

$$(1) \quad 9 + 6 = 15$$

$$\sqrt{(9+6)^2} = \sqrt{15^2}$$

$$9 + 6 + \frac{6 \times 9}{6} = 15$$

$$9 + 6 + 6 = 15$$

$$6 = (0)$$

$$\boxed{6 = -6}$$

$$9 + 6 + 6 = 15$$

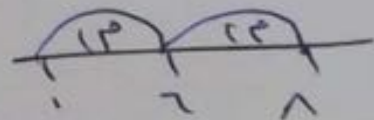
$$9 + 0 \times 9 + (0) \times 6 = 15$$

$$9 + 0 + 6 = 15$$

$$15 = 15$$

(2) فاسا = 14 - 14 = 0 وصور استجابات على القراء [15] [8]

$$\boxed{6 = 6}$$



$$\sqrt{(14-14)^2} = \sqrt{0^2} = 0$$

$$14 = 14 - 0 = 14$$

$$\sqrt{(14-14)^2} = \sqrt{0^2} = 0$$

$$= (14 \times 14) - (14 \times 14) = 0$$

$$14 + 14 = 28 + 14 = 42 \quad 14 - 14 = 0 \quad 14 - 14 = 0$$



- (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)
 (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)
 (3) (4) (5) (6)
 (4) (5) (6)
 (5) (6)
 (6)

$$\begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس} = \text{ع}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس} = 12$$

$$\begin{matrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس} = \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس} + \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس} = \text{ع} - 12 = 8$$

$$\begin{matrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس} = \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس} + \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \left[\begin{matrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس} + \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \text{ عدد (س) دس} \right] = 8 \times 3 =$$

$$(8+4) - (30+20) + 2 \times 4 =$$

$$12 - 50 + 8 =$$

$$12 - 42 =$$

$$0 = 30$$

الأستاذ محمد إسماعيل



- (1) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)
 (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)
 (3) (3) (4) (5) (6)
 (4) (4) (5) (6)
 (5) (5) (6)
 (6) (6) (7)

ب) $\sum_{c=0}^3 (a+c) = 12$ $\sum_{c=0}^3 (a+c) = 8$

$\sum_{c=0}^3 (a+c) = 12$
 $\sum_{c=0}^3 (a+c) = 8$
 $8 = 12 - 4$

الحل: $\sum_{c=0}^3 (a+c) + \sum_{c=0}^3 (a+c) = 8 + 12$

$\sum_{c=0}^3 (2a + 2c) = 20$
 $2 \sum_{c=0}^3 (a+c) = 20$

$(2a+2) + (2a+4) + (2a+6) + (2a+8) = 20$

$8a + 20 = 20$

$8a = 0$

$a = 0$

الأستاذ محمد إسماعيل

$$x^2 + 6x + 9 = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + 6x + 9} = \sqrt{0} \quad (2)$$

$$x + 3 = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$x + 3 = 0 \quad (4)$$

$$x = -3$$

$$\boxed{x = -3}$$

$$x + 3 = 0 \quad (5)$$

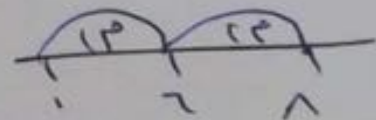
$$x + 0 + 3 = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$x + 3 = 0$$

$$x = -3$$

2. فاسا = 14 - 14 = 0 وصور استجابات على القرع [14] [14]

$$\boxed{x = 14}$$



$$\sqrt{x^2 + 6x + 9} = \sqrt{0} \quad (7)$$

$$x + 3 = 0$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + 6x + 9} = \sqrt{0} \quad (8)$$

$$= (14 \times 14) - (14 \times 14) =$$

$$x + 3 = 0 \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{\sum}{\dots} = P \left(\frac{\sum}{P} \right)$$

$$0 \dots = \epsilon$$

$$0 = \dot{0}$$

$$X \times \epsilon = \nu \epsilon$$

$$0 \times \frac{\sum}{\dots} = \nu \epsilon$$

$$\left(\frac{\sum}{\dots} \right) \times 0 \dots = \nu \epsilon$$

الاستاذ محمد عبد اللات

$$\frac{0 \dots}{\dots} = \nu \epsilon$$

$$\epsilon \times \nu (2) (1) (0)$$

$$(2) (1) (0) \times \nu (2) (1) (0)$$

$$\dots \times \nu (2) (1) (0)$$



$$(0) \times (1) (0) \times (2) (1) (0) \times \nu (2) (1) (0)$$

$$\frac{(2) (1) (0) \times \nu (2) (1) (0)}{\dots} = \dots$$

$$= \dots \times \nu (2) (1) (0) = \dots$$

$$(2) \quad P(i \geq \frac{5-5}{3})$$

$$P(i \geq \frac{5-5}{0})$$

$$P(i \geq 1) = 13\%$$

$$P(0) = \frac{(1-0)(0-0)}{(1-0)(0-0)}$$

$$\frac{0}{0} = \frac{0}{0} = 1$$



$$P(0) = \frac{0-0}{0-0} = 1$$

$$P(1) = \frac{1-0}{1-0} = 1$$

$$P(2) = \frac{2-0}{2-0} = 1$$