

اجابات امتحان الرياضيات

العلمي المستوى الرابع

صيفيه ٢٠١٨

١) جد التكاملات الآتية

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{x} \sqrt{7-x^2} + \frac{1}{x}}{7-x^2} dx$$

١)  $\int \frac{7-x^2 + \frac{1}{x}}{7-x^2} dx$

$$\frac{C}{1+x} + \frac{P}{1-x} = \frac{1-x}{1-x^2}$$

$$(1-x)C + (1+x)P = 1-x$$

$$C - xC + P + xP = 1-x$$

$$\frac{C+P}{1} = 1$$

$$C+P = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{1} = P$$

$$\int \frac{1-x}{1-x^2} dx = \int \frac{1-x}{(1-x)(1+x)} dx = \int \frac{1}{1+x} dx = \ln|1+x| + C$$

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x} dx + \int \frac{1}{1-x} dx = \ln|1+x| - \ln|1-x| + C$$

$$\ln|1+x| - \ln|1-x| + C$$

٢) جد الجذر

٧٩.١٥١٦٢

٢)  $\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)} dx$

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)} dx = \int \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{1+x} dx$$

$$\frac{1}{x(1+x)} = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{1+x}$$

$$\frac{1}{x(1+x)} = \frac{A(1+x) + Bx}{x(1+x)}$$

$$1 = A(1+x) + Bx$$

سے (ب) (ا) ج

(c) P

(د) ج

$$\text{سے (P)} \left( 1 + \left[ \text{جٹاں } (c-1)(c-1) \text{ جٹاں} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \text{ دس}$$

$$\left[ \text{جٹاں } (2+2+2 \text{ جٹاں}) \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ دس}$$

$\begin{aligned} \text{جٹاں} &= \infty \\ \frac{\text{دس}}{\text{جٹاں}} &= \frac{\infty}{\infty} \\ \left[ \frac{\infty}{\infty} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} & \end{aligned}$	$\left[ \text{جٹاں } c \text{ جٹاں } \text{جٹاں} \text{ دس} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$
---	--

$$\left[ \frac{\infty}{\infty} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\infty}{9} \left[ \frac{c \text{ جٹاں } c \text{ جٹاں } c \text{ جٹاں}}{9} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{c \text{ جٹاں } c \text{ جٹاں } c \text{ جٹاں}}{9} \left( \frac{1}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

مجموعہ الجزار  
۰۷۹.۱۵۵۱۶۲

$\begin{aligned} \frac{\infty}{\infty} &= \frac{\infty}{\infty} \\ \frac{\infty}{3} + \frac{\infty}{3} + \frac{\infty}{3} &= \frac{\infty}{3} \\ \frac{\infty}{3} + 1 &= \frac{\infty}{3} \end{aligned}$	$\frac{1 + \frac{\infty}{\infty}}{\infty + \frac{\infty}{\infty}} = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$ $\left[ \frac{1 + \frac{\infty}{\infty}}{\infty + \frac{\infty}{\infty}} \right] = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$ $\left[ \frac{1 + \frac{\infty}{\infty}}{\infty + \frac{\infty}{\infty}} \right] = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$ $\frac{\infty}{\infty} + 1 = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$
--	--

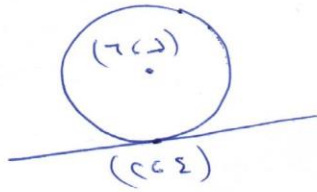
$$\frac{\infty}{\infty} + 1 = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$$

$$\frac{\infty}{\infty} + 1 = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$$

□



س٤ (١)



مركز الدائرة =  $(7, 2)$

نقطة التماس =  $(2, 2)$

$$\frac{(2-7)^2 + (2-2)^2}{2} = r^2$$

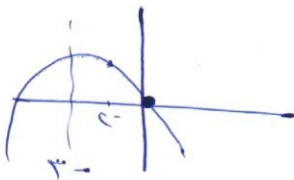
$$\frac{(2-7)^2 + (2-2)^2}{2} = r^2$$

$$\frac{25}{2} = r^2$$

$$\frac{1}{r} = \frac{25}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} = \frac{25}{2}$$

$$r = \frac{2}{25}$$



$$r^2 = (2-7)^2 + (2-2)^2$$

$$\textcircled{1} \leftarrow r^2 = (2-2)^2 + 16$$

المركز  $(7, 2)$

$$\frac{2+16}{2} = r^2$$

$$r^2 = (2-7)^2 + (2-2)^2$$

مجموع الجذور

$$-79.155170$$

$$r^2 = (3+3)^2 = 36 \rightarrow (3, 9)$$

$$\textcircled{1} \leftarrow 9 = 9 \rightarrow (0, 0)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \leftarrow (6-3)^2 = 9 \rightarrow (6, 0)$$

$$\frac{36}{9} = 4 \rightarrow \textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2}$$

$$\frac{36}{4} = 9$$

$$\frac{36}{9} = 4 \rightarrow \frac{36}{4} \times 4 = 36$$

$$(3+3)^2 = 36$$

[٤]

مجموع الجزاء  
 ٧٩.٣٥٥١٦٢

مسئله (ب) (١) P  
 (٢) D  
 (٣) A

مسئله (د)  $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{القاعدة} \times \text{الارتفاع} = P$

$7 = \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times P$

$14 = 3 \times P$

$\frac{14}{3} = P$

$2 = 3 - P \iff 2 = 3 - \frac{14}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times P &= 7 \\ (3+2) \times \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times P &= (3+2) \times 7 \\ \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times P + \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times P &= 7 + 7 \\ \frac{3P}{2} + \frac{3P}{2} &= 14 \\ 3P + 3P &= 28 \\ 6P &= 28 \\ P &= \frac{28}{6} = \frac{14}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times P &= 7 \\ \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times P &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$1 = \frac{(3-2) \times \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times P}{3} + \frac{(2-1) \times \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times P}{2}$$

$$1 = \frac{3P}{6} + \frac{3P}{4}$$

مسئله (ب) (١) D  
 (٢) A  
 (٣) P

انتهت الاسئلة

□