

Teacher of English

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ملخص

لمادة اللغة الانجليزية
على نمط الامتحان الوزاري
الجديد والافكار المقترحة
لكل سؤال

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**THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN-MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
GENERAL SECONDARY CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION- 2018
GENERAL ENGLISH**

الدورة الشتوية / المستوى الثالث / الكتاب الجديد

DARE: Saturday 20th of January, 2018

TIME:

Read the following article carefully and then in your answer booklet answer the questions that follow. Your answer should be based on the article.

The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan's only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. It treats both adult and paediatric patients. As the population of the country increases, more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment. Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as they are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.

In order to cope with the increase in demand for treatment, the KHCC has begun an expansion programme. Building started in 2011 CE. The hospital will have more than doubled its capacity by 2016 CE, increasing space for new cancer cases from 3,500 per year to 9,000. By then, they will have added 182 extra beds, along with bigger units for different departments, including radiotherapy. New adult and paediatric wards will have opened. Additionally, they will have built a special ten-floor outpatients' building, with an education centre which will include teaching rooms and a library.

Many cancer patients live far away from Amman, where the KHCC is located, and the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult. For this reason, there are plans to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan. In the near future, King Abdullah University Hospital in Irbid hopes to set up radiotherapy machines, so that cancer patients from northern Jordan will not have to go to Amman for radiotherapy treatment.

Question Number One (16 points)

- A. 1. The KHCC treats two groups of patients. What are they? **(2points)**
 2. Patients from other countries visit the centre for many reason. Write three of them. **(2points)**
 3. Quote the sentence which indicates the reason behind the overdependence on the hospital for cancer treatment in the future. **(2points)**
 4. By 2016 CE, there will be some considerable changes concerning the hospital. Elaborate. **(2points)**
 5. Find a word in the text which means "a room in a hospital especially for patients needing similar kinds of care". **(2points)**
 6. What does the underlined pronoun "they" refer to? **(3points)**
 7. Jordan must cope with this increase in population. Explain this statement, and in two sentences write down your point of view. **(3points)**

Read the following article carefully and then in your answer booklet answer the questions that follow. Your answer should be based on the article.

We will be able to have an operation to increase our intelligence. Scientists have already developed brain implants that improve vision or allow disabled people to use their thoughts in order to control prosthetic limbs like arms, legs or hands, or operate a wheelchair. In 2012 CE, research on monkeys showed that a brain implant improved their decision-making abilities. How will humans benefit from this research? Scientists hope to develop a similar device to help people who have been affected by brain damage, which could be caused by dementia, a stroke or other brain injuries.

Doctors will be able to communicate with people in a coma. In 2010 CE, neuroscientists confirmed that it was possible to communicate with some patients in a coma, by using a special brain scanner called an MRI. They suggested that, in the future, more meaningful dialogue with patients in a coma would be possible. Two years later, it has finally happened. The scanner, used on a man who has been in a coma for more than twelve years, proves that he has a conscious, thinking mind – a fact that had previously been disputed by many. Doctors plan to use similar brain-scanning techniques in the future to find out whether patients are in pain, or what they would like to be done in order to improve their quality of life.

A new drug will help to treat certain types of cancer almost instantly. A new cancer drug is being trialed in Plymouth, UK, which doctors hope will extend the lives of cancer patients and reduce their symptoms overnight. It is taken as a single pill every morning, and so far patients have shown none of the usual side effects such as the sickness and hair loss that are experienced when undergoing other forms of cancer treatment. The new treatment works by blocking a protein which causes cancerous cells to grow. It will improve patients' life expectancy and quality of life much more quickly than any other treatment. The patients were interviewed a year after starting the treatment and are fit and well, saying that they are definitely going to continue the trial. They have every reason to believe the new drug is going to work. Doctors at Plymouth Hospital hope that it will help patients from all over the world.

Question Number One (17 points)

- A. 1. The article states some causes of brain damage. Write them down. (3points)
2. Write down the two benefits of the new cancer drug which is being trialed in polymath. (2points)
3. Quote the sentence which shows the way in which the new drug works. (2points)
4. Find a word in the text which means "a physical problem that might indicate a disease" (2points)
5. What does the underlined pronoun "their" refer to? (2points)
6. Many cancer patients are sad. Suggest three ways to help them. (3points)
7. Electronic eye implant gives hope to the blind. Think of this statement and in two sentences, write down your point of view. (3points)

Read the following article carefully and then in your answer booklet answer the questions that follow. Your answer should be based on the article.

Jordan has a very rich cultural heritage thanks to the support of the Department of Culture and the Arts, which was founded in 1966 CE. Since then, the department has built up an exciting, ongoing programme of cultural activities related to all the arts: music, visual arts, performing arts and the written word.

In 1979 CE, the Royal Society of Fine Arts (RSFA) was established to promote visual arts in Jordan and other countries in the region. It has links with major art galleries around the world in order to encourage artists from different cultures to learn from each other. The Jordan National Gallery of Fine Arts is one of the most important art museums in the Middle East. The collection includes over 2,000 works of art, including paintings, sculptures, photographs, installations, textiles and ceramics, by more than 800 artists from 59 countries. In 2013 CE, it held Jordan's largest art exhibition called '70 Years of Contemporary Jordanian Art'.

Until the 1990s, most Jordanian literature was only available in Arabic. However, thanks to PROTA (the Project of Translation from Arabic), many Jordanian plays, novels, short stories and poems are now translated into English, and people all over the world are able to read and appreciate them.

Every year, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) chooses a different Arab city as the Arab Cultural Capital. In 2002 CE, the city of Amman was awarded this title. Jordan has a centuries-old musical heritage. The National Music Conservatory (NMC) opened in 1986 CE, making it possible for more Jordanian students to study music seriously. In 1987 CE, the National Centre for Culture and Arts was created, which showcases theatre and dance in Jordan and the region.

Realising the value of art and culture, Jordan decided to offer Jordanians and the world an annual arts festival. In 1981 CE, the Jerash Festival for Culture and Arts was founded. This three-week-long summer programme is one of the largest cultural activities in the region. It takes place in the important archaeological site of Jerash, which underlines the close relationship between the arts and Jordan's cultural history.

Question Number One (16 points)

1. The Jordan National Gallery of Fine Arts includes hundreds of art works. Write down three of them. (3points)
2. What is the role of the National Centre for Culture and Arts? (2points)
3. Write down the sentence which indicates the year in which Amman was given the title of the Arab Cultural Capital. (2points)
4. Find a word in the text which means " **an art exhibit often involving video or moving parts** " (2points)
5. What does the underlined pronoun "**them**" refer to? (2points)
6. Write the following word " **Conservatory** " in British English. (2points)
7. 'To truly understand a country's culture, you have to understand its artistic heritage.'
Do you agree or disagree? Justify your answer (3points)

Read the following article carefully and then in your answer booklet answer the questions that follow. Your answer should be based on the article.

Adnan, a professional craftsman, is at work in his studio. With the oven at 1,400 degrees Centigrade, 20 hours a day, a glass-making studio isn't the most comfortable place to be. For Adnan, however, this is more than just a job. 'My family has been blowing glass for around 700 years,' he says. 'My father learnt the craft from his father, and he taught it to me when I was a child. Adnan is passionate about this ancient craft, and regularly gives demonstrations and workshops to teach young people the skills of glassblowing.

He strongly believes that unless we interest more young people in learning the craft, nobody will know how to make hand-blown glass in the future. 'These days, young people don't always want to follow their parents' professions, and, added to that, glassblowing isn't an easy job. It has to be an obsession, as it is for me!'

Adnan still uses the technique that was first developed by the Phoenicians some 2,000 years ago. First, he pushes a thin metal blowpipe into the boiling hot furnace. Secondly, he lifts out the liquid sand and lays it on a metal plate. After that, he blows the red-hot glass until it becomes more flexible. Then he pulls and bends the glass into shape. He has to work extremely quickly because the liquid sand is already solidifying into glass.

Adnan is making a delicate swan. Through the semi-opaque glass, you can see fine lines of turquoise, green and blue. 'The sand gives us transparent, or "white", glass,' Adnan explains. 'We get this beautiful dark, cobalt blue by adding the metal cobalt to the melted glass. Then, this blue becomes a lighter, sea-green turquoise after adding copper. Finally, we decorate the glass by hand.'

'These days we recycle broken glass. We also use commercially produced colours instead of using natural ingredients as in the past. Apart from that, nothing else about this craft has changed through the centuries. You can't use a machine to do this work,' he says. 'The old ways are still the best.'

Question Number One (16 points)

1. A glass-making studio isn't a comfortable place. Write down the reason. (3points)
2. Quote the sentence that Adnan still keeps the traditional ways for glassblowing. (2points)
3. Find a word in the text which means "acts of explaining and showing how to do something, or how something works". (2points)
4. How can we convert the blue into a lighter, sea-green turquoise? (2points)
5. What does the underlined pronoun "it" refer to? (2points)
6. We must care about our traditional crafts. Suggest three ways. (2points)
7. Traditional crafts are rare in our life. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view. (3points)

B. Literature spot: (9 points)

Read the following lines, from *I remember I remember* carefully, then answer the question that follows:

I remember, I remember,
The fir trees dark and high;
I used to think their slender tops
Were close against the sky:
It was a childish ignorance,
But now 'tis little joy
To know I'm farther off from heav'n
Than when I was a boy.

1. What was the poet ignorant about?
2. Quote the lines which indicates that that the author has lost his youthful joy and optimism?

Read the following lines, from *All the World's a Stage* carefully, then answer the question that follows:

Then a soldier,

Full of strange oaths and bearded like the pard,
Jealous in honor, sudden and quick in quarrel,
Seeking the bubble reputation
Even in the cannon's mouth.

1. Which word refers to a weapon used by soldiers?
2. Find an example of a simile in the speech.

Read the following extract from "The Old Man and the Sea" carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

Arriving home, Santiago collapses on his bed in exhaustion and falls asleep. The next morning, Manolin finds Santiago in his hut and cries over the old man's injuries. Manolin reassures Santiago that the great fish didn't beat him and that they will fish together again.

1. Write down two characteristics of Manolin.
2. Find a word which mean "to say something positive to someone who's worried".

Question Number Two

A. Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences , then write it down in your answer booklet. (12 points)

fund , power , mouse , seat belt , allergies

1. My parents have saved enough money to our university courses.
2. You can move around the computer screen using a
3. conditions that make you ill when you eat, touch or breathe a particular thing
4. You must always wear a in a car, whether you're the driver or a passenger.

neutral , sculpture , visual , alien , calculation

1. I need to make a few before I decide how much to spend.
2. Photography and painting are two examples of the arts.
3. If we replace as much carbon as we burn, we are carbon-
4. If something seems very strange, we sometimes say it is

coma , philosopher , conventional , gallery , self-confidence

1. Doctors often treat infections with antibiotics; that is the ----- approach.
2. After Ali's accident, he lay in for two weeks.
3. It's important to encourage young people and help them develop -----.
4. Look at beautiful pieces of art at a

B. Study the following sentences and answer the question that follows down in your answer booklet. (15 points)

1. Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is white elephant.
What feeling does the underlined colour idiom express?.....
2. It is vital to teach children to develop positive thinking, and to "bounce back" after setback.
What does the underlined idiom mean?.....
3. The teacher must monitor what is happening in students blogs.
The students can find out what is happening in the world by using internet.
What is the differences in the meaning between the underlined phrases?.....
4. This inspired Adeeb to invent a waterproof prosthetic leg.
What does the underlined suffix mean?.....
5. Sorenson has a prosthetic hand, because he has lost his left hand.
What is the synonym of the underlined word mean?.....

C. Complete the following sentences with the suitable words derived from the words in brackets and write the answers down in your answer booklet. (8 points)

1. I will be going to the university to continue my (educate)
2. Petra is an important site. (archaeology)
3. In our exam, we had to a text from Arabic to English.(translate)
4. , the whole process is done by hand, from the washing of the wool to the finished article. (traditional)

Question Number Three

A. Correct the verbs between brackets. then write it down in your answer booklet. (30 points)

- 1- The children already the sandcastle on the beach. (build)
2. She her assignment all day. (be, do)
3. The boy interrupted his father while he ----- . (speak)
4. When my friend phoned me, I ----- my car. (repair)
5. After he a car, someone stole it. (buy)
6. I ----- to Canada. This is my own plan. (travel)
7. Fatima her homework three hours ago. (finish)
8. You will fail the exam if you hard. (not / study)
9. They always enjoyedtheir friends. (visit)
10. Most Jordanians the hot weather that we have in summer. (use)
11. My parents send emails when they were my age. (not / use)
12. The baby's eyes were red because he had ----- for 2 hours. (be, cry)
13. We won't be home tomorrow night. We'll the football match at the stadium. (watch)
14. Will you us at the library this afternoon? (meet)
15. You can borrow this book tomorrow. I'll it by then.(finish)

B. Complete each of the following items so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it, and write it down in your answer booklet. (24 points)

1. Ali washed his hands, and then he went to sleep in his room.
After
Before.....
By
2. People saw smoke coming out of the forest.
Smoke
- 3 "I received a message from an old friend last night."
He told me
4. Press that button to make the picture move. (moves)
If you
5. I'll ask someone to repair my tablet. (have)
I

6. You shouldn't worry so much.
If I.....
7. It is normal for my family to eat fresh vegetables every day.
My family
8. Ali ibn Nafi' established the first music school in the world.
It was.....
9. He started studying at 5 p.m. It's 10 p.m., and he's still studying.
He since 5 p.m.
10. Amman is a beautiful place. It's the capital of Jordan.
Amman,.....
11. Ali is a clever boy. He is 15 years old.
Ali,.....
12. British speaker : Have you ever been to conservatoire?
American speaker:

Question Number Four

A) The following sentence contains two items that are not used correctly. Replace these items with the correct ones. (4 points)

- I am used to live in the beautiful house which my father lives.
- Ali has been practicing a oud really hard and he used to playing it now.

B. The following sentences are in British English. Rewrite them in American English and then write them down in your answer booklet. (4 points)

- I haven't used the new lift yet.
.....
- Have you brought the bag from the boot of my car?
.....

C. Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows. (6 points)

- In this way**, technology makes communication more convenient.
What is the function of using in this way in the above sentence?.....
- Everywhere we go we will hear the constant buzz and hum of technology.
Identify the type of rhetorical device used in the above sentence.
- The Sahara desert, which is in Africa, is very hot.
What is the function of the above sentence?.....

D) Choose the correct item from those given below, and then write them down in your answer booklet. (32 points)

1. To connect ----- people on the Internet
a. about b. with c. on d. at
- 2- Tom agreed me.
a. to help b. helping c. is helping d. helps
3. When you were younger, did youplay in the park?
a. are used to b. 'm not used to c. use to d. used to
4. we spend more and more time focusingcomputer screens.
a. on b. in c. at d. about
5. an interest in something / somebody.
a. catch b. get c. take d. attend
6. He's the mandaughter I met in Jordan.
a. whose b. who c. which d. when
7. What does the prefix (poly) mean in the word "polymath" ?
a. Many b. against c. add d. some
8. How do Americans spell the word "colours"?
a. collours b. colors c. colourz d. kolours
9. What is the phonetic transcription is as follows / ka:m /.
a. angry b. calm c. school d. exercise
10. Mediterranean Sea separates Europe from Africa.
a. a b. an c. the d. X
11. The report to the company yesterday by Ali.
a. was sent b. sent c. was sending d. had sent
12. It is not cold today, So you dress heavy clothes.
a. must b. don't have to c. might d. can't
13. Rami is the teacher explained the lesson for us.
a. whose b. who c. which d. when
14. By the end of 2018, we our project.
a. will have finished b. finished c. had finished d. will be finishing
15. I did not up early.
a. use to get b. used to get c. used to getting d. use to getting
16. They enjoyedon the boat.
a. to work b. working c. work d. is working
17. The Middle East is famous for theof olive oil.
a. produce b. productive c. production d. productively
18. The opposite of natural is
a. artificial b. appendage c. equipment d. fund

Question Number Five**A. EDITING**

Imagine you are an editor in the Jordan Times. You are asked to edit the following lines that have four mistakes (one grammar mistake, one punctuation mistake and two spelling mistakes). Find out these four mistakes and correct them. Write the correct answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (4 points)

It also seems very likely that robots will be carried out surgery, too, For example, in cancer cases it is vitally important to remove all the cancer cells, but leave the healthy cells in place. In some operations skanners are used to location canserous cells.

B. GUIDED WRITING (8 points)

Read the information in the table below, and then write two sentences about Ali ibn Nafi. Use the appropriate linking words such as: and, too, also... etc.

Name	Ali ibn Nafi
Place/ Date of birth	Iraq, 789 CE
Place/Date of death	Cordoba, 857 CE
Profession	Musician
Achievements	established the first music school in the world introduced the oud to Europe

Read the information in the table below , and then write two sentences using all the given notes below about the Giralda Tower . Use the appropriate linking words

-Location : Spain

-Date of construction : 1198 CE

The designer : Ahmad Ben Baso

Description of the building : tower stands at just over 104 meters tall

D. FREE WRITING (7 points)

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 120 words on ONE of the following.

1. Write an essay about the importance of tourism and archaeological sites in Jordan.
2. Write an essay about the role of the country in supporting inventors of all ages.
3. Write a report about health facilities in your area. Remember to include a title, and supply factual information.
4. Write an essay about a famous historical character.

Answers

- Text 1 :**
1. It treats both adult and paediatric patients
 2. they are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.
 3. As the population of the country increases, more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment.
 4. The hospital will have more than doubled its capacity by 2016 CE, increasing space for new cancer cases from 3,500 per year to 9,000
 5. ward
 6. Patients
 7. open

- Text 2:**
1. a. dementia b. a stroke c. other brain injuries
 2. It will extend the lives of cancer patients
It reduce their symptoms overnight
 3. The new treatment works by blocking a protein which causes cancerous cells to grow.
 4. symptoms.
 5. monkeys .
 6. open
 7. open

- Text 3:**
1. paintings, sculptures, photographs
 2. It showcases theatre and dance in Jordan and in the region.
 3. In 2002 CE, the city of Amman was awarded this title.
 4. Installation
 5. many Jordanian plays, novels, short stories and poems
 6. **Conservatoire**
 7. open

- Text 4:**
1. Because it has an oven at 1,400 degrees Centigrade and 20 hours a day.
 2. Adnan still uses the technique that was first developed by the Phoenicians some 2,000 years ago.
 3. demonstrations
 4. by adding copper
 5. the craft
 6. open
 7. open

B) Literature spot:

- 1) 1. The size of the world, he thought that the fir trees nearly touched the sky.
2. But now 'tis little joy / To know I'm farther off from heav'n / Than when I was a boy
- 2) 1. cannons 2. bearded like the pard
- 3) 1. Kind , loyal 2. reassures

Question Number Two

- A) 1) 1. Fund 2. mouse 3. allergies 4. seat belt
2) 1. calculation 2. visual 3. neutral 4. alien
3) 1. Conventional 2. coma 3. self-confidence 4. gallery
- B) 1. a useless possession
2. To start to be successful again after a difficult time
3. monitor what is happening: you know what is happening and you are following the developments
find out what is happening: you don't know what is happening and you want to discover it
4. Provide a protection against
5. artificial
- C) 1. education 2. archaeological 3. translate 4. Traditionally

Question Number Three

- A. 1. have built 2. has been doing 3. was speaking 4. was repairing 5. had bought
6. am going to travel 7. finished 8. don't stud 9. visiting 10. are used to
11. didn't use to 12. been crying 13. be watching 14. meet 15. have finished
- B) 1. After Ali had washed his hands, he went to sleep in his room.
Before Ali went to sleep in his room, he had washed his hands.
By Ali went to sleep in his room, he had washed his hands.
2. Smoke was seen coming out of the forest
3. He told me he had received a message from an old friend the night before.
4. If you press that button , the picture moves.
5. I will have my tablet repaired
6. I f I were you, I wouldn't worry so much.
7. My family is used to eating fresh vegetables every day
8. It was Ali ibn Nafi' who established the first music school in the world.
9. He has been studying since 5 p.m.
10. Amman, which is the capital city Jordan, is a beautiful place
11. Ali, who is 15 years old, is a clever boy
12. Did you ever go to conservatory?

Question Number Four

A) 1. (living / where) 2. (the / is used to)

B) 1- I didn't use the new elevator yet.

2- Did you bring the bag from the trunk of my car?

C) 1. Consequence 2. Onomatopoeia 3. It gives additional information

D)

1. b. with 2. a. to help 3. c. use to 4. a. on 5. c. take 6. a. whose 7. a. Many

8. b. colors 9. b. calm 10. c. the 11. a. was sent 12. b. don't have to 13. b. who

14. a. will have finished 15. a. use to get 16. b. working 17. c. production

18. a. artificial

Question Number Five (4 points)**A. EDITING**

1. carrying 2. too For example 3. scanners 4. cancerous

B. GUIDED WRITING

1. Ali ibn Nafi was born in Iraq. He was musician. Also, he established the first music school in the world and introduced the oud to Europe. He died in Cordoba, 857 CE.

2. **Giralda Tower** is located in Spain. It was built in 1198. The designer was Ahmad Ben Baso. However, the tower stands at just over 104 meters tall.

D. FREE WRITING

Open answer