





THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN-MINISTRY OF EDUCATION GENERAL ENGLISH

الدورة الصيفية / المستوى الرابع

DATE: Saturday 14st of July 2018

TIME: 1 HOUR AND A HALF

ملحوظات: (١) أجب عن جميع أسئلة هذه الورقة.(٢) للمتقدمين لُجميع الفروع الْأكاديمية والمهنية.

(٣) عدد صفحات هذا الامتحان (٤) صفحات و عدد الأسئلة (٥).

Read the following text carefully, then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answer should be based on the text.

Sociologists have been looking into this question for hundreds of years. **They** have now begun to look at not just how people talk, but also how they think; asking whether the way we understand and remember experiences is influenced by language. As a result of these studies, they have come up with some interesting results.

A lot of research has been carried out on the relationships between mind, world and language. In one study a psychologist points out that when describing an event, English speakers tend to mention the person who was responsible. Whereas English speakers might say, 'John broke the vase', Spanish or Japanese speakers would use a passive form. It is believed that such differences between languages have an effect on how their speakers understand events, and whether someone is blamed for an action or gets away with it.

In another study, speakers of English, Spanish and Japanese were asked to watch videos of two people popping balloons, breaking eggs and spilling drinks, either on purpose or accidentally. Later when asked to recall the videos, the English speakers mentioned the person who did the action. The Spanish and Japanese mentioned the person responsible for intentional events, but left this out when they considered that event to be an accident.

Scientists at Newcastle University, UK, have carried out tests to prove that different cultures also have different ways of seeing colours. They found that in Japanese, for example, there are different words for light blue and dark blue which are not found in English. Native speakers of Japanese, therefore, made a clearer distinction between colours on the spectrum. Is it our language that has affected our way of thinking? Or has a difference in cultural habits affected both our thoughts and our language? Most likely, culture, thought and language have all **happen** together.

Question Number One (20 points)

A.

- 1. To study the effects of language on our thinking, sociologists started to examine two things. What are they?
- 2. According to a lot of research, why do people of different languages describe some events differently?
- 3. Why do Japanese speakers make clearer distinction between colours than English speakers?
- 4. **Replace** the underlined word "happen" in the last paragraph with a correct phrasal verb.
- 5. What does the underlined word "They", in the first paragraph, refer to?
- 6. The article states that language can affect how speakers see the world. Think of the statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.
- 7. **Quote** the sentence that indicates experts have been investigating the relationship between culture and language for a long time.

B. Literature Spot. بقعة ادب (5 points)

Read the following quotation carefully, then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow.

اقرأ النص التالي من قصة "حول العالم في ثمانين يوما" بعناية،ثم أجب عن الأسئلةفي الأسفل. "Not at all, but I knew that some obstacle or other would sooner or later arise on my route. Nothing, therefore, is lost. I have two gained days to sacrifice. A <u>steamer</u> leaves Calcutta for Hong Kong at noon, on the 25th. This is the 22nd, and we shall reach Calcutta in time.'

- 1. How does Mr Fogg react to the situation when he knows the railway line isn't complete?
- 2. What does the underlined word "steamer" mean?

Question Number Two (15 point)

A. Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There are more words than you need. Write down the answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (8 points).

اختر الكلمة المناسبة وضعها في الفراغ المناسب.هناك كلمات اكثر مما تحتاج إليه. cause, voluntary, get over, have a head for, enroll

- 1. Marwan doesn't.....music. He can never become a great musician.
- 2. I'm so sorry. I didn't mean to..... offence when I asked you about it.
- 3. I want to become a lawyer, so I need toin Faculty of Law at university.
- 4. It took a long time tomy illness. I couldn't go to school all that time.
- B. Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows. Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (3 points)

درس الحملة الاتبةثم أجب عن السؤال الذي بليها .أكتب الحواب في دفتر الإجابة.

1. Majid is too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think that she will <u>lose her confidence at the last minute.</u>

Replace the underlined phrase with the correct body idiom.

استبدل العبارة التي تحتها خط بمصطلح جسم صحيح.

2. Since I don't have any juice, I will **omit** it from making the cake.

Replace the underlined verb with the suitable phrasal verb.

استبدل الفعل الذي تحته خط بفعل مركب مناسب.

C. Choose the correct form of the word from those given in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

أكمل الجمل الاتية باستعمال الاشتقاق الصحيح للكلمة التي بين الأقواس.

1. The statements of the new witness.....what other witnesses said.

(contradict, contradiction, contradictional)

- 2. Because my uncle has lived in France for a long time, he can speak French......(fluency, fluent, fluently)
- 4. Schools must...... youngsters about the dangers of drugs and alcohol. (educationally, educate, educational)

Question Number Three (12 point)		
A. Correct the verb between brackets. صحح الفعل بين الأقواس		
1. The old man is to have a lot of money. (believe)		
2. Herbs are thought to many diseases. (cure)		
3. I wish I how to improve my English. I have Tawjihi exams next month. (know)		
4. I felt sorry that Ahmad made an accident. If only he fast. (not, drive)		
B. Complete each of the following items so that the new item has a similar		
meaning to the one before it, and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.		
أكمل الجمل الاتية بحيث تكون الجملة نفس معنى التي قبلها ،واكتبها في دفتر الإجابة.		
1. People say that this kind of oil is the best in the country.		
This kind of oil		
2. Are the workers going on strike?		
Could you tell me?		
3. Noor should have consulted a doctor before taking that medicine.		
Noor wishes		
Question Number Four (8 point)		
Question Number Four (8 point)		
A. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the		
following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.		
اختر من بين الاقواس المفردة الصحيحة من تلك التي بين الاقواس لاكمال الجمل		
1. Do you know possible to improve your memory?		
(it is, is it, if it is, if is it)		
2. Do mind me what I must study a week before exams? (tell, tells, told, telling)		
3. Do you mindme to plan my revision?		
(if you can help, if you help, helping)		
4. Fish is said good for the brain.		
(is, be, to be, being)		
5. It that we only use a small percentage of our brain power.		
(is thought, thought, thinks, is thinking)		
6. Solving puzzles is believed the brain active.		
(keeps, kept, to keep, keeping)		
if it is telling helping to be is thought to keep		
B. Read the following situations and complete the sentences with the third		
conditional, using the word in brackets. Write the answer down in your		
ANSWER BOOKLET.		
اقرأ المواقف الاتية وأكمل الجمل باستعمال جمل الشرط من النوع الثالث،واستعمل الكلمات التي بين الأقواس.		
1. Raheel wasn't listening , so she didn't understand me well. (could)		
2. Because Rana didn't know about my situation, she didn't help me. (might)		
3. We were late, so we missed the bus. (would, not)		
C. Study the following sentences and answer the question that follows.		
ادرس الجمل الاتية ثم أجب عن السؤال الذي يلي:		
1. My uncle is a very genius man. He always comes out with new ideas.		
What is the function of using the pronoun "He "in the above sentence?		
ماهي الوظيفة لاستعمال الضمير "He"في الحملة في الأعلى؟		

Question Number Five (15points) EDITING 4) التحرير points)

A. Imagine you are an editor in the Jordan Times. You are asked to edit the following lines that have four mistakes. (one grammar mistake, one punctuation mistake and two spelling mistakes). Find out these four mistakes and correct them. Write the correct answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. فمرر في حريدة الجوردان تايمز طلب منك أن تحرر الأسطر الاتية والتي تحتوي على أربعة أخطاء (خطأ واحد قواعد، وخطأفي علامات الترقيم وخطأين في الإملاء) حدالأخطاء الأربعة وصححها .اكتب الإحابات الصحيحة في دفتر الإحابة.

Economics or Business Studies is very useful subjects for a degree in Business Management and so is ICT. Other good choices are History, and of course any foriegn languages will help you a lot in business one day. If you are unable to use Maths as needed: you might not ashieve everything you want to in business. Maybe you should get some outside tuition for Maths?

B- GUIDED WRITING:(4 points)

Read the information in the table below, and write two sentences comparing and contrasting number of users of electronic devices in your school.

قرأ المعلومات الواردة في الجدُول في الأسفل ،واكتب جملتين تقارن فيهما أعداد مستَّعملي الأجهزة الالكترونية.

Name of device	Number of users
PC (personal computer)	14
Laptop	19
Smartphone	75
Tablet	19

C. FREE WRITING: (7 points) In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 80 words on ONE of the following.

- 1. Nowadays, the population of Jordan increased from approximately 2.3 million in 1980 CE to about 6.5 million in 2010 CE..' write an argumentative essay about how do you think this increase in population will affect Jordan's education?
- **2.** Today, technology is just a tool. In terms of getting the kids working together and motivating them, the teacher is the most important.. Write a three-paragraph essay of 200 words discussing the advantages and disadvantages of using the Internet in learning.
- **3**. Your friend in Egypt has asked you to help with a project about business in Jordan. Write a letter of about 80 words telling him or her about the country's artistic and cultural heritage

Question Number One

Α

- 1. a) how people talk, b) how they think
- 2. It is believed that such differences between languages have an effect on how their speakers understand events, and whether someone is blamed for an action or gets away with it.
- 3. Because there are different words for light blue and dark blue in Japanese which are not found in English.
- 4. Come about
- 5. Sociologists
- 6. I think that each language is affected by the culture of its speakers. So bilingual people need to adapt to the rules of each language and think about the situations in which they use a certain language.
- 7. Sociologists have been looking into this question for hundreds of years.
- **B**1. He is very calm and confident and doesn't show any anger.
- 2. a ship powered by steam.

Question Number Two

A1.have a head for: 2. Cause (offence): 3. enroll: 4. get over:

B1. Get cold feet. 2. Leave it out

C1. contradict 2. Fluently 3.Optional 4.educate

Question Number Three

A1.believed(impersonal passive) 2. cure(impersonal passive) 3. knew (تمني المضارع) 4. hadn't driven (تمني ماضي)

- **B** 1. This kind of oil is said to be the best in the country.
- 2. Could you tell me if the workers are going on strike?
- 3. Noor wishes she had consulted a doctor before taking that medicine.

Question Number four

A if it is/ telling/ helping/ to be/ is thought / to keep

- **B** 1. If Raheel had been listening, she could have understood me.
 - 2. If Rana had known about my situation, she might have helped me.
 - 3. If we hadn't been late, wouldn't have missed the bus.

C to link ideas: لربط الأفكار

Question Number four

A1.are 2. foreign 3. needed, you might 4. achieve

B This table shows the number of users of electronic devices in my school. Smartphones are the most used electronic device, while Pc (personal computer) is the least used device. Using laptop is more popular than using PC (personal computer), but there are as many students using Laptop as Tablet.

هذا الجدول يوضح أعداد مستعملي الأجهزة الالكترونية في مدرستي .التلفونات الذكية هي أكثرالأجهزة الالكترونية المستعملة،بينما الكمبيوتر الشخصي هو الجهاز الأقل استعمالا.