

!! الملف النهائي للمستوى الرابع منهاج جديد صيفية

!!٢٠١٨

Read the following text carefully, and then answer all the questions that follow the text. Your answers should be based on the text.

Education in Jordan التعليم في الاردن

Our country has a high standard of education. This is mainly due to the fact that the government considers education a necessity. All schools, from kindergarten to secondary, are the responsibility of the Ministry of Education (MOE). Pre-school and kindergarten education is optional, followed by ten years of free, compulsory education. For higher education, students enter university, either for academic or vocational courses.

Students can attend one of ten public universities, or one of nineteen private universities. A large number of Jordanian students choose to study at these institutions, as well as foreign students from all over the world. These are undergraduates studying for a first degree, or postgraduates studying for a Master's degree, a PhD or a higher diploma.

The three universities with the most undergraduates are the University of Jordan in Amman, Yarmouk University in Irbid and Al Balqa Applied University in Salt. These are all public universities. An example of a newer university is the German-Jordanian University in Amman, which was set up in 2005 CE. It is a collaboration between the MOHE and Germany's Federal Ministry of Education and Research, and it follows Germany's model of education in Applied Sciences.

For students who wish to complete **their** university studies while working at the same time, it is also possible in some Jordanian universities to enrol onto online distance learning programmes. In the future, this option will become available in many other universities.

Questions الاسئلة

1- Jordan has a high standard of education for one reason. Write it down.

This is mainly due to the fact that the government considers education a necessity.

2- Students enter university for many kind of courses. Write down two of these courses.

for academic or vocational courses.

3- In addition to a Bachelor degree, students can attend three postgraduate degrees. Write down these three degrees.

a Master's degree, a PhD or a higher diploma.

4- There are three public universities with the most undergraduates. Write down two of these universities.

The University of Jordan in Amman, Yarmouk University in Irbid and Al Balqa Applied University in Salt.

5- Give an example of a newer university which was set up in 2005 CE.

The German-Jordanian University in Amman

6- What model of education does the German-Jordanian University follow?

It follows Germany's model of education in Applied Sciences.

7- Write down the sentence which shows that students can go to either public or private universities.

Students can attend one of ten public universities, or one of nineteen private universities.

8- What does the underlined word their refer to?

students

9- Find a word from the text which means '**someone who has not yet completed their first**'

Undergraduate

10- There are two kinds of optional education. Write them down.

Pre-school and kindergarten education

11- Find a word in the text which means '**join a school, university or course.**'

enrol

12- Some people argue that taking care of education in Jordan improves the future of Jordanians. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

I think education is the future of Jordan because Jordan has less natural resources. Also, educated Jordanians bring hard currency to the country when they work abroad.

13- The German-Jordanian University in Amman is collaboration between two sectors. Write down these two sectors.

the MOHE and Germany's Federal Ministry of Education and Research

Best wishes

Teacher: Emad sawalha

After school ... بعد المدرسة

In England, almost 50% of school leavers go on to higher education. The figure has not always been as high as this. Twenty years ago, it was closer to 30%, and thirty years before that, it was only about 5%. Another huge change has been financial. Before 1998 CE, higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens. Since then, tuition fees have been introduced. Most students borrow this money from the government. They don't have to repay it immediately. Instead, they pay it back slowly out of future earnings.

Despite the high cost, most students choose to study away from home. A recent survey of 17,000 students revealed that only 7% wanted to stay at home while they studied for their degree. Of course for most young people, living away from home means borrowing even more money from the government. So why don't students choose to avoid debt by staying at home, where they don't have to pay rent? Most of them say that they want to move to the university of their choice, rather than the nearest one. Another strong motive is the desire to live in a new culture. Where do these students live? Many have rooms in halls of residence, especially in their first year; others rent flats or houses. A lucky minority live in property that their parents have bought for them. Most of them need to learn to cook, do their own washing and manage their time and money.

Questions الاسئلة

- 1- What does the underlined word others refer to?
other students
- 2- There are two changes occurred to the educational system in England. Write down these two changes.
a- Almost 50% school leavers go on to higher education b- Another change has been financial.
- 3- Quote the sentence which shows that students are able to afford to leave home.
Most students borrow this money from the government.
- 4- Many students choose to study at a university which is far from home for two reasons. Write these two reasons down.

They want to move to the university of their choice, rather than the nearest one. Another strong motive is the desire to live in a new culture.
5- Students can live in different places while studying. Write down two of these places.

Many have rooms in halls of residence, especially in their first year; others rent flats or houses.

6- Most students who live in private flats need to learn many things. Write down two of these things.

Most of them need to learn to cook, do their own washing and manage their time and money.

7- Find a word from the text which means 'relating to money'.

Financial

8- Find a word from the text which is the opposite of 'majority'.

Minority

9- Quote the sentence which indicates that half of English students join universities.

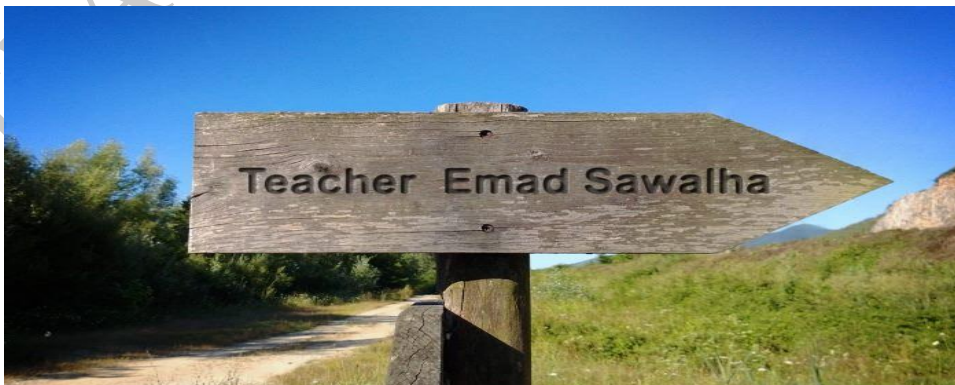
In England, almost 50% of school leavers go on to higher education.

- Critical Thinking:

The students of UK suggested that living in another culture is so helpful for them. Do you think that is correct? Suggest other three useful things you will achieve by leaving home and studying in another university which is far from your home.

Yes, I think living in another culture is a very helpful thing. It also helps students learn how to depend on themselves, cook and do the house up.

قطرة المطر تحفر في الصخر، ليس بالعنف و لكن بالتكرار



The time we spend at school الوقت الذي نمضيه في المدرسة

A few years ago, as many as 1,000 schools across the USA started making school years longer by adding up to ten extra days to the school year or by making each school day longer by half an hour.

This was because it was found that secondary school students in the USA and the UK were spending the least time at school, with an average school year of 187 days. The typical Jordanian school year is longer than this. However, none of these are nearly as long as the school year in countries like Japan and South Korea. South Koreans attend school for 220 days per year, and in Japan, the school year numbers 243 days.

According to a study by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), students in Japan, Indonesia and South Korea spend the most time studying in the world. They want to learn as much as they can to ensure excellent exam grades. They go to school for about nine hours, although this includes optional after-school tuition and activities. They also spend about three hours on homework every day, which is three times as much as many other countries. Their high academic achievements do suggest that the longer you study, the better you do in final exams.

In Finland, however, students are usually given less than half an hour of homework per night, and **they** attend school for fewer and shorter days than 85% of other developed nations. Despite this, they achieve top marks in subjects like Maths and Science. In addition, most students also speak at least two, and often three, languages fluently.

The contradictory views of the study suggest that the number and length of school days is not the only factor in determining whether students will succeed at school or not.

Questions الاسئلة

1- What change has recently taken place in some American schools?

They have started making the school year longer.

2- Schools across the USA started making school years longer by two ways.

Write down these two ways.

by adding up to ten extra days to the school year or by making each school day longer by half an hour.

3- There are some schools that spend the most time studying in the world.

Write down two of them.

Japan, Indonesia

4- Schools in Finland can be different from other developed nation. Write down two of these differences.

Students are usually given less than half an hour of homework per night, and they attend school for fewer and shorter days than 85% of other developed nations.

5- Students in Finland achieve top marks in two subjects. Write down these two subjects.

Maths and Science.

6- Quote the sentence which indicates the number of school days in South Korea and Japan.

South Koreans attend school for 220 days per year, and in Japan, the school year numbers 243 days.

7- What does the underlined word **they** refer to?
students

8- Find a word in the text which means “completely different”.
contradictory

Best wishes

Teacher: Emad sawalha

مع تمنياتي لكم بالنجاح والتوفيق

الاستاذ: عماد صوالحة

دروس تقوية في اللغة الانجليزية مع التأسيس

مراجعة شاملة قبل الامتحان توهلك للتفوق والتميز

0780770316

الألقاب ليست سوى وسام للحمقى والرجال العظام ليسوا بحاجة لغير اسمهم

ملاحظة مهمة

لا تركز على قطع متوقعة وتترك باقي القطع بل يجب عليك دراسة جميع القطع المطلوبة في كتاب الطالب وكتاب التمارين.



My job as an interpreter عملي كمتريمة

My name is Fatima Musa and I have worked as an interpreter for five years. Many students have emailed me about my work because **they** want to know what it would be like to do my job. So here is my reply.

I have always been fond of languages. My father worked in many different countries when I was young and we usually travelled with him. When we visited a country, I always wanted to learn the language. At school I was very good at English. Therefore, I decided on a career as an interpreter.

My job now involves going to important conferences and seminars around the world. When a person speaks in English at a conference, I listen to what they say through headphones. I then translate into Arabic while the speaker is talking. I give the translation through headphones to other people at the meeting. This means that anyone in the room who speaks Arabic can understand what people are saying.

Is it an easy job? Not at all. English is not the same in all English-speaking countries. For example, the English words that are used in India are sometimes different to the words that people use in the UK, the USA or Australia. As well as knowing regional English, you also need to know a lot of specialist language. Some of the words that are used to talk about business, science or law, for example, make it almost a different language!

Unless you have a language degree, you will not be able to become an interpreter. Provided that you have a postgraduate qualification, you will probably get a job as an interpreter quite quickly. If you get an interview for a job, you will need to show that you have good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. You will also need to show that you can think quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time. If you are successful, it is a secure and rewarding job. You will probably need to travel a lot, but that is not a problem as long as you enjoy visiting other countries.

It is a very responsible job. I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries.

However, you get a huge feeling of satisfaction when you know that people understand everything that you translate.

Questions الاسئلة

1- The article states many ways that helped Fatima to learn languages when she was young. Write down these ways.

She has always been fond of languages.

Her father worked in many different countries when she was young and she usually travelled with him.

At school she was very good at English.

2- There are many fields (subjects) that specialist language is used in. write down two of these fields (subjects).

Business, science or law

3- There are many things you should show in an interview for the job of an interpreter. Write down two of these things.

1- good listening skills 2- a clear speaking voice

4- Quote the sentence which shows that the job of an interpreter is a good job.

If you are successful, it is a secure and rewarding job.

5- There are two consequences of a bad translation. Write down these two consequences.

It could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries.

6- According to Fatima, What two reasons that make an interpreter's job not easy?

1- English is not the same in all English-speaking countries.

2- The need to know a lot of specialist language

7- Find a word in the text which means 'giving personal satisfaction'.

Rewarding

8- What does the underlined word they refer to?

Many students

9- It is not easy to get a good job these days. Suggest three things you can do to get a good job.

1- learning foreign languages 2- training courses 3- postgraduate studies

10- You need to love your job in order to succeed. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

I think that in order to be successful and creative in your job, you need to love it. Otherwise, you will suffer a lot.

(Do your best, surely you will gain last

لا يحزنك إنك فشلت مادمت تحاول الوقوف على قدميك من جديد

ملاحظة: لا تركز على قطع متوقعة وتترك باقي القطع بل ادرس جميع القطع المطلوبة منك

The relationship between language and culture.

العلاقة بين اللغة والثقافة

Does the language we use influence the way we think?

Or does our culture influence the way we use language?

Sociologists have been looking into this question for hundreds of years.

They have now begun to look at not just how people talk, but also how they think, asking whether the way we understand and remember experiences is influenced by language. As a result of these studies, they have come up with some interesting results.

A lot of research has been **carried out** on the relationships between mind, world and language. In one study, a psychologist points out that when describing an event, English speakers tend to mention the person who was responsible. Whereas English speakers might say, 'John broke the vase', Spanish or Japanese speakers would use a passive form. It is believed that such differences between languages have an effect on how their speakers understand events, and whether someone is blamed for an action or gets away with it.

In another study, speakers of English, Spanish and Japanese were asked to watch videos of two people popping balloons, breaking eggs and spilling drinks, either on purpose or accidentally. Later, when asked to recall the videos, the English speakers mentioned the person who did the action. The Spanish and Japanese mentioned the person responsible for intentional events, but left this out when they considered that event to be an accident.

Scientists at Newcastle University, UK, have carried out tests to prove that different cultures also have different ways of seeing colours. They found that in Japanese, for example, there are different words for light blue and dark blue which are not found in English. Native speakers of Japanese, therefore, made a clearer distinction between colours on the spectrum.

Is it our language that has affected our way of thinking? Or has a difference in cultural habits affected both our thoughts and our language? Most likely, culture, thought and language have all come about together.

Questions: الاسئلة

1- The writer of the article believes that the way in which bilingual people see the world depends on which language they are using. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

The article states that if you are speaking English and are asked about something that has happened, you will answer using the name of the person who caused it. If you speak Japanese or Spanish, if you didn't think the person was to blame, you would answer in the passive. If you speak both languages, you need to adapt to the rules of each language and so you can have different ways of looking at a situation.

2- What does the phrasal verb '**carry out**' in bold in the second paragraph mean?

Complete, do

3- There are two differences between English speakers and Spanish and Japanese speakers. Write down these two differences.

English speakers tend to mention the person who was responsible. Whereas Spanish or Japanese speakers would use a passive form.

4- When didn't Spanish and Japanese speakers mention the person responsible for intentional events?

When they considered that event to be an accident.

5- Who uses the passive more in their language?

The Spanish and the Japanese

6- What does the underlined word they refer to?

Sociologists

7- Language reflects our culture and the way we think. Suggest three ways to protect our language.

1- using our language in our daily life 2- focusing on teaching our language in schools and universities 3- focusing on using our language in the mass media.

8- Some people argue that it is necessary to learn a second language these days. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

I think learning a second language is very important because the world has become a small village. It also makes communication with others very easy.

9- Differences between languages have two effects on their speakers. Write down these two effects.

Differences between languages have an effect on how their speakers understand events, and whether someone is blamed for an action or gets away with it.

10- Speakers of English, Spanish and Japanese were asked to watch videos of two people who did many things. Write down two of these things.

Popping balloons, breaking eggs and spilling drinks

How to revise for exams كيف تراجع الامتحانات

A: Do you know if it's too late to start revising now?

No, it's never too late to start revising! The first thing I would do is to draw up a revision timetable.

B: Do you mind telling me how I should draw up a timetable?

Look at all the subjects you have to do, and work out when you are going to work on each one. It's a good idea to change the order of the subjects in your timetable for each day. Try doing a little English, followed by some Maths, then Biology, and so on. This way, by changing the focus of your revision, you keep your mind fresh.

C: Do you know whether it's best to get up early, or to revise late at night?

The earlier you start in the morning, the more beneficial your revision will be, because that's when you feel most awake and your memory is at its best. I'd also recommend studying for 30-minute periods, and then taking a break. It's been proved that concentration starts to decrease after half an hour, so frequent breaks will help the brain to recover and concentration to return.

D: Could you explain what you mean by frequent breaks?

By a break, I mean any change of activity from studying. It could be something as simple as just getting up from your desk and listening to some music, or walking around for ten minutes.

E: Could you tell me how much exercise I need?

Physical activity is very important, of course, especially when you are studying. Exercise will make a huge difference to the way you feel. The physical activity will increase your heart rate and, in turn, that will increase your blood circulation. **It** also sends more oxygen to the brain, which makes you revise more efficiently!

F: Do you mind giving me some advice about diet?

Nutrition is very important. You should try to eat as much fresh fruit and vegetables as you can. It's essential not to become dehydrated, so drink lots of water.

Questions الاسئلة

1- Revising exams require many things. Write down two of these things.

Look at all the subjects you have to do, and work out when you are going to work on each one.

2- Why should you start your revision earlier in the morning?

Or

There are two benefits of starting revision in the morning. Write them down.

The more beneficial your revision will be, because that's when you feel most awake and your memory is at its best.

3- Frequent breaks while revising can have many benefits. Write down two of these benefits.

This will help the brain to recover and concentration to return.

4- There are many activities you can do as a break while studying. Write down two of these activities.

It could be something as simple as just getting up from your desk and listening to some music, or walking around for ten minutes.

5- Physical activity has many benefits. Write down two of these benefits. The physical activity will increase your heart rate and, in turn, that will increase your blood circulation. It also sends more oxygen to the brain, which makes you revise more efficiently!

6- Quote the sentence which indicates that drinking a lot of water is very important.

It's essential not to become dehydrated, so drink lots of water.

7- What does the underlined word it refer to?

The physical activity

8- Find a word from the text which means **‘the process of getting the right kind of food for good health’**

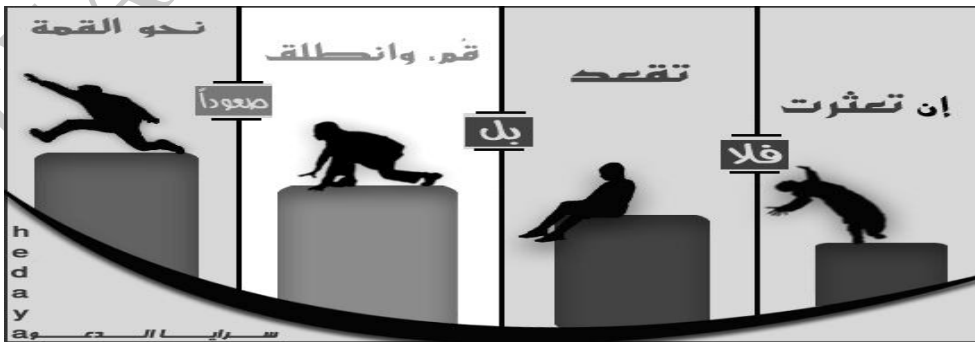
Nutrition

9- The lifestyle we follow affects the way we do things. Think of this statement, and in two sentences write down your point of view.

I think if we have a healthy lifestyle we succeed in doing things.

Otherwise, we might find it difficult to live normally.

10- Nutrition is very important. You should try to eat as much fresh fruit and vegetables as you can. Think of this statement and in two sentences, write down your point of view.



Anita's Blog مذكرات انيتا

Two summers ago, I spent five months studying Arabic at the German-Jordanian University near Madaba. As my father is originally from Jordan, I grew up speaking Arabic as well as German. However, I had never studied Arabic formally, and when the opportunity came up for me to spend a year in Jordan studying Arabic, I didn't hesitate for one moment.

I have relatives in Jordan and they arranged for me to stay with a wonderful family who live just outside Madaba. I was amazed by the number of international students there, who were not only from Germany, but from all over the world. Most of them had studied Arabic to a high level. I'm very familiar with colloquial Arabic, which is what my family speaks and understands. The Arabic class, in Modern Standard Arabic, was challenging, especially the grammar.

Every week, we had to learn a vocabulary list of around 50 words. We covered many topics. Living with a family helped to improve my Arabic-speaking skills because, while all the students heard Arabic in the classroom and streets, I could also practise it at home. I really **put my back into it**, and I earned an A on the course.

What impressed me most about students in Jordan was their behaviour and their attitude to studying. All the students who I met appreciated the importance of their university education and the opportunities it would give them to contribute to their country's prosperity. They also showed extremely positive values. Everybody was honest, and people discussed problems rather than getting angry if **they** disagreed with each other.

As someone who enjoys delicious food, beautiful places and friendly, hospitable people, studying in Jordan was one of the best decisions I have made in my life. I made many new friends. I also improved my Arabic speaking, writing and reading skills. My dream is to be fluent in Arabic one day – and as I intend to return to Jordan as often as I can, I know I'm going to make this dream a reality.

Questions الاسئلة

1- Anita was so willing to go to Jordan to study Arabic for many reasons. Write down two of these reasons.

Her father is Jordanian and she has always spoken Arabic at home, but she had never studied it formally. She also had family in Jordan who could help her.

2- Anita speaks two languages. Write down these two languages.

Arabic as well as German

3- What is the main benefit of living with a family?

Living with a family helped to improve my Arabic-speaking skills.

4- There are two things that impressed Anita most about students in Jordan.

Write down these two things.

Their behaviour and their attitude to studying.

5- Anita enjoys many things while studying in Jordan. Write down two of these things.

She enjoys delicious food, beautiful places and friendly, hospitable people

6- While studying in Jordan, Anita made many things. Write down two of these things.

She made many new friends. She also improved her Arabic speaking, writing and reading skills.

7- What does the underlined word they refer to?

people

8- Quote the sentence which indicates that Anita was very pleased with the Jordanian students behaviour.

Their behaviour and their attitude to studying.

9- Quote the sentence which indicates that there are many international students in Madaba and Jordan.

“I was amazed by the number of international students there, who were not only from Germany, but from all over the world.”

10- What does the underlined body idiom “put my back into it mean”?

Tried extremely hard

- **Critical Thinking:**

1- Anita says that she was happy to live with a family just outside Madaba, in what way do you think that is useful and would you like to live with a family who speaks English for example? Why? Why not?

2- Living with another family helps in developing language skills and helps others know about other cultures. I would like to live with another family to achieve these things.

B. literature spot الادب

-Read the following lines, from A Green Cornfield carefully, and then answer the question that follows.

The cornfield stretched a **tender** green
To right and left beside my walks;
I knew he had a nest unseen
Somewhere among the million stalks.

- **What does tender suggest?**

Fresh and young

- **What does a bird do in a nest?**

It lays eggs

- **How does the poet describe the cornfield?**

The cornfield stretched a tender green

- **What was unseen among the million stalks?**

A nest

- **Where was the nest hidden?**

Among the million stalks

- **Find a word from the above lines which means “hidden” or “invisible”?**

- **Find a word which means “a long, upright part of the plant”.**
stalks

The earth was green, the sky was blue
I saw and heard one sunny morn
A skylark hang between the **two**
A singing speck above the corn

- **What did the poet see and heard?**

A skylark hang between the two

- **How did the poet describe the earth and the sky?**

The earth was green, the sky was blue

- **Find an example of alliteration.**

A singing speck

- **Where was the skylark hanging?**

Between the sky and the earth

- **What does the underlined word “two” refer to?**
the earth and the sky

- **What colours(الالوان) have been used in the poem?**
green and blue

A stage below, in gay accord.
White butterflies danced on the wing,
And still the singing skylark soared,
And silent sank and soared to sing

1- What does the underlined word “accord” mean?

In agreement

2- When does the bird stop singing?

While flying down

3- Find an example of alliteration.

singing skylark soared

4- Find two kinds of birds in the above lines

Butterflies , skylark

And as I paused to hear his song
While swift the sunny moments slid,
Perhaps his mate sat listening long,
And listened longer than I did.

1. Find a reference to another listener, apart from the poet herself.

perhaps his mate sat listening long

2. Who or what is the other listener?

The listener is the female skylark or his mate

3. How do we know that the poet leaves the cornfield before the skylark has stopped singing?

Perhaps his mate sat listening long, And listened longer than I did.

4. Describe the rhyme scheme in this poem.

The rhyme scheme is *abab*.

5. Find a word which means fast.

swift

-Read the following extract from Around the world in Eighty Days carefully, then answer the question that follows.

“Where are we?” asked Sir Francis. ‘At the hamlet of Kholby.’

‘Do we stop here?’ ‘Certainly. The railway isn’t finished.’

‘What! Not finished?’ ‘No. There’s still a matter of fifty miles to be laid from here to Allahabad, where the line begins again.’

-Why can’t the train continue its journey from Kholby to Allahabad?

لماذا لم تكتمل رحلة القطار الى مدينة الله اباد؟

because the railway line hasn’t actually been completed.

- Find a word from the extract which means a small village.

Hamlet

'No, Sir Francis; it was foreseen.' 'What! You knew that the way—'
'Not at all, but I knew that some obstacle or other would sooner or later
arise on my route. Nothing, therefore, is lost. I have two gained days to
sacrifice.'

- Why isn't Fogg worried when he discovers that his train journey
cannot continue? لماذا لم يزعج فوج عندما اكتشف ان رحلة القطار لم تستمر؟

because he has two gained days.

'I shall go afoot,' said Phileas Fogg.

Passepartout, who had now rejoined his master, made a **wry grimace**, as
he thought of his magnificent, but too frail Indian shoes. After a
moment's hesitation, he said, 'Monsieur, I think I have found a means of
conveyance.'

- What kind of facial expression is a wry grimace?

ماذا يعني تعبير الوجه تكشيرة ملتوية؟

pain or unhappiness. (تعبير عن الألم وعدم السعادة.)

- و Find an expression which means pain or an unhappiness.

Wry grimace

- Why did Passepartout's face show an expression of wry grimace?

لماذا اظهر وجهه باسبابورتوت تعبير الكشيرة الملتوية؟

As he thought of his magnificent, but too frail Indian shoes.

The elephant, which was reared, not to be an animal that merely carried
things around, but for warlike purposes, was half-domesticated. Happily,
however, for Mr Fogg, the animal's instruction in this direction had not gone
far, and the elephant still preserved its natural gentleness.

- 1- Why did the Indian man decide to rear an elephant?

لماذا قرر الهندي ان يربي الفيل؟

for warlike purposes

- 2- How do we know that the elephant is not aggressive?

كيف نعرف ان الفيل ليست عدوانيا؟

وداعته الطبيعية "It still preserved its natural gentleness"

However, elephants are far from being cheap in India as they are becoming scarce. Male elephants, as they are only suitable for circus shows, are much sought after especially as the majority are domesticated.

- Why were the elephants expensive in India?

لماذا كانت الفيلة باهظة الثمن في الهند؟

As they are becoming scarce. Male elephants, as they are only suitable for circus shows

Question Number Two:

A. Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences.

Get cold feet undertake tailor-made astrophysics tuition

- 1- All students receive in logic and metaphysics.
- 2- Students are required to simple experiments.
- 3- It sounds as though you're for the job.
- 4- I'm too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think that I'll.....at the last minute.

Answers: 1- tuition 2- undertake 3- tailor-made 4- get cold feet

come up with debt financial come about

- 1- If you don't know how to manage your..... affairs, you need to consult a financial adviser.
- 2- He managed to pay off hiss in two years.
- 3- I've been thinking about a subject for my History project, and I've some ideas.
- 4- Last night, I watched an interesting documentary about how the ice age.....

Answers: 1- financial 2- debt 3- come up with 4- come about

- Complete the following sentences with words from the box

halls of residence minority degree get away with

- 1- Children with single parents at my school were very much in the
- 2- Ali broke the glass, but his mother didn't notice. He.....it .
- 3- Mr. Aswad has a Master's and soon, he will be doing his PhD.
- 4- New students may be accommodated in

Answers: 1- minority 2- get away with 3- degree 4- halls of residence

Colloquial point out carry out leave it out

1- As part of the interview, we will be asking all candidates to a short task.

2- I usually add chocolate to the recipe when I make this cake, but as I haven't got any today, I'm going to

3- Thank you for writing to us about the non-delivery of your parcel. We promise to immediately.

4- speeches should not be used at schools.

Answers: 1- carry out 2- leave it out 3- look in to 4- colloquial

- Complete the sentences with words from the box. One word is not needed. The first one is done for you.

memory make a start concentration dehydration

1. It's important to drink a lot of water in order to avoid.....

2. Zainab listens to music while she's working. It helps her

3. Adnan never forgets anything! He's got an amazing.....

4. The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done anything yet! You really Must.....

Answers: 1- dehydration 2- concentration 3- memory 4- make a start

keep your chin up Circulation draw up a timetable do exercise

1. If you want to lose weight, you should..... every day.

2. I need to organise my time better. I think I'll.....

3. Don't sit still for too long – move around frequently to increase your.....

5-.....! I'm sure everything will be fine in the end

Answers: 1- do exercise 2- draw up a timetable 3- circulation
4- keep your chin up

Get it off your chest take a break make a difference beneficial diet

1. I used to eat too much junk food, but now I have a much healthier

2. It's..... to take regular breaks when revising.

3. If you send money to charity, you will..... to a lot of lives.

4. You look tired. Why don't you

Answers: 1- diet 2- beneficial 3- make a difference 4- get it off your chest

- Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Two verbs are not needed. The first one is done for you.

affect blame pop prove punish recall spill

- 1- Don't let the baby play with the balloon; it might and frighten her.
- 2- The accident wasn't your fault. I don't you at all!
- 3- Please be careful with your juice. Don't it on the floor.
- 4- I'm afraid I don't your name. Could you tell me again?
- 5- If you go to bed late, it will your performance at school the next day

Answers: 1- pop 2- blame 3- spill 4- recall 5- affect

Career interpret headphones seminar regional rewarding translation

- 1- Please listen to the music through, so that you don't disturb anybody.
- 2- I have just read a of a book by a Japanese author.
- 3- In the UK, there is a central government, but there are also councils around the country.
- 4- My uncle is fluent in several languages. He is often able to for us during conversations with foreigners.
- 5- Nada made a successful presentation at a in Irbid last month.
- 6- Doing volunteer work can be a very experience.

Answers: headphones 2- translation 3- regional 4- interpret 5- seminar
6- rewarding

B Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows.

- 1- You could dig this plot in an afternoon if you really **put your back into it.**

Replace the underlined idiom with the correct meaning
tried extremely hard

- 2- I don't know how long I'll continue touring with the band. We've always said we'll just **play it by ear.**

Replace the underlined idiom with the correct meaning
to decide how to deal with a situation as it develops

3- I had spent two months worrying about it and I was glad to play it by ear
Replace the underlined misused idiom with the correct one
get it off my chest. هنا استبدال المصطلح بمصطلح اخر

Study the following sentence carefully and answer the question below.

1- The police are investigating the cause of the accident.

Replace the underlined word with its correct phrasal verb

Answer: The police are looking into the cause of the accident

2- That information is important. Don't omit it.

Replace the underlined word with its correct phrasal verb

Answer: leave out.

3- We'll drive past my old house. I'll point it out to you.

What does the underlined phrasal verb mean?

Answer: show it to you.

- **Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows.**

4 - If you want to lose weight, you should make a start every day.

Replace the underlined misused collocation with the correct one.

Answer: do exercise هنا استبدال المتلازمة بمتلازمة اخرى

5- You haven't done anything yet! You really must make a start.

What does the underlined collocation mean?

Answer: begin

- **Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows.**

1- During the flight, the stewards and stewardesses will serve you drinks.

Replace the underlined words with the correct gender-neutral words.

Answer: flight attendants

2- If you need to report a crime, speak to a police woman.

Replace the underlined words with the correct gender-neutral words.

Answer: police officer

3- For centuries, humans have preserved culture through storytelling.
Replace the underlined words with the correct gender-neutral words.
mankind

C- Choose the suitable item to complete each of the following sentences.

1. One of the most important things that we give children is a good.....
(**educate education educationally**)
2. If you work hard, I'm sure you will.....
(**success succeed successful**)
3. Congratulations! Not many people..... such high marks.
(**achievement achievable achieve**)
4. My father works for anthat helps to protect the environment.
(**organize organization organised**)
5. It's amazing to watch the of a baby in the first year of life.
(**develop developed development**)

Answers: 1- education 2- succeed 3- achieve 4- organization
5- development

1. Before you apply for a job, check that you have the correct
(**qualify qualified qualification**)
2. The company is pleased with your work and is happy to give you a
(**recommend, recommendation, recommended**)
3. Congratulations on a very business deal.
(**succeed, successful, successfully**)
4. We should always be ready to listen to good
(**advise advice advisor**)
5. My father often talks about what he did in his
(**young youth youthfully**)
- 6- The graduation ceremony was a very.....occasion for everyone.
(**memory memorable memorise**)
- 7- Most students also speak at least two, and often three, languages
(**fluent, fluency, fluently**)

Answers:
1- qualification 2- recommendation 3- successful 4- advice 5- youth
6- memorable 7- fluently

1. Kareem is a-journalist, he has worked previously for many scientific journals.
(**qualify qualified qualification**)
2. It's essential not to become..... so drink lots of water.
(**dehydrate dehydrated dehydration**)
3. Khaled is a very and adaptable worker, I believe that he can be successful in any position.
(**competence competent competently**)
4. Olives which are grown in the world, have been cultivated for over 6.000 years.
(**extend extensive extensively**)
5. Some countries face seriousproblems.
(**economy economic economise**)
6. Zainab listens to music while she's working. It helps her to
(**concentration concentrate concentrated**)
7. For higher education, students enter university, either foror vocational courses.
(**academy academic academically**)
8. When you talk about business and try to do a deal, you must.....
(**negotiation negotiate negotiatiable**)
9. My uncle is in several languages. He is often able to interpret for us during conversations with foreigners.
(**fluency fluent fluently**)
10. Don't sit still for too long- move around frequently to increase your blood
(**circulation circulated circulate**)
11. It is to take regular breaks when revising.
(**beneficial beneficially benefit**)
- 12- Camels can recover rabidly from by drinking huge quantities of water.
(**dehydration dehydrate dehydrated**)

Answers: 1- qualification 2- dehydrated 3- competent
4- extensively 5- economic 6- concentrate 7- academic 8- negotiate
9- fluent 10- circulation 11- beneficial 12-dehydration

- Complete the following sentences with the suitable words derived from the words in brackets.

1. I'm confused. Could you give me some, please? (**advise**)
2. Before an exam, you must..... everything you've learnt. (**revision**)

3. In hot weather our bodies are in danger of (dehydrate)
4. Don't talk to the driver. He must..... (concentration)
5. How quickly does bloodround the body? (circulation)

Answers: 1- advice 2- revise 3- dehydration 4- concentrate 5- circulate

Question number three

القواعد التي يمكن ان تاتي بصيغة تصحيح الفعل
(الجمل الشرطية if only/wish/ if clause، الاسئلة الذيلية، المبني للمجهول)

A. Correct the verbs between brackets

1. Provided that it, we will have a picnic next week. (**not, rain**)
2. A new vocational school has Recently in my area. (**build**)
3. Ali did not pass his exams. If only he..... harder last year. (**study**)
4. It was too hot to go to the beach yesterday. If only it cooler. (**be**)
5. I feel ill. I wish I so many sweets! (**not eat**)
6. Babies are usually happy unless they hungry or cold. (**be**)
7. If you successful, it will be a secure and rewarding job. (**be**)
8. If youthe course, you would have had enough experience to apply for the job. (**do**)
- 9- Even if Omar..... his driving test this afternoon, he won't have his own car. (**pass**)
10. I will help him with his homework, as long as he..... me with mine! (**help**)
- 11- At the moment, a lot of research (**do**).
- 12- An introductory grammar of Jordanian Sign Language was (**publish**) in 2004 CE.
- 13- Jordanian Sign Language is the sign language that is in Jordan. (**use**)
- 14- Nader always forgets to do his homework,he? (**do**)
- 15- Your father isn't at home,he ? (**be**)
- 16- Unless Ahmed a language degree, you will not be able to become an interpreter. (**have**)
- 17- Provided that everyone hard, we'll all pass our exams. (**work**)
- 18- Our English exam papers have already by our teacher. (**mark**)

Answers:

- 1- doesn't rain 2- been built 3- had studied 4- had been 5- hadn't eaten
6- are 7- are 8- had done 9- passes 10- helps 11- is being done
12- was published 13- used 14- doesn't he? 15- is he? 16- has 17- works 18- been marked

B. Complete each of the following items so that the new item has the similar meaning to the one before it.

القواعد التي تأتي على سؤال اكمل

(Impersonal passive الاسئلة الغير مباشرة , مبني للمجهول غير رسمي indirect questions
wish/if only, المقارنة)

-
- 1- People believe that eating almonds reduces the risk of heart disease.
Eating almonds
 - 2- How did you solve the math problem?
Could you tell me
 - 3- The company didn't realise that the Chinese respect age and experience more than youth!
..... (if only)
 - 4- I regret going to bed late last night.
I wish Iearlier.
 - 5- Sultan forgot to do his Science homework.
If only
 - 6- I've forgotten my library book. I left it at home.
I wish I.....
 - 7- Our team didn't play very well yesterday.
If only they
 - 8- Samia regrets being angry at breakfast time.
If only
 - 9- Arab mathematicians invented algebra.
Algebra
 - 10- The cheapest thing on the menu is orange juice.
The least.....
 - 11- They say that fish is good for the brain.
Fish
 - 12- Learning English is less difficult than learning Chinese.
Learning English is not
 - 13- Driving slowly is not as dangerous as driving fast
Driving fast
 - 14- Can you suggest a better way for revising lessons?
Do you mind?
 - 15- Tell me where is the bathroom, please?
Do you know?
 - 16- When do your exams start, please?
Do you know?
 - 17- Did they announce the results of the exams?

- Could you tell me?
- 18- Was the meeting cancelled?
Do you know?
- 19- Experts say that exercise is good for your health.
Exercise
- 20- People think it is useful to eat less meat and more vegetables
Eating less meat and more vegetables
- 21- They claim that paper document will disappear soon.
Paper document
- 22- People believe that local meat is better than imported meat.
Local meat
- 23- Scientists have proved that our mobiles have reduced our social activity.
Our mobiles
- 24- Learning new vocabulary and grammar rules is thought to provide the brain with beneficial 'exercise'
People think that
- 25- I didn't research Chinese culture before I visited the country
I wish
- جمل ٢٦ و ٢٧ و ٢٨ و ٢٩ تقديم نصيحة باستخدام افعال المودلز حيث نقوم باستبدال الجمل التي في خط غامق بجمل اخرى حسب كل فعل مودلز تحفظ غيبا وليست قاعدة لكل جملة طريقة خاصة بها
- 26- 1- **You should** practise the presentation several times.
If
- 27- **It would be a good idea for you to** make a list of questions.
You
- 28- **You ought to** get some work experience.
Why
- 29- **You shouldn't** look too casual.
If
- 30- I'm cold. (**bring a coat**)
If only
- 31- I feel ill. (**not eat so many sweets**)
I wish
- 32- There is no one in the world as good as my father.
My father
- 33- There is no subject in the class as interesting as English.
English
- 34- Ali's car isn't as expensive as my car.
My car
- 35- Studying Arabic is better than studying History
Studying English is not

36- My friend eats more fast food than me.

I

37- Ahmed invited me to his party, so I went.

If

38- I didn't know your phone number, so I wasn't able to contact you.

If

39- The school year in America is not as long as the school year in Japan and South Korea.

The school year in Japan and South Korea

40- Students in Japan don't speak English as fluently as students in Finland

Students in Finland

Answers: الاجوبة

1- Eating almonds is believed to reduce the risk of heart disease.

2- Could you tell me how you solved the math problem?

3- If only the company had realised that the Chinese respect age and experience more than youth!

4- I wish I had gone to bed earlier.

5- If only he hadn't forgotten to do his Science homework.

6- I wish I hadn't forgotten my library book. I left it at home.

7- If only they had played better.

8- If only she hadn't been angry at breakfast.

9- Algebra was invented by Arab mathematicians

10- The least expensive thing on the menu is orange juice.

11- Fish is said to be good for health.

12- Learning English is not as difficult as learning Chinese.

13- Driving fast is more dangerous than driving slowly.

14- Do you mind suggesting a better way for revising lessons?

15- Do you know where the bathroom is?

16- Do you know when your exams start?

17- Could you tell me if they announced the results of the exams?

18- Do you know if the meeting was cancelled?

19- Exercise is said to be good for your health.

20- Eating less meat and more vegetables is thought to be useful

21- Paper document is claimed to disappear soon.

22- Local meat is believed to be better than imported meat.

23- Our mobiles have been proved to reduce our social activity.

24- People think that Learning new vocabulary and grammar rules provides the brain with beneficial 'exercise

25- I wish I had researched Chinese culture before I visited the country.

26- **If I were you, I would** practise the presentation several times.

- 27- **You could** make a list of questions
 28- **Why don't you** get some work experience
 29- **If I were you**, I wouldn't look too casual.
 30- If only I had brought a coat.
 31- I wish I hadn't eaten so many sweets
 32- My father is the best one in the world.
 33- English is the most interesting subject in the class.
 34- My car is more expensive than ali's car.
 35- Studying History is not as good as studying Arabic.
 36- I eat less fast food than my friend.
 37- If Ahmed hadn't invited me to his party, I might not have gone.
 38- If I had known your phone number, I could have been able to contact you.
 39- The school year in Japan and South Korea is longer than the school year in America.
 40- Students in Finland speak English more fluently than students in Japan.

Question number four

قواعد تأتي على اعادة كتابة الجملة

(if clause type three , wish / if only فقط الجملة الشرطية النوع الثالث فقط)

A. Read the following situations and complete the sentences using the word in brackets.

- 1- Saeed left his camera at home, so he wasn't able to take pictures of the parade.
(if/could)
- 2- I had a headache yesterday, and I didn't do well in the Maths test.
 (if/might)
- 3- I didn't know your phone number, so I wasn't able to contact you.
(could)
- 4- You had a brightly-coloured T-shirt on. That's how I noticed you in the crowd.
(might not)
- 5- I worked really hard the day before the exam. I got top marks.
(might not)
- 6- I regret driving so fast.
 (wish)
- 7- I didn't do more revision, so I failed my exam
 (if only)

Answers:

- 1- If Saeed hadn't left his camera at home, he could have taken pictures of the parade.
 - 2- If I hadn't had a headache yesterday, I might have done well in the Maths test
 - 3- If I had known your phone number, I could have been able to contact you.
 - 4- If you hadn't had a brightly-coloured T-shirt on, I might not have noticed you in the crowd.
 - 5- If I hadn't worked really hard the day before the exam, I might not have got top marks
 - 6- I wish I hadn't driven so fast
 - 7- If only I had done more revision
-

B-Complete each of the following sentences by adding the correct question tag to the end of each of them. سؤال الاستئلة الذيلية

- 1- Fat people have to quit fatty food,?
- 2- Let's walk along the beach,?
- 3- Your friends speak English,?
- 4- Mr. Shaheen lives in Wadi Musa,?
- 5- You saw Sami yesterday,?
- 6- Huda has two brothers,?
- 7- I'll help you with your homework,?
- 8- Don't disturb me,?
- 9- Many people in Jordan speak English fluently,.....?
10. The children played for many hours,.....?
- 11- Somebody should rescue that child,.....?
12. The boys get up early,.....?

Answers:

- 1- **don't** they? 2- **shall** we? 3- **don't** they? 4- **doesn't** he? 5- **didn't** you? 6- **hasn't** she? 7- **shall I**? 8- **will you**? 9- **don't** they? 10- **didn't** they? 11- **shouldn't** they? 12- **don't** they
-

C- Rewrite the following sentences using the words between brackets.

سؤال اعادة كتابة الجملة باستبدال **Unless** محل **If** والعكس (حتى الان لم ياتي وزاري)

- 1- If you don't drive fast, you won't make an accident. (**Unless**)
.....
- 2- You won't get a better job unless you are highly qualified. (**if**)
.....

3- My father won't change his car if he doesn't have enough money.

Unless.....

Answers: الاجوبة

1- Unless you drive fast, you won't make an accident.

2- You won't get a better job if you are not highly qualified.

3- Unless he has enough money, my father won't change his car

- **The underlined word in the following sentence is not used correctly.**

Replace the word with the correct one.

The teacher will be pleased unless I write a good essay.

Answer: The teacher will be pleased **if** I write a good essay.

(على نمط الاسئلة الموضوعية المحتملة)

ضع دائرة

- **Choose the suitable item to complete each of the following sentences.**

1- English isstudied subject.

(**the most** **more** **much**)

2- There arestudents studying Science as Maths.

(**not as many** **not as much**)

3- Maths ispopular than Science, but less popular than English.

(**more** **most** **many**)

4- In Jordan, children start school a year..... than English children.

(**early** **earlier** **earliest**)

5- Business Studies issubject.

(**the most popular** **more popular than** **popular**)

6- Physics isn't Biology.

(**as much as** **as popular as** **less popular than**)

7- 1- My sister doesn't eat as as I do

(**many** **much** **more**)

8- I didn't enjoy the book. In fact it was the...interesting story I've ever read

(**more** **least** **many**)

9. Could you tell me howthis book costs, please?

(**many** **much** **more**)

10. Do you knowwe can take water into the exam?

(**if** **when** **unless**)

11. Could you explain..... I can solve this Maths problem?

(**who** **how** **where**)

12- The meeting is next Wednesday,it?

- (**is** **isn't** **aren't**)
- 13- You do speak English, you?
(**doesn't** **don't** **didn't**)
- 14- My friends rarely eat in restaurants, ?
(**do they** **don't they** **didn't they**)
- 15- He lives in Wadi Musa, he?
(**doesn't** **don't** **didn't**)
- 16- You met him yesterday, you?
(**don't** **doesn't** **didn't**)
- 17- I'll help you with your homework,?
(**shall I** **shall we** **will you**)
- 18- Don't disturb me, ?
(**will you** **shall we** **do you**)
- 19- I have to start my essay,..... I?
(**don't** **doesn't** **haven't**)
- 20- In 2010 CE, the first tablet computer
(**produce** **was produced** **had been produced**)
- 21- Now, about one billion smartphones around the world each year.
(**sold** **are sold** **was sold**)
- 22- The letter to many friends
(**has been sold** **sold** **have been sold**)
- 23- Can you my mistakes when I speak, please?
(**point at** **point out** **point of**)
- 24- The police will the incident.
(**look at** **look into** **look up**)
- 25- Adnan was late for the meeting, but he*with* it.
(**came up with** **got away** **come about**)
- 26- The results of the experiment which we.....yesterday were very interesting.
(**carried out** **left out** **point out**)
- 27- I hope I cana way of solving this puzzle.
(**come up with** **come about** **come out**)
- 28- Don't let the baby play with the balloon; it might and frighten her.
(**blame** **pop** **affect**)
- 29- Please be careful with your juice. Don't it on the floor.
(**recall** **punish** **spill**)
- 30- Ali did not pass his exams. If only he..... harder last year.
(**studied** **has studied** **had studied**)
- 31- I feel ill. I wish I so many sweets!
(**didn't eat** **ate** **hadn't eaten**)

- 32- Ziad is not very good at basketball. He wishes he..... taller!
(is were was)
- 33- I can't do this exercise. I wish I it.
(understood understand understanding)
- 34- Mr Haddad does not understand the Chinese businessman. If only he..... Chinese.
(speak spoke had spoken)
- 35- Jordan needs to import a lot of oil. If only it larger oil reserves.
(has had had had)
36. Unless you have a language degree, younot be able to become an interpreter.
(do will would)
37. If you get an interview for a job, youto show that you have good listening skills.
(needed will need need)
38. If you are successful, ita secure and rewarding job.
(is am are)
39. You get a huge feeling of satisfaction when you know that peopleeverything you translate.
(understand understood understanding)
- 40- Even if Omar..... his driving test this afternoon, he won't have his own car.
(pass passes passed)
- 41- you heat water to 100°C, it boils.
(When Unless even if)
- 42- You will not pass your examsyou study hard.
(as long as unless if)
- 43- you don't water the plants, they will die.
(If Unless when)
- 44- If Huda ill yesterday, she wouldn't have missed the exam.
(wasn't hadn't been hasn't been)
- 45- I haven't got as much homework my brother.
(so than as)
- 46- I couldn't climb Mount Everest someone carried my equipment for me!
(even if as long as provided that)
- 47- That's a great idea. How did you come it?
(up with up to up in)
- 48- If my father had gone to university, hehave been a teacher.
(can could could have)

- 49- Jameel might not have become a musician if his parents
.....encouraged him.
(**haven't hadn't hasn't**)
- 50- Which words did you need to lookin a dictionary?
(**up over on**)
- 51- Jaber lookedif he hadn't slept very well.
(**even so as**)
- 52- Do you mind ----- me in the homework?
(**help helped helping**)
- 53- My little brother is good at drawing and painting.
(**on of at about**)
- 54- It that exercise is good for concentration.
(**say said has said is said**)

Answers: 1-The most 2- not as many 3- more 4- earlier 5- the most popular 6- as popular as 7- much 8- most 9- how much 10- if 11- how 12- isn't 13- don't 14- don't 15- doesn't 16- didn't 17- shall I 18- will you 19- don't 20- was produced 21- are sold 22- has been sold 23- point out 24- look into 25- got away with 26- carried out 27- come up with 28- pop 29- spill 30- had studied 31- hadn't eaten 32- were 33- understood 34- spoke 35- had 36- will 37- will need 38- is 39- understand 40- passes 41- when 42- unless 43- if 44- hadn't been 45- as 46- even if 47- up with 48- could 49- hadn't 50- up 51- as 52- helping 53- at 54- is said

مفردات

- 1- Ali is thinking ofa course in Agriculture.
(**having taking making**)
- 2- I get a feeling ofafter a hard day's work.
(**satisfaction rewarding secure**)
- 3- Make sure your online passwords are.
(**secure satisfaction rewarding**)
- 4- In order to work in finance, you need to be a veryperson.
(**successful rewarding responsible**)
- 5- My friend has just got aat our local bank.
(**job work**)
- 6- After a long....., we managed to do a deal.
(**agreement meeting**)

Answers

1- taking 2- satisfaction 3- secure 4- responsible 5- job 6- meeting

1- Would you like to work a teacher in a big school?

(at as in)

2- We need to decide a place to meet.

(into as on)

3- Can you translate this Arabic English for me, please?

(of in into)

4- I'd like to talk the fi lm I've just seen; it was brilliant!

(at in about)

5- The teacher asked us our favourite books.

(on at about)

6- My sister is really good drawing and painting.

(on at about)

Answers 1- as 2- on 3- into 4- about 5- about 6- at

Question Number Five

A. EDITING تصحيح الاخطاء

Imagine you are an editor in the Jordan Times. You are asked to edit the following lines that have four mistakes (one grammar mistake, one punctuation mistake and two spelling mistakes). Find out these four mistakes and correct them.

It is believe that when you learn a forein language, it helps to use the language as much as you can: When you speak a foreign language, you are constantly weighing up subtle differences in meaning of a word or the way that an atterance is made.

Answers:

It is believed / foreign / can. When / utterance is made.

It have been proved that multilingual people are able to switch between two systems of speech, writing, and structure quite easily? They are also able to switch easily between completely different tasks. One experiment required participants to operate a driving simulator while carrying out separate tasks at the same time.

It has been proved that multilingual / easily. They / simulator

It's been prove that Koncentration starts to decrease after half an hour, so frequent breaks will help the brain to recover and concentration to return. Nutrision is very important, You should try to eat as much fresh fruit and vegetables as you can. It's essential not to become dehydrated, so drink lots of water.

It's been proved that / concentration / Nutrition / important. You

It is fascinating to observe the way language is absorb by a baby. He or she quickly learns to respond to certain sounds and words, for example 'mum' or 'dad', Then, after a few months, the baby starts to try out experimantal noises and memic sounds.

is absorbed by a baby / or 'dad'. Then / experimental / mimic sounds.

Many students have rooms in halls of rezidence, especially in their first year. others rent flats or houses. A lucky minoretly live in property that their parents have bought for them. Most of them need to learn to cook, does their own washing and manage their time and money.

1. residence 2. year, others 3. minority 4. do

First,let's look at exports, Jordan is rich in potash and phosphate, and the extraktion industry for these minerals are one of the largest in the world. Not surprisingly, two of Jordan's largest exports are chemicals and fertliseris.

1. exports. Jordan 2. extraction 3. is 4. fertliseris

B. GUIDED WRITING

Read the following information and write two sentences about the benefits of e-learning

- organize class work
- get information quickly
- save time and effort

Answer: There are many benefits of e-learning such as organizing class work and getting information quickly. Another thing is saving time and effort.

Benefits of learning a foreign language
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- do studies and research- do business- communicate easily- recognize other cultures

Answer:

There are many benefits of learning a foreign language such as doing studies and research and do business. Another thing is helping you to communicate easily as well as recognizing other cultures.

-Read the following information and write two sentences about the advantages and disadvantages of electric cars.

Advantages	Disadvantages
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- highly efficient- environment-friendly	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- have impractical batteries- require charging stations

Answer: On the one hand, electric cars are highly efficient and environment-friendly. On the other hand, they have impractical batteries and require charging stations.

How to be a good sales person

- | |
|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">- keep your presentation short- start with some friendly comments- speak clearly- appear confident |
|---|

There are many ways to be a good sales person such as keeping your presentation short and starting with some friendly comments. Another way to be a good sales person is to speak clearly and appear confident.

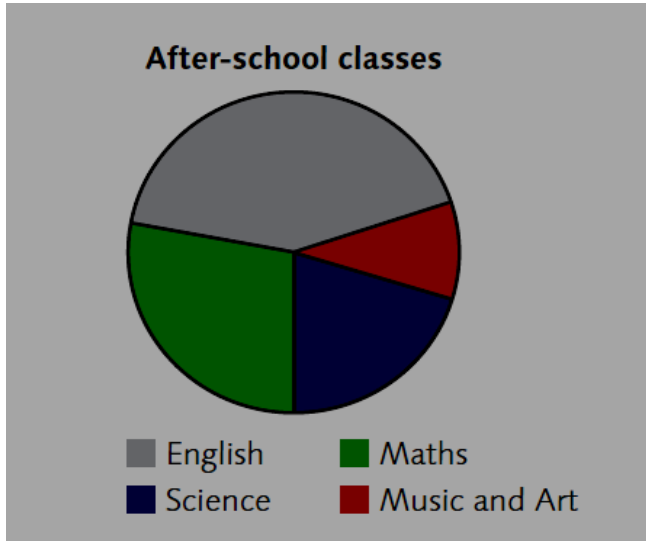
Why students should learn foreign language

- | |
|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">- improve the functionality of their brain- provide the brain with beneficial exercise- improve memory- present the brain with unique challenges |
|---|

There are many reasons why students should learn foreign language such as improving the functionality of their brain and providing the brain with beneficial exercise. Another reason is to improve memory and to present the brain with unique challenges.

B. Guided Writing:

Read the information in the diagram below, and write two sentences comparing and contrasting after-school classes in different countries.



او بهذا الشكل

English	75%
Maths	50%
Science	30%
Music and arts	20%

English is the most studying subject whereas Music and Arts is the least studying subject.

Science is more popular than Music and Arts but is less popular than Maths.

Function الوظيفة اللغوية

- showing reason اظهار السبب

1- because / since / as / because of / due to

- showing result اظهار النتيجة

1- therefore / so / as a result / consequently / because of that

- We couldn't go to the stadium because there weren't any tickets left.

What is the function of the underlined word in the sentence above?

Answer: showing reason

- She worked hard; consequently , she did very well in her exams.

What is the function of the underlined word in the sentence above?

Answer: showing result

Giving advice ابداء نصيحة

- 1- Have you thought about ...?
- 2- You should ..., no doubt about it.
- 3- If I were I would ...
- 4- My main recommendation is that you ...

Comparison المقارنة

1- However 2- whereas 3- although

Consequence النتيجة

1- As a result of كنتيجة لذلك

- **Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows**

1- **Ahmed:** I'm going to stay with a host family could you tell me what I should do?

Rakan: If I were you, I would learn a little about their tradition first.

What is the function of Rakan's statement?

Answer: giving advice

2- **Whereas** English speakers might say, 'John broke the vase', Spanish or Japanese speakers would use a passive form.

What is the function of using whereas in the above sentence.

Answer: comparison

3- As a result of these studies, they have come up with some interesting results.

What is the function of using as a result of in the above sentence.

Answer: consequence

4- However, an email is quicker and cheaper than a letter

What is the function of using however in the above sentence?

Answer: comparison

.....
No pain, no gain لن تحقق هدفك بدون الم

جميع المصطلحات والمتلازمات المطلوبة وطريقة الاسئلة الوزارية عليها

Words have the same meaning كلمات لها نفس المعنى

- 1- **wealthy country** developed nation امة متطورة
- 2- **compulsory** a subject that you have to do الزامي
- 3- **optional** your choice اختياري
- 4- **tuition** lessons دروس تعليمية
- 5- **contradiction** on different sides of the argument تناقض

Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows.

- A wealthy country is a country that's economically and socially advanced.

-Replace the underlined words with the correct meaning:

Answer: developed nation

مصطلحات الجسم Body idioms

get it off (your) chest to tell someone about something that has been worrying you تشكي همومك لاحدهم

get cold feet to lose your confidence in something at the last minute ان تفقد الثقة في نفسك في اللحظة الاخيرة

play it by ear to decide how to deal with a situation as it develops تقرر بسرعة كيف تتعامل مع موقف ما

keep your chin up to remain cheerful in difficult situations; an expression of encouragement ان تبقى مبتهج وقت المصاعب/تعبير تشجيعي
have a head for figures to have a natural mental ability for maths and numbers ان يكون لديك قدرة ذهنية في الرياضيات والارقام
put (my) back into it tried extremely hard يجتهد

هنا لكل مصطلح الدلائل عليه في حال جاء السؤال عليه بطريقة استبدال المصطلح بمصطلح اخر

1. **get cold feet:** nervous /at the last minute / worrying
2. **get it off (your) chest:** a problem / exams
3. **have a head for figures:** accountant / calculating
4. **keep your chin up**! be fine
5. **play it by ear:** warm enough to have a barbecue / continue touring
6. **put (my) back into it:** dig this plot

استبدال
المصطلح

- Students always play it by ear whenever they have exams.

Answer: get cold feet

Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows.

- 1- You could dig this plot in an afternoon if you really put your back into it.

-Replace the underlined idioms with the correct meaning (المعنى)

Answer: tried extremely hard

اشباه الجمل Phrasal verbs

- 1- look into to investigate يفحص يحقق
- 2- look at use one's sight in order to see يتنظر الى
- 3- look up search يبحث
- 4- come up with think of يبتدع فكرة
- 5- come about happen or take place يحدث
- 6- point out to show something to someone by pointing at it يشير الى
- 7- get away with avoid punishment/ not blamed يفلت من العقاب
- 8- grow up arise /spend ينمو

9- carry out	put into practice/ do/complete	ينفذ ، يقوم بـ
10- leave out	to not include, omit something	يلغي
11- speed up	hurry up	يسرع
12- find out	discover	يكشف

1- I thought of a great idea while I was swimming.

Replace the underlined word with it's correct phrasal verb

Answer: came up with

2- I came up with of a great idea while I was swimming.

What does the underlined phrasal verb mean?

Answer: thought

Collocations (المتلازمات) (المعنى انجليزي انجليزي)

1 draw up a timetable	write a schedule	يعمل جدول دراسي
2 do exercise	keep fit	يقوم بتمرين رياضي
3 make a start	begin	يبدأ
4 take a break	relax	ياخذ استراحة
5 do a subject	study	يدرس موضوع
6 make a difference	change something	يعمل فرقا

الدلائل على المتلازمات لسؤال استبدال المتلازمة باخرى صحيحة حسب الدليل

1. draw up a timetable **organise a time**
2. do exercise **lose weight**
3. make a start **deadline**
4. take a break **tired**
5. make a difference **money**

- You haven't done anything yet! You really must **make a start**.

What does the underlined collocation mean?

Answer: begin

- You look tired. Why don't you **make a start**?

Replace the underlined misused collocation with the correct one.

Answer: take a break

Gender-specific words

اسماء محددة الجنس

- 1- businessman, businesswoman
- 2- salesman, saleslady
- 3- headmaster, headmistress
- 4- he or she
- 5- fireman
- 6- chairman
- 7- seaman
- 8- spaceman
- 9- mankind
- 10- postman
- 11- stewards, stewardesses
- 12- policeman

Gender-neutral words

اسماء غير محددة الجنس

- Business person
sales assistant/salesperson
head teacher
they
firefighter
chairperson مدير
sailor بحار
astronaut رائد فضاء
humans البشر
post worker ساعي البريد
flight attendant مضيف، مضييفة طيران
police officer شرطي

- Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows.

- If you need to report a crime, speak to a police woman .

Replace the underlined word with the correct gender-neutral words.

Answer: police officer

- A similar meaning كلمات لها نفس المعنى

- Influenced** Changed اثر مؤثر
Not on purpose accidentally صدفة
Responsible for in charge of مسؤول عن
experience time خبرة
relationship be related علاقة او صلة قرابة

- This book changed my way of thinking.

Replace the underlined word with the correct one

Answer: influenced

Collocation (تأتي استبدال او املا الفراغ)

- 1- make a mistake يرتكب خطأ
- 2- ask questions يطرح اسئلة
- 3- shake hands يصافح
- 4- earn respect يكسب احترام
- 5- join a company ينضم الى شركة

6- cause offence يسبب اذى

7- make small talk يقدم حديثا قصيرا

- Be very careful when you answer the questions, and try not to **cause** a mistake.

Replace the underlined misused verb with the correct one.

Answer: make

Phrasal verbs تأتي ضع دائرة واحتمال استبدال

Work as يعمل كـ

Decide on يقرر

Translate into يترجم

Talk about يتحدث عن

Ask about يسأل عن

Good at جيد في

- Would you like to work a teacher in a big school?
(on at as)

Answer: as

- Would you like to work **on** a teacher in a big school?

Replace the underlined misused preposition with the correct one.

Answer: as

نصائح عامة لطلاب التوجيهي

هناك بعض الصعوبات التي يمكن أن تعوقك عن الدراسة والتي يجب عليك أن تحاول التغلب عليها حتى تستطيع أن تدخل في الدراسة الفعالة ، و تكتشفها وأهم هذه الصعاب: عدم القدرة على التركيز أثناء الدراسة ، فتفقد وقتك في التنقل من درس الى اخر ومن مادة الى اخرى دون ان تدرس شيئا.

تراكم الدروس و عدم القدرة على تنظيم وقتك للإنتهاء منها كراهية بعض المواد الدراسية ، و تصديق الفاشلين الذين يخوفونك منها والقلق والتوتر الناتجان عن المشكلات الخاصة أو العاطفية و التي تشتت الذهن وتضعف من قدرتك على الاستذكار الجيد والتقدم الدراسي. ثق في نفسك و في عقلك و قدراتك ، و تأكد أنك قادر على النجاح و التفوق فأنت لست أقل ممن سبقوك على طريق النجاح. اجتهد في دراستك و تأكد أن كل مجهود تبذله سيعود عليك بالنفع و الخير حدد هدفك في الحياة و ضعه نصب عينيك ، و اجتهد في الوصول إليه.

Best wishes

Teacher Emad Sawalha

0780770316

مع تحيات الاستاذ عماد صوالحة
اتمنى لجميع الطلاب النجاح والتوفيق