

English Idioms

out of the blue	unexpectedly
the green light	to have or give permission to go ahead with something or for something to happen
red-handed	in the act of doing something wrong
a white elephant	a useless possession
see red	Become angry
feel a bit blue	to feel sad

What do the following colour idioms in brackets mean?

- 1- Have you heard the good news? We've got **the green light** to go ahead with our project!
- 2- Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was caught **red-handed** .
- 3- I was shocked when I heard the news. It came completely **out of the blue** . (out of the blue)
- 4- Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is **a white elephant** .

What does the underlined Idioms mean ?

Differences in meaning of the underlined phrases الفرق :

share ideas	give ideas to others	يشارك أفكار
compare ideas	show differences	يقارن أفكار
create a website	construct a new website	ينشئ موقع
contribute to a website	offer things to a website	يساهم في موقع
show photos	display photos	يعرض صور
Send photos	send photos to others	
to talk to people	discuss things with people	يتحدث مع ناس
to give a talk to people	give a speech to	يلقي خطاب
find out what is happening	discover what is happening	يكتشف ما يحدث
monitor what is happening	watch closely what is happening	يراقب ما يحدث
research information	to use a variety of sources to find the information	
present information	to give the results of your research in a presentation	

Collocations:

Get started	يبدأ
Get an idea	تخطر له فكرة
Catch someone's attention	يلفت انتباه
Spend time	يمضي وقته
Attend a course	بحضر دورة
Take an interest in	يهتم ب....
Economic growth	النمو الاقتصادي
Zero -waste	بلا مخلفات
Carbon -neutral	ثاني أكسيد الكربون
Public transport	المواصلات العامة
Urban planning	التخطيط الحضري
Negative effect	تأثيرات ضارة
Biological waste	مخلفات بيولوجية
Carbon footprint	بصمة الكربون
Car-free zone	منطقة بلا سيارات
Cycle-friendly	تعمل بشكل صديق للبيئة
energy source	مصدر طاقة
industrial waste	مخلفات صناعية
wind farms	مزارع رياح (لتوليد الطاقة)
renewable energy	طاقة متجددة

5 Complete the sentences with the correct collocations.

1 economic growth 2 negative effects 3 carbon footprint 4 public transport
5 biological waste 6 urban planning

- 1- When people talk about economic growth, they can mean either an improvement in the average standard of living, or an increase in the value of a country's products.
- 2- Pollution has some serious negative effects on the environment, such as the death of wildlife and plant life.
- 3- We can all work hard to reduce our carbon footprint by living a more environmentally-friendly lifestyle.
- 4- If we take public transport more often, there will be fewer cars on the roads, which will result in cleaner air in our cities.
- 5- Hospitals need to dispose of a lot of biological waste, and it should be carefully managed because it can be dangerous.
- 6- The need for more effective urban planning is evident when we consider modern day problems like traffic .

Phrasal verbs:

point out	tell someone about something they hadn't noticed
leave out	not include something
carry out	do something that needs to be organised and planned
find out	discover, become aware
set out	begin a journey
work out	think about some thing and manage to understand it
rely on	to have trust or confidence in something or someone
bounce back	to start to be successful again after a difficult time
cope with	to deal successfully with, or handle, a situation
focus on	to direct your attention or effort at something specific

Verbs followed by infinitive or gerund

<u>Verbs followed by "GERUND" (V.ing)</u>	<u>Verbs followed by "to infinitive (to V.0)</u>
admit , avoid , consider , deny , enjoy , finish , imagine , keep (on), postpone , stop , suggest	want , offer , arrange , promise , agree , refuse , plan , decide , hope , afford , manage , forget , seem , appear , tend , pretend , claim , ask, would like

Synonyms :

apparatus	equipment
appendage	limb
prosthetic	artificial
sponsor	fund

Preposition:

Fill in	يعبئ يملئ
Give out	يعطي
Turn on	يشغل
Connect with	يتواصل مع يتصل
Know about	يعرف عن
Look around	ينظر الى
Meet up	يلتقي يقابل
Settle down	يستقر بـمكان
Take place	يحدث يحصل
Wake up	يستيقظ

A. Choose the suitable items from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

out of the blue - red - white elephant - a bit blue - the green light - red-handed

1. Have you heard the good news ? We've got the green light to go ahead with our project !
2. Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was caught red-handed.
3. I was shocked when I heard the news. It came completely out of the blue
4. Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is a white elephant.
5. Everyone who lose one of his relatives feel a bit blue.
6. When you fight somebody maybe you see red,

Wake up – take place – settle down – look around – meet up – get started

- 1 . Tell me about the novel you're reading. Where does the story take place ?
2. I'm sorry I'm late. I didn't Wake up early enough.
3. When I graduate from university, I would like to buy a house and settle down.
4. If you're free at the weekend, let's meet up and go shopping together.
5. I've never visited that museum. I'd like to go in and look around.
6. I've got a lot of homework, so I think I should get started right now!

conventional medicine - produce antibodies - children and teenagers - better and healthier lifestyle choices - suffer from health problems - relax and get some exercise

1. A good way to cope with stress is to work extra hard. No, it isn't. You should try to relax and get some exercise.
2. Complementary medicine can be used to immunise people. No, it can't. You can immunize yourself using conventional medicine.
3. Optimistic people make bad lifestyle choices. No, they don't. They make better and healthier lifestyle choices.
4. Seeing red has positive effects on your health. No, it doesn't. You often suffer from health problems.

ailments - artificial - equipment - fund - textile

1. My sister wants to be a fashion designer and work with textile.
2. Before the boys go climbing, they will go to a special shop to buy all the equipment that they need.
3. Old people tend to suffer from more ailments than younger people.
4. My parents have saved enough money to fund our university courses.

Philosopher – arithmetic – Polymath – chemist – geometry – Mathematician – physician

1. My father teaches Maths. He's a mathematician.
2. You must not take in medicine without consulting a physician.
3. We learn about shapes, lines and angles when we study geometry.
4. Mr Shahin is a true polymath, working in all kinds of creative and scientific fields.
5. Ramzi is very good with numbers and calculations. He always scores high in arithmetic.
6. A is someone who thinks and writes about the meaning of life philosopher.

calculations - astronomers - symptoms - disabilities - gallery

1. If you don't feel well, you should describe your symptoms to the doctor.
2. There is a good gallery for contemporary art across the street.
3. A telescope enables astronomers to observe the stars.
4. It's often impossible for people with disabilities to climb stairs.
5. In our Maths exam, we have to write down our calculations as well as the answers.

smartphone - laptop - model - program - calculation

1. Although they are pocket-sized, smartphones are powerful computers as well as phones.
2. My brother is learning how to write computer programs.
3. I need to make a few calculations before I decide how much to spend.
4. Mobile phones used to be huge. Early models were as big as bricks!
5. I can close the lid of my laptop and then put it in my bag.

viable - alien - conventional - sceptical - complementary

1. I don't really believe that story – I'm very sceptical.
2. Doctors often treat infections with antibiotics; that is the conventional approach.
3. Medicines that are not the normal, traditionally accepted treatments are known as complementary.
4. Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say it is viable
5. If something seems very strange, we sometimes say it is alien

helmet – inspire – monitor – reputation – risk – seat belt – self-confidence –waterproof

1. You can wear your watch when you go swimming if it's waterproof.
3. The Olympic Games often inspire young people to take up a sport.
4. Please hurry up. Let's not risk missing the bus.
5. You must always wear a seat belt in a car, whether you are the driver or a passenger.
6. When my grandfather had a heart attack, the doctors attached a special monitor to the chest.
7. It's important to encourage young people and help them develop self-confidence.
8. Petra has a reputation as a fascinating place to visit.

programs - invented - models - laptop - tablet - mouse - decade

1. Modern computers can run a lot of programs at the same time .
2. You can move around the computer screen using a mouse.
3. From 1990 CE to 2000 CE was a decade.
4. A tablet doesn't need a keyboard.
5. The television was first invented by John Logie Baird .

Complete the verb with the suitable preposition .

- 1- To know dangers of the Internet.
- 2- To connect people on the Internet.
- 3- To turn privacy settings.
- 4- To give personal information.
- 5- To fill a form.