medical care is scarce.
11	Look out for when you drive a car .
12	.Their ideas seem totally to us . They are unfamiliar .
13	When I realized medications didn't ease my pain, I

B:Study the following sentence, then answer the question that follows.

- 1. A. Students can create a website .
 - B. Students can contribute to the website .

What is the difference in meaning between the two sentences ?

امتحان مستوى ثالث رقم ٣ (الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم) (٢١٦٠ ٥ ٩٥٠)

- 2. The inventor invented a fire<u>proof</u> helmet .
 What does the underlined suffix (proof) mean ?
- 3. The news came <u>out of the blue</u>.

 What does the underlined *color idiom* mean?

C: Complete the following sentences with the suitable words derived from the words derived from the words in brackets .

- 1. you should your dog against rables .(inoculation)
- 2. The result of this movement has been to the whole subject. (revolution)
- 3. He should not her for being too talkative. (criticism)
- 4. I'm simply not ready to face that kind of yet. (commit)
- 5. With hard work, we can our markets . (expansion)
- 6. His teacher sees signs of progress in his reading and writing. (remedy)
- 7. Tom was injured. (mortal)
- 8. There is no doubt that the benefits of far outweigh the risks . (immune)
- 9. You should have anoutlook on life . (optimism)

امتحان مستوى ثالث رقم ٣ (الأستاذ: فراس أبو كرم) (٢١٦٠ ٥ ٩٥٠٠)

(11111111111111111111111111111111111111	
Question Three: A: Correct the verbs between brackets.	
1. The nature reserverecycled water, which helps the sustain	abilit
2. People have been using smart phones since they	, 0411
2000 s . (invent) 3. We stoppedcamping when we moved to the city . (go)	
	lo)
 4. In two year's time, I willby a professional technician . (fix) 5. I had my new laptopby a professional technician . (fix) 6. We have lived in the city a long time , so weused to the traffic not a long time 	
7 T = 1	
7. Firas hadabout his friend when he received a text from him	•
(be , think)	
B: Complete each of the following items so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it .	
1. The first music school in the world was established by Ali ibn Nafi'	
Ali ibn Nafi' was the person	
2. Add more yeast to the dough to make it raise .	
If	
3. "I am having lunch with my family ."	
Firas said that	
4. It was not normal for me to understand English , but now I do .	
l did	

Question Four:

A: 1. The underlined words in the following sentence are not used correctly . Replace these words with the correct ones .

One reason for obesity is the growing popularity of fast food , $\underline{\text{whose aren't used}}$ $\underline{\text{to}}$ be as common as it is now .

السؤال لدول : . قطعة اب لرحبال

- 1. It by finding underground water airpl, out styl
 - 2. by digging wells , you vie
- 2. In writing a with is
 - 2. in science (se) is
 - 7. in engineering aring is
 - 4. potany بنالمدن
 - 5. agriculture artific
- 3. 1. a book of Agriculture
 - 2. how to treat different types of Soil Elippowhin in
- 4. " One of the many things which

 Ibn Bassal achieved was

 A book of Agriculture."
- 5. " Ibn Bassal was a writer,

 --- in the eleventh Century CE."
- 6. irrigate
- 7. chapter
- 8. 1. add compost بالمساخة المارية 2. add manure با بنا غانه بارية 3. water the land عبنا يقت

- 9. ال wind عيا ا 2. frost عنوما ا 3- hot weather العاشة علم الم
- 10. 1. a thriving civilisation airs in 1
 - 2. a thriving civilisation needs a water supply

Text B.

- 1. start to be successful again after a difficult time.
- 2. Serback
- 3 raise
- 4. feel blue
- 5. the researchers
- 6. 1. your blood pressure is raised
 - 2. You can suffer from headaches, sleep problems.

نين

- 7. 1. to develop positive thinking
 - 2. to bounce back after a setback.
- 8. 1. Smoking
 - 2. lack of exercise
- 9. 1. children who were more able to stay focused on a task.
 - 2. who had a more positive attitude to life
- 10. 1. positivity
 - 2. supportive network of family and friends
- digestive problems. "
- 12. "Until recently, scientists had not investigated whether -- good health."
- is. The study has been controvorsial."
- 17. 1. Lung problems = 2000
 - 2. heart problems why is win
 - 3. Cancer all
 - نعتوانه لذكرخ الم nemory loss المناكدة

2. Read Holy Ouran

3. Count to ten

4. take deep breath.

سعاد در.ب

- ۱۰ مر بلو لمنامده في وه
- 2. his birthday esperar
- 3. The poets brother 12/21
- 4. 1. violets zimil
- 5- robin
- 6. Laburnym

السؤال لِنْ نِينَ : صِنومها كله ت

- المعاصية لهواء Windmills
- 2. Showcase ipper
- عید تفییر حزری عند revolutionise
- 4. inherited
- حبّاح في مستشف 5. ward
- 6. Sponsor
- املمعول نقدام لذاكرة
- 7. dementia 8. apparatus
- حبه ز
- 9. Commitment
- والتزام / بقهد
- 10. mortelity
- ومنیات الملثاۃ
- 11. Pedestrians
- ً نمريب
- 12. alien 13. Conventional
- مىكا رفعلى

کم

B. [] I. create a website: build = ~ii a website that doesn't exist now. " Magazie 2. Contribute: offer your

super le visitive éste vorte to uté website. BI against fine 21 able to protect from fire (3) unexpectedly , apparently from nowhere. [1. inoculate 2. revolutionize 3. criticise 4. Commitment 5. expand 6. remedial 7. mortally 8. immunisation 9. optimistic ا لسؤلالثالث 1. uses 2. were invented

3. going 4. have done 5. fixed 7. been thinking B: 1. who established the first music school in the world 2. you add more yearst to the dough , it rises. السنعال لرابع A: 11. whose - which 2. aren't used to =D didn't use to [3] the world

B 1. Have you eat an biscuits? 2. practise travelling --7. I have got a car .

Have you got a car?

(reporting information

السفيال إلى من : بربيرو

النف A	النب كا
1. Calculation مِشْدَةً	1. craftspe-ple
2. chip خاته	2. cultural
3. (6)	3-heritage ûst
7. developed	4. restore por
5. was developed	5. was set-up
	6. 1 Thirdly
T P	