

ALNAWRAS

النورس

في اللغة الانجليزية

Level 3

Never give up on a dream just because of the time it will take to accomplish it. The time will pass anyway.

اعداد الاستاذ

احمد عيد الشطي

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السعر (4 دنانير)
(الدوسية ملونة فقط)





Ahmad E. Alshatti

Teacher

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Male
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Objective

- Bachelor's degree in English Language & literature. - A course in interpretation from King Abdulaziz University (in Saudi Arabia). - Writer and editor in both English and Arabic. - Create a file that includes an explanation of the English language for the secondary stage.

Skills

Teacher Tutor
writer
translator
Editor

Languages

Arabic and English

Interest

Giving all my skills to students to prepare an educated generation.

Achievements

- A course in interpretation from King Abdulaziz University (in Saudi Arabia). - Writer and editor in both English and Arabic. - Technical

Experience

Three years' experience teaching English

Tutor
From: 1 - 4 - 2020 Present

Qualification

Al-balqa applied university

English language and literature
no end
10 - 4 - 2023

writing in English and methods of dealing with the language.

Reference

YouTube: الاستاذ احمد الشطي
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ALNAWRAS النورس

في اللغة الانجليزية

اتمنى لكم طلابي جميعا سنة دراسية سعيدة، تحققوا فيها ما تمنيتهم وما اردتم،
والحال الذي تمنيتهم ان تكونوا عليه.

للّٰه الحمد والمنة لجميع طلابي حققوا نجاح مقدار ٩٠٪ في مادتي وما عندي ولا طالب
رسب بالانجليزي حتى الان، وهذا النجاح ما كان بالساهل ولكن بالتشديد على الطالب
من جميع النواحي سواء كانت شرح، واجبات، و امتحانات. وبدي اكون صريح بالحكي
انه لولا التشديد على الطلاب لما كان لدي هذه النسبة من النجاح في مادة اللغة
الانجليزية وانا واثق من كلامي.

لكن القضية المهمة انه في بعض الطلاب رسبوا بمواد مثل تاريخ وتربية اسلامية وما
اخره وهذا ليس نقص من المدرسين وإنما النقص من الطلاب أنفسهم لأنهم
مقصرين وانا بعرف هذا الشيء. لذلك انتم الجيل اللاحق يجب عليكم ان لا تقعوا
بنفس المشكلة ما بدي تقصير ما بدي تقصير ما بدي تقصير.

لا تحكولي والله الوزارة ضربتنا وهالكلام انت كطالب اذا بتدرس بفهم وبتركز دون
مماطلة بتتجح وبسهولة.

ادرسوا لحتى تحققوا المعدل يلي بتتمنوه، كل دقيقة انت مسؤول عنها، وكل جهد
بذلته على دراستك راح تشوف ناتجه في تحصيلك الاكاديمي في نهاية السنة ان شاء
الله.

لا تكسروا قلوب اهاليكم، اجبروا بخاطرهم، اجبروا بخاطرهم، اجبروا بخاطرهم، ولا
تنسوني من صالح دعواتكم. استقبل ملاحظاتكم على جميع حساباتي.
دمتم بخير وعافية...

والله اعلم
والله اعلم
والله اعلم

أ. محمد عيد الشطي

TAWJIEH

في لفتة بدي انوه عليها انه اغلب طلاب التوجيهي اعمارهم بين (17-18) وعندهم هموم لشخص عمره 40 طيب يا استاذ ليش بتفكر كل هالتفكير، انت بهذا العمر لازم تفكيرك يكون كله بدراستك.

ليش بتصعبوا الموضوع يعني الاغلب بيتواصل معي بيحكيلي يا استاذ انا تعبان مش قادر انا مش قد التوجيهي انا ما راح ستووووب.

يا استاذي ليش كل هذا التفكير السلبي طيب ليش ما فكرت بطريقة ايجابية يا استاذي اتخيل حالك بيوم النتائج كيف فرحتك حتكون اتخيل حالك اول يوم الك بالجامعة كيف حتكون، استاذي انا كنت مثلك توجيهي وكثير وكثير بس ما صرنا او وصلنا لهون غير لانه عندنا هدف مقابل التفكير الايجابي.

التوجيهي مش هالاشي المرعب صدقوني يعني بس اعطيك هالدرس وبشرحك ياه وبيجي وقت عندنا امتحان معناها ما ضل مجال اني افكر كيف راح تكون اسئلة الوزارة، معناها الخوف يلي بداخلي مافي داعي اله.

صدقوني حبائبي والله ما حدا صار استاذ او دكتور او مهندس او ضابط غير انه فكر تفكير ايجابي مقابل مستقبله ليش بتخطوا فوقكم حمل هالخوف ليش بتخلي الناس بتحكي عنك سيء وانت العكس.

استاذي اكيد جارك او ابن عمك او خالتك او جارك توجيهي طيب ليش ما بتفكر كيف انك بتنتج، كيف راح تكون انسان يفتخر بنفسه كيف انه يزرع البذرة وبعد فترة بيحطف الثمار منها.

طلاب النورس الغالين عالقلب اتخيلوا فرحة الاهل كيف، الوالد راح يتصل عليه زميله بيحكيه اه ظمن بيحكيه الحمد لله ابني او بنتي نجحت، امك بس يتصل عليها حدا بتحكي الله يبارك فيك قبل لا يسألها المتصل كيف حالك ليبيش والله من شدة الفرحة الله يرضى عنكم طلابي ادرسوا من الان انت مش متأخر التلفون يلي معك خصصه وقت روح اطلع من البيت بس بوقت محدد انت مصدر نجاحك وليس اي شخص اخر مع تمنياتي لكم طلابي بالتوفيق والنجاح.

• (في الاسفل نصائح من احد الطلبة الاوائل يجب الاهتمام فيها وتطبيقها)

- 1- أهم شي علاقتك مع ربنا "وما توفيقى الا بالله" . لازم تكون علاقتك منيحة مع ربنا. ما تصير علشان توجيهي شيخ وبعد توجيهي تنسى ربنا. لا اذا انت مش ملتزم حسن علاقتك مع ربنا وخليها على طول منيحة. ادعي ربنا يعطيك المعدل الي انت بدك اياه....
- 2- ثقتك بربنا لازم تكون كبيرة ومن ثقتك بربنا بتستمد ثقتك بنفسك. كون واثق بنفسك لكن ما تكون متكبر او مغرور. فالعلم الحقيقي يدفع صاحبه للتواضع وليس التكبر والغرور
- 3- حدد هدفك من اليوم. خطط لمستقبلك. كم حابب تجيب معدل؟؟. شو ناوي تصير في المستقبل؟؟ قبل م تنام ردد انا بدي اجيب كذا انا حابب اكون كذا.....
- 4- نظم وقتك. ما تكون عايم بين الكتب مش عارف راسك من رجلك. اعمل لك جدول . ما تاخذ جدول شخص وتعمل كل شي فيه وما تغير شي فيه . لانك وقتها بتكون ألغيت شخصيتك. كل شخص فينا بيختلف عن الثاني. كل واحد فينا عقله وفهمه بيختلف عن الثاني . اعمل انت الجدول الي بريحك.....
- 5- بدك تتعب في البداية حتى ترتاح في النهاية. كل شي أول بأول. ما تراكم على حالك دروس. انا في البداية تعبت وكنت أحس بلذة في هادا التعب لاني كنت عارف شو بدي. في النهاية يعني ايام الامتحانات كنت مرتاح وحاطط رجل على رجل....

- 6- الحصة يلي بيعطيك ياها الاستاذ حاول انك تراجعها اول باول ولا تراكم على حالك وبالنسبة لمادة الانجليزي كل ما بتوخذ فقرة حاول انك تحفظ الكلمات يلي ما بتعرف معناها وكمان القواعد ادرسها بعد شرح الاستاذ بساعة لانه راح تثبت عندك والاهم من هيك الواجب يلي بيعطيك ياه الاستاذ حاول انك تقدمه كامتحان بعد مراجعة الموضوع المحدد.
- 7- دوسية استاذك فيها اسئلة كثير حاول انك تجاوبها كاملة لحتى المعلومات تثبت عندك بشكل افضل.
- 8- ما تستخف بأي شي حتى لو كان صغير. لا تحقرن صغيرة فالجبال من الحصى. كل كلمة في الكتاب مهمة. بدك تفهمها مش تحفظها.....
- 9- بالنسبة للوقت والجدول الدراسي: اصحى على الفجر وصلي الفجر و ادرس درس دين كل يوم الصبح قبل م تروح ع المدرسة. بعد م تروح من المدرسة معك ساعة وحدة تصلي وتتغدى وترتاح. بعدها راجع كل المواد الي اخذتها اليوم في المدرسة. بتاخذ معك ساعة ساعتين و احيانا ثلاثة. بعدها راجع مادة وحدة فقط حسب م انت.. انها بحاجة لمراجعة. اعطي كل مادة حقها في الدراسة. ادرسها من الكتاب وبعدها حل مسائل عليها لعند المغرب. بعد هيك بترتاح للعشا. وبتصلي العشا وبتنام علشان تصحى بدري.....
- 10- توجيهي سنة سهلة كثير وحلوة للطالب الي بي فهمها صح. توجيهي اسهل من حادي عشر بمليون مرة. ومنهج حادي عشر ولا له اي علاقة بتوجيهي.....
- معدلك في 11 ماله اي علاقة في توجيهي حتى لو كنت الاول في حادي عشر او الاخير. بتوجيهي غير المعيار الوحيد مين الي بيتعب اكثر وكل واحد بياخذ على قد تعب. وربنا ما بضيع تعب حد.....
- 11- بالنسبة لرمضان والامتحانات. الامتحانات بالنسبة الي كانت سهلة الحمد لله. اذا انت درست بتكون سهلة واذا انت ما درست بتكون صعبة. اما بالنسبة لرمضان فماله اي علاقة. انا في شهر خمسة جربت صمت يومين ودرست فيهم علشان اشوف كيف الدراسة والواحد صايم. عادي ما فيها اي شي ولا تعب ولا حاجة...
- 12- من الاخر وعلى بلاطة قصص الحسد والكلام الفاضي هادا سيبك منه. حافظ على اذكار الصباح والمساء واعلم ان الله خير الحافظين واعلم ان الامة لو اجتمعت على ان يضروك بشيء لم يضروك الا بشيء قد كتبه الله عليك. نقطة وسطر جديد....
- 13- بدك تحب العلم . واذا ما حبيت العلم فانا بقلك مش راج تتفوق . يمكن تتجح لكن تتفوق لا....
- 14- راح تمر عليك اوقات راح تزهد حالك فيها. الحل انك تترك الدراسة وتطلع مشوار ربع ساعة تغير جو وترجع تاني تدرس بكون الزهد والملل راح.....
- 15- ما تضغط على حالك كثير في الدراسة وبنفس الوقت ما تفهم كلامي انه ما تدرس. في بداية السنة بيكفي يوم الخميس ما تدرس فيه وباقي الاسبوع بدك تدرس . في بداية الفصل الثاني اطلع كل شهر يوم بس. قبل الامتحانات بأسبوع اطلع يوم كامل من الصبح للعصر مع اصحابك وما تتكلموا عن الدراسة بالمرة. اعتبروا حالكم خلصتوا مدرسة.....
- 16- توجيهي 90% على الطالب و10% على المدرس. الاستاذ ما بيقدر يعطيك كل شي في الحصة انت بدك تدور وتتعب.....
- 17- نفسييتك في توجيهي مهمة كثير انا بعتبرها مهمة بنفس مقدار الاجتهاد او اكثر شوية.
- 18- راح تسمع كلام من زملاءك في الصف عن الاستاذ الفولاني. ما تصدق اي شي وما تسب على اي استاذ معهم وابعد عن هدول الطلاب الفاشلين.....
- 19- في طريقك نحو القمة لا تنسى من هم في الطريق. ساعد كل شخص بتقدر تساعده. وقتها راح يدعيلك من كل قلبه وراح تشعر بشعور حلو كثير. جربه...
- هادا كل شي تعلمته من تجربتي في المدرسة بتمنى تفيدكم وبتمنى تكونوا من الاوائل والمتميزين دائما بالتوفيق توجيهي

أ. احمد الشطي



• طرق اجابة اسئلة القطع

1- /انكر/ او عدد، حيث يطلب منك ذكر شيء معين موجود في النص، ويكون على شكل نقاط في الفقرة. ويكون نص السؤال كالتالي:

-Mention two / four of them.

2- قد يأتي سؤال (اكتب) وتكون الاجابة نص حرفي من الفقرة، ويكون شكل السؤال كالتالي:

-Write it down

-Write them down

3 - (اقتبس) حيث يطلب منك اقتباس جزئية معينة تكون موجودة في النص. وهذه الجزئية تكون من بعد كلمة *show* او *indicate*، ويكون معنى السؤال (اقتبس الجملة التي تبين)، علما ان اي زيادة او نقصان على الاجابة تحسب خطأ، ويكون نص السؤال كالتالي:

-Quote the sentence *showing / indicating* that.....

-Quote the sentence *that show / indicate*.....

4- سؤال المعنى، حيث يعطيك جملة بين قوسين وهذه الجملة معناها كلمة واحد موجودة في الفقرة، حيث ان هذه المعاني تكون موجودة بعد كل فقرة سواء في الدوسية او الكتاب المقرر، ويكون نص السؤال كالتالي:

-Find a word in the text which *means* (.....).

5- سؤال الضمير، حيث يطلب منك الاشارة الى ماذا يعود الضمير كما تعلمت سابقا (ضمائر الفاعل، والمفعول به، والملكية بالاضافة الى / other another) ويكون نص السؤال كالتالي.

-What does the underlined *pronoun / word* (.....) refer to?

6- اذا بدأ السؤال ب (when) تكون الإجابة (وقت/سنة).

7- اذا بدأ السؤال ب (where) تكون الإجابة (مكان).

8- اذا بدأ السؤال ب (who) تكون الإجابة (اسم شخص عاقل).

9- اذا بدأ السؤال ب (why) تكون الإجابة (سبب) ويجب ان تبدأ الاجابة ب.(because)

10- اذا بدأ السؤال ب (what) تكون الإجابة (حدث)، مثال.

If you are invited to a job interview, you must do some of the tasks as follows: *focus and answer questions quickly* and you must also *keep your head elevated* while speaking and it is important to *use body language* to express your thoughts and strength of character.

-What are the things that you need to apply when you are invited for a job interview?

11- اذا بدأ السؤال ب (how old) تكون الإجابة (عمر / رقم).

12- اذا بدأ السؤال ب (how long) تكون الإجابة (طول الفترة الزمنية (ساعة وما الى ذلك)).

13- اذا بدأ السؤال ب (how far) تكون الإجابة (بعد المسافة (كيلو، ميل، متر)).

14- اذا بدأ السؤال ب (how much) تكون الإجابة (سعر/ثمن).



في امتحان الوزارة نميز سؤال (Critical Thinking) التفكير الناقد من خلال انتهاء الجملة بما يلي:

- Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

فكر في هذا البيان وبجملتين اكتب وجهة نظرك

- Suggest three possible ways

اقترح ثلاثة طرق ممكنة

- Suggest three solutions

اقترح ثلاثة حلول

Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view. اولاً، في حال انتهى السؤال بالمثال الاول. يمكنك ان تبدأ الاجابة في واحدة من الاتية :

- Yes, I agree
- No, I don't agree

اذا كنت تتفق مع السؤال حاول ان تدعم السؤال باجابتك، واذا لم تتفق مع السؤال يجب ان تعطي رأيك باجابة مقنعة ايضا. سأقوم باجابة اول مثالين لتوضيح الفكرة بشكل أفضل.

ثانياً، إذا انتهى السؤال ب suggest three possible ways او suggest three solutions يتوجب عليك ان تقترح ثلاثة نقاط تكون ك حلول للسؤال.

قبل ان تبدأ!!!! عزيزي الطالب يجب عليك الالتزام بمهارات الكتابة والابتعاد عن الاخطاء الاملائية، ايضاً من المهم ان يكون خطك واضح، وتوضيف علامات الترفيم كما تعلمت سابقاً، اجابتك يجب ان تكون على شكل فقرة لا تزيد عن ثلاثة اسطر، علماً ان سؤال critical Thinking التفكير الناقد ياتي عليه سؤاين وكل سؤال علامته لا تقل عن 5-6 علامات، اي ان كل سؤال ياتي في فقرة حيث ان عدد فقرات الامتحان عددها 2.



1- It is said that pessimistic people don't make good and healthier lifestyle choices. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

يقال إن الأشخاص المتشائمين لا يتخذون خيارات أسلوب حياة جيدة وصحية. فكر في هذا البيان واكتب وجهة نظرك في جملتين.

Suggested Answer below

Yes, I agree that pessimistic people do not make the right decision. From my point of view, many pessimistic people always make bad decisions, such as sleeping too much, and fanaticism a lot. They also make those around them feel like them and try to influence them.

نعم ، أوافق أن المتشائمين لا يتخذون القرار الصائب. من وجهة نظري ، يتخذ العديد من المتشائمين دائماً قرارات سيئة ، مثل الإفراط في النوم ، والتعصب كثيراً. كما أنهم يجعلون من حولهم يشعرون بأنهم مثلهم ويحاولون التأثير عليهم.

2- The body language of a person who makes a sales pitch is helpful for increasing the sales. Suggest three possible gestures one can make to be successful in the field.

تساعد لغة جسد الشخص الذي يقوم بعمل عرض ترويجي في زيادة المبيعات. اقترح ثلاث إيماءات ممكنة يمكن للمرء القيام بها ليكون ناجحًا في هذا المجال.

Suggested Answer below

I think that the body language of the person who making a sales pitch helps increase sales. Therefore, there are many wonderful gestures that help in the success of the marketing offer, and the most important of them is to speak slowly and gently, smile, and finally you must make eye contact with your audience smoothly.

أعتقد أن لغة جسد الشخص الذي يقدم عرضًا تسويقيًا تساعد في زيادة المبيعات. لذلك هناك العديد من الإيماءات الرائعة التي تساعد في إنجاح العرض التسويقي ، وأهمها التحدث ببطء وبلطف والابتسام ، وأخيراً يجب عليك التواصل البصري مع جمهورك بسلاسة.

3- Following one's passion means exploring areas of interest, developing skills in those areas and using those skill to add something to the welfare of the world. Think of this statement and, in two meaningful sentences, write down your point of view.

اتباع شغف المرء يعني استكشاف مجالات الاهتمام وتطوير المهارات في هذه المجالات واستخدام تلك المهارات لإضافة شيء إلى رفاهية العالم. فكر في هذا البيان ، واكتب وجهة نظرك في جملتين لهما معنى.

4- It is said that studying abroad can help your degree mean more. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

يقال إن الدراسة في الخارج يمكن أن تساعد في الحصول على درجة علمية أكبر. فكر في هذا البيان واكتب وجهة نظرك في جملتين.

5- It is said that learning a foreign language strengthens the brain and develops the skills of its speaker. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

يقال إن تعلم لغة أجنبية تقوي الدماغ وتطور من مهارات المتحدث. فكر في هذا البيان واكتب وجهة نظرك في جملتين.

6- It is said that the translator's profession is not easy at all, because any mistake that occurs may cause offence and affect trade agreements. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

يقال أن مهنة المترجم ليست سهلة على الإطلاق ، لأن أي خطأ يحدث قد يتسبب في إهانة ويؤثر على الاتفاقيات التجارية. فكر في هذا البيان واكتب وجهة نظرك في جملتين.

7- *The studying away from home means borrowing a lot of money from the government and having to live in small apartments. Suggest three ways to avoid debt during that time.*

الدراسة بعيداً عن المنزل تعني اقتراض الكثير من المال من الحكومة والعيش في شقق صغيرة. اقترح ثلاث طرق لتجنب الديون خلال تلك الفترة.

8- *Healthy people, they are happier than others and make the right decisions and attitudes in life. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point.*

الأشخاص الأكثر صحة هم أسعد من غيرهم ويتخذون القرارات والمواقف الصحيحة في الحياة. فكر في هذا البيان واكتب وجهة نظرك في جملتين.

9- *Young people love to learn, but they love learning very much if it presented in interesting ways. Suggest three possible ways to encourage young people to learn even more.*

يحب الشباب التعلم ، لكنهم يحبون التعلم كثيراً إذا تم تقديمه بطرق شيقة/ممتعة/مثيرة. اقترح ثلاث طرق ممكنة لتشجيع الشباب على التعلم أكثر.

10- *It's normal to feel a bit blue from time to time. However, studies show that negative emotions can harm the body. Suggest three possible solutions to avoid becoming sad.*

من الطبيعي أن تشعر بالقليل من الحزن من وقت لآخر. ومع ذلك ، تظهر الدراسات أن المشاعر السلبية يمكن أن تضر الجسم. اقترح ثلاثة حلول ممكنة لتجنب الشعور بالحزن.



اطيب امنيات التوفيق من اخوكم الاستاذ أحمد الشطي



Level 3

ALNAWRAS



ENGLISH LANGUAGE GRADE 12

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كلمات مهمة جدا لإجابة أسئلة الفقرات يجب حفظها

Mention	اذكر/ عدد
Quote the sentence	اقتبس الجملة
Write down	اكتب
Find a word in the text which means	اوجد الكلمة التي تعني
What does the underlined pronoun refer to	على ماذا يعود الضمير
According to the text	وفقا للنص
There are many	هناك العديد
Benefits	فوائد
Steps	خطوات
Uses	استخدامات
Reasons	اسباب
Disadvantages	سلبيات
Advantages	حسنيات
Factors	عوامل
Languages	لغات
Aspects	سمات
Tasks	مهام
Activities	انشطة
Suggest	اقترح
Discussion/discuss	ناقش/ مناقشة
Examples	امثلة
Resources	مصادر
Effect	تأثير
Impact	اثر
Evidence	دليل
Conditions	ضروف
Ways	طرق
Forms	اشكال
Procedures	اجراءات
References	مصادر
Introduction	مقدمة
essay	مقال
report	تقرير
Show / indicate	تشير
Letter / message	رسالة
Difference	اختلاف



Unit Four

Grammar/ Comprehension purposes in Unit One

Relative pronouns ضمائر الوصل

الاداة	الاستخدام	الضمير الدال عليه
Who	من - للشخص العاقل	He, she, they
When	متى - للزمان	It
Where	اين - للمكان	There
Which	اي - للغير عاقل	It, there
Whose	لمن - للملكية	His, her, its, my
What	ماذا - للحدث	it

● نمط اعادة الكتابة يبدأ الحل بنفس الفاعل وتكون الجملة مقسومة بنقطة.

- كيف نميز الفعل الاسم الرئيسي في الجملة... هو الاسم الذي يتكرر في القسمين/ او وجود ضمير في القسم الثاني يعود على اسم في القسم الاول.
- طريقة الاجابه على جملة الاسماء الموصولة كالتالي
- 1- تحديد الاسم الرئيسي في الجملة.
- 2- كتابة الجملة وصولا الى الاسم الرئيسي.
- 3- وضع الاداة المناسبة للاسم الرئيسي.
- 4- حذف النقطة وحذف الاسم المتكرر او الضمير العائد.
- 5- كمال باقي الجملة.

- Hani sold a car. The car was old

Hani _____

- I saw a buy and a girl. The girl was angry .

I _____

● يمكن استخدام **which where** للمكان بوجود فرق بسيط جدا يجب الانتباه له

1- **Where** اذا جاء بعدها او بعد الفراغ (فاعل+فعل).

2- اذا جاء بعدها او بعد الفراغ (فعل) بدون (فاعل).

● ملاحظة (2) اذا جاء الاسم الرئيسي في بداية الجملة بعد وضع الاداة نقلب القسمين.

- The women was very sad. Her son was injured

The woman _____

● ملاحظة 3

اذا جاء في القسم الثاني اكثر من ضمير عائد نختار دائما الضمير الاخير.

- Hanan left the house. She lived there many years.

Hanan _____

- He goes to the village. He lives there.

He _____

Cleft sentences الجمل الجزئية

- في هذه القاعد اسئلة الوزاره تركز على نمطي ضع دائره واملا الفراغ.
- نمط اعادة الكتابة
- س. كيف نميز جملة (cleft) في سؤال ضع دائرة؟
- حفظ الاداه ومعناها واللواحق....

الاداء	اللاحق	الاستخدام
The person	Who / that	الشخص
The place	Where / which / that	المكان
The subject / the thing	Which / that	شيء غير عاقل
The time / the year	When / that	الوقت او السنة

خطوات الحل اكمال الاداه باللاحق المناسب لها.

- 1- تحديد الاسم المناسب للاداة من الجملة ووضع خط تحته..
 - 2- كتابة كل ما لم يتم وضع تحته خط.
 - 3- كتابة (was, is) حسب زمن الجملة.
- نضع is اذا كان الفاعل v1
- نضع was اذا كان الفعل v2
كتابة الاسم الذي تم وضع تحته خط ثم ضع نقطة.

1- Huda won a prize last year.

The person _____

The time _____

The thing _____

2- Khalid travelled to Spain in 2011.

The year _____

The person _____

The place _____



نمط اعادة الكتابة باستخدام (It) اذا بدا الحل ب (it was / it is) الحل كالتالي:

- 1- كتابة الاسم المراد التاكيد عليه.
- 2- كتابة اللاحق المناسب.
- 3- كتابة ما تبقى من الجملة.

1- Huda won a prize last year.

It was _____

It was _____

It was _____

2- Ali was born in Iraq in 1968.

It was _____

It was _____

It was _____

Q- Read the following questions carefully then choose the correct answer from A,B,C, and D, OR write it in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

1) The **who** won the prize for Art last year *was* Huda.

(person , year , thing , city)

2) **The person** travelled to Egypt last year *was* Ali.

(what , who , which , when)

3) She is **the student** **handwriting** is the best in my class.

(what, whose, where , which)

4) **The year** they closed the company *was* 1995.

(who, where, when, which)

5) **The thing** Al-Jazari invented *was* the mechanical clock.

(who, that, when, what)

6) **The way in** you can pass the exam is to study hard .

(what, who, where , which)

7) He is **the man** **daughter** I met in Jordan.

(what, whose, where , which)

8) London was **the place** **the Olympic Games** were held in 2012 CE.

(what, whose, where , which)

9) Qasr Bashir is an extremely well-preserved **Roman castle** **is** situated in the Jordanian desert, and is about eighty kilometers south of Amman.

(what, whose, where , which)

10) The walls and huge corner towers of **the castle**, **was** built at the beginning of the fourth century, are still standing.

(what, whose, where , which)

11) Apart from the rooms in the castle, there are also about **twenty-three stables** **horses may** have been kept.

(what, whose, where , which)

12) Petra was made a World Heritage Site in **1985 CE**.

The year.....

It was

13) My neighbor's **generosity** impresses me more than anything else.

The thing that

It is

14) Taha Hussein is especially famous for his work in literature.

It is.....

The thing.....

15) The first athletic event for disabled athletes took place in 1948CE.

The year.....

It was

16) The Second World War ended in 1945 in Europe.

The year

It was

17) The Great Mosque in Gordoba was built in 784 CE.

The year.....

It was

18) Meeting new people makes travelling an exciting experience.

The thing.....

19) Ibn Sina wrote the most famous medical book.

The person.....

It was

20) Al-Kindi contributed to the invention of the oud.

The person.....

It was

21) The manager arranged a meeting with the workers.

The person.....

It was

23) The heat made the journey unpleasant.

The thing.....

A. which made the journey unpleasant was the heat.

B. where made the journey unpleasant was the heat.

C. who made the journey unpleasant was the heat.

D. when made the journey unpleasant was the heat.

24) The person.....

A. who invented Al- Jazari the mechanical clock was in the twelfth century.

B. who invented in the twelfth century the mechanical clock was Al- Jazrai.

C. who invented the twelfth century in the mechanical clock was Al- Jazrai.

D. who invented in the twelfth century Al- Jazari was the mechanical clock

25) Choose from A, B, C or D the correct cleft sentence that emphasizes the information in the bold in the following sentence.

- The **heat made** the journey unpleasant.

A. The journey which I made was unpleasant.

B. It was the heat which made the journey unpleasant.

C. The journey which I made was unpleasant because of the heat.

D. It was the pleasant journey which made the heat.

26) **Ali ibn Nafi** revolutionized the musical theory in the world.

The sentence which emphasizes the underlined words is:

A. The thing that Ali ibn Nafi revolutionized in the world was the musical theory.

B. The person who revolutionized in the world was the musical theory is Ali ibn Nafi

C. It was Ali ibn Nafi who revolutionized the musical theory in the world.

D. The thing which revolutionized Ali ibn Nafi was the musical theory in the world.

27)me how to play the drum.

A. It was my uncle who taught

B. It is my uncle teaching

C. My uncle who taught

D. It was my uncle taught

نتائج التوجيهي - المملكة الأردنية الهاشمية

tawjihi.jo

رقم الجلوس : 205371

اسم الطالب : دنيا موفق محمد اليونس

المجموع العام : 1297 من 1400

المعدل : 93.10

العلامة النهائية	العلامة الصغرى	الورقة الثانية	الورقة الأولى	المبحث
من 200	من 200	من 200	من 200	

If clause اف الشرطيه

النوع الصفري

If +sub +simple present, sub +simple present

If plants don't get enough sunlight, they die.

النوع الاول

If +sub +simple present....., sub +will +v1

If you study hard for the English exam, you will get high mark.

النوع الثاني

If +sub +simple past, sub +would +v1

If I saw Ali in London , I would give him the money.

نمط اعادة الكتابه على ال if clause طريقة الحل هي

I were you كتابة
فاصلةI would / wouldn't كتابة
الاكمال من بعد
should / shouldn't
نقطة

Q- Read the following questions carefully then choose the correct answer from A,B,C, and D, OR write it in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

1- I think you **should** visit the doctor.

If _____

2- you **should** practice the presentation several times.

If _____

3- you **shouldn't** look too casual.

If _____

4- you **should** do a lot of research.

If _____

5. **If** Anne's father **gets** seriously ill, they _____ (bring) him to the hospital.6. If I _____ (be) you I **would pay** more attention in class.7. They _____ (not go) out **if** they **don't get** a babysitter.

8. The manager **would have** fired him **if** he _____ (have) someone else to replace him.
9. I _____ (like) her more **if** she **hadn't** asked such stupid questions.
10. **If** you _____ (not knock) they **won't let** you in.
11. **If I had** missed the bus, I _____ (take) a taxi.
12. We **will visit** the sports center tomorrow **if** it _____ (rain).
13. I **would have** helped him **if** I _____ (know) that his condition was so bad.
14. He _____ (not go) to the course **if** it **were** not so interesting.



Reading purposes in Unit Three

Success stories



(12) The importance of Islamic achievements in history.

Jabir ibn Hayyan (born 722 CE, died 815 CE)

The Arab world has many famous chemists in its history, but the person who is known as the founder of chemistry is probably Jabir ibn Hayyan. He is most well-known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid. He also built a set of scales which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory: his scales could weigh items over 6,000 times smaller than a kilogram.

يمتلك العالم العربي الكثير من الكيميائيين في تاريخه ولكن الشخص المعروف بأنه موجد الكيمياء على الأرجح هو جابر بن حيان. وأكثر ما يشتهر به هو الابتداء بإنتاج حامض السلفوريك الكبريتيك وقام أيضا ببناء مجموعة من الموازين والتي غيرت طريقة وزن المواد لدى الكيميائيين في المختبر: استطاع ميزانه أن يقيس مواد بـ 6.000 مرة أصغر من الكيلوغرام.

Ali ibn Nafi ' (Ziryab) (born 789 CE, died 857 CE)

Ali ibn Nafi ' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of his beautiful voice). He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad, and it was his talent for music that led him to Cordoba in the ninth century CE. He was the guest of the Umayyad ruler there. He is the person who established the first music school in the world in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, teaching musical harmony and composition. He revolutionized musical theory, and is also the person who introduced the oud to Europe.

علي بن نافع المشهور بزرياب وهو الطائر الأسود وذلك لجمال صوته. وكان طالب موهوب لموسيقي مشهور من بغداد وقادت موهبته الى قرطبة في القرن التاسع الميلادي. وكان ضيف الحاكم الاموي هنالك. وكان أول شخص يؤسس مدرسة موسيقية في العالم في قرطبة في الاندلس لتعليم التناغم والتأليف الموسيقي. وعمل ثورة في عالم الموسيقى وهو الذي ادخل العود الى اوربا.

Fatima al-Fihri (born early 9th century, died 880 CE)

Fatima al-Fihri was the daughter of a wealthy businessman. She used her father's inheritance to build a learning center in Fez, Morocco. This learning center became Morocco's top university, and it is where many students from all over the world come to study. Moreover, it was Fatima's sister, Mariam, who supervised the building of the Andalus Mosque, which was not far from the learning center.

فاطمة الفهري كانت رجل أعمال ثري. واستخدمت ميراث والدها لبناء مركز تعليمي في مدينة فاس في المغرب. واصبح هذا المركز افضل جامعة في المغرب يقصدها الطالب من جميع ارجاء العالم للدراسة. وأكثر من ذلك اشرفت مريم اخت فاطمة على بناء مسجد الاندلس والذي لم يكن بعيد عن المركز التعليمي .

Al-Kindi (born around 801 CE, died 873 CE)

Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer – a true polymath. He made ground-breaking discoveries in many of these fields, but it is probably his work in arithmetic and geometry that has made him most famous.

الكندي كان طبيب وفيلسوف وعالم رياضيات وكيميائي وموسيقي وعالم فلك كان شخص مثقف بحق. وقامت باكتشافات هزت العالم في كثير من المجالات ولكن على الأرجح اعماله في الهندسة وعلم الحساب ما جعله مشهورا.

Word	Meaning	المعنى
arithmetic	the branch of mathematics concerned with numerical calculations	علم الحساب
geometry	the branch of mathematics concerned with the properties, relationship and measurement of point, lines and curves.	الهندسة
mathematician	a person who studies math's to a very complex level	عالم رياضيات
philosopher	someone who studies or writes philosophy professionally	فيلسوف
physician	someone qualified to practice medicine	طبيب
inheritance	money or things that you get from someone after they die	ميراث / وريثة
ground breaking	new, innovative	جديد / ابداعي
revolutionize	to completely change the way people do something or think about something	يثور
composition	a piece of music that someone has written	مقطوعة موسيقية
musical harmony	A pleasant sound in music, made by playing or singing a group of different notes together.	التناغم الموسيقي

• Dear student, go back to the previous paragraph and read it carefully and then answer the following questions.

1) Who is the founder of Chemistry?

من هو مؤسس الكيمياء؟

2) In which subject Jabir Ibn Hayyan was famous?

في أي مادة كان مشهور جابر بن حيان؟

3) Mention two of the most important achievements of Jabir Ibn Hayyan.

اذكر اثنتين من اهم إنجازات جابر بن حيان؟

4) Why is Jabir Ibn Hayyan's set of scales significant?

لماذا مجموعة مقاييس الوزن البن حيان مهمة؟

5) Mention the Other name of Ali bin Nafi. .

اذكر الاسم الاخر ل علي بن نافع.

6) What is the meaning of "Ziryab"?

ما معنى الزرياب؟

7) Ali Ibn Nafi is also known as blackbird or Ziryab, mention the reason.

علي بن نافع كان معروف بالطائر الأسود أو زرياب , اذكر السبب؟

8) Where did Ziryab receive his musical education?

أين تلقى زرياب تعليمه الموسيقي ؟

9) Mention the reason that led Ziryab to travel to Cordoba.

اذكر السبب الذي قاد زرياب لقرطبة .

10) When did he go to Cordoba?

متى ذهب الى قرطبة؟

11) Ali ibn Nafi made some important achievements in music. Write down two of these achievements.

علي بن نافع قام بعمل إنجازات مهمة في الموسيقى. اذكر اثنتين من هذه الانجازات.

12) What did the school that was established by Ziryab teach?

ماذا تدرس المدرسة التي أسست من قبل زرياب ؟

13) Quote the sentence that indicates that Fatima was rich.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير بأن فاطمة كانت غنية.

14) How did she use her father inheritance?

كيف استخدمت تراث والدها؟

15) What did her learning center become?

ماذا أصبح مركزها للتعليم

16) Who supervised the building of the Andalus Mosque?

من اشرف على بناء المسجد الاندلسي؟

17) Why was AL-Kindi a true polymath? لماذا كان الكندي عالمًا؟

18) Mention the work that made Al-Kindi most famous.

اذكر الأعمال التي جعلت الكندي مشهورًا.

19) Find a word in the text that means (someone who studied and writes philosophy).

جد كلمة بالنص بمعنى شخص يدرس ويكتب الفلسفة

20) What does the underlined pronoun it line 3 refer to?

على من يعود الضمير it سطر 3 من الفقرة الثانية؟

21) Quote the sentence which indicates that Al-Kindi was a polymath.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير إلى أن الكندي كان واسع المعرفة.

22) The scales that were invented by Jabir ibn Hayyan.....

- A. could be used in a laboratory to weigh very small chemical items.
- B. didn't weigh chemical items which were smaller than a kilogram.
- C. only weighed chemical items which were bigger than a kilogram.
- D. Were not used to change the weight of the chemical items in the laboratory.

23) Ali ibn Nafi' is known as "Blackbird" because.....

- A. His voice was beautiful.
- B. He was a gifted pupil
- C. He was the guest of the Umayyad ruler.
- D. He had a talent for music.

24) One of the following options is true about the achievements of Ziryab in music:

- A. Setting up the first music school in the world and introducing the oud to Europe.
- B. Introducing the oud to Europe and setting up the first music school in Baghdad.
- C. Setting up the first music school in Europe and introducing the oud to Cordoba.

D. Setting the first music school in Cordoba and introducing the oud to the world.

25) The sentence which indicates that ‘ Ziryab is the musician who introduced a musical instrument to the west is.....:

- A. he is the person who established the first music school in the world.
- B. he is the person who introduced the oud .
- C. he was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad.
- D. Ali ibn Nafi is also known as ‘Ziryab’ (or ‘Blackbird’ , because of his beautiful voice.

26) What has probably made Al-Kindi most famous is.....:

- A. Being a physician and a philosopher.
- B. Making ground- breaking discoveries.
- C. His work in arithmetic and geometry.
- D. Being a musician and an astronomer.

Answer

- 1) Jabir ibn Hayyan.
- 2) Chemistry
- 3) A-He well Known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid .
B- He built a set of scales.
- 4) Ziryab.
- 5) Because it changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory.
- 6) Blackbird.
- 7) Because of his beautiful voice.
- 8) In Baghdad.
- 9) His talent for music.
- 10) In the ninth century.
- 11) A- He is the person who established the first music school in the world in Cordoba
B - He revolutionized musical theory.
C-He is the person who introduced the oud to Europe
- 12) Musical harmony and composition.
- 13) Fatima al- Fihri was the daughter of a wealthy businessman.
- 14) By building a learning center in Fez.
- 15) It became Morocco’s top university.
- 16) Her sister Mariam.
- 17) Because he was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer.

18) His work in arithmetic and geometry.

19) Philosopher

20) His talent for music

21) Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer – a true polymath

نتائج الامتحان العام
لشهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة
لعام 2022

رقم الجلوس : 39047

اسم الطالب : ثراء محمد رداد الجبور

المجموع العام : 1055 من 1400

المعدل : 77.30

العلامة النهائية من	الورقة		المبحث
	الثانية	الأولى	
العلامة النهائية من	العلامة الصغرى	العلامة	
200	200 من	200 من	

(13) City Masdar – A positive step?

Megaprojects are extremely **large investment projects**, which are designed to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities. Although **megaprojects** vary in terms of size and cost, they are all, by definition, expensive, **public projects** that attract a high level of interest and media coverage. Projects range from motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes.

تعتبر المشاريع الضخمة مشاريع استثمارية مكلفة كثيرا وتصمم هذه المشاريع لتشجيع النمو الاقتصادي وجلب فوائد جديدة للمدن. وعلى الرغم من أن المشاريع الضخمة تتنوع من حيث الكلفة والحجم إلا أنها جميعها مشاريع عامة مكلفة تجذب مستويات عالية من الاهتمام والتغطية الإعلامية. وتتراوح هذه المشاريع من الطرق العامة والمطارات والمحطات والنفق والجسور الخ حتى بناء مدينة كاملة.

The concept of a megaproject is always based on the benefits it brings to a community. However, many **megaprojects** have been criticized because of **their** negative effects on a community or the environment. This essay will look at issues with regard to Masdar City, a megaproject in Abu Dhabi.

مفهوم المشاريع الضخمة يقوم دائما على أساس الربح المادي الذي يجلبه للمجتمع. ولكن تم انتقاد العديد من المشاريع بسبب الآثار السلبية على المجتمع أو البيئة. سيناقش هذا المقال مواضيع بالإشارة إلى مدينة مصدر مشروع ضخم في أبو ظبي.

Masdar City, which began its development in 2006 CE, will be the world's first carbon-neutral, zero waste artificially created city. Covering an area of six square kilometers, when it is completed **in 2025 CE**, it is expected to house more than 40,000 residents, 50,000 commuters, and 1,500 businesses involved in mainly environmentally-friendly products.

مدينة مصدر والتي بدأ التطور فيها عام 2006 ستكون أول مدينة في العالم محايدة الـول أكسيد الكربون وصفر من الفضالت الصناعية. وعندما يتم الانتهاء من بنائها ستغطي مساحة ستة كيلو مربع. ويتوقع في 2025م أن تتسع لأكثر من 40,000 ألف ساكن و50,000 زبون ومسافر 1,500 شركة تنتج بشكل رئيسي منتجات صديقة للبيئة.

The city will run entirely on renewable energy sources. It is built on an advanced energy grid which monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex.

وستدار المدينة بشكل كامل من مصادر طاقة متجددة. وستبنى على شبكة طاقة متقدمة والتي تراقب كمية الأستهلاك المستخدمة بالتحديد من كل ابريز في المجمع.

Furthermore, in order to reduce its *carbon footprint*, Masdar City will be a carefree zone, designed to be pedestrian and cycle-friendly. Electric, driverless cars will operate as public transport vehicles, and the city will be connected to other **locations** by a network of roads and railways.

ولتقليل من الأثر الكربوني مدينة مصدر ستكون منطقة خالية من السيارات مصممة للمشاة وركوب الدراجات الهوائية. وستكون السيارات الكهربائية بدون سائق وسائل النقل العامة وسترتبط المدينة بالمواقع الأخرى عن طريق شبكة طرق وسكك حديدية.

Energy will be provided by solar power and wind farms, and there are also plans to build the world's largest hydrogen plant. A *desalination plant* will be used to provide the city's water, with 80% of water used being recycled. Biological waste will be used as an energy source too, and industrial waste will be recycled.

وستوفر الطاقة من خلال الطاقة الشمسية ومزارع الهواء توليد الطاقة عبر مولدات وهناك أيضا مخططات لبناء أكبر مصنع هيدروجيني. مصنع محلية مياه سوف يستخدم لتزويد المدينة بالمياه وتكرير 80% من المياه المستخدمة. وسيتم استخدام الفضالت الطبيعية كمصدر للطاقة أيضا وسيتم أيضا إعادة تدوير النفايات الصناعية.

The current residents of Masdar City are all students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology, **a university** whose students are fully committed to finding solutions to the world's energy problems.

السكان الحاليون لمدينة مصدر هم طالب في معهد مصدر للعلوم والتكنولوجيا وهي جامعة يلتزم طالبها بشكل كامل أيجاد حلول لمشاكل العالم في الطاقة.

While **the project** has the support of many global, environmental and conservation Organizations, **there** is some **criticism** of it. **It** is felt that, **instead** of building an Artificial sustainable city, sustainability should be made a priority of existing cities.

وبما أن المشروع يحظى بدعم العديد من المنظمات العالمية والبيئية ومنظمات المحافظة أُل أنه يوجد بعض الانتقاد له. والشعور السائد بأنه بدال من بناء مدينة صناعية مستدامة يجب أن تكون الأولوية لدعم المدن الموجودة.

In conclusion, the benefits of Masdar City for the community and the environment greatly outweigh any disadvantages. If the aims of the developers are realized, Masdar City will be a blueprint for future **urban planning** **that** will inspire similar megaprojects in **other countries**.

بالمحصلة فإن فوائد مدينة مصدر للمجتمع والبيئة تفوق بشكل كبير أية مساوئ. وأذا تحققت أهداف المطورين فإن مدينة مصدر ستكون عنوان للتخطيط المدني في المستقبل والذي سيلهم المشاريع العملاقة المشابهة في الدول الأخرى.

Word	Meaning	المعنى
artificially- created	not real, not made of natural things	اصطناعي
carbon –natural	not affecting the total amount of carbon dioxide in earth's atmosphere .	خالية من الكربون
criticize	to judge something with disapproval / to evaluate or analyses .	انتقاد
desalination	the process of removing salt from sea water	عملية تحلية المياه
grid	a system of wires through which electricity is connected to different power stations across the region	شبكة
sustainability	the state of being able to continue forever , or for a very long time .	استدامة
megaproject	a very large , expensive , ambitious business project	مشروع
outweigh	to be more important than something else.	يفوق على
pedestrian	someone who is walking along a street	شارع مشاة
zero-waste	producing no waste	خالى من المخلفات
vary	to differ according to the situation	يختلف

• Dear student, go back to the previous paragraph and read it carefully and then answer the following questions.

1. The writer states two benefits of creating megaprojects. Write down two of these benefits.

الكاتب حدد فائدتين لعمل المشاريع الضخمة، اكتبهما .

2. The text provides many examples of megaprojects. Write down two of these examples.

النص أعطى عدة أمثلة على المشاريع العملاقة. اكتب مثالين.

3. Megaprojects concept based on something, what is it?

مفهوم المشاريع الضخمة يعتمد على شيء . ما هو؟

4. Quote the sentence which shows the main reason to criticize megaprojects.

اقتبس الجملة التي تبين السبب الرئيسي لنقد المشاريع العملاقة.

5. When and where did Masdar City begin its development ?

أين ومتى بدأت مدينة مصدر تطورها ؟

7. What will Masdar City become in the future?

ماذا ستصبح مدينة مصدر؟

8. What is the area of Masdar City?

9. When will Masdar City be completed?

متى ستكتمل مدينة مصدر؟

9. Mention the number of the residents of Masdar City.

اذكر رقم نسبة سكان مدينة مصدر.

10. Certain power resources will supply Masdar city with energy. Write down two of these resources.

مصادر طاقة معينة ستزود مدينة مصدر بالطاقة اكتب اثنين من هذه المصادر.

11. Many procedures will be implemented to reduce carbon footprint in Masdar City. Write down these procedures.

هنالك إجراءات ستطبق لتقليل تأثير الكربون في مدينة مصدر اكتبها.

12. What will be used to provide the city with water?

ماذا سيستخدم لتزويد المدينة بالماء؟

13. What will happen for Biological and industrial waste in Masdar City?

ماذا سيحدث للنفايات الحيوية والصناعية في مدينة مصدر؟

14. Quote the sentences which shows who are the present inhabitants (residents) of Masdar City.

أقتبس الجملة التي تشير إلى سكان مدينة المصدر الحاليين.

15. What is the aim of the students of the Masdar institute?

ما هو هدف طالب مدينة مصدر؟

16. Mention the criticism for this project (disadvantage).

اذكر الانتقاد لهذا المشروع السينات.

17. Find a word in the text that means (to differ according to the situation).

جد كلمة في النص تعني يختلف حسب الوضع.

20) The sentence which contains examples of megaprojects is:

- A. Projects range from motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes.
- B. Although megaprojects vary in terms of size and cost, they are public projects.
- C. they are all, by definition, expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage.
- D. Megaprojects vary in terms of size and cost.

21) The current residents existing at the present time at Masdar City are:

- A. farmers
- B. teachers
- C. students
- D. workers

22) The advantage of the desalination unite is to:

- A. provide the city's water
- B. build the world's largest plant
- C. provide the city's wind farms
- D. build the world's wind farms

22) The power resources which will supply Masdar City with energy are :

- A. motorways and airports
- B. tunnels and bridges

Answer

- 1. A- To encourage economic growth.
B- To bring new benefits to cities.
- 2. A-motorways
B- Airports
- 3. The benefits it brings to a community.
- 4. However, many megaprojects have been criticized because of their negative effects on a community or the environment.
- 5. In Abu Dhabi 2006.
- 6. It will be the world’s first carbon-neutral, Zero-waste artificially - created city
- 7. Six square K.M
- 8. 2025.
- 9. 40,000 residents
- 10.Solar power, Wind farms.
- 11.A-The city will run entirely on renewable energy source.
B- Masdar City will be a car- free zone
C- Designed to be pedestrian and cycle friendly.
D- Electric, driverless cars will operate as public transport vehicles.
E- It is built on an advanced energy grid which monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex.
- 12. A desalination plant.
- 13. Biological waste will be used as an energy source Industrial waste will be recycled.
- 14.The current residents..... solution world’s energy problems.
- 15.To finding solutions to the world’s energy problems.
- 16.Instead of building an artificial sustainable city sustainability should be made a priority of existing cities.
- 17.vary / 18.Masdar City

(14) A founding father of farming

- A. that described how to treat different types of soil ? **the one**
- B. which is the study of plants? **Botany / agriculture**
- C. that he and his followers put in place ? **in Spain**
- D. who was the King of Toledo? **Al-Ma'mun**

Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer **who** lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh century CE. **He** worked in the court of **Al-Ma'mun**, **who** was the King of Toledo. **His** great passions were **botany**, **which** is the study of plants and agriculture. Although he was a great scholar, **he** was also a practical man and all of **his** writing came from **his** own 'hands-on' experience of working the land.

ابن بصال كان كاتب وعالم ومهندس وعاش في الاندلس في القرن الحادي عشر ميلادي. عمل في بالظ المأمون والذي كان ملك توليدو. شغفه الاكبر كان علم الزراعة والذي يختص بدراسة النباتات والزراعة. على الرغم من أنه كان عالم عظيم, كان ايضا رجل عملي وكل كتابته كانت نتاج عمل يديه في الارض.

One of the many **things** **which** Ibn Bassal achieved was A Book of Agriculture. The book consisted of sixteen chapters which explain how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables, as well as herbs and sweet-smelling flowers; perhaps the most famous chapter of all was **the one** **that** described how to treat different types of soil. **Ibn Bassal** also worked out how to irrigate the land by finding underground water and digging wells. **He** designed **water pumps and irrigation systems**. All of **these** things were passed on through **his** writing.

احد الاشياء الكثيرة التي حققها ابن بصال كانت كتاب الزراعة. واحتوى الكتاب على 60 فصل تشرح أفضل طريقة لزراعة الاشجار والفواكه والخضروات والاعشاب والورود ذات الرائحة الطيبة وربما يعتبر الفصل الذي يصف كيفية التعامل مع الانواع المختلفة من التربة هو الاشهر. ووجد ايضا ابن بصال طريقة لري الأرض عن طريق حفر الابار الارتوازية وايجاد المياه الجوفية. وصمم مضخات مائية وأنظمة ري. وكل هذه الأشياء مررت عبر كتابته.

The influence of Ibn Bassal's book was enormous. As farmers down the generations followed **his** instructions and advice, the land became wonderfully fertile and produced more than enough food for the fast-growing population. The irrigation systems **that he** and **his** followers put in place are still in evidence in Spain. Although **his** name is not widely known, Ibn Bassal's legacy to the world has been great.

كان تأثير كتاب ابن بصال كبير. ألن المزارعين عبر الاجيال أتبعو تعليماته ونصائحه وأصبحت الارض خصبة بشكل رائع وأنتجت طعام كاف واكثر لعدد السكان سريع النمو. أنظمة الري التي صنعها هو وأتباعه ما تزال دليل في اسبانيا. وعلى الرغم من أن اسمه ليس مشهورا كثير ولكن ميراثه للعالم كان عظيم.

Word	Meaning	المعنى
irrigate	to supply land with water	يسقي / يروي / يشبع
fertile land	a agriculturally productive	ارض خصبة / قابلة للزراعة
legacy	what someone leaves to the world after death	تركة / وريثة

Success is the sum of a lot of small things done correctly.

Ernest Hemingway

- Dear student, go back to the previous paragraph and read it carefully and then answer the following questions.

1. Where and when did Ibn Bassal live?

اين ومتى عاش ابن بصال؟

2. Where did Ibn Bassal work?

اين عمل ابن بصال؟

3. Quote the sentence which shows that Ibn Bassal was a polymath.

اقتبس الجملة التي تبين أن ابن البصال كان موسوعة .

What were his great passions?

ما هي عواطفه العظيمة؟

4. Mention the meaning of botany. .

اذكر معنى الكلمة.

5. Where did all his writing come from?

من اين اتت جميع كتاباته

6. Name two of Ibn-Bassal's achievements.

سمي اثنين من انجازات ابن بصال.

8. In his book , Ibn Bassal explained how to grow many types of tree and plants .Mention two types of trees and plants

في كتابه شرح كيف تزرع العديد من أنواع الاشجار والنبات. أعطي مثالين.

9. Mention the most famous chapter in his book.

اذكر اكثر فصل مشهور في كتاب ابن بصال.

10. Ibn Bassal discovered two ways to irrigate the land. Write these ways down.

ابن البصال اكتشف طريقتين لري الأرض. اكتبهما

11. There were two benefits for farmers who followed Ibn Bassal's instructions. Writedown these two benefits.

هناك فائدتين للمزارعين الذين اتبعوا تعليمات ابن البصال. اذكر هاتين الفائدتين .

12. Find a verb in the second paragraph that means ' supply land with water.

جد فعل في الفقرة الثانية بمعنى يزود الارض بالماء؟

13. Ibn Bassal was a polymath. Write down two examples of his areas of knowledge.

ابن بصال كان واسع المعرفة. اكتب مثالين من مجالات معرفته.

14. The word that means 'the study of plants' is.....

- A. experience B. agriculture C. botany D. scholar

15. Ibn Bassal worked out how to irrigate the land by.....

- A. using old water pumps and irrigation systems
B. digging wells and finding underground water
C. finding underground water and using old water pumps

D. explaining how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables in his book

16. Ibn Bassal's areas of knowledge are.....

- A. geometry and mathematics.
- B. arithmetic, philosophy and geometry
- C. writing, science and engineering
- D. physics and chemistry

17. Ibn Bassal lived in.....

- A. Baghdad
- B. Morocco
- C. Marrakesh
- D. Andalus

18. Ibn Bassal solved the problem of supplying land with water by.....

- A. Digging wells and treating different types of soil.
- B. Finding underground water and growing trees.
- C. Finding underground water and growing fruit and vegetables.
- D. Finding underground water and digging wells.

19. The sentence which contains the title of Ibn Bassal's book is.....

- A. Ibn Bassal also worked out how to irrigate the land by finding underground water
- B. The most famous chapter of all was the one that described how to treat different types of soil.
- C. The book consisted of sixteen chapters which explain how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables
- D. One of the many things which Ibn Bassal achieved was A Book of Agriculture.



Answer

1. In AL-Andalus in the eleventh century.
2. In the court of AL-Ma'mun who was the king of Toledo.
3. Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer who lived in AL-Andalus in the eleventh century .
4. Botany and agriculture.
5. The study of plants
6. From his own hands –on experience working the land.
7. A- A book of agriculture.
B- He designed water pump.
C- He designed irrigation system.
8. Trees, fruit and vegetable, herbs, sweet smelling flowers.
9. The one that described how to treat different types of soil.
10. Finding underground water and digging wells
11. a. As farmers down the generation followed his instruction and advice the land became wonderfully fertile and produced more than enough food.
b. The irrigation systems that he and his followers put in place are still in evidence in Spain.
12. Irrigate.



Preservation purposes in Unit Four

Collocation المتلازمات

Urban planning	التخطيط العمراني
Public transport	النقل العام
Biological waste	مخلفات حيوية
Carbon footprint	تأثير الكربون
Negative effect	تأثير سلبي
Economic growth	النمو الاقتصادي

- 1- When people talk about, they can mean either an improvement in the average standard of living, or an **increase in the value of a country products.**
- 2- Pollution has some **serious**on the environment, such as the death of wildlife and plant life
- 3- We can all work hard **to reduce our**.....by living a more environmentally- friendly lifestyle.
- 4- If we takemore often, there will be fewer **cars on the roads**, which will result in cleaner air in our cities.
- 5- **Hospitals** need to dispose of a lot of, and it should be carefully managed because **it can be dangerous.**
- 6- The need for more effectiveis evident when we consider modern day problems like **traffic.**

Answers

(1- Economic growth, 2-Negative effect, 3- Carbon footprint, 4- Public transport, 5-Biological waste, 6- Urban planning)



Writing purposes (Editing , Guided writing , and Free writing)

The first one is Editing:

Imagine you are an editor in the Jordan Times. You are asked to edit the following lines have four mistakes (one grammar mistake, one punctuation mistake, two spelling mistakes). Find out these mistakes and correct them. Write the correct answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

1- In some countryes, tablet computers are available for students to use in class? Therefore, students can use the tablets to do tasks such as showing photographs, researching information, recordeng interviews and creating diagrams. Tablet are ideal for pair in group work.

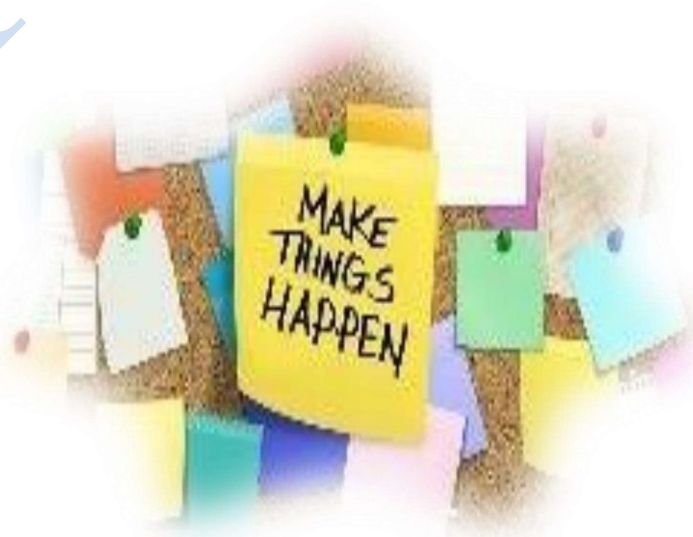
1- _____ 2- _____ 3- _____ 4- _____

2- The research showed that children where were more able to stay focused on a task, and who has a more positive attitude to life at age seven, were usually in better health 30 years later. The study has been controversial. Some health professionals believe that bad lifestile choices, such as smoking or lack of exercise, are the reason for heart disease and other illnesses, and not an individual's attitude. The researchers, while agreeing, raise the question: why are people making bad lifestyle decisions? Do more obtimistic people make better and healthier lifestyle choices

1- _____ 2- _____ 3- _____ 4- _____ 5- _____

3- one of the many things which Ibn Bassal achieved was A Book of Agriculture. The book consisted of sixteen chapters which explain how best to grow trees, Fruit and vegetables, as well as herbs and sweet-smelling flowers; perhaps the most famous chapter of all was the one that described how to treat different types of soil. Ibn Bassal also worked out how to irrigate the land by finding undarground water and digging wells. He designed water pumps and irrigation systems. All of these things were passed on through his writing.

1- _____ 2- _____ 3- _____ 4- _____



The second one is Guided writing:

عزيزي الطالب لاحظ ان الكتابة الموجهة لديها العديد من الانواع وهذه الانواع كل مدرس يعتمد طريقة اجابة مختلفة عن باقي المدرسين, سوف اقوم بوضع نمطين للكتابة الموجهة وطريقة سهلة للكتابة ان شاء الله.

- النمط الاول هو نمط التعداد

The topic
Sentence 1
Sentence 2
Sentence 3
Sentence 4

- There are many (the topic) such as (sentence 1 with adds ing to the first word) and (sentence 2 with adds ing to the first word). Also, there are/is other like (sentence 3 with adds ing to the first word) and (sentence 4 with adds ing to the first word).

- ملاحظة اذا بدا العنوان بكل ما يلي:

نضع مكانها	نحذف الكلمة
Ways	How
Reasons	Why
Things	What

- For examples:

Benefits of e-learning

- organise class work
- get information quickly
- save vtime and effort

Benefits of doing an internship

- Developing professional skills
- Increasing self- confidence in the workplace
- Having personal growth experience
- Improving social relationships

What one can do a free time

- Visiting cultural locations
- Exercising and playing a sport
- Going shopping
- Spending time with friends

How to learn and memories faster

- Exercise to clear your head
- Write down what needs to be memorized
- Study or practice in the afternoon
- Relate new things to what you already know

• النمط الثاني هو نمط السيرة الذاتية

- Name الاسم
- Date التاريخ
- Profession العمل
- Achievements الانجازات

- (Name), who was born in (Birth) and died in (Death), he/she was a famous (Profession). One of his/her achievements were (Achievements).

• ملاحظه مهمه على هذا النمط اذا كانت الانجازات ثنان فما فوق نضع **her/his achievements were** بدلا من **her/his achievement** لكن اذا كان انجاز واحد في السؤال يبقى كما هو في الطريقه التي تم ذكرها في الاعلى .

- For example:

- Name: mahmoud darwish
- Date: 1942-2008
- Profession: poet and author
- Achievements: leaves of olives and wingless birds

• The third one is Free writing

- هاااااااا!! الكتابة الحرة سيتم شرحها في ملف خارج الدوسية لطلب الملف التواصل معي عبر الواتساب.
- لطلب اوراق العمل, الكويزات, الامتحانات الشهرية والنهائية, يرجى التواصل واتساب.

وقد انجزت

الأفعال المنتظمة والشاذة

أولاً، الأفعال المنتظمة ((القياسية)) Regular verbs

هي أفعال تضاف لها ((d أو ed أو ied)) عند تحويلها إلى صيغة الماضي ويتم ذلك بالقواعد أو الشروط الآتية

1. نضيف d أو ed للأفعال التي يراد تحويلها من المضارع إلى الماضي وحيث أن هذه الأفعال يكون فيها اسم المفعول نفسه التصريف الثاني أي الماضي، وفي هذه الأفعال إذا كانت الكلمة منتهية بحرف e فنقوم بإضافة حرف d فقط مثل مشى

المعنى The meaning	المضارع Present	الماضي Past	اسم المفعول Past participle
يفتح	Open	Opened	Opened
يغلق	Close	Closed	Closed
يضيف	Add	Added	Added
يمشي	Walk	Walked	Walked
ينظر	Look	Looked	Looked
يقفل	Lock	Locked	Locked
يستخدم	Use	Used	Used
يقبل	Accept	Accepted	Accepted
يصل	Arrive	Arrived	Arrived
يلعب	Play	Played	Played
يتمتع	Enjoy	Enjoyed	enjoyed
يعيش	Live	Lived	Lived

2. نضيف ied عندما تكون الكلمة منتهية بحرف y وقبله حرف ساكن وفي هذه الحالة نقوم بحذف حرف y ونضيف ied مثل مشى.

المعنى The meaning	المضارع Present	الماضي Past	اسم المفعول past participle
يدرس	Study	Studied	Studied
ينسخ	Copy	Copied	Copied

3. عندما تكون الكلمة ذات مقطع صوتي واحد نقوم بتكرار الحرف الأخير ونضيف ed مثل مشى.

المعنى The meaning	المضارع Present	الماضي Past	اسم المفعول Past participle
يتوقف	Stop	Stopped	Stopped

تانياً ، الأفعال العارضة Irregular verbs

سميت بالأفعال العارضة لأنها أفعال لا تضاف لها ed وإنما تتغير تغير مختلف وهذه الأفعال يجب أن تحفظ حفظ لأنها ليست لها قاعده خاصه .

	المعنى the meaning	المضارع Present	الماضي Past	أسم المفعول Past participle
1	يكون	Be	was / were	been
2	يضرب	Beat	Beat	beaten
3	يصبح	become	Became	become
4	يبدأ	Begin	Began	Begun
5	إنظر	Behold	Beheld	Beheld
6	يرهن	Bet	Bet	Bet
7	يربط	Bend	Bent	Bent
8	يعض	Bite	Bit	Bitten
9	ينزف	Bleed	Bled	Bled
10	ينفخ	Blow	Blew	Blown
11	يجلب	Bring	Brought	Brought
12	يحرق	Burn	Burnt	Burnt
13	يبنى	Build	Built	Built
14	يشترى	Buy	Bought	Bought
15	يمسك	Catch	Caught	Caught
16	يختار	Choose	Chose	Chosen
17	يأتي	Come	Came	Come
18	قص	Cut	Cut	Cut
19	يستطيع	Can	Could	Been able
20	يعمل	Do	Did	Done
21	يقود	Drive	Drove	Driven
22	يشرب	Drink	Drank	Drunk
23	يأكل	Eat	Ate	Eaten
24	يطير	Fly	Flew	Flown
25	يسقط	Fall	Fell	Fallen
26	يشعر	Feel	Felt	Felt
27	يجت	Find	Found	Found
28	يقتل	Fight	Fought	Fought
29	ينسى	Forget	Forgot	Forgotten
30	يذهب	Go	Went	Gone
31	يعطي	Give	Gave	Given
32	يحصل	Get	Got	Got
33	يملك	Have , Has	Had	Had
34	يسمع	Hear	Heard	Heard
35	يضرب	Hit	Hit	Hit
36	يعرف	Know	Knew	Known
37	يعيش	Keep	Kept	Kept

38	يتعلم	Learn	Learnt	Learnt
39	يفقد	Lose	Lost	Lost
40	يغادر	Leave	Left	Left
41	يصنع	Make	Made	Made
42	يقابل	Meet	Met	Met
43	يشتري	Pay	Paid	Paid
44	يركب	Ride	Rode	Riden
45	يجري	Run	Ran	Run
46	يرسل	Send	Sent	Sent
47	يبيع	Sell	Sold	Sold
48	يقول	Say	Said	Said
49	يغني	Sing	Sang	Sung
50	يجلس	Sit	Sat	Sat
51	يتكلم	Speak	Spoke	Spoken
52	ياخذ	Take	Toke	Taken
53	يعتقد , يفكر	Think	Thought	Thought
54	يخبر	Tell	Told	Told
55	يفهم	Understand	Understood	Understood
56	يصحو	Wake	Woke	Woken
57	يكتب	Write	Wrote	Written
58	يفوز	Win	Won	Won

4. وهناك بعض من الأفعال لا تتغير عند استعمالها بالماضي أو المضارع وإنما تبقى كما هي مثل to be

المعنى The meaning	المضارع Present	الماضي Past	اسم المفعول Past participle
يقص	Cut	Cut	Cut
يغلق	Shut	Shut	Shut
يضع	But	But	But
يضرب	Hit	Hit	Hit
يقرا	Read /ri:d/	Read /red/	Read /red/ *

ملاحظه: كلمة Read يختلف نطقها في المصدر عن التصريف الثاني والثالث حيث يكون نطقها في التصريف الأول /ri:d/ وتنتطق في التصريف الثاني والثالث /red/ .

ويوجد العديد من الأفعال الشاده الأخرى ولاكن تعتبر هذه الأفعال شائعة الاستخدام.



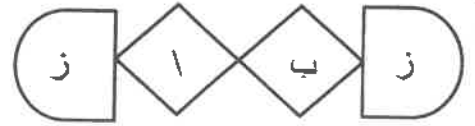
اسماء الطلبة المتفوقين من الاجيال السابقة

الرقم	اسم الطالب او الطالبة	الرقم	اسم الطالب او الطالبة
1	حسن جلال المجاغبة		
2	مجدولين احمد الديات		
3	مجد مخلد الشطي		
4	فرح ضيف الله المشاهرة		
5	براءة حسن الشطي		
6	هنادي غالب الشرايعة		
7	ثراء محمد الجبور		
8	طه محمد الديات		
9	صالحة اسماعيل الطعيمات		
10	نصرة اسماعيل الطعيمات		
11	فاطمة محمد الشطي		
12	دنيا موفق اليونس		
13	تسنيم محمد الشطي		
14	ايات فتحي المناصير		
15	نغم زياد بني هاني		
16	ايمان محمد الشطي		
17	رنا عادل الشطي		
18	عمار خيرى خويلدي		
19	رحاب محمد عنيزات		
20	سلطان صبتان النعيمات		
21	سوار علي الصلاحيات		
22	عبد الرزاق ناصر ابو صلاح		
23	دانية عيد الشطي		
24	وجدان محمد ابو الزاغ		
25	لجين شريف الديات		
26	رضا محمد سليمان		
27	عرين عايد الشطي		
28	محمد فوزي الغراغير		
29	اياة ايمن العارضة		
30	قيصر ابراهيم الشطي		
31	نور بسام العزام		
32	عبد الرحمن عادل الغراغير		
33			
34			
35			

تم بحمد الله

مع تمنياتي لي ولكم بالتوفيق والنجاح

تم تثبيت التحديث الاخير في عام 2023 ولا تنسوني من صالح دعائكم. T. Ahmad E. Alshatti



إدارة الامتحانات والاختبارات
قسم الامتحانات العامة

امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام ٢٠٢١ / التكميلي

مدة الامتحان: ٠٠ : ٢ : ٠٠
اليوم والتاريخ: الثلاثاء ٢٠٢٢ / ١ / ٤
رقم الجلوس:

(وثيقة معمية/محدود)

المبحث : اللغة الانجليزية / خطة ٢٠٢١ فما قبل رقم المبحث: 206
الفرع: مسار التعليم الثانوي المهني الشامل + الفروع المهنية
اسم الطالب:

ملحوظة مهمة: أجب عن الأسئلة الآتية جميعها وعددها (٣)؛ بحيث تكون إجابتك عن السؤال الأول على نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي)، وتكون إجابتك عن باقي الأسئلة على دفتر الإجابة، علماً أن عدد صفحات الامتحان (٦).

Question One:

اختر رمز الإجابة الصحيحة في كل فقرة مما يأتي، ثم ظلل بشكل غامق الدائرة التي تشير إلى رمز الإجابة في نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي) فهو النموذج المعتمد (فقط) لاحتساب علامتك في هذا السؤال، علماً بأن عدد فقراته (٣٥).

****For items (1-35), read each sentence carefully then choose from A, B, C or D the correct answer that completes each sentence.**

1) If you get an interview for a job, you will need to show that you have good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. You will also need to show that you can think quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time. If you are successful, it is a secure and rewarding job. It is a very responsible job. I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries. However, you get a huge feeling of satisfaction when you know that people understand everything that you translate.

- An interpreter gets a great feeling of satisfaction when he / she -----.

A) has good listening skills

B) has a clear speaking voice

C) knows that people understand everything that he / she translates

D) is able to concentrate for long periods of time

T. Ahmad E. Alshatti

2) My job now involves going to important conferences and seminars around the world. When a person speaks in English at a conference, I listen to what they say through headphones. I then translate into Arabic while the speaker is talking. I give the translation through headphones to other people at the meeting. This means that anyone in the room who speaks Arabic can understand what people are saying. It is a very responsible job. I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries.

- The sentence in the above text which states the effect of bad translation is -----.

A) My job now involves going to important conferences and seminars around the world

B) When a person speaks in English at a conference, I listen to what they say through headphones

C) I give the translation through headphones to other people at the meeting

D) I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries

PAGE TWO

- 3) We're having an examination in ----- tomorrow.
A) geometry B) philosopher C) polymath D) effect
- 4) The painters ----- many fine works of art.
A) produce B) production C) productive D) product
- 5) My parents have been the most ----- people in my life.
A) chemist B) influential C) physician D) arithmetic
- 6) A ----- can separate a medicine into its components.
A) mathematician B) dominate C) chemist D) scales
- 7) The teacher examined the students in the ----- lesson.
A) negotiate B) patient C) conflict D) previous
- 8) After lengthy talks, the two sides finally reached a -----.
A) invention B) youth C) compromise D) succeed
- 9) After the talk, there will be a chance for you to ----- about anything you don't understand.
A) shake hands B) ask questions C) make a mistake D) earn respect
- 10) People who respect themselves quickly ----- of others.
A) shake hands B) ask questions
C) earn the respect D) join a company
- 11) Marwa finds her work exciting and -----.
A) translation B) qualifications C) headphones D) rewarding
- 12) We installed an alarm to keep the house -----.
A) secure B) interpreter C) regional D) seminar
- 13) My father ----- loves exploring historical Roman ruins will certainly find a visit to Qasr Bashir very interesting.
A) who B) when C) which D) where
- 14) The Olympic Games were held in London **in 2012 CE**.
- The correct cleft sentence that emphasises the information in bold is -----.
A) in 2012 CE that the Olympic Games were held in London
B) It is in 2012 CE that the Olympic Games were held in London
C) It was in 2012 CE that the Olympic Games were held in London
D) It in 2012 CE that the Olympic Games were held in London
- 15) The cake ----- my mother made tasted really great.
A) who B) that C) when D) where

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16) It ----- 11 p.m. when I stopped working.

- A) be B) is C) was D) been

17) **The heat** made the journey unpleasant.

- **The correct cleft sentence that emphasises the information in bold is -----.**

- A) It was the heat which made the journey unpleasant
B) It is the heat that made the journey unpleasant
C) It was the heat which makes the journey unpleasant
D) It is the heat which made the journey unpleasant

18) I like **Geography** most of all.

- **The correct cleft sentence that emphasises the information in bold is -----.**

- A) The subject that I like most of all is Geography
B) The subject I like most of all was Geography
C) That the subject I liked most of all is Geography
D) That I like most of all is the Geography

19) "Physician" is an old-fashioned word ----- means "doctor".

- A) when B) who C) where D) which

20) Rasha could not find her way round the city very easily.

- If only she ----- a map.

- A) has B) have had C) had had D) had

21) ----- Jabir Ibn Hayyan did his research was Iraq.

- A) The person who B) It is the country which
C) The country where D) It was the country which

22) I wish I had done more work for my exam.

- **This sentence means that -----.**

- A) I didn't do much work for my exam B) I did much work for my exam
C) I had done much work for my exam D) I do much work for my exam

23) Yaser has lost his wallet.

- **The sentence that has a similar meaning to the one above is -----.**

- A) If only he had been more careful B) If only he hadn't been more careful
C) If only he had more careful D) If only he be more careful

24) I don't know how to use this machine.

- **The sentence above can be rewritten as-----.**

- A) If only I had known how to use this machine
B) If only I didn't know how to use this machine
C) If only I know how to use this machine
D) If only I knew how to use this machine



Question Two:

Read the following texts carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow each text. Your answers should be based on the two texts.

(50 points)

Text One: (25 points)

Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer who lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh century CE. He worked in the court of Al-Ma'mun. His great passion was botany. Ibn Bassal was a practical man and all of his writing came from his own 'hands-on' experience of working the land. One of the many things which Ibn Bassal achieved was *A Book of Agriculture*. The book consisted of sixteen chapters which explain how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables, as well as herbs and sweet-smelling flowers; perhaps the most famous chapter of all was the one that described how to treat different types of soil. He designed water pumps and new systems for irrigating plants.

The influence of Ibn Bassal's book was enormous. As farmers down the generations followed his instructions and advice, the land became wonderfully fertile and produced more than enough food for the fast-growing population. The irrigation systems that he and his followers put in place are still in evidence in Spain. Although his name is not widely known, Ibn Bassal's legacy to the world has been great.

1. Where did Ibn Bassal live? When? **(4 points)**
2. Quote the sentence which shows where all Ibn Bassal's writing came from. **(5 points)**
3. How many chapters did *A book of Agriculture* consist of? **(4 points)**
4. What does the most famous chapter of Ibn Bassal's book describe? **(4 points)**
5. Find a word in the text which means "supplying land with water so that the crops and plants will grow". **(4 points)**
6. What were the two benefits for farmers who followed Ibn Bassal's instructions? **(4 points)**



Text Two: (25 points)

In this report, we will look at the countries that Jordan trades with and what goods it exports and imports. First, let's look at exports. Jordan is rich in potash and phosphate, and the extraction industry for these minerals is one of the largest in the world.

Not surprisingly, two of Jordan's largest exports are chemicals and fertilisers. Pharmaceuticals and other industries represent 30% of Jordan's Gross Domestic Product (GDP), and 75% of Jordan's pharmaceuticals are exported. However, the majority (65%) of the economy is dominated by services, mostly travel and tourism. Most of Jordan's exports go to Iraq, the USA, India and Saudi Arabia.

Now let's look at imports. Unlike some other countries in the Middle East, Jordan does not have large oil or gas reserves. For that reason, Jordan has to import oil and gas for its energy needs. Its other main imports are cars, medicines and wheat. In 2013 CE, 23.6% of Jordan's imports were from Saudi Arabia. This was followed by the EU, with 17.6% of its imports. Other imports have come from China and the United States.

1. Most of Jordan's exports mainly go to four countries. Write two of these countries down. (4 points)
2. What is the percentage that services, especially travel and tourism, represent of Jordan's economy? (4 points)
3. Jordan is rich in two minerals. Write them down. (4 points)
4. What does the underlined pronoun "it" refer to? (4 points)
5. Quote the sentence which indicates the country that supplied Jordan with most of its imports in 2013. (5 points)
6. What are the main four goods that Jordan has to import from different countries? (4 points)

Question Three:

Writing: (10 points)

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 80 words on ONE of the following:

1. A visit you have made to a museum or an art exhibition gallery. When and where was it and what did you enjoy the most? What are the benefits of such visits to people and to countries?
2. An informal letter to a friend describing your dream job. Describe what your dream job requires you to do and what you aren't allowed to do at work. Give reasons that make you choose this kind of job.

THE END

اجابة امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام 2021 / تكميلي

الفروع المهنية نموذج رقم (1)

الاستاذ: احمد عبد الشطي

Question One:

1-C/ 2-D/ 3-A/ 4-A/ 5-B/ 6-C/ 7-D/ 8-C/ 9-B/ 10-C/ 11-D/ 12-A/ 13-A/ 14-C/ 15-B
16-C/ 17-A/ 18-A/ 19-D/ 20-C/ 21-C/ 22-A/ 23-A/ 24-D/ 25-C/ 26-C/ 27-D/ 28-B
29-A/ 30-D/ 31-D/ 32-C/ 33-B/ 34-B/ 35-D

Question Two:

Text one:

- 1- Iraq, the USA, India and Saudi Arabia.
- 2- The majority 65%and tourism.
- 3- Jordan is rich in potash and phosphate.
- 4- Jordan.
- 5- In 2013Saudi Arabia.
- 6- Oil, gas, cars, medicines and wheat.

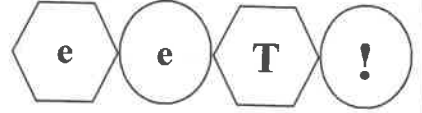
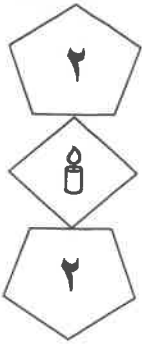
Text Two:

- 1- In Al-AndalusCE.
- 2- Ibn Bassal was a practicalworking land.
- 3- Sixteen chapters.
- 4- The most famoustypes of soil.
- 5- The irrigation.
- 6- a- the land became.....fertile/ b- produced more.....population.

Question Three:

- Answer student

Note: the student can choose only one of the topics that was mentioned earlier.



إدارة الامتحانات والاختبارات
قسم الامتحانات العامة

امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام ٢٠٢١

مدة الامتحان: ٢:٠٠ س
اليوم والتاريخ: الاثنين ٢٨/٠٦/٢٠٢١
رقم الجلوس:

(وثيقة محمية/محدود)

المبحث: اللغة الانجليزية / خطة ٢٠٢١ فما قبل رقم المبحث: 206
الفرع: مسار التعليم الثانوي المهني الشامل + الفروع المهنية
اسم الطالب:

ملحوظة مهمة: أجب عن الأسئلة الآتية جميعها وعددها (٣)؛ بحيث تكون إجابتك عن السؤال الأول على نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي)، وتكون إجابتك عن باقي الأسئلة على دفتر الإجابة، علماً أن عدد صفحات الامتحان (٥).

Question One:

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****For items (1-35), read each sentence carefully then choose from a, b, c or d the correct answer that completes each sentence.**

1) My name is Fatima Musa and I have worked as an interpreter for five years. My job is not an easy one. English is not the same in all English-speaking countries. For example, the English words that are used in India are sometimes different to the words that people use in the UK, the USA or Australia. As well as knowing regional English, you also need to know a lot of specialist language. Some of the words that are used to talk about business, science or law, for example, make it almost a different language!

According to Fatima Musa, an interpreter needs to know -----.

- a) regional English and a lot of specialist language
- b) the words that are used to talk about education
- c) the English words that are used in India
- d) the words that are used in the UK and the USA

T. Ahmad E. Alshatti

2) My name is Fatima Musa and I have worked as an interpreter for five years. Many students have emailed me about my work because they want to know what it would be like to do my job. So here is my reply.

I have always been fond of languages. My father worked in many different countries when I was young and we usually travelled with him. When we visited a country, I always wanted to learn the language. At school I was very good at English. Therefore, I decided on a career as an interpreter.

Fatima Musa decided to be an interpreter because-----.

- a) her father didn't work in many countries
- b) many students have emailed her about her work
- c) she was very good at English at school
- d) she has worked as an interpreter for five years

...تتم التقييم من موقع وتد التعليمي SEE PAGE TWO

PAGE TWO

- 3) A ----- is someone who thinks and writes about the meaning of life.
a) chemist b) founder c) physician d) philosopher
- 4) Hospitals need to dispose of a lot of -----, and it should be carefully managed because it can be dangerous.
a) economic growth b) public transport c) urban planning d) biological waste
- 5) Scientists around the world are working to ----- a cure for cancer.
a) discoverable b) discover c) discoverer d) discovery
- 6) Japan has taken the lead in car-----.
a) productional b) producer c) production d) productive
- 7) The most essential in a business meeting is -----.
a) shaking hands b) arriving late c) telling a joke d) doing a deal
- 8) When you stay calm and take your time, you are being-----.
a) previous b) negotiate c) compromise d) patient
- 9) It's quite----- and useful to travel and work somewhere during and after your study.
a) recommend b) recommender c) recommendable d) recommendation
- 10) ----- means "the value of a country's total output of goods and services".
a) Gross Domestic Product b) Pharmaceuticals c) Extraction d) Agreement
- 11) The company has a network of ----- offices.
a) interpreter b) headphones c) negotiate d) regional
- 12) Ahmad's job doesn't pay very well, but it is very-----,so he doesn't want to leave it.
a) seminar b) translation c) secure d) doctor
- 13) Ibn Sina----- is also known as Avicenna was a polymath.
a) which b) where c) who d) when
- 14) Thank you very much for your e-mail----- was interesting.
a) where b) who c) when d) which
- 15) Ali, ----- mother is a professor, forgot his umbrella.
a) whose b) when c) where d) who
- 16) The old hotel----- we stayed last week was really big.
a) when b) where c) who d) whose
- 17) It was at night-----the rescue team arrived at the scene of the accident.
a) where b) when c) which d) who
- 18) -----to the invention of the oud was Al-Kindi.
a) The person who contributed b) The person who contributing
c) It is the person who contributed d) It is Al-Kindi who contributed

19) I like **English** most of all.

The correct cleft sentence that emphasises the information in bold is-----.

- a) The person that I liked most of all has been English
- b) The subject that I like most of all is English
- c) The subject which I like most of all was English
- d) The person which I liked most of all has been English

20) ----- Jabir Ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory was Iraq.

- a) The country when
- b) The year where
- c) The place when
- d) The country where

21) It was too hot to go to the beach yesterday. If only it----- cooler.

- a) had had
- b) have been
- c) has been
- d) had been

22) I have a stomachache. I wish I----- so many sweets!

- a) hadn't eaten
- b) had eaten
- c) have eaten
- d) haven't eaten

23) The students wish they had known more about Petra. If----- they had done some research.

- a) wish
- b) only
- c) had
- d) hadn't

24) I didn't bring a coat, and now I am cold. I wish I -----.

- a) had brought a coat
- b) hadn't brought a coat
- c) didn't bring a coat
- d) brought a coat

25) Sally regrets being angry at breakfast time.

The sentence above can be rewritten correctly as -----.

- a) If only Sally hasn't been angry at breakfast time
- b) If only Sally has been angry at breakfast time
- c) If only Sally had been angry at breakfast time
- d) If only Sally hadn't been angry at breakfast time

26) If only Sultan hadn't forgotten to feed the animals.

The above sentence means-----.

- a) Sultan didn't forget to feed the animals
- b) Sultan forgot to feed the animals
- c) Sultan's mother reminded him to feed the animals
- d) Sultan fed the animals

27) I regret going to bed late last night.

The sentence which has a similar meaning to the one above is-----.

- a) I wish I had gone earlier
- b) I wish I had gone late
- c) I wish I hadn't gone earlier
- d) I wish I haven't gone earlier

28) I can't do this exercise. I wish I ----- it.

- a) understood
- b) understand
- c) doesn't understand
- d) didn't understand

29) Mr Sami doesn't understand the Chinese businessman. If only he -----Chinese.

- a) speak
- b) spoke
- c) spoken
- d) have spoken

30) If plants----- enough sunlight, they die.

- a) didn't get
- b) doesn't get
- c) don't get
- d) hasn't got

PAGE FOUR

- 31) My father ----- the new house if it isn't too expensive.
a) would buy b) will buy c) wouldn't have bought d) wouldn't buy
- 32) The sentence which has the correct order of the words and phrases below is-----.
Qasr Bashir/It/that/is thought/to protect/the/was built/Roman border
a) It is thought that Qasr Bashir was built to protect the Roman border
b) Qasr Bashir was built to protect the Roman border it is thought that
c) Thought that Qasr Bashir was built to protect the Roman border it is
d) Was built to protect the Roman border It is thought that Qasr Bahir
- 33) The sentence which represents an introduction to a review of a hotel is----.
a) when it was time to go, I gave my parents a hug
b) The first sign that something was different was silence
c) when we had finished, my dad just drove on with a smile on his face
d) I really stayed at your hotel for a few nights, and it did not entirely live up to expectations
- 34) Before you find a full-time job ---- why don't you consider doing voluntary work ----
a) ,/! b) ,/. c) ,/? d) ./,
- 35) The informal sentence that contains an abbreviation is -----.
a) I worked for a small computer company in Amman
b) Ali did not pass his exams
c) Salma sends recommendations from previous clients
d) Last year, we always played basketball after school, but I'd rather have played tennis

Question Two:

Read the following texts carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the texts. (50 points)

Text 1:(25 points)

Megaprojects are extremely large investment projects, which are designed to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities. Although megaprojects vary in terms of size and cost, **they** are all, by definition, expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage. Projects range from motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes.

The concept of a megaproject is always based on the benefits it brings to a community. However, many megaprojects have been criticised because of their negative effects on a community or the environment.

Masdar City, which began its development in 2006 CE, will be the world's first carbon-neutral, zero-waste artificially-created city. Energy will be provided by solar power and wind farms, and there are also plans to build the world's largest hydrogen plant. A desalination plant will be used to provide the city's water, with 80% of water used being recycled. Biological waste will be used as an energy source too.

- 1) Megaprojects are designed for two reasons. Write these two reasons down. (4 points)
- 2) The text provides some examples of megaprojects. Write two of these examples down. (4 points)

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- 3) Some power resources will supply Masdar City with energy. (4 points)
Write two of these resources down.
- 4) Find a word in the text which means “to differ according to the situation”. (4 points)
- 5) Why were megaprojects criticised? (5 points)
- 6) What does the underlined pronoun “they” refer to? (4 points)

Text 2: (25 points)

Interviewer: What advice can you give to people wanting to do business in China?

Mr Ghanem: Before I visit a company, I send recommendations from previous clients. I also send my business card with my job position and qualifications translated into Chinese.

Interviewer: Can you tell us about your last meeting in China?

Mr Ghanem: Of course! I arrived on time. You must not arrive late, as this shows disrespect. Then, when I met the company director, I shook hands with him gently. I began the meeting by making small talk about my interesting experiences in China. During the meeting, I made sure that my voice and body language were calm and controlled. I never told a joke, as this may not be translated correctly or could cause offence.

- 1) According to Mr Ghanem, Why mustn't a businessman arrive late to a meeting in China? (4 points)
- 2) Find a phrase in the text which means “having an informal chat with someone in order to start a conversation”. (4 points)
- 3) Mr Ghanem avoided telling jokes during his last meeting in China for two reasons. Write these two reasons down. (4 points)
- 4) What does the underlined pronoun “him” refer to? (4 points)
- 5) Two procedures are regularly followed by Mr Ghanem before visiting a company in China. Write these two procedures down. (4 points)
- 6) Quote the sentence that describes Mr Ghanem's voice and body language during his last meeting in China. (5 points)

Question Three:

Writing: (10 points)

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 80 words on ONE of the following:

- 1) Workplace safety is very important for every employee. Discuss its benefits to the employees and suggest ways to create a safe working environment.
- 2) An informal letter to a friend about a country you wish to visit. Explain why you would like to visit it and how you would spend your vacation there.

THE END

تم التحميل من موقع وتد التعليمي

اجابة امتحان شهادة الثانوية العامة لعام 2021 / نظامي

الفروع المهنية نموذج رقم (1)

الاستاذ: احمد عيد الشطي

Question One:

1-A/ 2-C/ 3-D/ 4-D/ 5-B/ 6-C/ 7-A/ 8-D/ 9-C/ 10-A/ 11-D/ 12-C/ 13-C/ 14-D/ 15-A
16-B/ 17-B/ 18-A/ 19-B/ 20-D/ 21-D/ 22-A/ 23-B/ 24-A/ 25-D/ 26-B/ 27-A/ 28-A
29-B/ 30-C/ 31-B/ 32-A/ 33-D/ 34-C/ 35-D

Question Two:

Text one:

- 1- To encourageto cities.
- 2- Motorways, airports, stations, tunnels and bridges.
- 3- Solar power and wind farms.
- 4- Vary
- 5- Because of theirenvironment.
- 6- Megaprojects.

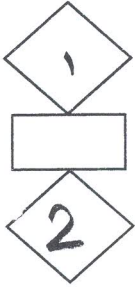
Text Two:

- 1- Because this shows disrespect.
- 2- Small talk
- 3- A- this may not be translated correctly/ b- could cause offence
- 4- Mr. Ghanem
- 5- A- send.....clients/ b- send my.....job position/ c- qualifications
....Chinese.
- 6- During the meeting.....controlled.

Question Three:

- Answer student

Note: the student can choose only one of the topics that was mentioned earlier.



طلبة الدراسة الخاصة



إدارة الامتحانات والاختبارات
قسم الامتحانات العامة

امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام ٢٠٢٠ / التكميلي

المبحث : اللغة الإنجليزية / خطة ٢٠٢٠ فما قبل رقم المبحث: 206 (وثيقة محمية/محدود)
الفرع: المسار الثانوي الشامل المهني + الفروع المهنية
اسم الطالب:
مدة الامتحان: ٠٠ : ٢٠
اليوم والتاريخ: السبت ٢٠٢١/٠١/٠٢
رقم الجلوس:

اختر رمز الإجابة الصحيحة في كل فقرة مما يأتي، ثم ظلّل بشكل غامق الدائرة التي تشير إلى رمز الإجابة الصحيحة في نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي) فهو النموذج المعتمد (فقط) لاحتساب علامتك، علماً بأن عدد الفقرات (٥٠)، وعدد الصفحات (٧).

❖ For questions (1- 13), read the texts carefully then choose from A, B, C OR D the correct answer that completes the sentence below each text.

T. Ahmad E. Alshatti

1) Ali ibn Nafi' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of his beautiful voice). He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad. It was his talent for music that led him to Cordoba in the ninth century CE. He was the guest of the Umayyad ruler there. He is the person who established the first music school in the world. He is the person who introduced the oud to Europe.

The sentence which indicates that 'Ziryab' is the musician who introduced a musical instrument to the west is -----.

- A) He is the person who established the first music school in the world
B) He is the person who introduced the oud to Europe
C) He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad
D) Ali ibn Nafi' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of his beautiful voice)

2) Fatima al-Fihri was the daughter of a wealthy businessman. She used her father's inheritance to build a learning centre in Fez, Morocco. This learning centre became Morocco's top university, and it is where many students from all over the world come to study. Moreover, it was Fatima's sister, Mariam, who supervised the building of the Andalus Mosque, which was not far from the learning centre.

The underlined word "which" refers to ----- .

- A) the learning centre B) university C) Andalus Mosque D) Morocco

3) Megaprojects are extremely large investment projects, which are designed to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities. Projects range from motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes. Energy will be provided by solar power and wind farms.

The power resources which will supply Masdar City with energy are -----.

- A) motorways and airports B) tunnels and bridges
C) stations and bridges D) solar power and wind farms

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- 4) The influence of Ibn Bassal's book was enormous. As farmers down the generations followed his instructions and advice, the land became wonderfully fertile and produced more than enough food for the fast-growing population. The irrigation systems that he and his followers put in place are still in evidence in pain. Although his name is not widely known, Ibn Bassal's legacy to the world has been great.

The word in the above text that means "what someone leaves to the world after their death." in the text is ----- .

- A) advice B) legacy C) generation D) evidence

- 5) Jordan exports potash and phosphate. Unlike some other countries in the Middle East, Jordan does not have large gas reserves. For that reason, Jordan has to import gas for its energy needs. Its other main imports are cars, medicines and wheat. In 2013 CE, 23.6% of Jordan's imports were from Saudi Arabia. This was followed by the EU, with 17.6% of its imports. Other imports have come from China and the United States.

The main goods that Jordan has to import from different countries are ----- .

- A) cars, medicines, vegetables and potash B) gas, electronics and phosphate
C) potash and phosphate D) gas, cars, medicines and wheat

- 6) **Mr Ghanem:** 'Of course! I arrived on time. You must not arrive late, as this shows disrespect. Then, when I met the company director, I shook hands with him gently. I began the meeting by making small talk about my interesting experiences in China. During the meeting, I made sure that my voice and body language were calm and controlled. I never told a joke, as this may not be translated correctly or could cause offence.'

The two reasons which prevented Mr. Ghanem from telling jokes during his last meeting in China are-----.

- A) arriving late and shaking hands
B) causing offence and not being translated correctly
C) arriving late and causing offence
D) meeting the company director and shaking hands with him

- 7) First, let's look at exports. Jordan is rich in potash and phosphate, and the extraction industry for these minerals is one of the largest in the world. Not surprisingly, two of Jordan's largest exports are chemicals and fertilisers.

The word in the above text that means "the process of removing and obtaining something from something else." is ----- .

- A) extraction B) exports C) chemicals D) fertilisers

- 8) If you get an interview for a job, you will need to show that you have good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. You will also need to show that you can think quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time. If you are successful, it is a secure and rewarding job. You will probably need to travel a lot, but that is not a problem as long as you enjoy visiting other countries.

The word in the above text that means "giving personal satisfaction" is ----- .

- A) concentrate B) successful C) reference D) rewarding

PAGE THREE

9) My job now involves going to important conferences and seminars around the world. When a person speaks in English at a conference, I listen to what they say through headphones. I then translate into Arabic while the speaker is talking. I give the translation through headphones to other people at the meeting. This means that anyone in the room who speaks Arabic can understand what people are saying.

Fatima's job involves -----.

- A) welcoming people at meetings
- B) going to conferences and seminars
- C) presenting seminars
- D) preparing for regional conferences

10) Interviewer: "*What kind of company was that, and what did you do there?*"

Ricky Miles: It was a company that provides financial products – savings and pensions, mostly. At first I just ‘shadowed’ different people, watching what they were doing. Then I did quite a lot of checking for them – you know, checking their calculations. When I went back in the summer, I was in the sales department. My job was to follow up web enquiries, and send out further information to possible clients.

While being in the sales department, Ricky Miles was required to -----.

- A) provide financial products – savings and pensions
- B) shadow different people and watch what they were doing
- C) do quite a lot of checking for people and check their calculations
- D) follow up web enquiries, and send out further information to possible clients

11) Jordan has more free trade agreements than any other Arab country, and it trades freely with many countries, including the USA, Canada and Malaysia. Which other areas are important for Jordan's trade? Jordan first signed a trade agreement with the EU in 1997 CE. It signed a free trade agreement with Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia in 2004 CE. In 2011 CE, another trade agreement was made with the EU, Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia. Trade with the EU and North Africa in particular is likely to grow.

Trade with the EU and North Africa is likely to grow because----

- A) Jordan doesn't trade freely with many countries.
- B) Jordan first signed a trade agreement with the EU in 1997 CE.
- C) Jordan signed a free trade agreement with Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia in 2004 CE.
- D) Jordan has signed trade agreement with both areas.

12) Keep your presentation short and simple. Start with some friendly comments. Remember to speak slowly and clearly. It is important to appear confident (even if you're nervous!). While you're speaking, don't keep your head down. ----- . Smile!

The missing sentence from the above text is -----

- A) Will you read it word by word, use notes or memorise it?
- B) Do you know when it was developed, and where it is produced?
- C) Instead, look round the room and make eye contact with your audience.
- D) For example, thank your hosts for allowing you to speak to them, and compliment their company.

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- 25) Wind farms are quickly becoming the world's fastest growing ----- source.
A) solar power B) pedestrian - friendly C) renewable energy D) carbon footprint

❖ For sentences (26-37), read each sentence carefully then choose from A, B, C

OR D the correct answer that complete each sentence.

- 26) The Aqaba beach is the place ----- I enjoy watching the sunset.
A) who B) when C) whose D) where
- 27) Stress will stay in your body ----- you do some exercise.
A) if B) provided that C) as long as D) unless
- 28) The year when Petra was made a World Heritage Site ----- 1985 CE.
A) was B) be C) are D) been
- 29) Hazem has a headache. Yesterday he stayed in the sun for a long time. If only he -----
in the sun so long.
A) has stayed B) have not stayed C) had not stayed D) stayed
- 30) I forgot to write to Maya. Now she is unhappy with me.
I wish I ----- to write to her.
A) hadn't forgotten B) forget C) had been forgotten D) had forgotten
- 31) I have hurt my back- yesterday; I lifted a heavy table on my own. I wish I ----- to lift a
heavy table on my own.
A) hadn't tried B) tried C) has tried D) tries
- 32) I'm sorry, I didn't get a ticket for the concert. If only I ----- a ticket for the concert.
A) had got B) get C) had not got D) have got
- 33) I'm going to work in the garden this afternoon ----- it rains.
A) if B) provided that C) as long as D) unless
- 34) When you ----- at the station next Saturday, we will be there to meet you.
A) arriving B) arrived C) arrive D) arrives
- 35) **The correct cleft sentence that stresses the information in bold in the following sentence is -----.**
Huda won the prize for Art last year
A) The person who won the prize for Art last year was Huda
B) The prize that Huda won last year was for Art
C) It was last year that Huda won the prize for Art
D) The prize which was won by Huda last year was for Art

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36) If Salma had been wearing her seatbelt, she might have survived the car accident.

The third conditional in the above sentence is used to -----.

- A) describe something that always happens
- B) express wishes about the present
- C) imagine a past situation
- D) describe a future outcome of a certain future action

37) I'm unemployed because I resigned from my job.

The above underlined sentence can be rewritten as ----- .

- A) If only I hadn't resigned from my job
- B) If only I had resigned from my job
- C) If only I resigned from my job
- D) If only I resign from my job

❖ **For sentences (38-50), read each sentence carefully then choose from A, B, C OR D the correct answer that complete each sentence.**

38) We learn about shapes, lines and angles when we study -----.

The correct spelling for the missing word is -----.

- A) geomtry
- B) geometry
- C) jeometry
- D) gemetry

39) Ibn Bassal was a writer ----- a scientist and an engineer who lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh century CE -----

The correct punctuation marks for the above sentence are -----

- A) , / .
- B) , / ;
- C) , / ,
- D) . / ?

40) I feel ill ----- I wish I hadn't eaten so many sweets -----

The correct punctuation marks for the above sentence are -----

- A) , / ,
- B) . / ?
- C) . / !
- D) . / .

41) You should listen to the ----- of your elders.

The correct spelling for the missing word is -----.

- A) edvice
- B) advice
- C) advaec
- D) adveac

42) If I were you ----- I'd find out about training courses -----

The correct punctuation marks for the above sentence are -----

- A) . / ,
- B) , / ?
- C) , / .
- D) : / !

43) I have a ----- in journalism and I have worked previously for a scientific journal.

The correct spelling for the missing word is -----.

- A) qualification
- B) kualification
- C) qualefication
- D) qualifikation

44) We were late ----- the traffic.

- A) consequently
- B) due to
- C) as a result
- D) therefore

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- 45) Please listen to the music through headphones ----- so that you don't disturb anybody.
The correct punctuation mark for the above sentence is -----
A) , B) ? C) . D) !
- 46) Ramzi is very good with numbers and calculations. He always scores high in -----.
The correct spelling of the missing word is -----.
A) arithmetik B) arethmetic C) arithmetic D) aritmetic
- 47) on / a / successful / very / deal / congratulations / business
The correct order of the above words that makes a complete sentence is ----- .
A) on a business deal very successful congratulations
B) successful business deal congratulations on a very
C) congratulations on a very successful business deal
D) congratulations very successful deal on a business
- 48) Ali ibn Nafi ' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of his beautiful voice). He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad, and it was his talent for music that led him to Cordoba in the ninth century CE. He was the guest of the Umayyad ruler there. He is the person who established the first music school in the world in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, teaching musical harmony and composition. He revolutionised musical theory, and is also the person who introduced the oud to Europe .
The best summary statement for the above paragraph is -----
A) He was the guest of the Umayyad ruler there
B) He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad
C) He is the person who established the first music school in the world in Cordoba, Al-Andalus
D) He revolutionised musical theory, and is also the person who introduced the oud to Europe .
- 49) The university has managed to attract a lot of students ----- of its excellent reputation.
A) therefore b) because of that C) consequently D) because
- 50) **When you write a curriculum vitae , you should -----**
A) use formal language and make sure there is adequate line space.
B) use informal language and make sure there is adequate line space.
C) make sure there is adequate line space and that the headings aren't in bold.
D) make sure that you haven't included any relevant information for the application.

THE END

اجابة امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام 2020 / تكميلي

الفروع المهنية نموذج رقم (1)

الاستاذ: احمد عبد الشطي

Question One:

1-A/ 2-C/ 3-D/ 4-B/ 5-D/ 6-B/ 7-A/ 8-D/ 9-B/ 10-D/ 11-D/ 12-C/ 13-D/ 14-C/ 15-A
16-B/ 17-A/ 18-D/ 19-A/ 20-D/ 21-A/ 22-D/ 23-C/ 24-C/ 25-C/ 26-D/ 27-D/ 28-A
29-C/ 30-A/ 31-A/ 32-A/ 33-C/ 34-C/ 35-A/ 36-C/ 37-A/ 38-B/ 39-A/ 40-D/ 41-B
42-C/ 43-A/ 44-B/ 45-A/ 46-C/ 47-C/ 48-D/ 49-D/ 50-A

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الطلبة النظاميون



٨ D M ر

إدارة الامتحانات والاختبارات
قسم الامتحانات العامة

امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام ٢٠٢٠

(وثيقة موحدة/محددة)
رمز المبحث: ١٠٩
مدة الامتحان: ٣٠ دقيقة
اليوم والتاريخ: السبت ٢٠٢٠/٧/٤
رقم الجلوس:

المبحث: اللغة الإنجليزية
الفرع: المسار الثانوي الشامل المهني
اسم الطالب:

اختر رمز الإجابة الصحيحة في كل فقرة مما يأتي، ثم ظلل بشكل غامق الدائرة التي تشير إلى رمز الإجابة الصحيحة في نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي) فهو النموذج المعتمد (فقط) لاحتساب علامتك، علماً بأن عدد الفقرات (٣٠) وعدد الصفحات (٤):

** For questions (1-9), read the texts then choose from a, b, c or d the correct answer that completes the sentence below each text.

1) Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer a- true polymath. He made ground-breaking discoveries in many of these fields, but it is probably his work in arithmetic and geometry that has made him most famous.

- What has probably made Al-Kindi most famous is -----.

- a) being a physician and a philosopher
- b) making ground – breaking discoveries
- c) his work in arithmetic and geometry
- d) being a musician and an astronomer

T. Ahmad E. Alshatti

منهاجي
متعة التعليم الهادف



2) Although megaprojects vary in terms of size and cost, they are all, by definition, expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage. Projects range from motorways, airports, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes.

- The sentence which contains examples of megaprojects is -----.

- a) Projects range from motorways, airports, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes
- b) Although megaprojects vary in terms of size and cost, they are public projects
- c) they are all, by definition, expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage
- d) megaprojects vary in terms of size and cost

3) The current residents of Masdar City are all students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology, a university whose students are fully committed to finding solutions to the world's energy problems.

- The residents existing at the present time at Masdar City are -----.

- a) farmers
- b) teachers
- c) students
- d) workers

منهاجي
متعة التعليم الهادف



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4) Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer who lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh century CE. He worked in the court of Al-Ma'mun, who was the King of Toledo.

- Ibn Bassal lived in -----.

- a) Baghdad b) Morocco c) Marrakesh d) Al- Andalus

5) **Mr Ghanem:** Chinese business people will always ask about a company's successes in the past. However, because I worked for a new company, I could not talk about its track record. We did not do any business deals on that first trip.

- Mr Ghanem didn't do any business deals on his first trip to China because he -----.

- a) couldn't talk about the track record of his company
b) couldn't speak Chinese
c) didn't meet the company director
d) didn't send recommendations from previous clients



6) Jordan is rich in potash and phosphate, and the extraction industry for these minerals is one of the largest in the world. Not surprisingly, two of Jordan's largest exports are chemicals and fertilizers.

- Jordan's two largest exports are -----.

- a) pharmaceuticals and fertilizers b) minerals and chemicals
c) chemicals and fertilizers d) potash and phosphate

7) During a sales pitch, keep your presentation short and simple. Start with some friendly comments. For example, thank your hosts for allowing you to speak to them, and compliment their company. Remember to speak slowly and clearly.

- While making a sales pitch, one should speak -----.

- a) slowly and clearly b) shortly and simply
c) sadly and nervously d) humbly and complicatedly

8) I knew that the director had researched my business thoroughly before the meeting, so I was prepared for his detailed questions.

- The underlined pronoun "his" refers to the -----.

- a) interview b) business c) company d) director

9) My name is Fatima Musa and I have worked as an interpreter for five years. Many students have emailed me about my work because they want to know what it would be like to do my job.

- Fatima Musa works as -----.

- a) a secretary b) a nurse c) an interpreter d) an accountant

** For sentences (10 - 18), read each sentence carefully then choose from a, b, c or d the correct word that completes each sentence.

10) Patients must not take in medicine without consulting a -----.

- a) philosopher b) mathematician c) polymath d) physician

11) A place where no cars are allowed is a car-free zone, and it is ----- friendly.

- a) neutral b) footprint c) pedestrian d) waste

12) There will be a ----- competition in our school next week.

- a) chess b) benefit c) conflict d) patient

13) A lot of cancers can now be treated -----.

- a) successful b) successfully c) succeed d) success

14) The company is pleased with Ahmad's work and is happy to give him a -----.

- a) recommend b) recommended c) recommendation d) recommendable

15) Be careful when you answer the questions, and try not to ----- a mistake.

- a) join b) earn c) ask d) make

16) Salma has just read a ----- of an essay by an American writer.

- a) headphones b) translation c) seminar d) secure

17) The year ----- the great mosque in Cordoba was built was 784 CE.

- a) which b) when c) who d) where

18) It was Jabir ibn Hayyan ----- invented ink that can be read in the dark.

- a) who b) which c) when d) where

19) Choose from a, b, c or d the correct cleft sentence that emphasises the information in bold in the following sentence:

- **The heat** made the journey unpleasant.

- a) The journey which I made was unpleasant.
b) It was the heat which made the journey unpleasant.
c) The journey which I made was unpleasant because of the heat.
d) It was the unpleasant journey which made the heat.

** For sentences (20 - 23), read each sentence carefully then choose from a, b, c or d the correct form of the verb that completes each sentence.

20) Mum was right and I was wrong. I wish I ----- to her.

- a) hasn't listened b) has listened c) had listened d) hadn't listened

21) I wish I ----- my pen; I had to buy one from the library.

- a) has forgotten b) hasn't forgotten
c) hadn't forgotten d) had forgotten

22) My father doesn't drink much water. He wishes he ----- much water.

- a) drunk b) drinks c) have drunk d) drank

23) When you ----- at the station next Saturday, we will be there to meet you.

- a) arrive b) arrived c) arrives d) has arrived

24) Choose from a, b, c or d the correct order of the following words that forms a meaningful sentence:

- disadvantages /outweigh/any/greatly/City/Masdar/of/the/in conclusion/ benefits.

- a) The benefits of Masdar City greatly outweigh any in conclusion disadvantages.
- b) Greatly outweigh any disadvantages in conclusion the benefits of Masdar City.
- c) The benefits of Masdar in conclusion City greatly outweigh any disadvantages.
- d) In conclusion, the benefits of Masdar City greatly outweigh any disadvantages.

25) Choose from a, b, c or d the suitable sentence which represents a conclusion in a summary of an article:

- a) Whatever the opinion, it is clear that the project is a turning point of urban planning and a pioneer of megaprojects to come.
- b) Fatima al-Fihri was the daughter of a wealthy businessman.
- c) Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer who lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh century CE.
- d) It is built on an advanced energy grid which monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex.

26) For sentences (26-27), choose from a, b, c or d the correct punctuation marks that complete each sentence.

----- influence of Ibn Bassal's book was enormous -----

- a) The /?
- b) The/.
- c) The/,
- d) the/:

27) Which other areas are important for Jordan's trade ----- Jordan first signed a trade agreement with the EU in 1997 CE -----.

- a) ?/.
- b) ./?
- c) ,/?
- d) ?/,

28) Choose from a, b, c or d the correct word that completes the sentence below:

- I ----- Ali's restaurant to anyone interested in Asian food.

- a) command
- b) succeed
- c) understand
- d) recommend

29) Choose from a, b, c or d the correct word that joins the two sentences below:

- The service in this hotel could be improved ----- it didn't reduce our enjoyment of the pleasant stay.

- a) secondly
- b) but
- c) too
- d) or

30) Choose from a, b, c or d the suitable answer that completes the statement below:

- The sentence that best describes a person's ideal job is -----.

- a) I have been following your company for the past few years
- b) I'm afraid I don't have the right skills to start the job
- c) My biggest weakness is that I sometimes lose confidence
- d) It is a job that makes the most of my qualifications and abilities

THE END

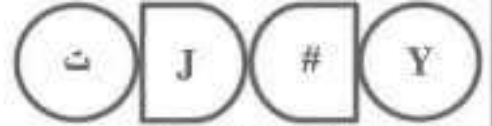
اجابة امتحان شهادة الثانوية العامة لعام 2020 / نظامي

الفروع المهنية نموذج رقم (1)

الاستاذ: احمد عبد الشطي

Question One:

1-C/ 2-A/ 3-C/ 4-D/ 5-A/ 6-C/ 7-B/ 8-D/ 9-C/ 10-D/ 11-C/ 12-A/ 13-B/ 14-C/ 15-D
16-B/ 17-B/ 18-A/ 19-B/ 20-C/ 21-C/ 22-D/ 23-A/ 24-D/ 25-A/ 26-B/ 27-A/ 28-D
29-B/ 30-D



إدارة الامتحانات والاختبارات

قسم الامتحانات العامة

امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام ٢٠٢٢

(وثيقة محمية/محمود)

س د
٢ : ٠٠

مدة الامتحان:

المبحث: اللغة الانجليزية/مسار التعليم الثانوي المهني الشامل رقم المبحث: 112

اليوم والتاريخ: الاثنين ٢٠٢٢/٧/١٨

الفرع: الفروع المهنية

رقم الجلوس:

اسم الطالب:

ملاحظة مهمة: أجب عن الأسئلة الآتية جميعها وعددها (٤)؛ بحيث تكون إجابتك عن السؤال الأول على نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي)، وتكون إجابتك عن باقي الأسئلة على دفتر الإجابة، علماً أن عدد صفحات الامتحان (٤).

Question One:

اختر رمز الإجابة الصحيحة في كل فقرة مما يأتي، ثم ظلل بشكل غامق الدائرة التي تشير إلى رمز الإجابة في نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي) فهو النموذج المعتمد (فقط) لاحتساب علامتك في هذا السؤال، علماً بأن عدد فقراته (٣٠).

For items (1- 30), read each one carefully then choose from A, B, C, or D the correct answer. Write the answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

1. Employees are frequently hired on the ----- of a friend in the company.
A) recommend B) recommended C) recommendation D) recommendatory
2. When you can prove that you have experience, you have a -----.
A) contact details B) track record C) cause offence D) sales pitch
3. The government has taken many procedures to promote ----- industry.
A) domesticate B) domesticity C) domestically D) domestic
4. Before the serious discussion starts, they always -----; it's often about the weather!
A) cause offence B) make a mistake C) shake hands D) make small talk
5. Fatima Musa's job involves going to important conferences and -----.
A) seminars B) export C) fertilisers D) keen
6. You must prove you are a ----- driver before you can get your driver's license.
A) import B) pedestrian C) irrigate D) competent
7. Tareq has a ----- in Journalism and has worked for a scientific journal.
A) outweigh B) corporate C) qualification D) voluntary
8. I get a feeling of ----- after a hard day's work.
A) translation B) satisfaction C) job D) meeting
9. Make sure your online passwords are -----.
A) secure B) conflict C) agreement D) headphones
10. A ----- is a period of time that someone spends working in a particular place.
A) doing a deal B) work experience C) telling a joke D) artificially-created
11. Rami likes football very much. He wishes he ----- a professional football player.
A) becomes B) has become C) had become D) became

SEE PAGE TWO...

12. I stayed late at work and missed the last bus. I wish I ----- at work late.
A) had stayed B) stayed C) hadn't stayed D) hasn't stayed
13. Rashed was running very fast when he had a heart attack. If only he ----- so fast.
A) has run B) runs C) hasn't run D) hadn't run
14. The drivers had a bad accident because they were careless. I wish they ----- more careful.
A) had been B) were C) have been D) be
15. The country ----- Jabir ibn Hayan did his research in a laboratory was Iraq.
A) who B) where C) which D) when
16. Ibn Sina ----- is also known as Avicenna was a polymath.
A) that B) where C) who D) when
17. The day ----- I have to call to schedule an appointment is Monday.
A) who B) where C) which D) when
18. If we were in Madaba today, we ----- able to go to Mount Nebo.
A) are B) be C) would be D) will be
19. If Faisal had slept better the night before the exam, he ----- better.
A) concentrate B) could have concentrated
C) could concentrate D) have concentrated
20. If Huda ----- ill yesterday, she wouldn't have missed the exam.
A) hadn't been B) had been C) hasn't been D) has been
21. If the students ----- to learn a new language, they need to be motivated.
A) want B) will want C) wanted D) wants
22. ----- you water the plants, they will die.
A) If B) Unless C) When D) Even if
23. If Rami had done the course, he ----- enough experience to apply for the job.
A) would have B) have had C) will have D) would have had
24. Saeed left his camera at home; so he wasn't able to take pictures of the parade.
The sentence which has a similar meaning to the one above is:
A) If Saeed left his camera at home, he could not take pictures of the parade.
B) If Saeed had left his camera at home, he could have taken pictures of the parade.
C) If Saeed hadn't left his camera at home, he could have taken pictures of the parade.
D) If Saeed leaves his camera at home, he could have taken pictures of the parade.
25. Petra was made a World Heritage Site in 1985CE.
The sentence which has a similar meaning to the one above is:
A) The year when Petra was made a World Heritage Site was 1985CE.
B) The year when Petra was made a World Heritage Site is 1985CE.
C) The year which Petra was made a World Heritage Site was 1985CE.
D) The year when Petra is made a World Heritage Site was 1985CE.
26. Nahla could not find her way round the city very easily.
The sentence which has a similar meaning to the one above is:
A) If only Nahla hadn't brought a map. B) If only Nahla brought a map.
C) If only Nahla had brought a map. D) If only Nahla brings a map.

27. My uncle is fluent in several languages. He is often able to ----- for us during conversations with foreigners.
A) enterpret B) interpret C) interbret D) intarpret
28. I have just read a ----- of a book by a Japanese author.
A) trenslation B) translasion C) transletion D) translation
29. In business ----- when you meet someone for the first time ----- it is polite to shake hands -----
A) . / , / . B) . / . / , C) , / , / . D) ! / , / .
30. It's important to have an awareness of different countries' customs -----
A) . B) ! C) ? D) ,

Question Two: (30 points)

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

Megaprojects are extremely large investment projects, which are designed to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities. Projects range from motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes.

The concept of a megaproject is always based on the benefits it brings to a community. However, many megaprojects have been criticised because of their negative effects on a community or the environment.

Masdar City, which began its development in 2006 CE, will be the world's first carbon-neutral, zero-waste artificially-created city. Covering an area of six square kilometres, when it is completed in 2025 CE, it is expected to house more than 40,000 residents, 50,000 commuters, and 1,500 businesses involved in mainly environmentally-friendly products.

The city will run entirely on renewable energy sources. It is built on an advanced energy grid which monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex.

Furthermore, in order to reduce its carbon footprint, Masdar City will be a car-free zone, designed to be pedestrian and cycle-friendly. Electric, driverless cars will operate as public transport vehicles, and the city will be connected to other locations by a network of roads and railways.

1. The text provides many examples of megaprojects. Write down four of these examples. (8 points)
2. There are some procedures that will be implemented to reduce carbon footprint in Masdar City. Write down three of these procedures. (6 points)
3. Write down the sentence that shows the main reason for criticising megaprojects. (4 points)
4. How many people are expected to live in Masdar City? (4 points)
5. When will Masdar City be completed? (4 points)
6. What does the underlined pronoun "It" refer to? (4 points)

Question Three: (30 points)

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

In this report, we will look at the countries that Jordan trades with and what goods it exports and imports.

First, let's look at exports. Jordan is rich in potash and phosphate, and the extraction industry for these minerals is one of the largest in the world.

Not surprisingly, two of Jordan's largest exports are chemicals and fertilisers. Pharmaceuticals and other industries represent 30% of Jordan's Gross Domestic Product (GDP), and 75% of Jordan's pharmaceuticals are exported. However, the majority (65%) of the economy is dominated by services, mostly travel and tourism. Most of Jordan's exports go to Iraq, the USA, India and Saudi Arabia.

Now let's look at imports. Unlike some other countries in the Middle East, Jordan does not have large oil or gas reserves. For that reason, Jordan has to import oil and gas for its energy needs. Its other main imports are cars, medicines and wheat. In 2013 CE, 23.6% of Jordan's imports were from Saudi Arabia. This was followed by the EU, with 17.6% of its imports. Other imports have come from China and the United States.

Jordan has more free trade agreements than any other Arab country, and it trades freely with many countries, including the USA, Canada and Malaysia.

Which other areas are important for Jordan's trade? Jordan first signed a trade agreement with the EU in 1997 CE. It signed a free trade agreement with Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia in 2004 CE. In 2011 CE, another trade agreement was made with the EU, Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia. Trade with the EU and North Africa in particular is likely to grow.

1. Many of Jordan's fertilisers are made mainly of two minerals. Write these two minerals down. **(6 points)**
2. Why does Jordan import a lot of oil and gas? **(4 points)**
3. Which country supplies Jordan with most of its imports? **(4 points)**
4. Jordan trades freely with different countries. Write down two of these countries. **(6 points)**
5. The text states the main goods that Jordan has to import from different countries. Write down three of these main goods. **(6 points)**
6. Find a word in the above text which means "things kept back or set aside, especially for future use". **(4 points)**

Question Four: (20 points)**Free Writing**

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 80 words on ONE of the following:

1. Some jobs are difficult. No one wants to do them and they are just taken because people have no choice. Other jobs are really fun. Write an essay mentioning examples of both types of jobs and describe the difficulty and excitement of both kinds of jobs.
2. Many jobs require ongoing training to stay competitive in a company. Some believe that it is the responsibility of the company to pay for this training for their staff; others think it's up to the individual. Write an essay discussing both views and giving your own opinion.

(THE END)

اجابة امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام 2022

الفروع المهنية / نموذج رقم 1

اعداد: الاستاذ احمد الشطي

Question One:

1-C recommendation / 2-B track record / 3-C domesticity / 4-D make small talk / 5-A seminars /
 6-D competent / 7-C qualification / 8-B satisfaction/ 9-A secure / 10-B work experience /
 11-D became / 12-C hadn't stayed / 13-D hadn't run / 14-A had been / 15-B where/ 16-C who /
 17-D when / 18-C would be / 19-B could have concentrated / 20-A hadn't been / 21-A want /22-B
 unless / 23-D would have had/ 24-C / 25-A / 26-C / 27-B interpret / 28-D translation / 29-C , / , / .
 / 30-A / . /

Question Two:

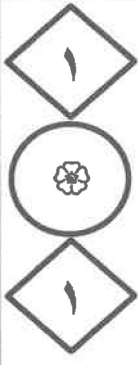
- 1- Motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges.
- 2- Masdar City will be a car-free zone, designed to be pedestrian and cycle-friendly.
- 3- Because of their negative effects on a community or the environment.
- 4- 40,000 residents
- 5- 2025 CE
- 6- The city

Question Three:

- 1- Potash and phosphate
- 2- Jordan does not have large oil or gas reserves
- 3- Saudi Arabia
- 4- The USA, Canada and Malaysia
- 5- Oil, gas, cars, medicines and wheat
- 6- Reserves

Question Four:

- Open answer



إدارة الامتحانات والاختبارات

قسم الامتحانات العامة

امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام ٢٠٢٢/٢ التكميلي

(وثيقة محمية/محدود)

د
س
٠٠ : ٢

المبحث : اللغة الإنجليزية/مسار التعليم الثانوي المهني الشامل رقم المبحث: 107 مدة الامتحان:

اليوم والتاريخ: الاثنين ٢٠٢٣/١/٩
رقم الجلوس:

الفرع: الفروع المهنية
اسم الطالب:

ملحوظة مهمة: أجب عن الأسئلة الآتية جميعها وعددها (٤)؛ بحيث تكون إجابتك عن السؤال الأول على نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي)، وتكون إجابتك عن باقي الأسئلة على دفتر الإجابة، علماً أنّ عدد صفحات الامتحان (٤).

Question One:

اختر رمز الإجابة الصحيحة في كل فقرة مما يأتي، ثمّ ظلّل بشكل غامق الدائرة التي تشير إلى رمز الإجابة في نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي) فهو النموذج المعتمد (فقط) لاحتساب علامتك في هذا السؤال، علماً بأنّ عدد فقراته (٣٠).

For items (1-30), read each one carefully then choose from A, B, C, or D the correct answer. Write the answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

1. Do you think the computer is the most important ever?
A) inventive B) invent C) invention D) invented
2. The manager will have a meeting with the sellers to a new contract.
A) negotiate B) negotiable C) negotiated D) negotiation
3. Can you give me the version of your report? This copy isn't clear.
A) origin B) original C) originate D) originally
4. A is someone who thinks and writes about the meaning of life.
A) philosophically B) philosophical C) philosophise D) philosopher
5. Reducing poverty levels is a priority of the government policies.
A) interpreter B) domestic C) patient D) polymath
6. Aya is proud that both her children have a.....for writing and drawing.
A) conflict B) regional C) footprint D) talent
7. Ziryab is the of the first music school in the world.
A) geometry B) compromise C) founder D) effect
8. I have just read a of a book by a Chinese author.
A) translation B) conflict C) career D) previous
9. Our boss seems very about the new project.
A) training B) enthusiastic C) growth D) arithmetic
10. Just be nice and try not to or annoy anyone during the meeting.
A) work experience B) track record C) cause offence D) zero – waste

SEE PAGE TWO...

PAGE TWO

11. Being able to solve the problem gave me a good feeling of
A) satisfaction B) reference C) export D) geometry
12. The process of mineral may damage the countryside.
A) reserve B) secure C) dominate D) extraction
13. My teacher thinks that teaching English language is a job.
A) pedestrian B) import C) rewarding D) chemist
14. Al-kindī made many important mathematical discoveries was a true polymath.
A) which B) where C) when D) who
15. In Qasr Bashir, there are about twenty-three stables horses may have been kept.
A) when B) where C) which D) who
16. Provided that it, we will have a picnic next week.
A) doesn't rain B) didn't rain C) won't rain D) don't rain
17. We'll go to our favourite restaurant on Thursday it's closed.
A) when B) if C) as long as D) unless
18. If I were you, I more exercise to get fit.
A) would have done B) would do C) will do D) did
19. I want to go to the festival, but I don't know how to get there. I wish I the way to it.
A) know B) had known C) knew D) knows
20. If only I properly in class today. This homework is really difficult.
A) had concentrated B) concentrated
C) have concentrated D) concentrate
21. If I had stayed at home that day, I the celebration.
A) would miss B) would have missed C) will miss D) has missed
22. I regret the deal now. I wish we it.
A) didn't do B) hasn't done C) haven't done D) hadn't done
23. I might have won the first prize if I better for the competition.
A) prepared B) have prepared C) had prepared D) prepare
24. If plants enough water, they die.
A) don't get B) didn't get C) hadn't got D) doesn't get
25. The event took place in London in 2012 CE was the Olympic Games.
A) when B) that C) where D) who
26. **The rainy weather** made the players cancel the game.
- **The sentence which emphasises the underlined words is**
A) The thing which made the players cancel the game is the rainy weather.
B) The thing which makes the players cancel the game was the rainy weather.
C) The thing which made the players cancel the game was the rainy weather.
D) The thing which makes the players cancel the game is the rainy weather.

SEE PAGE THREE...

PAGE THREE

27. I finished typing the report at 9 p.m.

- **The sentence which emphasises the underlined words is**

- A) It is 9 p.m. when I finished typing the report.
- B) It was 9 p.m. when I finish typing the report.
- C) It is 9 p.m. when I finish typing the report.
- D) It was 9 p.m. when I finished typing the report.

28. Salma made a successful presentation at a in Aqaba last month.

- A) simenar
- B) saminar
- C) seminar
- D) seminer

29. Plan your presentation carefully not just what you will say but how you will say it

- A) ./,./!
- B) ,/,/?
- C) ,/,/.
- D) ;/,/.

30. Al-Kindi is especially famous for his work in geometry

- A) !
- B) ,
- C) ;
- D) .

Question Two: (30 points)

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

The concept of a megaproject is always based on the benefits it brings to a community. However, many megaprojects have been criticised because of their negative effects on a community or the environment. An example of megaprojects is Masdar City, which began its development in 2006 CE in Abu Dhabi. Masdar City will be the world's first carbon-neutral, zero-waste artificially-created city.

The city will run entirely on renewable energy sources. It is built on an advanced energy grid which monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex. Furthermore, in order to reduce its carbon footprint, Masdar City will be a car-free zone, designed to be pedestrian and cycle-friendly. Electric, driverless cars will operate as public transport vehicles, and the city will be connected to other locations by a network of roads and railways.

Energy will be provided by solar power and wind farms, and there are also plans to build the world's largest hydrogen plant. A desalination plant will be used to provide the city's water, with 80% of water used being recycled. Biological waste will be used as an energy source too, and industrial waste will be recycled. The current residents of Masdar City are all students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology, a university whose students are fully committed to finding solutions to the world's energy problems.

1. The text states many examples of renewable energy. Write down three of them. (6 points)
2. What is the main source of water in Masdar City? (6 points)
3. Write down the sentence which shows the main reason to criticise megaprojects. (4 points)
4. What is the benefit of having a car – free zone in Masdar City? (4 points)
5. Who lives in Masdar City in the present? (6 points)
6. What does the underlined pronoun "their" refer to? (4 points)

SEE PAGE FOUR...

Question Three: (30 points)

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

Business Studies is a popular choice for students who are choosing a degree course in the UK. After graduating, some go on to further study, but most of them take up employment. Many large companies offer graduate training schemes, which are a kind of apprenticeship. We went to meet twenty-two-year-old Ricky Miles, who is about to graduate in the subject. Ricky has been studying Business Studies, which is a four-year course, including two periods of work experience. Each one lasted six months, but they weren't in the same year. Besides Business Studies, Ricky has studied Maths, Accounting, Finance, Economics, Marketing and Sales over those four years. He also did a course in Management, which is about recruiting and managing staff.

Ricky most enjoyed the work experience. He learnt so much, both times, and of course it looks great on his curriculum vitae. One of the companies offered him paid work last summer, so he managed to get even more experience that way.

Ricky has just applied for a job with a bank. He has the right qualifications, but he knows there will be a lot of other applicants. He'll just have to wait and see if he gets an interview. If he does, he'll have to prepare really carefully.

1. The text states many subjects that graduate students may study at university. Write down three of them. (6 points)
2. What do most of students do after graduating? (6 points)
3. What is the name of Ricky's degree? (4 points)
4. What will Ricky have to do if he gets a job interview? (4 points)
5. Find a word in the text which means "finding suitable employees". (4 points)
6. How did Ricky spend a quarter of his time as a student? (6 points)

Question Four: (20 points)

Free Writing

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 80 words on ONE of the following:

1. Most people don't know how to choose their future job. Write an essay about how someone can choose the best job: discuss the factors that make a job suitable for someone and explain your point of view supporting it with examples.
2. Hobbies are regular activities that are typically done during one's free time. Write an essay about the importance of hobbies to mind and body; how people can choose a hobby, mentioning examples of hobbies people can do.

THE END

Question One

1-C invention /2-A negotiate /3-B original /4-D philosopher /5-B domestic /6-D talent /7-C founder / 8-A translation /9-B enthusiastic /10-C cause offence /11-A satisfaction /12-D extraction /13-C rewarding /14-D who /15-B where / 16-A doesn't rain /17-D unless /18-B would do /19-C knew /20-B concentrated /21-B would have missed /22-D hadn't done /23-C had prepared /24-A don't get /25-B that /26-C /27-D /28-C seminar /29-C , / , / . /30-D / . /

Question Two

- 1- Solar power and wind farms
- 2- A desalination plant will be used to provide the city's water
- 3- However, many megaprojectsor the environment.
- 4- In order to reduce its carbon footprint
- 5- All students
- 6- Many megaprojects

Question Three

- 1- Maths, Accounting, Finance, Economics
- 2- Most of them take up employment
- 3- Business Studies
- 4- He'll have to prepare really carefully
- 5- Recruiting
- 6- Ricky has been studying.....two periods of work experience.

Question Four

- Open Answer





امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام ٢٠٢٣

(وثيقة مسمية/محدود)

د س

مدة الامتحان: ٠٠ : ٢

المبحث: اللغة الإنجليزية/مسار التعليم الثانوي المهني الشامل رقم المبحث: 104

اليوم والتاريخ: الثلاثاء ٢٠٢٣/٧/١٨
رقم الجلوس:

رقم النموذج: (١)

الفرع: الفروع المهنية
اسم الطالب:

ملحوظة مهمة: أجب عن الأسئلة الآتية جميعها وعددها (٤)، بحيث تكون إجابتك عن السؤال الأول على نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي)، وتكون إجابتك عن باقي الأسئلة على دفتر الإجابة، علماً أن عدد صفحات الامتحان (٤).

Question One:

اختر رمز الإجابة الصحيحة في كل فقرة مما يأتي، ثم ظلل بشكل غامق الدائرة التي تشير إلى رمز الإجابة في نموذج الإجابة (ورقة القارئ الضوئي) فهو النموذج المعتمد (فقط) لاحتساب علامتك في هذا السؤال، علماً بأن عدد فقراته (٣٠)، وانتبه عند تظليل إجابتك أن رمز الإجابة (A) على ورقة الأسئلة يقابله (أ) على ورقة القارئ الضوئي، و(B) يقابله (ب)، و(C) يقابله (ج)، و(D) يقابله (د).

For items (1- 30), read each one carefully then choose from A, B, C, or D the correct answer. Write the answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

- Every time the two groups meet, they disagree and argue. I think there is a between them.
A) translation B) conflict C) conscientious D) patient
- Pollution has some serious on all living things on Earth.
A) economic growth B) zero-waste C) negative effects D) work experience
- Nabeela is very interested in shapes, lines and angles, she should take lessons.
A) voluntary B) competent C) geometry D) physician
- Petroleum is the main of Saudi Arabia.
A) export B) domestic C) interpret D) keen
- Sami can't deal with new conditions or situations successfully, so he isn't
A) rewarding B) career C) previous D) adaptable
- To gain your employer's confidence, you need to prove that you are a person.
A) mineral B) responsible C) dominate D) arithmetic
- Yazan thinks that having a stable family life is the reason for his
A) successfully B) successful C) succeed D) success
- I have written my curriculum vitae and put my uncle as a
A) achievement B) reserve C) reference D) talent
- Karam has applied for a position in a scientific journal as he has a in Journalism.
A) qualification B) qualifying C) qualified D) qualify

10. The fields in our country tomatoes and potatoes in large quantities.
A) production B) produce C) productive D) productively
11. Rakan has just read a of a novel by a Russian author.
A) translation B) compromise C) rewarding D) interpreter
12. The stars and planets are things that study.
A) mathematicians B) chemists C) astronomers D) physicians
13. Salma regrets being late for the English class yesterday. If only she earlier.
A) didn't arrive B) had arrived C) arrives D) hasn't arrived
14. I want to go out this afternoon, but I don't feel well. If only I a headache.
A) don't have B) didn't have C) doesn't have D) hasn't had
15. The driver lost his way because he didn't have the directions. I wish he someone.
A) had asked B) asked C) have asked D) asks
16. It is Mariam al-Fihri supervised the building of the Andalus Mosque.
A) who B) where C) which D) when
17. The language is spoken in many countries in the Middle East is Arabic.
A) who B) where C) when D) which
18. In my city, there is a national park people meet and enjoy the nature.
A) who B) where C) that D) when
19. you water the plants, they will die.
A) When B) As long as C) Unless D) If
20. If I were in Amman in November, I able to visit the National Olive Festival.
A) would be B) be C) will be D) are
21. Saba could have typed the report if she a laptop.
A) had B) has C) had had D) have
22. If our team had prepared well for the match, they the game.
A) hadn't lost B) wouldn't have lost C) won't lose D) didn't lose
23. Omar the marathon if he had exercised hard.
A) won B) will win C) wins D) might have won
24. I didn't answer the interview questions well. I wish I more.
A) have practised B) had practised C) practises D) practised
25. If you heat ice, it
A) melt B) melted C) had melted D) melts

26. Jordan was given an award in health tourism in 2014 CE.

The sentence which emphasises the underlined words is

- A) It was Jordan that was given an award in health tourism in 2014 CE.
- B) The country which was given an award in health tourism in 2014 CE was Jordan.
- C) The year when Jordan was given an award in health tourism was 2014.
- D) It was an award in health tourism that Jordan was given in 2014 CE.

27. Saleem borrowed a book from the library last week.

The sentence which emphasises the underlined word is

- A) It was a book that Saleem borrowed from the library last week.
- B) It was Saleem that borrowed a book from the library last week.
- C) It was last week that Saleem borrowed a book from the library.
- D) It was from the library that Saleem borrowed a book last week.

28. The industry for potash and phosphate is one of the largest in the world.

- A) extraktion B) ixtraction C) extraction D) extruction

29. Last year we always played basketball after school but I'd rather have played football

- A) , / ! / . B) ; / , / .
- C) , / , / ? D) , / , / .

30. Jabir ibn Hayyan invented ink that can be read in the dark

- A) . B) , C) ? D) !

Question Two: (30 points)

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

The Arab world has many famous chemists in its history, but the person who is known as the founder of chemistry is probably Jabir ibn Hayyan. He is most well known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid. He also built a set of scales which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory: his scales could weigh items over 6,000 times smaller than a kilogram.

Ali ibn Nafi' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of his beautiful voice). He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad, and it was his talent for music that led him to Cordoba in the ninth century CE. He was the guest of the Umayyad ruler there. He is the person who established the first music school in the world in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, teaching musical harmony and composition. He revolutionised musical theory, and is also the person who introduced the oud to Europe.

Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer – a true polymath. He made ground-breaking discoveries in many of these fields, but it is probably his work in arithmetic and geometry that has made him most famous.

1. The text states some important achievements that Ali ibn Nafi' made in music. Write down two of these achievements. (6 points)
2. There are two subjects that have made Al-Kindi a famous person. Write them down. (4 points)
3. What does the underlined pronoun "He" refer to? (4 points)

4. What is the importance of ibn Hayyan's set of scales? (6 points)
5. Why is Ali ibn Nafi' also known as 'Ziryab'? (4 points)
6. Write down the sentence which shows that Al-Kindi was a polymath. (6 points)

Question Three: (30 points)

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

My name is Fatima Musa and I have worked as an interpreter for five years. At school I was very good at English. Therefore, I decided on a career as an interpreter.

My job now involves going to important conferences and seminars around the world. When a person speaks in English at a conference, I listen to what they say through headphones. I then translate into Arabic while the speaker is talking. I give the translation through headphones to other people at the meeting. This means that anyone in the room who speaks Arabic can understand what people are saying.

Is it an easy job? Not at all. English is not the same in all English-speaking countries. As well as knowing regional English, you also need to know a lot of specialist language. Some of the words that are used to talk about business, science or law, for example, make it almost a different language! If you get an interview for a job, you will need to show that you have good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. You will also need to show that you can think quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time.

You will probably need to travel a lot, but that is not a problem as long as you enjoy visiting other countries. It is a very responsible job. I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries. However, you get a huge feeling of satisfaction when you know that people understand everything that you translate.

1. Fatima Musa does two things while translating at a conference. Write them down. (6 points)
2. Why does Fatima Musa decide to be an interpreter? (4 points)
3. There are two things an interpreter needs to know. Write them down. (4 points)
4. What is the effect of bad translation? (6 points)
5. What does Fatima's job involve? (6 points)
6. Find a word in the above text which means "a class on a particular subject, usually given as a form of training". (4 points)

Question Four: (20 points)

Free Writing

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 80 words on ONE of the following:

1. Imagine you had a summer holiday last year which you think it was the best. Write an article mentioning where it was, who you went with, how long it lasted, what you did and saw and why you think it was the best holiday.
2. Some jobs make a person happy and satisfied but might not provide a lot of money. Other jobs leave a person stressed and unhappy but they pay well. Write an article expressing your opinion. Give reasons that support your opinion.

THE END

اجابة امتحان شهادة الدراسة الثانوية العامة لعام 2023

الفروع المهنية/ جيل 2005 ف.ق نموذج (1)

الاستاذ: أحمد عيد الشطي

Question One

1-B), 2-C), 3-C), 4-A), 5-D), 6-B) 7-D), 8-C), 9-C), 10-B), 11-A), 12-C), 13-B), 14-B), 15-A), 16-A), 17-D), 18-B), 19-C), 20-A), 21-C) 22-B), 23-D), 24-B), 25-D) 26-C), 27-B), 28-C), 29-D), 30-A).

Question Two

- 1- He revolutionizedthe oud to Europe.
- 2- His work in arithmetic and geometry.
- 3- Jabir ibn Hayyan
- 4- He also built a set of scales.....than a kilogram.
- 5- Because of his beautiful voice.
- 6- Al-Kindi was a physician.....true polymath.

Question Three

- 1- I listen to what they say through headphones, I then translate into Arabic while the speaker is talking.
- 2- Because at school she was very good at English.
- 3- (A) Knowing regional English, you also need to know a lot of specialist language, (B) you will need to show that you have good listening skills.....voice, (C) you will also need to show that you can think quicklyof time.
- 4- I am aware if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries.
- 5- Her job now involves going to importantthe world.
- 6- Seminars

Question Four

Free Writing

Open answer

انت الذي تقرا كلماتي... لا اعلم في اي بقعة ارضك... لكن اعلم ان الله خلق مع العسر يسرا..... ومع الحزن فرحا... ومع الالم حياة انهض اليوم هذه رساله لقلبك الجميل ابدا من جديد واستعن بالله وافرح وكانك تملك الكون بما فيه... فالله عند ظنك به.... فافراحك قادمه... ابتهج " قل لاحلامك المستحيله. وكان الله على كل شيء مقتدرا..... وقل لامنياتك التي طال انتظارها" "يات بها الله ان الله لطيف خبير" واذا ضاعت فرصه واحترق قلبك عليها... اطفئ لهيبها بهذه الآيه " عسى ربنا ان يبدلنا خيرا منها" صدق الله العظيم.مع تمنياتي للجميع بالتوفيق والنجاح احبتي. للتواصل معي لاي غرض كان بإمكانكم التواصل من خلال جميع الحسابات التي تم ذكرها في غلاف الدوسية...

أ. محمد عيد الشطي

**English
Language**

