

الأشتقاق :

B. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your answer booklet. (4points)

1. Many clients usually ask competentpractitioner who give them useful advice.
(**praticice, practical , practically**)
2. Theof Ibn Bassal's book was enormous.
(**influential , influenced , influence**)
3. The Middle East is famous for the of olive oil.
(**produce, production, productive**)
4. Ibn Sina wrote textbooks.
(**medicine, medicate, medical**)
5. Fatima al-Fihri was born in thecentury.
(**nine, ninth, ninthly**)
6. My father bought our house with an.....from his grandfather.
(**inherit, inheritance, inherited**)
7. Scholars have discovered an.....document from the twelfth century.
(**original, originate, origin**)
8. Do you think the wheel was the most important.....ever?
(**invent, inventive, invention**)
9. Al-Kindi made an important mathematical
(**discover, discovery, discoverable**)
10. Who was the mostwriter of the twentieth century? (**influence, influential, influentially**)
11. Petra is an importantsite.
(**archaeologically, archaeological, archaeology**)
12. I will be going to university to continue my
(**educate, educational, education**)
13. In our exam, we had toa text from Arabic into English.
(**translate, translated, translation**)
14. Thank you for your help, I reallyit.
(**appreciation, appreciable , appreciate**)
15. The wife tried to.....create a joyful and happy atmosphere at home.
(**artifice, artificial, artificially**)
16. The rapidof Amman forced the government to think about creating a new Amman city.
(**expand, expansion, expansible**)
17. Majed refused to take any money of his uncle's..... .
(**inherit, inheritance, inheritable**)
18. You should stay.....in the conflict of two of your friends.
(**neutralize, neutrality, neutral**)
19. The Ministry of Health has started a program to..... children against measles.
(**immune, immunize, immunisation**)

الأفعال المركبة

1. **rely on** :to have trust or confidence in something or someone
2. **bounce back** : start to be successful again
3. **cope with** : to deal successfully with
4. **focus on** : to direct your attention at something specific
5. **Hands-on** : practical
6. **Communicate with** : speak to
7. **Take place**: happen / occur: حُدث
8. **Wake up**: cause to become awake
9. **Settle down**: live orderly life
10. **Meet up**: to get together with somebody
11. **Look around**: to look in several direction
12. **Get started**: begin

مصطلحات الألوان / colour idioms

1. **feel blue**: feel sad
2. **see red**: get angry
3. **the green light**: permission
4. **red-handed**: in the act of doing something wrong
5. **out of the blue**: unexpectedly
6. **a white elephant**: a useless possession

متلازمات أفعال و صفات : collocations

1. **Economic growth**
2. **Zero –waste:**
3. **Carbon –neutral:**
4. **Public transport:**
5. **Urban planning:**
6. **Negative effect:**
7. **Carbon footprint:**
8. **Biological waste:**
9. **Car-free zone:**
10. **Cycle-friendly :**
11. **energy source :**
12. **Industrial waste:**
17. **catch attention:**
18. **take an interest in:**
19. **attend a course:**
20. **get an idea:**
21. **spend time:**
22. **side effect:**
22. **water / fire proof= against ضد**

Hussein Alsafadi



20. Most of the clinics of the Ministry of Health.....children against many dangerous diseases.

(inoculation, inoculate, inoculated)

21. One of the options to solve shortage of water is the.....of sea water.

(desalinate, declinational, desalination)

22. Masdar City is the first-created city in the world.

(artificially, artifice, artificial)

C. Choose the answer from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET

1. Qasr Bashir is an well preserved castle .

a. extreme b. extremely c. extremity

2. The visitors are attracted by its reputation , lower cost , and.....and language similarities.

a. cultural b. cultural c. culturally

3. The disabled will control prosthetic limbs like arms , legs or hands , or a wheelchair .

a. operation b. operational c. operate

4. Jarash festival has reputation of being a and traditional festival

a. culture b. culturally c. cultural

B. Choose the suitable items from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

1. We had our car

a. repair b. repaired c. repairing

2. I want a car but I can't .

a. get b. getting c. to get

3. Salma the oud really hard recently .

a. have been practising b. has been practising c. has been practised

4. There is car in the garage .

a. the b. an c. a

5. Many hospitals lately.

a. have been building b. have been built c. have built

6. This is the mandaughter I met in Jordan.

a. who b. whose c. that

7. We aren't _____ so fast .

a. used to walking b. used to walk c. use to walking

8. The American English for the British English word " pavement" is _____.

a. trash b. garbage c. sidewalk

9. The way in _____ I would define success is being very good at something you care about.

a. which b. where c. who

إختلاف المعنى

1. share ideas : give ideas to others

compare ideas: show differences

2. create a website : construct a new website

contribute to a website : offer things to a website

3. research information: find information needed

present information: give info.in a presentation

4. monitor what is happening: watch closely what is happening

find out what is happening. : discover what is happening

5. to give a talk to people :give a speech to

to talk to people : discuss things with people

6. show photos: display photos

send photos: post photos

rhetorical devices

ادوات البلاغة

1. Simile:

as /like

Some robots will look and sound very like humans.

Treatment and medicines will taste as delicious as real food.

2. Metaphor: الاستعارة

The world will be at your fingertips.

3. Personification:

Our computers and mobile phones will take care of us, by telling us when to wake up, eat and sleep.

4. Onomatopoeia: أصوات

Everywhere we go we will hear the constant buzz and hum of technology.

Synonyms مترادفات *****

Apparatus \ equipment اداة /آلة

Appendage \ limb طرف

artificial \ prosthetic صناعي

sponsor \ fund يدعم /يمول

Hussein Alsafadi

تعليم للجميع



A. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of following sentences and write it down in your answer Booklet. (6 points)

- Omar is a student in the university of Jordan he studies English ,
(who, which, where)
- Rakan isn't driving on the right in Amman.
(use to, used to, using)
- The employee hasn't filled..... the application yet.
(on, in, at)
- Some letters are usually..... nowadays by hand.
(typing, type, typed)
- You need a knife to the bread.
(boil, melt, slice)
- Hatem will be living in Kerak and he medicine.
(will study, will have studied, will be studying)

B. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of following sentences and write it down in your answer Booklet. (6points)

- If you want to protect your system, turn..... your computer's firewall.
"in, on, at"
- It was Al-Kindi..... invented the Oud in 1650CE.
"who, when , which"
- My brother works as Engineer in this local company.
"a, an, the"
- Aqaba..... in the South of Jordan.
"locate, is located, are located "
- When I graduate, I will buy a house and settle.....
"up, in, down"
- Are you used to in this small city?
"live, lived, living"

C. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of following sentences and write it down in your answer Booklet.

- Ahmad sent the message..... Mr. Barakat asked for yesterday.
"who , when, which"
- Osama is learning how to play..... oud.
"a, an, the"
- The expert said that these projects by the government.
"fund, were funding, were funded"
- "The company will finish the project on time." The manager said that the company the project on time

Text\القطع

مركز الحسين للسرطان

The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan's only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. It treats both adult and paediatric patients. As the population of the country increases, more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment. Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as **they** are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities. In order to cope with the increase in demand for treatment, the KHCC has begun an expansion programme. Building started in 2011 CE. The hospital will have more than doubled its capacity by 2016 CE, increasing space for new cancer cases from 3,500 per year to 9,000. By then, they will have added 182 extra beds, along with bigger units for different departments, including radiotherapy. New adult and paediatric wards will have opened. Additionally, they will have built a special ten-floor outpatients' building, with an education centre which will include teaching rooms and a library. Many cancer patients live far away from Amman, where the KHCC is located, and the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult. For this reason, there are plans to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan. In the near future, King Abdullah University Hospital in Irbid hopes to set up radiotherapy machines, so that cancer patients from northern Jordan will not have to go to Amman for radiotherapy treatment.

الأسئلة

- According to the text, there are many new facilities expected to be added to the center by 2016. Mention two of them.
- Find a word which means "describing the area of medicine that deals with children and their illnesses".
- According to the text, there are many reasons making the King Hussein Cancer Center a regional center. Mention two of them.
- Quote the sentence which indicates that there are arrangements to cover other regions in Jordan with cancer care facilities.
- What does the underlined pronoun "they" refer to?
- It is said that health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.
- Overcrowding is one of the most serious problems in the 21st century. Mention three negative economic impacts of this problem.

"would finish, had finished, finished"

5. British speakers say: you..... the film?

"Have seen, Did see, Do see"

6. Children often..... computers better than parents.

"use, used, uses"

D. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of following sentences and write it down in your answer Booklet.(6 points) ضع دائرة (6 نقاط)

1. Look at the black sky. It rain.

(is going, going to, is going to)

2. We had the computer because is stopped working.

(repair, repairing, repaired)

3. You to switch off the screen, it isn't necessary.

(mustn't, don't have, doesn't have)

4. The student is able to find the secret of this puzzle .

(out, up , about)

5. The person supervised the building of an Al-Andalus Mosque is Fatima's sister.

(who, which, where)

6. I go shopping in the local supermarket, but it closed two years ago, but now I don't.

(used to, am used to, using to)

7. Excuse me , is there chemist's near here ?

(an ,the , - , a)

8. In three years' time , my brother graduated from university .

a. has b. will have c. is going to d. will

9. Soon we packing for our holiday .

a. 're going to b. 'll be c. 're going d. will have

10. Where did they to school ?

a. used to going b. used to go c. use to go d. use going

مهم جدا

1. We're going to Aqaba again the summer .

a. in b. on c. at

2. Nadia forward to it since last year .

a. have been looking b. had been looked c. has been looking

3. We had the computerbecause it had stopped working.

a. repaired b. repairing c. repair

4. We had the computer stopped because it had stopped

a. work b. working c. to work

5. Mahmoud was walking home when the rain (a. was starting b. started c. starting)

It was very heavy , so he

(a. must b. can c. can't) have got very wet .

6. In the past , most letters (c. were writing a. wrote b. were written) by hand.

But these days they are usually

ابن البصال

Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer who lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh century CE. He worked in the court of Al-Ma'mun, who was the King of Toledo. His great passions were botany, which is the study of plants, and agriculture. Although he was a great scholar, he was also a practical man and all of his writing came from his own 'hands-on' experience of working the land.

One of the many things which Ibn Bassal achieved was A Book of Agriculture. The book consisted of sixteen chapters **which** explain how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables, as well as herbs and sweet-smelling flowers; perhaps the most famous chapter of all was the one that described how to treat different types of soil. Ibn Bassal also worked out how to irrigate the land by finding underground water and digging wells. He designed water pumps and irrigation systems. All of these things were passed on through his writing.

The influence of Ibn Bassal's book was enormous. As farmers down the generations followed his instructions and advice, the land became wonderfully fertile and produced more than enough food for the fast-growing population. The **irrigation** systems that he and his followers put in place are still in evidence in Spain. Although his name is not widely known, Ibn Bassal's legacy to the world has been great.

الأسئلة

1. The effects of Ibn Bassal's book were enormous. Write these effects down.

2. What does the underlined word " **which** " refer to?

3. Ibn Bassal's book consisted many things about agriculture. Write two of these things.

4. What does the underlined word " **irrigation** " mean?

5. Quote the sentence which shows that " **we can see the works of Ibn Bassal in Spain these days** "

6. the area around Toledo had a 'fast-growing population'. **Think** of this statement and in two sentences write your point of view.

7. The writer states that water is very important to the land wonderfully and fertile. Explain this and mention three ways to make the fertile.

(a. typed b. typing c. type)

7. Children often computers better than their parents.

a. use b. are using c. are using

8. I usually computers every day , but only for one hour .

a. have been playing b. play c. playing

9. I want (a. to get b. getting c. got) a tablet, but I can't nafford (a. to buy b. buying c. to buying)one at the moment .

10. Ibn Sina wrote Al QanunfiU Tibb, the book became the most famous .

a. whose b. who c, that

11. It was the month of Ramadan Ibn Sina died, in June 1037CE.

a. when b. which c. where

12. Look at the black sky ! It's rain soon!

a. raining b. going to rain c. will

13. I (a. coming b. come) from Ajloun , but I'm (a. staying b. stay) in Irbid for a few months . I will return to Ajloun in the spring.

14. Nadia has(a. been doing b. did c. done) her homework for two hours ! She

(a. is b. will be) very tired when / if she finishes.

15. If Ali had his own computer, heneed to use his friend's computer.

a. wouldn't b. doesn't c. didn't

16. I was writing an email when my laptop itself off .

a. was switching b. switched c. was switched

17. We needed warm clothes when we went to London.

We..... the cold weather .

a. didn't use to b. weren't' used to c. didn't used to

18. My grandparentssend emails when they were my age .

a. didn't use to b weren't used to c. didn't used to

19. Rashed..... go swimming every morning, but now he doesn't .

a. was used to b. used to c. didn't used

20. We always go to the market across the street, so we eating fresh vegetables.

a. are used to b. used to c. didn't use to

21. Please slow down. I walking so fast !

a. didn't use to b. am not used to c. am not use to

22. When you were younger, did youplay in the park ?

a. used to b. use to c. using to

23. I shopping in the local supermarket, but it closed two years ago, so now I have to drive into town to shop.

a. used to go b. am used to go c. use to go

24. There..... so much pollution, but these days it is a global problem.

a. didn't use to be b. wasn't used to be c. didn't used to be

الفنون

Jordan has a very rich cultural heritage thanks to the support of the Department of Culture and the Arts, which was founded in 1966 CE. Since then, the department has built up an exciting, ongoing programme of cultural activities related to all the arts: music, visual arts, performing arts and the written word.

In 1979 CE, the Royal Society of Fine Arts (RSFA) was established to promote visual arts in Jordan and other countries in the region. It has links with major art galleries around the world in order to encourage artists from different cultures to learn from each other. The Jordan National Gallery of Fine Arts is one of the most important art museums in the Middle East. The collection includes over 2,000 works of art, including paintings, sculptures, photographs, installations, textiles and ceramics, by more than 800 artists from 59 countries. In 2013 CE, it held Jordan's largest art exhibition called '70 Years of Contemporary Jordanian Art'.

Until the 1990s, most Jordanian literature was only available in Arabic. However, thanks to PROTA (the Project of Translation from Arabic), many Jordanian plays, novels, short stories and poems are now translated into English, and people all over the world are able .themto read and appreciate Every year, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) chooses a different Arab city as the Arab Cultural Capital. In 2002 CE, the city of Amman was awarded this title. Jordan has a centuries-old musical heritage. The National Music Conservatory (NMC)opened in1986 CE, making it possible for more Jordanian students to study music seriously. In 1987 CE, the National Centre for Culture and Arts was created, which showcases theatre and dance in Jordan and the region.

Realising the value of art and culture, Jordan decided to offer Jordanians and the world an annual arts festival. In 1981 CE, the Jerash Festival for Culture and Arts was founded. This three-week-long summer programme is one of the largest cultural activities in the region. It takes place in the important archaeological site of Jerash, which underlines the close relationship between the arts and Jordan's cultural history.

الأسئلة

1. The Jordan National Gallery of Fine Arts includes hundreds of art works. Write down three of them.
2. What is the role of the National Centre for Culture and Arts?
3. Write down the sentence which indicates the year

25. I think television..... better than it is now . Most of the programmers these days are just reality TV.

a. used to be b. is used to be c. is using to be

26. Most Jordanians..... the hot weather that we have in summer .

a. are used to b. used to c. were used to

27. Therea lot more wild animals in the past, but they are becoming rare nowadays.

a. was used to be b. used to be c. were used to be

28. Salma has been practicing the oud really had and she is now.....it .

a. used to playing b. used to play c. use to play

29. Excuse me , is there chemist's near here ?

a. an b. the c. x d. a

30. In three years' time, my brother graduated from university .

a. has b. will have c. is going to d. will

31. Soon we packing for our holiday.

a. 're going to b. 'll be c. 're going d. will have

32. Where did they to school?

a. used to going b. used to go c. use to go d. use going

33. Iunderstand English, but now I do.

a. didn't use to b. am used to c. didn't used to

34. My cousin has lived in Lebanon for a year. He says heliving there now.

a. is used to b. didn't use to c. used to

35. My family and Igo camping once a month, but we stopped doing that when we moved to the city.

a. are used to b. used to c. were used to

36. Joining a gym can be very tiring at first if youdoing much exercise.

a. used to b. aren't used to c. is used to

37. When I was young, Igo fishing with my dad every weekend. Now I don't, unfortunately!

a. used to b. am used to c. was used to

38. When we were younger , we live in a village . We moved to the city when I was about ten years old .

a. were used to b. use to c. used to

39. By the end of this year, we here for ten years .

a. will live b. will be living c. will have lived

in which Amman was given the title of the Arab Cultural Capital.

4. Find a word in the text which means " **an art exhibit often involving video or moving parts** "

5. What does the underlined pronoun "**them**" refer to?

6. Write the following word " **Conservatory** " in British English.

7. 'To truly understand a country's culture, you have to understand its artistic heritage.' Do you agree or disagree? Justify your answer.

A. Correct the verbs between brackets then write your answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (6 points)

السؤال الثالث يشمل تصحيح الفعل وله 6 علامة

- Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (6 points)

1. 15- In 2010 CE, the first tablet computer (produce).
2. If we global warming, life would be very difficult on earth. (not , fight)
3. We won't be home tomorrow night. We the football match at the stadium. (be, watch)
4. The books that you ordered by the end of the week (arrive)

Correct the verbs between brackets and write the answers in your answer booklet. صحح الفعل بين أقواس

- 1- Are you planningshopping tomorrow? (go)
- 2- Where have you been? I..... for ages. (wait)
- 3- Our grandmother used.....us stories at bedtime. (tell)
- 4- I didn't like getting up early, but I it now.(use to)
- 5- Will it still..... this evening? (rain)
- 6- She a teacher, but now she's retired.(use/be)
- 7- Before she went to the library, Huda..... her mother to prepare lunch. (help)
- 8- In three years' time, my brotherfrom university.(graduate)
- 9- This time tomorrow we..... for our holiday.(pack)
- 10- Where did they..... to school?(use / go)
- 11- By the time the bus arrived, we for an hour.(wait)
- 12- I..... the house since yesterday . That's why I have some paint on my clothes.(paint)
- 13- I..... the keys , I can't find them anywhere. (lose)
- 14- We've lived in the city a long time, so we..... the traffic.(use to)
- 15- She's lived in the UK for a year. She..... English now.(use to /speak)
- 16- My mother used my clothes, but now I choose my own.(buy)
- 17- Ali about his friend when he received a text from him.(think)
- 18- I cartoon films when I was younger. These days I prefer action films.(use to/ watch)
- 19- This time next year, they for their final exams.(prepare)
- 20- What we in ten years' time?(do)
- 21- By 2019 CE, the new motorway (open)
- 22- We're late! By the time we get to the station, the train(go)

عدنان

Adnan, a professional craftsman, is at work in his studio. With the oven at 1,400 degrees Centigrade, 20 hours a day, a glass-making studio isn't the most comfortable place to be. For

Adnan, however, this is more than just a job.

„My family has been blowing glass for around 700 years,“ he says. „My father learnt the craft from his father, and he taught it to me when I was a child.“ Adnan is "passionate" about this ancient craft, and regularly gives demonstrations and workshops to teach young people the skills of glassblowing. He strongly believes that unless we interest more young people in learning the craft,nobody will know how to make hand-blown glass in the future. „These days, young people don't always want to follow their parents' professions, and, added to that, glassblowing isn't an easy job. **It** has to be an obsession, as it is for me!“

Adnan still uses the technique that was first developed by the Phoenicians some 2,000 years ago. First, he pushes a thin metal blowpipe into the boiling hot furnace. Secondly, he lifts out the liquid sand and lays it on a metal plate. After that, he blows the red-hot glass until it becomes more flexible. Then he pulls and bends the glass into shape. He has to work extremely quickly because the liquid sand is already solidifying into glass. Adnan is making a delicate swan. Through the semi-opaque glass, you can see fine lines of turquoise, green and blue. „The sand gives us transparent, or "white", glass,“ Adnan explains. „We get this beautiful dark, cobalt blue by adding the metal cobalt to the melted glass. Then, this blue becomes a lighter, sea-green turquoise after adding copper. Finally, we decorate the glass by hand.“

„These days we recycle broken glass. We also use commercially produced colours instead of using natural ingredients as in the past. Apart from that, nothing else about this craft has changed through the centuries. You can't use a machine to do this work,“ he says. „The old ways are still the best.“

الأسئلة

- 1- Find a word in the text which means " explaining and showing how to do things, or how things work."
- 2- According to the text, there are four steps to make glass. Mention two of them.
- 3- What does the underlined pronoun "**It**", refer to?
- 4- Write down the sentence which indicates that glassblowing is a handcraft that cannot be done with machines.

23- When we were younger, we..... in a village. We moved to the city when I was about ten years old. (use to/live)

24- By the end of this year, we..... here for ten years. (live)

Answers 1- To go 2-have been waiting 3- to tell 4- am used to 5-be raining 6-used to be 7-had helped 8- will have graduated 9-will be packing 10-use to go 11-had been waiting 12-have been painting 13- have lost 14-are used to 15-is used to speaking 16-to buy 17-had been thinking 18-used to watch 19- will be preparing 20-will , be doing 21-will have opened 22-will have gone 23-used to live 24-will have lived

الأزمة \ مهم جدا

People **have been using** (be / use) smart phones since they **were invented** (invent) in 2000. During 2010 , people **had bought** (buy) phones different designs .

In 2010, the first tablet **was produced** (produce) .

By the of 2010 , companies **had sold** more smart phones . (sell)

1. I was writing an email when my lap top **switched** off . (switch)

2. If Ali **had** a computer , he would need to go to the library . (have) .

3. If you **play** computer games all time , you won't time to study (play) .

1.The train **has been serving** commuters since 1930 . (be / serve) .

2.In the near future , the government **will be building** more stations . (be / build)

3.By 2020, Jordan **will have built** more rail ways (build)

1. After some people had struggled for months , they **began** asking questions . (begin)

2. They had **been preparing** it before they started work . (be / prepare)

3. By the time they arrived , I had **been waiting** them . (be / wait)

4. After some people **had struggled** for months , they began asking questions (struggle)

5- According to the text, there are two things which have been changed in Adnan's craft through centuries. Write them down.

6- It is said that individuals and governments must work together to preserve ancient crafts. Explain this statement suggesting three ways to preserve traditional crafts.

7. Introducing modern technology can be beneficial to the productivity of traditional crafts. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

أمريكي & بريطاني

SPELLING

American English	British English
center theater liter centimeter	centre theatre litre centimetre
favorite color harbor neighbor	favourite colour harbour neighbour
dialog catalog	dialogue catalogue
program	programme*
authorize specialize normalize paralyze realize	authorise specialise normalise paralyse realise
practice (verb) practice (noun)	practise (verb) practice (noun)
traveling canceling marvelous jeweler modeling	travelling cancelling marvellous jeweller modelling
archeology homeopathy	archaeology homoeopathy

VOCABULARY

American English	British English
apartment	flat
candy	sweets
conservator y	conservatoire
cookie	biscuit
drugstore elevator	chemist's lift
fall	autumn
gas	petrol
pants	trousers
school principal	head teacher
trunk	boot (of a car)
sidewalk	pavement
trash/ garbage	rubbish
vacation	holiday
Gosh	Goodness
take a look / a shower / a rest/ a break	have a look / a shower/ a rest/ a break

A. Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There are more words than you need. Write the answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

Immunization , ceramics , viable , sculpture , physician

1. You must not take in medicine without consulting a
2. Many serious diseases can be prevented by, which helps the body to build antibodies.
3. Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say it is
4. : a solid piece of art, usually made of stone, metal or wood.

Arthritis , ceramics , developed , invented , footprint

1. The television was first by John Logie Baird .
2. My grandfather has in his fingers, so he sometimes finds it difficult to write.
3. We burn carbon whenever we use oil, coal or gas. This is known as our carbon
4. Art works that made from clay called.....

fund , power , mouse , seat belt , allergies

1. My parents have saved enough money to our university courses.
2. You can move around the computer screen using a
3. If you have a, the best thing to do is take some medicine and rest somewhere quiet.
4. You must always wear a in a car, whether you're the driver or a pas

neutral , sculpture , visual , alien , calculation

1. I need to make a few before I decide how much to spend.
2. Photography and painting are two examples of the arts.
3. If we replace as much carbon as we burn, we are carbon-
4. If something seems very strange, we sometimes say it is

coma , philosopher , conventional , gallery , self-confidence

1. Doctors often treat infections with antibiotics; that is the ----- approach.
2. After Ali's accident, he lay in for two weeks.
3. It's important to encourage young people and help them develop -----.
4. Look at beautiful pieces of art at a

وصف المكان \ كتابة موجهة : Describing a place

The Giralda Tower

Location : Seville, Spain.

Date of construction : 1184 CE – 1198 CE.

Purpose of building : overlooking the city of Seville.

Description of the building : tall minarets / arched windows.

Designer : Jabir Ibn Aflah

من المتوقع ان يكون وصف المكان للمسجد الأقصى او المسجد الأموي

الصوتيات

a. 1. p sound /p/

pen, pack, rope

2 . b. sound /b/

bend, back, robe

b. 1 n sound /n/

sun, India, win

2. ing sound / ŋ / song, singing, wing

c. 1 i sound /I/

fit, give, middle

2. ee sound/i:/ been, dream, medium

d. 1 a sound /

and, back, ran, bath

2 .ar sound/a:/ car, half

e. 1 e sound /e/ best, egg, deaf

2. ir sound/ɜ:/ birthday, world, girl

Function / الوظيفة اللغوية

Consequence

نتيجة

- As a consequence

- Therefore

- In this way

In this way

Opposition / contrasting

التناقض

- However

- Whereas

- Despite

- On one hand, ... On the other hand, ... /

- In spite of this, ... / On the contrary, ... / Conversely, ...

Expressing continuation or addition: الإضافة أو الاستمرارية

- Furthermore, ... / Likewise, ... /

- One reason for this is ... / In addition, ...

Conclusion/Recommendations

- It appears that ...

- This results in ...

- It is recommended that ...

red handed , Strenuous, inoculation ,showcase , out of the blue

1-Most people avoid doing.....exercises when they become old

2- The National Centre for Culture and Arts will..... theatre and dance in Jordan and in the region.

3- The government must benefit from the mass media to raise people's awareness of the importance of the.....for their children.

4- Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was caught.....

astronomers, gallery, disabilities , homeopathy

1. Most doctors used to be sceptical about the validity of , acupuncture and other forms of complementary medicine

2 There is a good..... for contemporary art across the street.

3 A telescope enables..... to observe the stars.

4 It is often impossible for people with..... to climb stairs.

sustainability , apparatus , physician, mortality, prost

1. After our Science lesson in the laboratory, we always help the teacher to put the..... away.

2. The nature reserve uses recycled water, which helps the..... of the environment.

3. Athletes with legs can take part in the Paralympics.

4. Professor Badari, aged 67, is the hospital's leading Specializing in cancer care.

decade ,ailment , artificial , equipment , fund , textiles

1. My sister wants to be a fashion designer and work with.....

2. Before the boys go climbing, they'll go to a special shop to buy all the that they need.

3. Older people tend to suffer from more s than younger people.

4. My parents have saved enough money to our university courses.

5. From 1990 CE to 2000 CE was.....

ailments , dementia, acupuncture , irrigated, Fine Arts, fountain pen

1. My grandparents gave me a for my birthday, and I am learning calligraphy now.

2. Some can be treated effectively with homoeopathic remedies.

3. When there is not enough rainfall to grow crops, the ground must be

4. I enjoy painting and sculpture so I decided to do a degree in

5. Elderly people often suffer from..... , which is difficult to treat.

لكتابة أي موضوع تعبير

The purpose of this **report (essay)** is to discuss -----
الموضوع ----- which is considered as one of the most
important issues in this century. It has (many advantages او
reasons او problems

(حسب الموضوع الوزاري) **results** او **disadvantages** and many
او **solutions** او **effects**)

On the one hand, I think it has the following advantages او
reasons او problems such as: الموضوع

On the other hand, it has the following **disadvantages** او
results او **solutions** او **effects**.

To sum up , I believe that we should work more and more
harder in order to deal with it. Because it is our common
responsibility.

Letter to school magazine / الرسالة الى مجلة المدرسة

Dear editor / Dear Mr.

I am writing this letter to discuss an important issue , that is
considered one of the worlds priorities. So this is the main
reason why I am writing this letter.

As you know , it has many advantages such as : ضع جملتين
تناسبان مع الموضوع ----- and ----

----- too. While , on the other hand , it
has the following disadvantages such as :

ضع جملتين تناسبان مع الموضوع -----
----- and ----- too.

Finally, I would like to say that , I send this letter to your
magazine so that the people can take this issue more and
more seriously . So as an expected result, they can work
together , as I hope.

Best wishes

كل الحب والتوفيق إخواني الطلبة لكم مني أجمل سلام ومن القلب
الله يوفقكم جميعا
أخوكم الأستاذ حسين أحمد الصفدي
للتواصل: 0775289409

websites , floppy disk , programmes , whiteboard,
Internet

Many classrooms now use a (1) as a
computer screen. As a consequence, teachers can show
(2) on the board in front of the class.
Teachers can then use the (3) to show
educational (4), play educational
games, music, recordings of languages, and so on.

antibodies , artificially-created , blog,
calculations, desalination

1. plants are becoming a popular method of
providing water for people living in areas that have little
fresh water.
2. Many megaprojects consist of cities,
which will be built according to principles of sustainable
living.
3. I came across a post the other day. It
was discussing the importance of traditional crafts in our
modern-day society.
4. Homoeopathy cannot produce needed to
protect against childhood diseases.
5. One of the earliest computers took as long as 25
minutes to do simple mathematical

**A. Replace the words and phrases in bold with
words from the box. One word is not needed.**

a coma , dementia , medical trials , pills ,
symptoms

1. Doctors look at **the signs of illness** before they decide how
to treat the patient.
2. Before doctors prescribe drugs to patients, scientists perform
special tests to make sure the drugs are safe.
3. After Ali's accident, he lay in **an unconscious state** for two
weeks.
4. My grandfather has to take a lot of medicine – he takes six
different **tablets** every day

سؤال إعادة الجملة

- 1.Perhaps Issa's phone is broken.
Issa's phone -----.(**might**)
2. Somebody has found my missing laptop.
My -----
(**been**)
3. I asked someone to fix my computer.
I ------(**had**)
4. It isn't necessary to switch off the screen.
You -----(**have**)
5. You are not allowed to touch this machine.
You ----- (**must**)
6. I think you should send a text message.
If ----- (**would**)
7. **Press that button to make the picture move.**
If you -----
(**moves**)
8. Mohammad checked his emails, and then he started work.
Mohammad had -----
(**before**)
9. Huda helped her mother to prepare lunch. Then she went to the library.
After Huda -----
---- **Huda** -----
- 10. I think you should know the truth.
If I ----- (**were**)
11. my father has influenced me most of all .
The person
It
12. London is a huge city , it is the capital of UK.
London,.....
13. Ali started studying at 5:00 am .it is now 10:00 pm . he is still studying .
Ali
14. **I haven't done my homework at centre .**
.....
15. It is noh familiar for me to do my work at night .
I
16. Ali intends to finish his project tonight
Ali
- 17 . Sami plans to study English literature .
Sami