

Charles Dickens تشارلز دكنز

Charles Dickens was born on 7th February, 1812, in Portsmouth, on the southern coast of England. He was a quiet boy, who loved reading. When he spoke later of his childhood, he said that he remembered listening to children playing outside, as he sat indoors. He always preferred reading to playing with other children. At the age of 12, life for his family changed very suddenly. His father had financial problems, so Charles was no longer able to attend school regularly, and he had to work at a factory. The loneliness he felt there was an important influence on his writing, especially in his books *Great Expectations* and *David Copperfield*. When he was 14, Charles stopped going to school altogether and started working as a clerk in a lawyer's office in London. He didn't like working there.

Luckily, things changed for him again. Charles had always wanted to be a writer, and he became a very respected journalist. He began to write short pieces for publication in the newspaper. In 1836, a series of pieces called *The Pickwick Papers* appeared monthly in the newspaper and were very popular. Dickens was a famous author by then.

Throughout his life, Dickens enjoyed travelling. He travelled to many countries, writing novels and giving talks about the cruelty of slavery. Novels such as *Oliver Twist* and *Dombey and Son* highlighted the cruel treatment of people, especially children, and child labour in the 19th century. He died on 8th June, 1870, at the age of 58.

الأسئلة

1. Why did Charles Dickens have to stop going to school?
2. How did Dickens' experiences of work influence his writing?
3. Write down a sentence which shows Dickens' first successful published work.
4. Dickens' novels highlight many issues. Write down two issues of them.
5. What do you think are the moral problems with using children as labour?
6. Do you think a novel that addresses a social problem would contribute to diminishing these problems? If so, how? If not, why not?
7. The loneliness Dickens felt was an important influence on his writing. Give two examples.
8. Dickens wrote many novels about the cruel treatment of people and child labour. Write down two novels of them.



Hussein Alsafadi

Braille \ لغة برل

Communication, the sharing of information, ideas and thoughts, can take many forms. Before the development of writing, people communicated via **smoke signals**, **cave paintings** and drumbeats. The first systems of writing used pictures to **convey** meaning. Gradually, as language developed, alphabets **evolved**, using letters and **symbols** which represented sounds. These sounds in turn made up words. The invention of the printing press in the 15th century led to the first forms of **mass media**: newspapers and magazines. Until then, it hadn't been possible to reach thousands of readers at the same time. However, only **sighted people** could access these media.

This all changed in 1821 CE. It happened when an officer in the military in France was visiting the Royal **Institute** of the Blind in Paris. He wanted to **demonstrate** to the students a system of dots he had invented. These dots allowed soldiers to communicate without speaking. This method of communication caught the **attention** of Louis Braille, a young man who was studying at the Institute.

After many years of work, Louis Braille had improved and completed the system of raised **dots**, which became known as Braille. The **characters** consist of six tactile dots that can form 64 **combinations**, spelling out letters, numbers and symbols.

By 1868 CE, 16 years after Louis Braille's death, **blind people** all over the world were using Braille every day. It has also been adapted to **scripts** in different languages. It enables blind people to read books, maps and labels, and even to press buttons in a lift. A wide range of **national** daily newspapers are **available** in Braille, too.

Nowadays, screen-reading software means that the text on a computer screen can be heard aloud. Digital talking books that **simultaneously** generate output in Braille are also available.

الأسئلة والأجوبة

1- How did mass media contribute to the invention of Braille?
By issuing versions using Braille to enable the blind to read newspapers and magazines.

2- Why do you think soldiers had to communicate without speaking?
I think they did that to keep their communication secret.

3- What makes Braille an official system of communication?
Because it's used all over the world.

4- How does technology nowadays help blind people to communicate?
Text on a computer screen can be heard aloud, and digital talking books that simultaneously generate output in Braille are also available.

5- Do you think Braille is a practical way for the blind to communicate? Justify your answer.
I think Braille is practical for the blind to communicate because it uses a sense that they have. It could be very slow though, as reading with fingers might take longer time.

6- How did people communicate before the development of writing?
People communicated via smoke signals, cave paintings and drumbeats.

7- What did the first systems of writing use to convey meaning?

Petra

In Petra, Jordan, there lie the remains of a majestic city carved out of the desert rock. This city was the main area inhabited by the Nabateans, who migrated gradually from Arabia during the 6th century BCE. Originally, they were a nomadic people who chose to settle in various places, such as southern Jordan, the Naqab Desert and northern Arabia.

There is little about the lifestyle of the Nabateans, except that they were important traders in the ancient world. They might have traded goods such as spices, gold and animals with civilizations such as China, India and Rome because of their convenient position at a commercial crossroads in the world.

Many Roman writers wrote about what the Nabateans culture must have been like, but no one knows for sure. However, they agree that the language of the Nabateans could have been a mixture of Arabic and Aramaic. These Roman writers also say that the Nabateans were ruled by a royal family, and that, unlike many cultures in the ancient world, the Nabatean society might not have used any slaves. In addition to that, the Nabateans must have been expert engineers because they managed to build complicated water conservation systems in the desert terrain.

They can tell Despite archaeologists' best efforts; there is a limit to what we know about these fascinating people who lived in Jordan such a long time ago. Although it is still difficult to know much, they can't have been illiterate because there are some inscriptions that remain. However, sadly for us, most of the things the Nabateans made and owned have been too easily destroyed by time or lost in the desert.

الأسئلة والأجوبة

1. Where did the Nabateans choose to live after emigrating from Arabia?

They chose to live in Southern Jordan, the Naqab Desert and northern Arabia.

2. What evidence is there to show that the Nabateans were excellent engineers?

There are remains of complicated water conservation systems in the desert terrain.

3. How was the Nabatean culture different from other cultures?

the Nabatean society might not have used any slaves.

4. The Nabateans were nomads before they chose to settle in Petra. What reason can you think of that might have influenced them to settle?

I think they might have been influenced by a better place to live in. It might have a better climate, for example.

5. Why were the Nabateans skilled traders?

Because they managed to build complicated water conservation system in the desert terrain.

6. Why is it impossible that the Nabateans were illiterate?

Because there are some inscriptions that remain.

7. The language of the Nabateans was a mixture of two languages. Mention these two languages.

A mixture of Arabic and Aramaic.

8. Quote the sentence which indicates what happened to most of the remains and ruins of the Nabateans.

However, sadly for us, most of the things the Nabateans made and too easily destroyed by time or lost in the desert. Been owned have

9. Find a word in the text which means "pieces of writing carved into a stone, rock...etc"

Inscriptions

10. The Nabateans chose to settle in many places. Write down two

The first systems of writing used pictures to convey meaning.

8- How did alphabets evolve?
Alphabets evolved, using letters and symbols which represented sounds.

9- There were two forms of mass media in the 15th century. Write down these two mass media.
newspapers and magazines.

10- How could soldiers benefit from the first system of dots?
These dots allowed soldiers to communicate without speaking.

11- How does blind people benefits from Braille?
It enables blind people to read books, maps and labels, and even to press buttons in a left

12- What do the characters of Braille consist of?
the characters consist of six tactile dots that can form 64 combinations, spelling out letters, numbers and symbols.

13- What does the underlined word 'signals' mean?
means of communication

The Minoan civilization/ الحضارة الميناوية

The Minoan civilization ruled the Mediterranean Island of Crete for 1,500 years, until it was destroyed in 1450 BCE. The Minoans built **They** the first paved roads in Europe and introduced running water. ,which might have been why they had a powerful **navy** were such strong civilization for so long. For many years people have been trying to find why this developing civilization might have disappeared. Even after Crete was hit by a large earthquake around 1,700 BCE, the Minoans rebuilt their cities. So what caused their civilization to end?

Many experts say that the end of the Minoan civilization might have been caused by the eruption of a volcano on the nearby Island of Santorini, almost 3,500 years ago. However, at Knossos in Crete, scientists have been examining deposits of ash, marine species, cattle bones and seashells in the soil. How could these deposits have got there? The only answer is that they must have been deposited in Crete by a tsunami.

Experts have now pieced together a possible explanation of what might have happened. They believe that several tsunamis might have hit the northern and eastern shores of the island, every thirty minutes due to the eruption of the volcano on Santorini. It must have been a terrifying experience for the Minoans living there!

الاسئلة و الاجوبة

1- Which island the Minoan civilization ruled?

The Mediterranean Island of Crete

2-How did the Minoans contribute to the development of civilization?

By introducing paved roads and running water

4-Why were the Minoans such a strong civilization for so long?
They had a powerful navy.

5-Why is the disappearance of the Minoan civilization a mystery?

Because they were a strong civilization for along time, even rebuilding their cities after an earthquake.

6- What was the main reason of the end of the Minoan civilization?

By the eruption of a volcano on the nearby Island of Santorini, almost 3,500 years ago.

7-What evidence made the experts believed that Crete was hit by tsunamis?

of them.

Such as southern Jordan, the Naqab Desert and northern Arabia.

11- Nabateans traded many goods. Write down two of these goods.

They might have traded goods such as spices, gold and animals

12- Nabateans traded many goods with civilizations. Write down two of these civilizations.

such as China, India and Rome

13- Why did Nabateans trade with China, India and Rome?

Because of their convenient position at a commercial crossroads in the world.

14- What happened to the things the Nabateans made and owned?

most of the things the Nabateans made and owned have been too easily destroyed by time or lost in the desert

تاريخ البيتزا \ The history of pizza

The earliest form of pizza was invented when soldiers needed food to take with **them** on long marches. **They** baked a kind of bread flat on **their** shields and then covered **it** (1) with cheese and dates. This early pizza was a convenient, healthy food for people **who** were constantly on the move. The wheat flour base provided energy in the form of carbohydrates, the cheese gave the soldiers calcium, **which** kept **their** bones and teeth healthy, and the dates provided protein, fibre and various vitamins and minerals that are necessary to keep the body healthy. Pizza is also mentioned in the 3rd century BCE, **when** there was written evidence of a flat round bread that had olive oil, herbs and honey on the top. **It** (2) was baked on hot stones. When people explored the remains of Pompeii, Italy, **they** found evidence of a flat flour cake that was baked and widely eaten **there** at that time. There was also evidence of the first pizza restaurants in Pompeii in the 16th century CE. Visitors can see the pizza ovens in the ruins, even today.

In 1522 CE, travellers returning to Europe from Peru brought back tomatoes with **them**. The people of Naples added the new tomatoes to **their** bread, which consisted of flour, oil, salt and yeast, and created the first simple pizza.

In 1889 CE, the King of Italy and **his** wife, Queen Margherita, were on holiday in Naples in Italy. **They** asked a famous pizza chef to come and cook for them. **He** prepared three kinds of pizza. The Queen's favourite one was the one that had been made with a white cheese called mozzarella, a green herb called basil, and ripe, red tomatoes. These were exactly the colours of the Italian flag. The chef named this pizza in honour of the Queen: the Margherita.

In the late 19th century CE, pizza became a popular snack that was sold from stalls on the streets of Naples. When many Italians emigrated to America in the 19th century CE, **they** took the recipe for pizza with **them**. **Its popularity there** spread all over the world, and today **it** is a favourite dish in almost every country.

الأسئلة

1. Who first invented pizza?
2. The writer states that the first pizza was healthy for soldiers. What healthy nutrients did that pizza contain? Write down three things.
3. What evidence can be seen today that there were pizza restaurants in the 16th century CE in Italy?
4. Write down three ingredients of Margherita pizza.
5. Who was Margherita pizza named after? How did pizza Margherita get its name?
6. What does the underlined word "them" refer to? ?
7. It is claimed that pizza started in Italy. How did it become a favourite dish in almost every country?

Because deposits of ash, marine life, cattle bones and seashells have been found in the soil.

8-If a civilization from our days disappeared all of a sudden, what kind of evidence do you think it would leave behind it?

I think a civilization would leave behind things like recent technology and also things of everyday life.

9- Quote the sentence which indicates that people tried very hard to know the reason of Minoan's disappearance.

For many years people have been trying to find why this developing civilization might have disappeared.

10- What does the underlined word 'navy' mean?
seagoing military force

Communication ways

طرق التواصل

1. People first started written communication through and **drawings** on cave walls.
2. When the was invented, it became a lot easier for people to communicate.
3. This writing system was made up of **letters** and which represented **sounds**.
4. when prevailed, it introduced the whole world to 5. and **magazines**.
6. The blind could not benefit from these forms of communication, and that's when the **language of** was invented.

- 1) *paintings* 2) *alphabet* 3) *symbols* 4) *mass media* 5) *newspapers* 6) *Braille*

top five titles

novel biography play non-fiction anthology short stories

- 1) *The life and work of Ibn Battuta*: This gives an account of the journeys and writings of the 14th – century traveler.
- 2) *Wuthering Heights*: a new edition of perhaps Emily Bronte's most famous
- 3) *The Young Person's Encyclopedia of Space*: a work that is an essential reference book for all schoolchildren.
- 4) *Poems of the Masters*: a **poetry** collecting the most important works ever written.
- 5) *Dubliners*: an excellent collection of 15 by James Joyce.

1. *biography* 2. *novel* 3. *non-fiction* 4. *anthology* 5. *short stories*

Hussein Alsafadi

مادة الحفظ للمستوى الثاني

solar شمسي	cells خلايا
panels ألواح	biomass المخلفات الحيوية
generators مولدات	turbines محركات / توربينات
heat حرارة	steam بخار

1. Water can be heated up by **solar** panels, which contain thousands of small solar **cells**.
2. Wind **turbines** can be used to convert wind energy into electricity.
3. **Biomass** is natural material which is grown or produced to be used as a **fuel**.
4. When **biomass** is burnt, the heated water produces **steam**, which is used to make electricity.

مترادفات

challenge تحدي	helper مساعد
laboratory مختبر	practical عملي
engineer مهندس	inventor مخترع
assistant مساعد	test امتحان / فحص
hands-on عملي	workshop معمل / ورشة

Complete the following sentences with words from the box.

Setting , remains, inhabitants, illiterate, Lifestyle, majestic

- 1- The of the city were living in peace.
- 2- The history of this civilization is carved in the city's stones.
- 3- The Nabateans were not because archaeologists have found some inscriptions.
- 4- The Of a past civilization tell us a lot about its culture.
- 5- Nomadic people kept traveling and In different places.

1- inhabitants 2- majestic 3- illiterate 4- remains 5- setting



وصف الكتاب / book descriptions

- 1) **Julius Caesar** – a by Shakespeare.
- 2) **Dombey and Son** – a by Charles Dickens.
- 3) **A Child's Garden of Verses** – a anthology by Robert Louis Stevenson.
- 4) **A Thousand and One Nights** – a group of told by a helpless woman to keep herself alive.
- 5) **Shakespeare's Life** by J. Maxwell – a of this famous playwright..
- 6) **All About Volcanoes** – an informative book.

1. play 2. novel 3. poetry 4. short stories 5. biography 6. non-fiction

كوارث طبيعية / natural disasters

Earthquake هزة أرضية volcano بركان flood فيضان tsunami تسونامي
tornado إعصار تسونامي

Natural disasters happen all around the world; they can sometimes destroy cities and whole civilizations.

1. **flood** happens when it **rains too much**.
2. Another natural disaster is the **tornado** which is a powerful, destructive **windstorm**.
3. **tsunami** is a **huge wave** in the ocean.
4. This disaster can be caused by an **earthquake** when the **earth shakes** from deep inside.
5. **the eruption** of a volcano

Fossil fuel وقود أحفوري Water: مياه Air: هواء Metal: معدن

1. **Fossil fuel** is used for heating homes and running cars.
2. **Water** is used for drinking and irrigation.
3. **Air** is used for breathing and generating electricity.
4. **Metal** is used for building bridges and making cars.

Tidal abundant derived worldwide Biofuels primary

- (1) are fuels that are (2) from living matter, including plant material and animal waste. There's a difference between (3) biofuels, which are used for heating and electricity production, and secondary biofuels, which are used in vehicles and industry.
- (4) production of biofuels from crops means using large pieces of land, and therefore keeping less land for food production.
- People (5) need to be careful with biofuel production and be aware of its bad effects on Earth's resources.

1) Biofuels 2) derived 3) primary 4) Abundant 5) worldwide



1) need = are reliant on: يعتمد على
2) as a result = consequently: نتيجة / لذلك
3) responsibility = accountability: مسؤولية
4) partnership = combined effort: جهد مشترك
5) in-depth comprehension = deep understanding: فهم عميق
6) health = wellbeing: صحة
7) numerous different advantages = countless other benefits: فوائد اخرى
8) uncontaminated = free from pollutants: خالي من الملوثات
9) routinely monitored = consistently maintained: يراقب بشكل دائم
11) greater concern for = more regard for: مزيد من الأهتمام
11) will run out = is finite: ينتهي / محدود

Using the appropriate phrase or word you found in exercise 4 to complete this text.

Humans and animals (1) water to survive. (2) living in a country where water is scarce requires a (3) of a relationship between mankind and nature. Whether we are part of a large business or a small family, we must build a community feeling of (4) for our water supply, and use it with (5) the world around us. The government provides us with drinking water that is (6) and the least we can do is to make a (7) to reduce our usage on a day-to-day basis.

1) are reliant on for 2) Consequently 3) deep understanding 4) accountability 5) more regard 6) consistently maintained / free from pollutants 7) combined effort

Complete the following paragraph with the words from the box. One word is not needed.

Writer poet journalist author Novelist narrator playwright

If you write any kind of published material, you are an (1) If you specifically write for a newspaper or a magazine, you are a (2) However, if you write fictitious narrative books, you are a (3) On the other hand, if you write a shorter, rhyming pieces, you are a (4) If you write dialogue which will be performed by actors in a theatre, you are a (5) if you like writing for pleasure, but you've never had anything published, you might describe yourself as a (6)

Adjective	Noun	Verb
accountable	accountability	-
consequent	consequence	-
maintained	maintenance	maintain
reliant/reliable	reliance/reliability	rely
-	comprehension	comprehend
polluted	pollutant/pollution	pollute

A. Correct the verbs between brackets then write your answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

- While hein Paris, he visited his grandparents. (stay)
- My daughter had learnt the alphabet by the time she school. (start)
- I was writing an email when the phone.....(ring)
- After Braille the system, he worked for many years to improve and complete the communication method that soldiers used. (see)
- Marwan enjoys.....detective stories. (read)
- He's hopingmedicine at university. (study)
- Many Roman writers wrote about what the Nabatean culture must havelike. (be)
- The government promised that theyto use more renewable energy sources. (will, try)
- Ali said that he a prize.(win)
- Sami will get his car tomorrow.(fix)

D. Complete each of the following items so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it.

- I have some questions for you, Muna. Nour told Muna that
- I've lived in Amman for six years. Sami said that
- Yesterday I bought all the ingredients for a chocolate cake. Huda told me that
- I really enjoyed the book that I finished this morning. Tareq said that
- My favourite subject this year is Chemistry. Hussein told me that
- I asked someone to fix my computer. I had
- "How long does it take to get to London?" The woman asked
- "When did Jordan start competing in the Olympics?" He asked
- "Do you like broccoli?" Asma asked me
- "Did you learn about Earth's resources last week before?" Fadi asked them
- He didn't rob the bank. He's such a nice person. He can't have

Functions

E] Read the following sentences aloud to your partner. In what situation would you say them?

اقرأ الجمل التالية بصوت عالٍ لزميلك. في أية مواقف/أحوال ستقولها له.

1	I would only have a small bath if I were you. It's better for the environment. سأخذ حماماً قصيراً لو كنت مكانك، فهذا أفضل للبيئة.	advice	نصيحة
2	To get to the nature reserve, go straight on until you reach the large tree. It's right in front of you. للوصول إلى المحمية الطبيعية، سر بشكل مستقيم حتى تصل إلى شجرة كبيرة، إنها على اليمين أمامك.	instructions	تعليمات
3	I'm going to tell your mum if you waste any more water! سأخبر والدتك إذا أنت أهدرت المزيد من الماء.	warning	تحذير
4	If you don't revise well for your exams, you'll regret it! إذا أنت لم تراجع جيداً لامتحاناتك، فإنك ستندم على ذلك!	threat	تهديد
5	I wish I had drunk enough water yesterday. I feel terrible this morning. أتمنى لو أنني شربت ماء كافي أمس، أشعر بشكل فظيخ هذا الصباح.	regret	ندم
6	There's no hot water left. You shouldn't have had such a long shower. لم يعد هناك ماء حاراً، ما كان ينبغي أن تأخذ حماماً طويلاً كهذا.	blame	لوم
7	Excuse me, but this soup is cold. عذراً، ولكن هذا الحساء بارد.	complaint	شكوى/تذمر
8	I'm sorry. I didn't mean to break the plate. أسف، لم أقصد أن أكرس الصحن.	apology	اعتذار

B- Literature spot بقعة الأدب

Read the following extract from *Hard Times* carefully, then answer the question that follows.

"The next morning, Mr. Bounderby finds out that his bank has been robbed. People report that they had seen Stephen Blackpool waiting outside the bank at night and everyone assumes he is the robber. Luisa, however, suspects her brother Tom, who is now seriously in debt."

Why does Luisa suspect that her brother robbed the bank?

Because he is seriously in debt

"Sissy finds her new life difficult and wonders when her father will return. Louisa feels sorry for the girl, but her brother Tom tells her it is not good to feel emotions."

1. How did Sissy find her new life when her father will return?

Sissy finds her new life difficult and wonders when her father will return

2. What did Tom tell Louisa?

Her brother Tom tells her it is not good to feel emotions."

تعليمات للجميع

A- Rewrite the following sentences using the causative verb forms (get / have) something done.

1- I'm going to cut my hair at the new hairdresser's.

I'm going to

2- She needs to repair her car.

She needs to

3- I need to mend the car conditioning unit.

I need to

4- They will fix that broken window.

They

5- He cooked his favorite meal.

He

6- I repaired my phone after I dropped it.

I

7- Go and check your car engine, it's very noisy

Go and

8- I want to build my new house near my old school

I want

الاجوبة Answers

1- I'm going to have my hair cut at the new hairdresser's.

2- She needs to have her car repaired.

3- I need to get / have the car conditioning unit mended.

4- They will have that broken window fixed.

5- He had his favourite meal cooked.

6- I had / got my phone repaired after I dropped it.

7- Go and have your car engine checked, it's very noisy.

8- I want to get my new house built near my old school.

B. Write sentences which explain the possibilities of the following situations using the given modal verbs between brackets.

1. Rakan passed the exam without studying it. That's why I'm sure the exam was very easy. (**must have**)

The exam

2. When I got home last night. I found the window open and my laptop disappeared. That's why I'm certain that someone has stolen it. (**must have**)

Someone

3. My mother has gone to bed early tonight. I'm unsure she was tired or not. (**might have**)

She

4. Ahmed didn't look so sad. That's why I'm sure he hasn't failed the exam. (**can't have**)

He

5. I gave him my phone number, but he never called. I'm almost sure that he has forgotten it. (**must have**)

He

6- Your sister has worked very hard. That's why I am sure she has got good grades in her exam. (**must have**)

.....

7- Sami was very tired yesterday. That's why I think he has forgotten the meeting. (**might have**)

.....

Answers:

1- The exam must have been very easy 2- someone must have stolen it.

3- She might have been tired 4- He can't have failed the exam.

5- He must have forgotten it 6- She must have got good grades in her exam. 7- Sami might have forgotten the meeting

موضوع تعبير

- Write a story about unusual event that happened to you when you were a child.

I had gone to bed just after midnight and I was only half-asleep when the wind starts blowing. Ten minutes later my bedroom window shattered with a terrible crash. Immediately, I leapt out of bed and rushed to my brothers' bedroom to check that Ahmed and Fadi were all right. When I went into their bedroom, I found Ahmed staring out of the window, watching the storm. Our younger brother Treq was still sleeping peacefully. Our mother was still sleeping, but our father was already dressed and doing everything he could to protect our house from the

اكتابة أي موضوع تعبير

The purpose of this **report (essay)** is to discuss -----الموضوع----- which is considered as one of the most important issues in this century. It has (many advantages او reasons او problems (حسب الموضوع الوزاري) **results** او **disadvantages**) and many **solutions** او **effects**)

On the one hand, I think it has the following advantages او reasons او problems such as: الموضوع

On the other hand, it has the following **disadvantages** او **results** او **solutions** او **effects**.

To sum up , I believe that we should work more and more harder in order to deal with it. Because it is our common responsibility.

Letter to school magazine / الرسالة الى مجلة المدرسة

Dear editor / Dear Mr.

I am writing this letter to discuss an important issue , that is considered one of the worlds priorities. So this is the main reason why I am writing this letter.

As you know , it has many advantages such as : ضع جملتين متناسبان مع الموضوع ----- and ----- too. While , on the other hand , it has the following disadvantages such as : ضع جملتين متناسبان مع الموضوع ----- and ----- too.

Finally, I would like to say that , I send this letter to your magazine so that the people can take this issue more and more seriously . So as an expected result, they can work together , as I hope.

Best wishes

نقلياتي للجميع

Hussein Alsafadi

0775289409

A. Correct the verb between brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. You must consider.....statistics in your report. . (use)
2. By the time that I arrived at the station, the train (leave)
3. Before Hebato bed, she had read a chapter of her book. (go)
4. Our team managed the match after difficult struggle. (win)
5. While Dana her story, she took a short rest. (read)
- 6- I was writing my English assignment when you (call)
- 7- When did you start English? (learn)
- 8- What do you hope when you finish school? (do)
- 9- What do you prefer sports or reading? (Play)
- 10- Where do you want on holiday? (go)
- 11- Would you ever consider to another country? (move)
- 12-I'm not going to build my house. I'm going to have it (build).
- 13-They Goods such as spices, gold and animals. (might trade)
- 14-Many Roman writers wrote about what the Nabatean culture like. (must be)
- 15-The language of the Nabateans a mixture of Arabic and Aramaic. (could be)
- 16-The Nabatean society any slaves. (might not use)
- 17-They illiterate because there are some inscriptions that remain. (can't be)

Answers:

- 1- using 2- had left 3- went 4- to win 5- was reading 6- called 7- learning 8- to do 9- playing 10- to go 11- moving 12- built 13- might have traded 14- must have been 15- could have been 16- might not have used 17- can't have been

Exams
are
coming!!!



