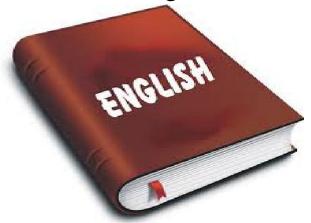
مراجعة نهائية- مقترح



2016

Level 3

المنهاج الجديد

ساگد دهیمس





م3- خاص جدا

, توجيهي **ـــائد**

النصوص المقترحة-ليلة الامتحان! الترتيب وفقا للاهمية.

- 1. Health in Jordan.
- 2. Complementary medicine: is it really a solution?
- 3. Using technology in class.

% لا تتسرع بقراءة السؤال والاجابة عليه! تدّرب جيدا على النمط الوزاري.

<u>تطبيق على</u> السؤال الوزاري الأول

It's normal to feel a bit blue from time to time. However, studies show that negative emotions can harm the body. Anger can also have harmful effects on health. When you **see red**, your blood pressure is raised and you can suffer from headaches, sleep problems and digestive problems. However, what about positive feelings and attitudes? Until recently, scientists had not investigated whether there is a link between positive feelings and good health. Then, in a study that had followed more than 6,000 men and women aged 25 to 74 for 20 years, researchers found that positivity reduced the risk of heart disease. Other factors influencing health included a supportive network of family and friends, and an optimistic outlook on life.

A. Question Number one (20 points)

- 1. What are the possible effects of anger and stress on someone's health?
- 2. Find in the text 'synonym' of the underlined colour idiom.
- 3. What does the underlined word refer to?
- 4. Quote the sentence which tells 'Being positive is healthier'.

In many countries, an increasing number of young people and adults are overweight or even obese. One reason for this is the growing popularity of fast food, which didn't use to be as common as it is now. Another big factor is lack of exercise. People would often walk to school or work, but these days many more of us drive. Modern technology has also played its part; we spend more and more time focusing on computer screens. Before the Internet was invented, nobody had dreamt of online shopping, but now we can buy almost anything without leaving the sofa.

- 5. According to the text, there are many reasons of adult's overweight. Mention two of them.
- 6. How can modern technology cause obesity?
- 7. What is obesity?

B. Critical Thinking!

1. Lately, scientists have found that there is a strong link between happiness and health condition. Is this right? Justifying your answer?





م3- خاص جدا

توجیهی **ـــائد**

C. Literature Spot:

1) Read the following quotation from "The old man and the sea" by Ernest Hemingway's story, and then in your Answer Booklet answer the questions that follow.

"As night falls, he wraps the fishing line around himself, and goes to sleep, leaving his left hand on the rope to wake him if the marlin **surfaces**. Soon, the old man is asleep, dreaming of the lions he used to see when he was a boy in Africa."

- a. What does the underlined word mean?
- b. According to Santiago's dream, what do lions signify/symbolise for?
- 2) Read the following verses from "I remember, I remember by Thomas Hood 's poem and then answer the questions that follow with reference to the poem:

"I remember, I remember,
The roses, red and white,
The vi'lets, and the lily-cups,
Those flowers made of light!
The lilacs where the robin built,
And where my brother set
The laburnum on his birthday,—
The tree is living yet!"

بالرجوع للقصيدة (في ضوء دراستك للقصيدة)

- a. The poet expresses amazement that a tree is still living, many years after it was planted. What does this tell us about the poet's views of our relationship with nature?
- 3) Read the following quotation from "All the world's stages" by William Shakespeare carefully, and then in your Answer Booklet answer the questions that follow with reference to the poem.

Mewling and puking in the nurse's arms. Then the whining schoolboy, with his satchel And shining morning face, creeping like snail Unwillingly to school....

- a. Which simile does the playwright use to describe the schoolboy as he walks to school?
- b. The poet describes the soldier's life. Which word refers to a weapon used by soldiers?





م3- خاص جدا

ـ توجيهي ــــ**ـائد**

تطبيق على السؤال الوزاري الثاني

A. Complete the following sentences with the suitable words derived from the words in the box below. There are more words than you need. Write the answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (4 points)

يعتمد حل هذا السؤال (ويكون عادة! الفرع الاول من السؤال الوزاري الثاني) على حفظ المفردات بالاضافة لقواعد الاشتقاق! حاول ترجمة السؤال ولا نتسرع .

	adj. n.	
1. They used to have to consult		who was likely
not to have a medical degree. (•	
S. V3 2. Caroline has	O. the coffee. (decline)	
3. Children usually enjoy	, never mind	d if it is of any use. (create)
4. The combination is hard to	at fi	irst. (harmonise)
5. Fatima al-Fihri was born in the		entury. (nine)
6. Scholars have discovered an	document from t	he twelfth century. (origin)
7. My father bought our house w	rith an fro	m his grandfather. (inherit)
8. Have you seen Nasser's	of postcards? H	e's got hundreds! (collect)
	decorate our flat. (attractive	
10. The	of oil made some countrie	es rich. (discover)
	m those given in the box to com	
sentences and write it down in y		(8 points)
	e friendly neutral Pedestrian	
	·	8, 1
2 'Green' projects are environme		
3 Wind are a	n example of	energy.
4 If a city recycles everything and	I doesn't throw anything away, it i	s zero
5 We burn carbon whenever we	use oil, coal or gas. This is known a	as our carbon





المراجعة النهائية (80005/52 المراجعة النهائية ا
الســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
7 A place where no cars are allowed is a carzone, and it isfriendly.
polymath transparent prosthetic ailments transport arthritis 1. Somecan be treated effectively with homoeopathy remedies.
2. The wordmeans: someone who has a lot of knowledge about different subjects.
3. You cannot treatby using the complementary medicine.
4. Electric, driverless cars will be used as publicin Masdar City.
websites floppy disk programmes whiteboard Internet Many classrooms now use a (1)as a computer screen. As a consequence,
teachers can show (2) on the board in front of the class. Teachers can
then use the (3) to show educational (4), play educational
games, music, recordings of languages, and so on.
C. Complete the table with the exact phonetic description according to the IPA. (2 points)
Word Phonetic description

Word	Phonetic description
	/ˈprəugræm/
Healthy	

تطبيق على السؤال الوزاري الثالث

Question Number Three (13)

- A. Write a new sentence which defines the following statements including the suitable relative pronoun such as who/ where / whose, etc. in your answers. Write answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (4 Points)
- 1. I talked to the girl. Her car had broken down in front of the shop.
- 2. The children, shouted in the street, are not from our school.
- 3. Thank you very much for your e-mail. it was very interesting.
- 4. The man, his father is a professor, forgot his umbrella.





م3- حاص حدا

ـــــــــــ توجیهی ـــــ**ائد**

B. Correct the verb between brackets. (5 points)
1youyet? (finish)
2- Did youthe film last night? (enjoy)
3- They basketball since 2010. (be, play)
4- They will have been working all day so I (cook)
5- I the house when she called. (clean)
6- Are you planning shopping tomorrow? (go)
7- Where have you been? I for ages. (wait)
8- Our grandmother used us stories at bedtime. (tell)
9- Will it stillthis evening? (snow)
10- Before she went to the library, Huda her mother to prepare lunch. (help)
C. Rewrite a new sentence keeping the same meaning. (4 points)
1. Sarah prepared herself well, and then she went to the party. (after)
Sarah
2. It was January. I did the first Tawjihi exam. (that)
It was
3. The English teacher took our class to the museum on Wednesday.
The place
It was
The museum
4. "Yesterday I bought all the ingredients for a chocolate cake."
Huda told me
5. "I really enjoyed the book that I finished this morning."
Tareq said
6. "My favourite subject this year is Chemistry."
Hussein told me
7. I just got glasses this week, and I'm not (wear) them yet, so
I'm still having difficulty.
8. Next month, we (live) in this house for a year. Let's celebrate!
9. Next Monday, I (work) in my new job.
10(do) all your homework by eight o'clock?
10(do) all your homework by eight o'clock? 11. It's three o'clock now, so Miriam's flight(arrive) at Queen Alia
International Airport.
12 you (meet) us at the library this afternoon?
13. You can borrow this book tomorrow. I (finish) it by then.





م3- خاص جدا

توجیهی **ـــائد**

Study the following sentences and answer the questions that follow. مهم

(2 points)

The sofa will tell you when to get some exercise.

What is <u>the function of using the structure will</u> in the above sentence? Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

In 1943 CE, the chairman of a 'business machines' company (1) (sa	ay)
that the world only (2) (need) two or three computers. He	
(3) (be) wrong! Since then, there (4) (be) a	
technological revolution. These days, millions of families (5) (have	e) at
least one computer at home, and many people (6) (carry)	
smartphones and tablets with them everywhere. A few people even	
(7) (wear) them – either on their wrists, round their necks or on	
their belts. There's even more: experts say that one day soon we	
(8) (attach) them to our skin!	

Question Number Five (15 points)

A. EDITING (4 points)

خطأ فواعدي

خطأ أملائي

Edit the following text which has grammar mistakes, spelling mistakes, articles mistakes, punctuation mistakes and British-American differences mistakes. Note that the text is written in British English.

ibn Rushd was an famous Islamic poliymath who was born in Cordoba, al-Andalus, in a twelfth century. during his lifetime, he was widely known and respected for his teaching and his books. Even now, nearly nine hundred years after his birth, he is still remembered as a great scholar, scientist and writer. In fact, he is even remembered in space because scientists named an asteroid (that's a rock which orbits the sun) after him, in honor of his great contributions to astronomy.





ـ توجيهي ـــائد م3- خاص جدا



كلمات المستوى الثالث لسؤال تصحيح الاخطاء

	English word	عربي		English word	عربي
1	access	يصل	45	wind	ریاح
2	blog	مدونة	46	gas	غاز
3	calculation	عملية حسابية	47	coal	فحم
4	computer chip	رقاقة حاسوب	48	paper	ورق
5	email exchange	تبادل ايميلات	49	invention	اختراع
6	Filter	تصفية	50	energy	طاقة
7	floppy disk	قرص مرن	51	grateful	ممتن
8	identity fraud	انتحال شخصية	52	headlines	عناوين
9	personal computer	حاسوب مكتبي	53	helmet	خوذة
10	Post	ينشر	54	lawyer	محامي
11	privacy setting	اعدادات خصوصية	55	likely	محتمل
12	program	برنامج اذاعي	56	navy	بحري
13	rely on	يعتمد على	57	boil	يغلي
14	smartphone	هاتف ذکي	58	fry	يقلي
15	social media	وسائل تواصل	59	grill	يشوي
16	tablet computer	حاسوب لوحي	60	melt	يذوب
17	User	مستخدم	61	mix	يخلط
18	web building	بناء مواقع	62	roast	يحمّص
19	web hosting	استضافة مواقع	63	season	يتبّل
20	whiteboard	لوح لمسي	64	slice	يقطع لشرائح
21	world wide web	شبكة العنكبوتية	65	sprinkle	یرش 📗
22	skates	حذاء تزلج	66	wake up	يستيقظ
23	Track	حلبة سباق	67	look around	يلقي نظرة
24	rugby	الرغبي	68	get started	يبدا
25	court	ملعب تنس	69	meet up	يتقابل
26	pitch	ملعب كرة قدم	70	settle down	يستقر
27	journalist	صحفي	71	take place	يحدث
28	Clerk	کاتب	72	fossil fuels	وقود أحفوري
29	playwright	کاتب مسرحي	73	Wind	الرياح
30	rink	حلبة تزلج	74	Water	الماء
31	confident	واثق	75	Waves	الأمواج
32	Tense	متوتر	76	wood	الخشب
33	upset	منزعج	77	solar energy	طاقة شمسية
34	worried	قلق	78	laptop	لاب توب
35	poet	شاعر	79	slice	يقطع لشرائح
36 37	Bat	مضرب	80	model	نموذج
38	goggles	نظارات سباحة	81 •2	know about	يعرف عن
38	muscle	عضلات	82 83	connect with	يتواصل مع
39 40	eyelids	جفون		fill in	يملأ
41	heartbeat	نبض القلب	84 85	turn on	يشفّل
41	turn on	يشغّل	85 86	decade	عقد
72	give out	يعطي معلومات	-00	generation	جيل





		اص جدا	,3- خا	ـــــ توجيهي ــــا ئد م	l
43	invent	يخترع	87	share	يشارك
44	develop	يطوّر	88	compare	يقارن
89	create website	ينشئ	133	life expectancy	متوسط العمر
90	contribute to website	يساهم	134	reputation	شهرة
91	present	يقدّم	135	obese	بدانة
92	monito ['] r	يراقب	136	strenuous	مجهد
93	find out	يستطلع	137	apparatus	جهاز / الة
94	give a talk	يخطب بالناس	138	appendage	طرف
95	talk to	يتحدث مع	139	artificial	صناعي
96	show photo	ىبدي رأيه	140	bionic	حيوي
97	send	يرسل	141	cancerous	سرطاني
98	acupuncture	الوخز بالإبر	142	career	مهنة
99	ailment	المرض	143	coma	غيبوبة
100	allergy	الحساسية	144	drug	عقار
101	arthritis	إلتهاب مفاصل	145	cross	غضب
102	herbal remedy	العلاج عشبي	146	decline	ينخفض
103	homoeopathy	الطبّ البديلِ	147	expansion	توسع
104	immunisation	التلقيح	148	education	تعليم
105	malaria	الملاريا	149	home	منزل
106	migraine	صداع الشقيقة	150	implant	زراعة خلايا
107	antibody	اجسام مضادة	151	limb	طرف
108	complementary	طب بدیل	152	medical trial	تجربة طبية
109	conventional	تقليدي	153	outpatient	مراجع
110	sceptical	متشكك	154	paediatric	اطفال
111	viable	حيوي	155	pills / tablets	اقراص علاج
112	commitment	التزام	156	practitioner	متمرس
113	cope with	یتعامل مع	157	prosthetic	صناعي
114	dementia	زهایمر /	158	publicise	ينشر
115	option	خیار	159	radiotherapy	علاج اشعة
116	feel blue	يشعر بالحزن	160	raise	يتساءل
117	focus on	يرڱز علي	161	scanner	مسح ضوئي
118	optimistic	متفائل	162	side effect	اثار جانبية
119	bounce back	یسترّد نشاطه	163	sponsor (v)	يموّل
120	see red	يغضب	164	stroke	جلطة
121	setback	إنتكس	165	symptom	اعراض
122	red-handed	مشغول ب	166	transport	نقل
123	white elephant	عديم النفع	167	ward	جناج
124	out of the blue	فجأة	168	risk	يخاطر
125	give green light	يوافق / يسمح	169	inspire	يلهم
126 127	sanitation	تصريف المياه	170 171	seat belt	حزام امان
128	dental	متعلق بالأسنان	171	confidence	ثقة
129	mortality	وفيات		tiny	صغير
130	work force	قوی عاملة		water proof	ضد الماء
131	cope with	یتعامل مع		-proof	ضد
132	focus on	یرکز علی		device	جهاز ا
102	healthcare	عناية صحية		algebra	الجبر





		اص جدا		ـــــ توجيهي ــــا ند	
177	arithmetic	حساب	221	textiles	منسوجات
178	breath-taking	رائع	222	translation	ترجمة
179	catch attention	يجذب انتباه	223	underline	يؤكد على
180	get an idea	حصل على فكرة	224	vary	يختلف
181	take interest	يهتم	225	visual arts	فن بصري
182	spend time	يمضي الوقت	226	windmill	طاحونة هواء
183	attend	يداوم	227	zero-waste	صفر نفایات
184	tablets	اقراص	228	economic growth	نمو اقتصادي
185	pay for	يموّل	229	biological waste	نفايات حيوية
186	ceramics	السيراميك	230	urban planning	تطوير حضري
187	composition	مقطوعة	231	carbon neutral	محايد للكربون
188	conservatory	معهر	232	carbon footprint	اثر الكربون
189	craftsman	صاحب حرفة	233	pedestrian friendly	مناسبة للمشاة
190	criticise	ينتقد	234	negative effects	اثار سلبية
191	demonstration	يشرح	235	car free zone	منطقة بلا سيارات
192	desalination	تحلية المياه	236	megaproject	مشروع ضخم
193	fountain pen	قلم الحبر	237	minaret	منارة
194	furnishings	الأثاث	238	musical harmony	عزف
195	geometry	هندسة	239	outweigh	يفوق
196	glassblowing	نفخ زجاج	240	pedestrian	مشاة
197	grid	شبكة	241	performing arts	فن ادائي
198	ground-breaking	جديد	242	philosopher	فيلسوف
199	hanging	معلقات جدارية	243	physician	طبييب
200	inheritance	الميراث	244	polymath	علاَّمة
201	inoculation	التلقيح	245	qualify	مؤهل \
202	installation	معرض فني	246	restore	يستعيد
203	irrigate	يسقي	247	revolutionise	يحدث ثورة
204	lifelike	حي	248	sand artist	فنان رملي
205	mathematician	عالم رياضيات	249	showcase	يعرض
206		مشروع ضخم	250	sustainability	استمرارية







<u>توجیهی ـــاند</u> م3- خاص جدا

B. GUIDED WRITING (4 points)

Read the information below, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET, write two sentences about المطلوب من السؤال Use the appropriate linking words.

عليك ان تكتب جملتين منفصلتين او فقرة تتكون من عبارتين.

في حال طلب منك كتابة سيرة غيرية biography يجب كتابة فقرة واحدة من عبارتين.

Name: Ali Bin Nafi'

Date of Birth: Iraq, 789 CE. Date of Death: Spain, 857 CE.

Occupation: gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad. Achievements: established the first music school in the world. the person who introduced the oud to Europe.

Name: Jabir ibn Hayyan Date of Birth: 722 CE. Date of Death: 815 CE.

Occupation Famous chemist.

Achievements: The founder of chemistry and built a set of scales.

مواضيع مقترحة 2016 C. FREE WRITING: (7points)

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 80 words on ONE of the following:

Write a **report** describing some of the most important medical changes that have affected people's lives recently.

Decisions can be made quickly, or they can be made after careful thought. Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? The decisions that people make quickly are always wrong. Use reasons and specific examples to support your opinion.

In some countries every young person must serve two years of military service. Should we have a similar policy in Jordan? Write an essay stating your position on this issue and supporting it with convincing reasons. Be sure to explain your reasons in detail.

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? Businesses should do anything they can to make a profit. Use specific reasons and examples to support your position.

اعداد المعلم سائد دهيمش www.facebook.com/saed.dhymsh 0792808191



786665752: المراجعة النهائية توجيهي ـــائد م3- خاص جدا



Model Answers: الاجابات النموذجية

- 1. They can raise blood pressure and cause headaches, sleep problems and digestive problems, as well as leading to illnesses such as heart disease.
- 2. Anger.
- 3. The readers.
- 4. "Researchers found that positivity reduced the risk of heart disease."
- 5. Any two: (the growing popularity of fast food, lack of exercise, modern technology and driving).
- 6. Because we spend more and more time focusing on computer screens. Before the Internet was invented, nobody had dreamt of online shopping, but now we can buy almost anything without leaving the sofa.
- جاوب لحالك .7
- 8. Open Answer. I think......and................. becauseand......and......
- 1) a. to come to the top of the ocean or earth.
 - b. lions signify strength.
- 2) a. He is amazed by, and in admiration of, how trees can live so long, whereas people come and go. It's clear, from his fond recollections of flowers (roses, lilies, violets, lilacs) and birds (the robin), that the poet has derived a great deal of pleasure from nature.
- 3) a. creeping like snail
 - b. cannon.

9- attractively	10- discovery
7- inheritance	8- collection
5- ninth	6- original
3- creating	4- harmonise
1- practitioner	2- declined

7 free; 1 power 2 friendly 5 footprint 6 neutral 3 farms; renewable 4 waste pedestrian.

3.arthrities 1. ailments 2.polymath 4.transport 1. whiteboard 2. Websites 3. Internet 4. programmes

1. program

2. /'helθi/

- 1- I talked to the girl whose car had broken down in front of the shop.
- 2- The children, who shouted in the street, are not from our school.
- 3- Thank you very much for your e-mail which was very interesting.
- 4- The man, whose father is a professor, forgot his umbrella.
- 1- Have /finished.
- 2- enjoy.
- 3- have been playing
- 4- will.





5- was cleaning

6- to go

7- have been waiting

8- to tell

9- be snowing

10- had helped

- 1. After Sarah had prepared herself well, she went to the party/ or Sarah went to the party after she had prepared herself well.
- 2. It was January that I did the first Tawjihi exam.
- 3. The place where the teacher took our class on Wednesday was the museum.

It was the museum that the English teacher took our class to on Wednesday.

The museum was the place where The English teacher too our class to on Wednesday.

- 4. that she had bought all the ingredients for a chocolate cake the day before
- 5. that he had really enjoyed the book that he had finished that morning
- 6. that his favourite subject that year was Chemistry
- 7. used to wearing
- 8. Next month, we will have lived in this house for a year. Let's celebrate!
- 9. Next Monday, I will be working in my new job.
- 10. Will you have done all your homework by eight o'clock?
- 11. It's three o'clock now, so Miriam's flight will have arrived at Queen Alia International Airport.
- 12. Will you be meeting us at the library this afternoon?
- 13. You can borrow this book tomorrow. I'll have finished it by then.

Language Function: predictions without evidence.

1 said 2 needed 3 was 4 has been 5 have 6 carry 7 wear 8 will attach

<u> الكتابة الموجهة :Suggested Answers</u>

Ali ibn Nafi' was born in Iraq in 789 CE and died in Spain in 857 CE. He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad. Also, he established the first music school in the world and was the person who introduced the oud to Europe.

Jabir Ibn Hayyan was born in 722 CE and died in 815 CE. He was a famous chemist. Also, he was the founder of chemistry and built a set of scales.

