

ACTION PACK- LEVEL 4
ملخص انجليزي مستوى رابع - الدورة الصيفية للنظاميين

الملخص الشامل في المستوى الرابع
لجميع الفروع الاكاديمية مواليد 2001
اهداء
لجميع طلبة المملكة
علي موفق الدقاسمة

المنتقى الشامل

في اللغة الإنجليزية
المستوى الرابع

Action Pack 12



الأستاذ

علي موفق دقاسمة

2019

ملخص شامل يحتوي تدريبات على جميع مواضيع المادة حسب ترتيب ونمط الامتحان الوزاري. بالاضافة لشرح في كل صفحة او تمرين.

- تدريبات شاملة على اهم النصوص
- ملخص شامل على القطعة الادبية
- تدريبات شاملة على مصطلحات ومفردات المادة.
- تدريبات شاملة على جميع مفردات الاشتقاق.
- تدريبات وملخص شامل على جميع القواعد
- تدريبات شاملة على فقرات الاخطاء والكتابة الموجهة والحررة.

الملخص الذي يزيل
الارباك ويعيد
ترتيب افكارك
ومعلوماتك مما
يسهل عليك مراجعة
المادة بأسلوب
انسيابي منظم حسب
النمط الوزاري دون
اهمال لأي معلومة.

**ACTION PACK-
LEVEL 4**

اريد

مركز زاميا للتدريب - اريد شارع
الجامعة -
مركز حلا الثقافي - سما الروسان
مركز عمر بن الخطاب - المجمع
الشمالي
مركز دريد - حبراص
مركز الطائف - سحم
مركز الاوائل - ملكا



تتابعون على صفحة المؤلف المزيد من التمارين
والأسئلة المقترحة والتجريبية

<https://www.facebook.com/teacher.alidaqamseh/>

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بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

مهم

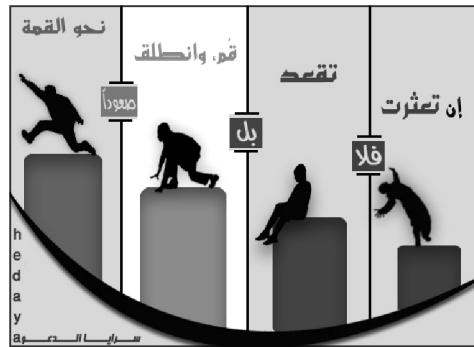
ارشادات لامتحان اللغة الانجليزية /والفصحى المستوى الرابع للطلبة

الخطاطم الجديدة- جبل 2001 (2019/6/23)

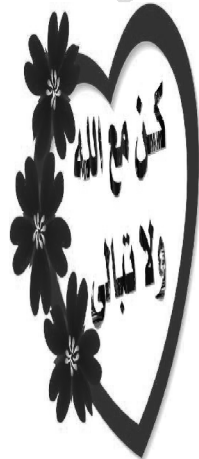


* أخي الطالب قبل ان تبدأ بدراسة هذه الورقة عليك ان تقوم بما يلي :-
1- دراسة كامل النصوص ولو دراسة سريعة مع التركيز على الكلمات الرئيسية والتي تشكل مساحة كبيرة في المنهاج الجديد وخاصة في تمرين مليء الفراغ. اصف الى ذلك مصطلحات الالوان وبعض التراكيب والتي تأتي كسؤال مستقل.
2- وفيما يتعلق بالنصوص ارجو من الطلبة الاعزاء دراسة جميع النصوص والابتعاد عن الاقوال فيما يتعلق بالقطع المتوقعة لانه ببساطة منهاج جديد.
3- حسب ما يؤكد مسؤولي وزارة التربية والتعليم فان الامتحان سيكون من ضمن المنهاج.. وهذا ما لمستموه في امتحان الدورة الشتوية.. وذلك لعدة اسباب اولهما حداثة المنهاج، اهمها يعود الى الكم الهائل من التمارين سواء القواعدية او الاستيعابية
4- أخي الطالب... انصحك بدراسة المادة بشكل حرفي وافهمها جيدا... وقد وضعت امامك طيلة هذه الفصل دوسية تشمل جميع التمارين دون اهمال لاي تمرين حتى فيما يتعلق بشرطة الاستماع...
- ان دراسة النصوص لا تفيدك فقط في فهم النصوص بل ايضا في التركيز على تعبئة الفراغات والاختفاء الاملائية والاشتقاقات.

5- بالنسبة لسؤال الكلمات، ركز على الكلمات المهمة في تمارينها وخاصة بعد النصوص.
- كن على حذر (هذه الورقة مهمة جدا بعد دراسة الكورسات او الكتاب) ، فلذلك فانها تشمل دراسة كل ما درسته سابقا من نصوص وقواعد. واعيد التذكير باهمية دروس النصوص والكلمات والتراكيب والمصطلحات ومواضيع التعبير الموجودة في نهاية كل وحدة(فقد اعتمد واضع الاسئلة عليها في بعض الاسئلة مثل تعبئة فراغ والاختفاء الاملائية) .



أخي الطالب عليك بقراءة هذه الورقة بتأني قبل ان تقوم بقراءة الوحدات الخمس حتى تعرف على ماذا ستركز بعد الانتهاء منها :-
لا تنسى أخي الطالب ان الامتحان هو أكثر شيء يخيف الانسان، فانت لست وحدك ، فكل الطلبة يخشون الامتحان فتق بنفسك وبقدرتك ، فاذا كان الامتحان سهلا او صعبا ، فهذا يشمل الكل لا انت وحدك، ومرة أخرى ثق بنفسك وبقدرتك ولا تنسى انك قد تلقيت افضل التدريس والتدريب مقارنة بفئات أخرى مظلومة في مجتمعنا . واقول لك ان ما يصيبك الان من شعور قد مر عليه الاف الطلبة من حولك والان هم في جامعاتهم وكمياتهم وعملهم يسخرون من انفسهم لانهم شعروا بشعور الخوف في مثل هذه اللحظة لان امتحان اللغة الانجليزية يحتاج جهد اضافي ودراسة منمقة ومتابعة من بداية الفصل . لذلك اذا كنت قد راجعت هذه المادة خلال الاشهر السابقة فلماذا الخوف اذا . اما الذين لم يقوموا بواجبهم على اكمل وجه فاعط نفسك فرصة الان بالارادة . لذلك أخي الطالب سنبدا في الصفحة التالية اعادة شرح المادة لك بشرح مبسوط وافى ومفيد . وخير الامور ما قل ودل. لذلك قبل ان نبدأ اليك بهذه الادعية . بعد ان تقرأها افتح الصفحة الثانية مباشرة.



(وَإِذَا سَأَلَكَ عِبَادِي عَنِّي فَإِنِّي قَرِيبٌ أَسْجِبُ دُعَاءَهُ إِذَا دَعَانِ فَلْيَسْتَجِيبُوا لِي

وَلْيَذْكُرُوا لِي الْعَلَمَ يُرْشِدُونَ) (البقرة: 186)

قبل المذاكرة:

"اللهم كم سأل الله ولا جعلته سملا ، وأنت تجعل الحزن إذا شئت سملا"

بعد المذاكرة:

"اللهم اني استنورك اياه - أي واذا كنت - أوانه عندك ، فردد إلي وقت حاجتي إليه

عند النسيان:

"اللهم يا جامع الناس ليرى يومك ويب فيه .. لجمع علي إجابتي"

هل انتهيت ، اذا فلتبدأ

عدد صفحات هذا الامتحان (4) وعدد الأسئلة (5)
GENERAL SECONDARY CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION-2019
المستوى الرابع/الدورة الصيفية

DATE: 23/6/2019

TIME: ONE HOUR AND A HALF

ملحوظات: (1) أجب عن جميع أسئلة هذه الورقة
(2) للمتقدمين لجميع الفروع الأكاديمية

Read the following texts carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow each text. Your answers should be based on the texts.

كيف تتعامل مع أسئلة القطعة في الامتحان الوزاري

- A.
1. Write down two of them / Write them down.
2. Write down two of them / Write them down.

يكون المطلوب في هذين السؤالين أن تذكر نقطتين على كل منهما حول التقيد بما هو مطلوب بالسؤال حتى تحصل على علامته كاملة. مفتاح الحل العبارة التي قبل كلمة (write)

هناك مجموعة من الكلمات التي من الممكن أن تستخدم في هذا السؤال مثل:

Procedures (إجراءات), ways (طرق), uses (استخدامات), methods (طرق), reasons (أسباب), examples (أمثلة), characteristics, features, materials (مواد), benefits (فوائد), advantages (إيجابيات), disadvantages (سلبيات), qualities, effects (آثار), factors (عوامل), signs (إشارات), differences (اختلافات), similarities (أوجه الشبه), difficulties (الصعوبات), consequences (النتائج), effects, aspects, positive, negative, circumstances, impacts, uses, conditions, suggest, solutions, argument, paths, obstacles, argue, ناقش.

3. Quote /Write down the sentence which indicates that

المطلوب في هذا السؤال اقتباس جملة من النص. انتبه لما هو مكتوب بعد (that) لتحديد الجملة المناسبة من النص ثم اكتبها كاملة بحيث تبدأ بحرف (Capital) وتنتهي بنقطة. ما يساعدك هنا هي العبارة التي تقع بعد (that) في السؤال.

4. Find a word in the (first /second/third/fourth/fifth / last) paragraph which means..... means

المطلوب في هذا السؤال إيجاد كلمة من الفقرة التي ذكر رقمها في السؤال لها نفس معنى العبارة أو الكلمة التي بعد كلمة (means) عليك أن تحفظ معاني المفردات الواردة في القطع للإجابة على هذا السؤال.

What does the underlined word mean ?

المطلوب معرفة معنى الكلمة التي تحتها خط عليك أن تحفظ معاني المفردات الواردة في القطع للإجابة على هذا السؤال.
ملاحظة هامة : عندما تجد الإجابة انقلها إلى دفتر إجابتك كما وردت في النص تماماً دون تغيير.

- 5- Replace the underlined word with suitable phrasal verb / idiom that has the same meaning.

المطلوب استبدال الكلمة التي تحتها خط بشبه فعل / مصطلح مناسب له نفس المعنى. عليك أن تحفظ المصطلحات المطلوبة منك مع الانتباه لزمان الفعل وكتابته بشكل صحيح إملائياً. (وهذا السؤال لا يأتي إلا مع نص أو نصين في الوحدة الثالثة لوجود مصطلحات تناسب هذا السؤال)

7. What does the underlined wordrefer to ?

المطلوب في هذا السؤال معرفة على ماذا يعود الضمير الذي تحته خط.
اقرأ الجملة التي تحتوي على الضمير حدد نوعه قبل أن تعتمد إجابة معينة.
ملاحظة هامة : عندما تجد الإجابة انقلها إلى دفتر إجابتك كما وردت في النص تماماً دون تغيير.

B. Critical Thinking: التفكير الناقد

1. According to the text , the writer (thinks , says, states) that.....Explain this statement, suggesting / giving three ways / reasons / pieces of advice

المطلوب في هذا السؤال توضيح العبارة التي بعد (that) مقترحا / معطيا / ثلاثة طرق / أسباب / نصائح لها علاقة بالعبارة التي بعد (that). افهم هذه العبارة جيدا اربطها بما تعرفه عن النص بشكل عام ثم اكتب ثلاثة طرق / أسباب / نصائح مناسبة

2. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

المطلوب في هذا السؤال التفكير في العبارة المعطاة وكتابة وجهة نظرك.
أبدا إجابتك بعبارة تقيد الرأي مثل اكتب الجملة التي وردت في بداية السؤال. اعتبر أن هذه العبارة موضوع تعبير بسيط المطلوب منك إبداء رأيك في جملتين. على الأقل , إذا وجدت صعوبة ابحث في النص عن جملتين (فكرتين) حاول صياغة ما تكتبه بطريقة الخاصة و تجنب النسخ من النص قدر الإمكان. أبداً بعبارة مثل : ثم بعد هذه العبارات اكتب نص السؤال.

I think that

In my opinion

TEXT 1 النص الأول (19 points)

Our country has a high standard of education. **This** is mainly due to the fact that the government considers education a necessity. All schools, from kindergarten to secondary, are the responsibility of the Ministry of Education (MOE). Pre-school and kindergarten education is **optional**, followed by ten years of free, **compulsory** education. For higher education, students enter university, either for academic or **vocational** courses.

Students can attend of ten **public universities**, or **one** of nineteen **private universities**. A large number of Jordanian students choose to study at these institutions, as well as foreign students from all over the world. **These** are **undergraduates** studying for a first degree, or **postgraduates** studying for a **Master's degree**, a **PhD** or a higher **diploma**.

The three universities with the most **undergraduates** are the University of Jordan in Amman, Yarmouk University in Irbid and Al Balqa Applied University in Salt. **These** are all public universities. An example of a newer university is the German-Jordanian University in Amman, **which** was set up in 2005 CE. **It** is a collaboration between the MOHE and Germany's Federal Ministry of Education and Research, and **it** follows Germany's model of education in Applied Sciences.

For students **who** wish to complete their university studies while working at the same time, **it** is also possible in some Jordanian universities to **enrol** onto **online distance learning** programmes. In the future, this **option** will become available in many other universities.

أسئلة إضافية:-

- 1- Students in Jordan attend to three education stages in their life. Write down these stages.
.....
- 2- Higher education in Jordan has two educational paths which the students can join after leaving schools. Write these two paths.
.....
- 3- There are two stages of education which aren't obligatory for Jordanian students. Write down these two stages.
.....
- 4- Quote the sentence which shows the number of universities in Jordan.
.....
- 5- In addition to Bachelor degree, students can attend three postgraduate degrees. Write down these three degrees.
.....
- 6- According to the text, there are three main government Universities in Jordan. Write down these three universities.
.....
- 7- Quote the sentence which indicates that Jordanian employees can study in universities remotely by using electronic communication.
.....
- 8- The German-Jordanian University is collaboration between two sectors. Mention these two sectors.
.....
- 9- Many Jordanian employees can study in universities remotely by using electronic communication which is called online distance learning programmes and they find this kind of studying more beneficial for them. Explain this statement and suggest three benefits of studying online.
.....
- 10- "Live as if you were to die tomorrow. learn as if you were to live forever." Think of this quotation, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.
- 11- Find a word in the text which means " a qualification that is given to you when you have successfully completed a course of study"

1- الطلبة في الأردن يلتحقون في ثلاث مراحل دراسية خلال حياتهم. اكتب هذه المراحل. 2- التعليم العالي في الأردن يحتوي مسارين تعليميين والتي من خلالهما يستطيع الطلبة الانضمام إليهما بعد التخرج من المدارس. اكتب هذين المسارين. 3- هناك مرحلتين من التعليم غير إجباريتين للطلبة الأردنيين. اكتب هاتان المرحلتين. 4- اقتبس الجملة التي تشير إلى عدد الجامعات في الأردن. 5- إضافة إلى مرحلة البكالوريوس، الطلبة بإمكانهم الالتحاق بثلاث درجات عليا. اكتب هذه المراحل الثلاث. 6- اعتمادا على النص هناك ثلاث جامعات حكومية في الأردن. اذكر هذه الجامعات الثلاث. 7- اقتبس الجملة التي تظهر أن الموظفين الأردنيين بإمكانهم الدراسة بالجامعات عن بعد باستخدام الاتصال الالكتروني. 8- الجامعة الألمانية الأردنية هي تعاون بين قطاعين. اذكر هذين القطاعين. 9- العديد من الموظفين الأردنيين بإمكانهم الدراسة عن بعد باستخدام التواصل الالكتروني والذي يدعى برامج التعليم الالكتروني عن بعد ويجدون هذا النوع من الدراسة أكثر فائدة بالنسبة لهم. فسر هذه الجملة واقتراح ثلاث فوائد للدراسة الالكترونية. 10- عِشْ كَأَنَّكَ تَمُوتُ غَدًا، وَتَعَلَّمْ كَأَنَّكَ تَعِيشُ أَبَدًا. فكر بهذه الجملة وفي جملتين أعط وجهة نظرك.

Answers:-

- 1- A- kindergarten to secondary /B- ten years of free compulsory education /C- higher education. 2- academic or vocational courses. 3- Pre-school and kindergarten education. 4- Students can attend one of ten public universities, or one of nineteen private universities. 5- a Master's degree, a PhD or a higher diploma. 6- University of Jordan in Amman, Yarmouk University in Irbid and Al Balqa Applied University in Salt. 7- For students who wish to complete their university studies while working at the same time, it is also possible in some Jordanian

universities to enroll onto online distance learning programmes. 8- the MOHE and Germany's Federal Ministry of Education and Research.

9- 1. You don't have to attend classes. لا يتوجب عليك حضور الدروس.

2. You can earn money while you are studying. يمكنك كسب النقود أثناء الدراسة.

3. You can do undergraduate as well as postgraduate degrees. بإمكانك اكمال دراساتك الجامعية والعليا.

10- You should do as much as you can before you die. In other words, take advantage of all the opportunities that life gives you. If you have any skills, use them. **We have to do our best to build our future, so we can build our world.** 11- degree

- يجب ان تعمل قدر استطاعتك قبل ان تموت. بكلمات اخرى، استغل كل فائدة لكل الفرص التي تعطيك اياها الحياة. اذا كان لديك اية مهارات، استخدمها. يجب ان نبذل جهدنا لبنني المستقبل، لذلك نستطيع بناء عالمنا.

- راجع الكتاب او الدوسية فيما يتعلق بمعاني الكلمات بالانجليزي والعائد من الضمان، ولا تنسى ان تحفظ المميز لمعاني الكلمات بالخط العريض بالرجوع للدوسية.

TEXT 2 (19 points) النص الثاني

Whether you're selling a new type of toothpaste to a chain of pharmacies, the latest computer software to a school or a new kind of **package holiday** to a travel agency- you need to know..

1- Do your research

Don't come away from **a sales pitch** wishing you had been better prepared. It is essential to know everything about your product. Do you know when **it** was developed, and where **it** is produced? You also need to know who the **target market** is – for example, the **age group** or income of the people **who** might buy **it**. Not only **that**, you should know all about the competition - that is, similar products on the market. Why is your product superior to others and why does **it** have better value? In addition, you should know exactly which people you are speaking to, and what **their** needs are. For example, if **they** represent a middle-class **department store** in a humble neighbourhood, be ready to explain why your particular product would suit customers **who** do not have lots of money. What makes your product perfect for **them**? Most of all, you need to believe in what you're selling, and the best way to do that is to use **it**!

2 - Prepare and practise

Plan your presentation carefully, not just what you will say, but how you will say **it**. Will you read **it** word by word, use notes or memorise **it**? Whatever you decide, **it** is always a good idea to have a list of your main points, in case something interrupts you, or you simply freeze with nerves (**it** happens!). Then practise **it**, if possible in front of colleagues. Make changes and practise **it** again.

3-Be professional

Keep your presentation short and simple. Start with some friendly comments. For example, thank your hosts for allowing you to speak to **them**, and compliment **their** company. Remember to speak slowly and clearly. **It** is important to appear confident (even if you're nervous!). While you're speaking, don't keep your head down. Instead, look round the room and make eye contact with your audience. Smile! When you've finished speaking, invite questions. If you don't know the answers, don't pretend! Thank the questioner and promise to find out the answer (and do **it**!). Finally, have a summary of your presentation ready to hand out at the end of the session. I wish I had known all this when I started out in business! Good luck!

Questions:

1. According to the text, there are two things that are necessary to know about your product, mention them.

2. There are two reasons to have a list of our main points, mention them.

3. There are many things that you should know about your product, but what is the most important one?

4. Quote the sentence which shows that your presentation shouldn't be long and complicated.

5. Write down the sentence which shows that we should be ready for any sales pitch?

6. Quote the sentence which shows the importance of knowing everything about the product?

7. according to the text, there are two examples for starting with friendly comments, mention them.

8- according to the text, there are two things provided that you don't know the answers, mention them.

9- It's said (I've learned that making a living isn't the same thing as making a life". Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

10- It Is usual for people to change jobs in their lifetime. think of this statement, and **suggest three reasons might there be for people to change their jobs.**

11- Find a noun phrase which means " **an organised trip with everything included the price**"

- 1- وفقا للنص، هنالك شينين أساسيين ضروريين لكي تعرفهما عن منتجك، أذكرهما. 2- هنالك سببين لكي تعجب قائمة لنقطك الرئيسية، أذكرهما. 3- هنالك عدة أشياء يجب أن تعرفها عن منتجك، ولكن ما هو الأهم. 4- اقتبس الجملة التي تبين بأن عرضك التقديمي لا يجب أن يكون طويلا ومعتداً. 5- أكتب الجملة التي تبين بأن يجب علينا أن نكون مستعدين لأي عرض بيع. 6- اقتبس الجملة التي تبين أهمية معرفة كل شيء عن المنتج. 7- وفقاً للنص، هنالك مثالين للبدء بخطاب البيع، أذكرهما. 8- وفقاً للنص، هنالك شينين إذا لم تعرف الإجابات، أذكرهما. 9- لقد تعلمت أن كسب العيش لا يعني حياة تستحق العيش. 10- من الطبيعي بالنسبة للناس أن يغيروا الوظائف في حياتهم؟ فكر بهذه الجملة واقترح ثلاث اسباب بالنسبة للناس أن يغيروا وظائفهم. 11- تذكير:- عد الى كورسك وتأكد بان تكتب المميز فوق الكلمات المطلوبة بالخط العريض.

Answers

- 1- when it was developed, and where it is produced?
- 2- in case something interrupts you, or you simply freeze with nerves.
- 3- Most of all, you need to believe in what you're selling.
- 4- Keep your presentation short and simple.
- 5- Don't come away from **a sales pitch** wishing you had been better prepared.
- 6- It is essential to know everything about your product.
- 7- For example, thank your hosts for allowing you to speak to them, and compliment their company.
- 8- don't pretend! Thank the questioner and promise to find out the answer.
- 9- I agree with this quotation, because 'making a life' is not totally dependent on the money you earn. but it also depends on your friends and family, and how you decide to behave.
- 10- This may be **because they have lost their job** or **because they are looking for a job with better conditions or a better environment**. Sometimes people also change their jobs **because they want their career to go in a different direction**.
اتفق مع هذه المقولة، لان صناعة الحياة لا تعتمد بالكامل على المال الذي تجنيه. ولكن ايضا على اصدقائك وعائلتك، وكيف نقرر وتنتصرف.
- 11- package holiday

TEXT 2 النص الثالث (19 points)

My name is Fatima Musa and I have worked as an **interpreter** for five years. Many students have emailed me about my work because **they** want to know what it would be like to do my job. So here is my reply.

have always been **fond of** languages. My father worked in many different countries when I was young and we usually travelled with **him**. When **we** visited a country, I always wanted to learn the language. At school I was very good at English. Therefore, I decided on a career as an **interpreter**.

My job now involves going to important **conferences** and **seminars** around the world. When a person speaks in English at a **conference**, I listen to what **they** say through **headphones**. I then translate into Arabic while the speaker is talking. I give the **translation** through headphones to other people at the meeting. This means that anyone in the room **who** speaks Arabic can understand what people are saying.

Is it an easy job? Not at all. English is not the same in all English-speaking countries. For example, the English words that are used in India are sometimes different to the words that people use in the UK, the USA or Australia. As well as knowing **regional** English, you also need to know a lot of specialist language. Some of the words that are used to talk about business, science or law, for example, make it almost a different language!

Unless you have a language degree, you will not be able to become an **interpreter**. Provided that you have a postgraduate qualification, you will probably get a job as an interpreter quite quickly. If you get an interview for a job, you will need to show that you have good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. You will also need to show that you can think quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time. If you are successful, it is a **secure** and **rewarding** job. You will probably need to travel a lot, but that is not a problem as long as you enjoy visiting other countries.

It is a very responsible job. I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries. However, you get a huge feeling of satisfaction when you know that people understand everything that you translate.

Questions:-

- 1- Write down the sentence which indicates that Fatima Musa is interested in languages.
.....
- 2- Fatima Musa said that interpretation is very responsible job. There is bad affect if we translate things badly, mention it.
.....
- 3- To be able to become an interpreter, there's one main condition, mention this condition.
.....
- 4- There are many skills should be available in an interpreter during interviews, write down two of them.
.....
- 5- Write down the sentence which indicates that the job of an interpreter is important and requires responsibility.
.....

6-Using technology should be involved in interpretation job, what device of technology does Fatima Musa use?

7- When does the interpreter become satisfied?

8- Quote the sentence which indicates that Fatima has an affection or liking for languages.

9- According to Fatima, there are two reasons that make an interpreter's job not easy.

10- The interpreter should have four needed skills. Write them down.

11- The foreign speakers at the conferences should have many skills while speaking, these skills help the interpreters to translate these speakers statements. **Suggest three skills that the foreign speakers should have.**

12- **The graduated students should have many skills and qualifications in order to get good jobs. Think of this statement, and write down your point of view.**

13- Find a word which means " a class o a particular subject, usually given as form of training"

1- أكتب الجملة التي تشير إلى أن فاطمة موسى مهتمة باللغات. 2- فاطمة موسى تقول بأن الترجمة الفورية ذات مسؤولية كبيرة. إلا أن هناك تأثير سيء إذا قمنا بالترجمة بشكل سيء، أذكر التأثير السيء؟ 3- لكي تصبح مترجماً هناك شرط أساسي، أذكره؟ 4- يجب على المترجم الفوري أن يتمتع بالعديد من المهارات أثناء المقابلات. أكتب اثنتين منها. 5- أكتب الجملة التي تشير إلى أن وظيفة المترجم الفوري مهمة وتتطلب مسؤولية. 6- وظيفة المترجم الفوري يجب أن يتضمنها استخدام التكنولوجيا، ما هي الاداة التكنولوجية التي تستخدمها فاطمة؟ 7- متى يكون المترجم الفوري راضياً عن عمله؟ 8- اقتبس الجملة التي تشير إلى أن فاطمة دائمة لديها اهتمام وولع باللغات. 9- حسب قول فاطمة، هناك سببين يجعلان وظيفة المترجم غير سهلة. اذكرهما؟ 10- على المترجم أن يمتلك أربع مهارات أساسية. اذكرهم. 11- المتكلمين الاجانب في المؤتمرات يجب ان يكون عندهم عدة مهارات أثناء خطابهم، هذه المهارات تساعد المترجمين على ترجمة خطابات هؤلاء المتحدثين. اقترح ثلاثة مهارات يجب ان يمتلكها المتحدثين الاجانب. 12- الطلبة الخريجون يجب ان يمتلكوا مهارات وشهادات بهدف الحصول على وظيفة جيدة. فكر بهذه العبارة، وفي جملتين اكتب وجهة نظرك.

Answers:

1- I have always been fond of languages. 2- her father worked in many different countries when she was young and they usually travelled with him. When they visited a country, she always wanted to learn the language. 3- a language degree. 4- you will need to show that you have good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. You will also need to show that you can think quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time. 5- It is a very responsible job. 6- Headphones.

7- when he knows that people understand everything that you translate. 8- I have always been **fond of** languages. 9- English is not the same in all English-speaking countries. you also need to know a lot of specialist language. 10- good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. thinking quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time

11- there are many skills such as

- clear words and statement. كلمات وجمل واضحة

- good voice (high utterance) صوت عال

- using formal language. استخدام لغة رسمية

12- English language skills مهارات لغة

- Bachelor degree شهادة بكالوريوس

- good experience خبرة جيدة

- team work skills مهارات العمل الجماعي

13- seminar

TEXT 4 النص الرابع

Speaking a foreign language, it is claimed, improves the functionality of your brain in several different ways. Learning new vocabulary and grammar rules provides the brain with beneficial 'exercise', **which** improves **memory**. As well as exercising the brain, **it** is thought that learning a new language also presents the brain with unique challenges. **These** include recognising different language systems and ways to communicate within these systems. These skills improve your chances of success in other problem-solving tasks as well. **It** is said that students **who** study foreign languages do better, on the whole, in general tests in maths, reading and vocabulary than students **who** have only mastered **their** mother tongue.

According to a study carried out by Pennsylvania State University, USA, **multilingual** people are able to switch between two systems of speech, writing, and structure quite easily. **It** has been proved that **they** are also able to switch easily between completely different tasks. One experiment required participants to operate a driving **simulator** while carrying out separate tasks at the same time. The experiment showed that multilingual participants were less distracted by the other tasks and therefore made fewer driving errors.

It is believed that language learning can also improve your decision-making skills. When you speak a foreign language, you are constantly weighing up subtle differences in meaning of a word or the way that an **utterance** is made. This process is then transferred subconsciously to other situations in **which** judgment is called for, and decisions have to be made.

Finally, learning a foreign language can also improve your ability to use your **mother tongue** more effectively. As you become more aware of the way **that** a language works, you begin to apply **it** to the language **that** you use

every day. The skills you obtain from learning a foreign language, therefore, can make you a better speaker and writer in your own language.

1- There are many benefits to the brain when we learn new words and grammar, mention them?

2- Learning a new language could make the brain face many challenges. Write down them.

3- Write down the sentence which indicates that multilingual students are better in many other subjects.

4- Quote the sentence which indicates that learning a foreign language could affect the ability of your own language in a good manner.

5- There are main results of the study made in the USA concerning multilingual people, mention them?

6- According to the text, what is the benefit of speaking a foreign language?

7- There are two ways of providing the brain with beneficial exercise, mention them?

8- There are many benefits of learning a new language (learning new vocabulary and grammar rules). Write down two of these benefits.

9- Learning a new language presents the brain with unique challenges. Write down two examples of such challenges.

10 - Students who study foreign languages do better in some subjects in general tests. Write down two of these subjects.

11- It is proved that multilingual people are able to switch between the skills of the language easily. Write down two of these skills.

12- Language learning is believed to improve decision-making skills. Do you agree? Justify.

13- Quote the sentence which indicates that learning a foreign language can improve using mother tongue.

14- Write down the sentence which indicates that knowing how the language works leading to applying it in your daily language.

15- Quote the sentence which indicates that the skills you obtain from learning another language helps you to be better in your own language.

16- it's said that anyone who stops learning is old, whether at twenty or eight. Anyone who keeps learning stays young. think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

17- Find a word in the text which means " to do several things at the same time"

1- هنالك عدة فوائد للدماغ عند تعلم مفردات وقواعد جديدة، أذكرها؟ 2- إن تعلم لغة جديدة يمكن أن يعرض الدماغ أمام عدة تحديات. أكتبها. 3- أكتب الجملة التي تشير إلى أن الطلاب متعددي اللغة أفضل من غيرهم في المواد الأخرى. 4- اقتبس الجملة التي تشير إلى أن تعلم لغة أجنبية يؤثر على قدرتك في لغتك الأم بشكل جيد. 5- هنالك عدة نتائج للدراسة التي أجريت في الولايات المتحدة فيما يتعلق بمتعددي اللغة، أذكرها؟ 6- وفقاً للنص، ما هي الفائدة من التحدث بلغة أجنبية؟ 7- أكتب طريقتين لتزويد الدماغ بتمارين مفيدة. 8- هناك فوائد عديدة لتعلم لغة جديدة (تعلم المفردات والقواعد النحوية الجديدة). أكتب اثنتين من هذه الفوائد. 9- تعلم لغة جديدة يعرض الدماغ لتحديات فريدة من نوعها. أكتب اثنتين من الأمثلة على هذه التحديات. 10- الطلاب الذين يدرسون اللغات الأجنبية تكون نتائجهم أفضل في بعض المواد في الاختبارات العامة. أكتب اثنتين من هذه المواد. 11- ثبت أن الناس الذين يتحدثون بعدة لغات قادرون على الانتقال بين مهارات اللغة بسهولة. أكتب اثنتين من هذه المهارات. 12- يعتقد أن تعلم لغة يحسن مهارات اتخاذ القرارات. هل أنت موافق؟ برّر. 13- اقتبس الجملة التي تشير إلى أن تعلم لغة أجنبية يمكن أن يحسن استخدام اللغة الأم. 14- اكتب الجملة التي تشير إلى أن معرفة كيف تعمل اللغة يؤدي إلى تطبيقها في اللغة اليومية. 15- اقتبس الجملة التي تشير إلى أن المهارات التي تحصل عليها من تعلم لغة أخرى يساعدك على أن تكون أفضل في لغتك اليومية. 16- من يتوقف عن التعلم يهرم سواء كان في العشرين أم في الثمانين، وأي شخص يستمر في التعلم يبقى شاباً وإن كان في سن الثمانين.

Answers:

1- Learning new vocabulary and grammar rules provides the brain with beneficial 'exercise', which improves memory. As well as exercising the brain, 2- These include recognising different language systems and ways to communicate within these systems. 3- It is said that students who study foreign languages do better, on the whole, in general tests in maths, reading and vocabulary than students who have only mastered their mother tongue. 4- Finally, learning a foreign language can also improve your ability to use your mother tongue more effectively. 5- Multilingual people are able to switch between two systems of speech, writing, and structure quite easily. It has been proved that they are also able to switch easily between completely different tasks. 6. improves the functionality of your brain in several different ways. 7. Learning new vocabulary and grammar rules 8. improving memory, exercising the brain and presenting it with unique challenges 9: These include recognising different language systems and ways to communicate within these systems. 10. in maths, reading and

vocabulary 11. speech, writing, and structure 12. Yes, because when you speak a foreign language, you are constantly weighing up subtle differences in meaning of a word or the way that an utterance is made. This process is then transferred subconsciously to other situations in which judgment is called for, and decisions have to be made. 13. Finally, learning a foreign language can also improve your ability to use your mother tongue more effectively. 14. As you become more aware of the way that a language works, you begin to apply it to the language that you use every day. 15. The skills you obtain from learning a foreign language, therefore, can make you a better speaker and writer in your own language.

16- the world is moving forwards, so people need to keep up with progress. if you practise learning, you will learn more effectively. 17- multitask

16- العالم يتحرك إلى الأمام، لذلك يحتاج الناس لمواكبة التقدم. إذا كنت مواكب للتعلم، سوف تتعلم بفعالية أكثر.

النص الخامس TEXT 5

Today, we talk to Mr. Ghanem, a businessman based in Amman **who** often visits China. We asked **him** when **he** first started doing business with China. 'I've been doing business with China for many years. **My** first trip **there** was in 2004 CE, and **it** was not very successful.'

Why was it not successful?

'I worked for a small computer company in Amman. **They** sent **me** to China when I was still quite young. If only the company had realised that the Chinese respect age and experience more than youth!'

Did you make any mistakes on that visit?

'Yes! I wish I had researched Chinese culture before I visited the country. In order to be successful in China, you need to earn **their** respect. Chinese business people will always ask about a company's successes in the past. However, because I worked for a new company, I could not talk about **its track record**. We did not **do any business deals on** that first trip.'

When did you learn how to be successful in China?

'I joined a larger company and **they** sent me on a cultural awareness course. **On my** next visit to China, **it** felt as if I hadn't known anything on **my** first visit!'

What advice can you give to people wanting to do business in China?

'Before I visit a company, I send recommendations from previous clients. I also send my **business card** with my job position and qualifications translated into Chinese.'

Can you tell us about your last meeting in China?

'Of course! I arrived on time. You must not arrive late, as **this** shows disrespect. Then, when I met the company director, I **shook hands** with **him** gently. I began the meeting by **making small talk** about my interesting experiences in China. During the meeting, I made sure that my voice and body language were calm and controlled. I never **told a joke**, as **this** may not be translated correctly or could cause offence.'

Was it a successful meeting?

'Yes, **it** was. I knew that the director had researched my business thoroughly before the meeting, so I was prepared for **his detailed questions**. When I began **negotiating**, I started with the important issues. The Chinese believe in avoiding conflict. **It** is always important to be patient. I was prepared to compromise, so in the end, the meeting was successful.'

1- There are two causes which have made Mr. Gannam's journey to China failed. Write down them.

2- Mr. Ghanem says that there are two important elements (values) that the Chinese consider more than youth, and which the companies must pay attention. Write them down.

3- There are two reasons that make Mr. Ghanem avoids saying anything that makes people laugh. Write them down.

4- Mr. Ghanem gives many tips for people who want to make a deal in China. Write down three of these tips.

5- During the meeting with Chinese, there are several polite behaviours must be followed in order to make a deal or do a business. Write down two of them.

6- Before the meeting with Chinese, there are several polite behaviours must be followed in order to make a deal or do a business. Write down two of them.

7- Write down the sentence which indicates that Mr. Ghanem lives in Amman and goes to China.

8- Why didn't Mr. Ghanem know enough information about his company?

9- Write down the sentence which indicates that Mr. Ghanem couldn't make any contracts in his first visit to China.

10- Write down the sentence which indicates that Mr. Ghanem was flexible during the meeting.

11- Why was Mr. Ghanem very well prepared to any question?

12- Write down the sentence that patience is an important characteristic in meetings.

13- **Businessmen must have many skills during negotiation.** think of this statement, and suggest three skills that the businessmen should have duration negotiation.

14- Find a word in the text which means " **to discuss something in order to reach an agreement**"

1- هنالك سببين اللذان جعلتا رحلة السيد غانم الى الصين تفشل. اكتبتهما. 2- يقول السيد غانم ان هنالك عنصرين (قيم) اللذان يأخذهما الصينيون بالاعتبار اكثر من عنصر الشباب، واللذان على الشركات ان يولوهما اهتماما. اكتبتهما. 3- هنالك سببين يجعل من غانم يتجنب قول الاشياء المضحكة للناس. اذكرهما. 4- يعطي غانم عدة نصائح للناس الذين يريدون اجراء صفقة في الصين. اكتب ثلاثة من هذه النصائح. 5- خلال الاجتماع مع الصينيين، هنالك عدة سلوكيات لطيفة يجب اتباعها بهدف عمل صفقة او اجراء عمل تجاري. اكتبهما. 6- قبل الاجتماع مع الصينيين، هنالك عدة سلوكيات لطيفة يجب اتباعها بهدف عمل صفقة او اجراء عمل تجاري. اكتبهما. 7- اكتب الجملة التي تدل على ان السيد غانم يعيش في عمان ويزور الصين. 8- لماذا لم يكن السيد غانم يعرف كثيرا عن شركته؟ 9- اكتب الجملة التي تدل على ان السيد غانم لم يستطع ابرام أي عقود في زيارته الأولى. 10- اكتب الجملة التي تدل على ان السيد غانم كان مرنا خلال الاجتماع. 11- لماذا كان السيد غانم جاهزا لأي سؤال؟ 12- اكتب الجملة التي تدل على ان الصبر ميزة مهمة خلال الاجتماعات. 13- رجال الاعمال يجب ان يملكوا العديد من المهارات اثناء التفاوض. اقترح ثلاث من هذه المهارات.

Answers:

1- It wasn't successful because he didn't have enough knowledge about the culture of China, and he was too young. 2- age and experience. 3- as this may not be translated correctly or could cause offence. 4- send recommendations from previous clients. send a business card with a job position and qualifications translated into Chinese. 5- During the meeting, make sure that the voice and body language are calm and controlled. never telling a joke, as this may not be translated correctly or could cause offence. 6- you arrived on time. You must not arrive late, shaking hands with the company director gently. making small talk about your interesting experiences in China. 7- Mr. Ghanem, a businessman based in Amman who often visits China 8- because he worked for a new company, he could not talk about its track record. 9- We did not do any business deals on that first trip. 10- I was prepared to compromise, so in the end, the meeting was successful. 11- he knew that the director had researched his business thoroughly before the meeting. 12- It is always important to be patient.

13- : the need to be culturally aware, the need for preparation, the need to listen carefully and negotiate

اجابة مقترحة:- الحاجة الى الوعي الثقافي، الحاجة الى الاستعداد، الحاجة الى الاستماع جيدا والتفاوض.

14- negotiate

لا تنسى اخي الطالب ان القطع السابقة هي للتدريب فقط، لذلك افضل ان تراجع النصوص في الدوسية حسب الترتيب وابدأ بقطع كتاب الانشطة ثم بقطع كتاب الانشطة. وركز على القطع الانشائية قبل القطع التي تحوي سؤال وجواب، بالاضافة للنصين الموجودين في بداية جزء المراجعة revision في الوحدة العاشرة، فيكفي لو انك قرأتها بسرعة .

Literature Spot بقعة ادب (3 points)

وفي هذه القصيدة والرواية الادبية ساحاول ان اساعدك في تحديد الاسئلة المباشرة على كل مقطع شعري.

Read the following stanza from " A Green Cornfield" by Christiania Rossettie carefully, then answer the questions that follows.

The earth was green, the sky was blue:
I saw and heard one sunny morn
A skylark hang between the two,
A singing speck above the corn;

: كانت الأرض خضراء، والسماء كانت زرقاء
رأيت وسمعت في أحد الأيام المشمسة
طير قبرة معلق بينهما، (بين السماء والأرض)
نقطة تغني فوق الذرة .

Questions:-

- 1- what does **speck** mean?
- 2- what does the word (**the two**) mean?
- 3- Describe the rhyme scheme in this poem. صف مخطط القافية.

Answers:-

- 1- small. 2- the earth and the sky 3- a-b-a-b

A stage below, in gay **accord**,
White butterflies danced on the wing,
And still the singing skylark soared,
And silent sank and soared to sing

و تحته مسرح، في انسجام بهيج،
رقصت الفراشات البيضاء على الجناح،
وما زال طير القبرة المغني مرتفعا،
وغاص صامتا وارتفع يغني.

Questions:-

- 1- What does **accord** mean?
- 2- Write the line which indicates that the bird stop singing while it flies lower.
اكتب العبارة التي تشير إلى أن الطائر يتوقف عن الغناء عندما يطير منخفضا.
- 3- Find an example of alliteration. جد مثالا على الجناس.
- 4- What effect is the poet trying to achieve with the technique of alliteration ?
ما الأثر التي تريده الشاعر تحقيقه من استخدامها لتقنية الجناس.
- 5- How does the poet describe the insects like butterflies? كيف وصف الشعر الحشرات مثل الفراشات

Answers:-

- 1- agreement. 2- and silent sank 3- and still the singing skylark soared
- 4- Alliteration adds to the rhythm of the poem and also links dissimilar words together
الجناس الاستهلاكي يضيف للوزن الشعري ويربط الكلمات المختلفة
- 5- move quickly تتحرك بسرعة

The cornfield stretched a **tender** green
To right and left beside my walks;
I knew he had a **nest** unseen
Somewhere among the million **stalks**.

حقول الذرة امتدت خضراء غضة (ناضرة، طرية)
إلى اليمين واليسار بجانب مشاي
عرفت أن لديه عشلا لا يرى
في مكان ما بين ملايين السيقان (سيقان الذرة)

- 1- Find a word which means **fresh and young**? جد كلمة تعني لين وصغير
- 2- What does the word "**stalks**" mean?
- 3- What does a bird do in a nest ? ماذا يفعل الطائر في العش
- 4- Find a word which means "**hidden**", "مخفي". جد كلمة تعني مخفي

Answers:-

- 1- **tender**. 2- It's the long, upright part of the plant that supports the leaves. إنه الجزء الطويل المرتفع للأعلى والذي يحمل الأوراق.
- 3- It lays eggs: 4- unseen يضع بيضا

And as I paused to hear his song
While **swift** the sunny moments slid,
Perhaps his mate sat listening long,
And listened longer than I did.

ووقفت لأسمع أغنيته
في حين انزلقت اللحظات المشمسة سريعا،
ربما كانت رفيقته تستمع بإسهاب،
واستمعت أطول مما استمعت

- 1- what does the word "**swift**" mean?
- 2- Find the line which indicates that the poet imagines that the skylark's companion is also listening somewhere in the cornfield.
- 3- Find an example of alliteration.
- 4- Find one reference to another listener, apart from the poet herself غير الشاعر نفسها
5. How do we know that the poet leaves the cornfield before the skylark has stopped singing?

. كيف لنا أن نعرف بأن الشاعر غادرت حقل الذرة قبل أن يتوقف الطائر عن الغناء؟

Answers:-

- 1- fast 2- Perhaps his mate sat listening long, 3- listening long/ swift the sunny slid 4- Perhaps his mate sat listening long.
- 5- She says, Perhaps his mate sat listening long. And listened longer than I did. This shows that the poet leaves the cornfield but speculates that the bird's mate might still be listening to the song: therefore, the bird must still have been singing.
3. قالت، . ربما كانت رفيقته تستمع بإسهاب، واستمعت أكثر مما كنت أسمع. هذا يظهر أن الشاعر غادرت حقل الذرة ولكنها توقعات أن رفيقة الطائر استمرت في الاستماع إلى الأغنية: لذلك، فإنه لا بد من أن يكون الطائر قد استمر بالغناء

Read the following extract from " Around the World in Eighty Days" carefully, then answer the question that follows. (2 points)

"The train stopped at eight o'clock, in the midst of a glade some fifteen miles beyond Rothal, where there were several **bungalows** and workmen's cabins. The conductor, passing along the carriages, shouted, 'Passengers will get out here!' 'Where are we?' asked Sir Francis.

'At the **hamlet** of Kholby.'

'Do we stop here?'

'Certainly. The railway isn't finished.'

1 What kind of house is a **bungalow** (عشة القش) ما هو نوع المسكن

2 How does the word **hamlet** suggest that there aren't many houses or people in the area where the train has stopped?

كيف تقترح كلمة "قرية" بأنه ليس هنالك العديد من البيوت أو الناس في المنطقة حيث توقف القطار؟

3- Why can't the train continue its journey from Kholby to Allahabad? لماذا لم يستطع القطار اكمال رحلته من خولبي الى الله اباد؟
Answers:-

1 a house with one floor. بيت بطابق واحد.

2 A hamlet is a very **small village**, which suggests that there are very few people and houses.

القرية: هي قرية صغيرة التي تبين بأن هنالك القليل من الناس والبيوت

3- because **the railway isn't finished** لان سكة الحديد لم تكتمل بعد

'Not at all, but I knew that some obstacle or other would sooner or later arise on my route.

Nothing, therefore, is lost. I have two gained days to sacrifice. A **steamer** leaves Calcutta for Hong Kong at noon, on the 25th. This is the 22nd, and we shall reach Calcutta in time.'

1- What form of transport is a **steamer** ? (باخرة بخارية) ما هو نوع وسيلة النقل

-It's a ship powered by steam. إنها عبارة عن سفينة تزود طاقاتها بواسطة البخار.

"Passepartout, who had now rejoined his master, made a **wry grimace**, as he thought of his magnificent, but too frail Indian shoes. After a moment's hesitation, he said, 'Monsieur, I think I have found a means of conveyance.'

1- What kind of facial expression is a **wry grimace**, and why did Passepartout's face show this expression?

ما هو نوع التعبير الوجهي للـ (كشرة ساخرة ، ولماذا وجهه بأسبارتوت بين هذا التعبير؟

- It's an expression that shows **pain or unhappiness**. Passepartout wasn't happy **because he didn't want to walk far**, as he didn't think his shoes would be sturdy enough.

عبارة عن تعبير الذي يبين **الألم وعدم السعادة**. بأسبارتوت لم يكن سعيداً **لأنه لم يكن يريد السير لمسافة بعيدة**. كما أنه لم يكن يعتقد بأن حذاءه سيكون متيناً كفاية.

"They soon reached a small hut. **Enclosed** within some high **palings**, was the animal in question. An Indian came out of the hut, and, at their request, conducted them within the enclosure. The elephant, which was reared, not to be an animal that merely carried things around, but for warlike purposes, was half-domesticated. and the elephant still preserved its natural gentleness. Kiouni – this was the name of the elephant – could doubtless travel rapidly for a long time, and, in default of any other means of conveyance, Mr. Fogg resolved to hire him. "

1- Which words tell us that the elephant was kept safely away from direct contact with humans?

. أي الكلمات تخبرنا بأن الفيل بقي بأمان بعيداً عن الاتصال المباشر مع البشر؟

2- Why did the Indian man decide to rear an elephant? لماذا قرر الرجل الهندي تربية فيلاً؟

3- How do we know that the elephant is not aggressive? كيف نعرف بأن الفيل لم يكن عدوانياً؟

4- Find a line in the story that represents the idea of transport. جد السطر في القصة الذي يمثل فكرة المواصلات او النقل.

5- What idea do the fourth and fifth lines represent? ما الفكرة التي يمثلها السطرين الرابع والخامس

Answers:-

1- **enclosed, palings**: The elephant was in a compound surrounded by high palings. In other words, the animal was fenced in an area. مكان مسيج، مغلق: الفيل كان محاطا بسياج عال. بمعنى آخر، كان موضوعاً ضمن منطقة مسيجة.

2- He wanted it for fighting (for **warlike purposes**) أراده من أجل القتال (الحرب، اهداف قتالية)

3- '**It still preserved its natural gentleness**', meaning that it does not want to fight.

لا يزال محافظاً على دمايته الطبيعية، يعني بأنه لا يود القتال .

4- could doubtless travel rapidly for a long time 5- transport النقل

'No doubt,' replied the conductor, 'but the passengers know that they must provide means of transportation for themselves from Kholby to Allahabad.'

'Sir Francis,' said Mr. Fogg quietly, 'we will, if you please, look about for some means of conveyance to Allahabad.'

'Mr. Fogg, this is a delay greatly to your disadvantage.'

'No, Sir Francis; it was foreseen.'

'What! You knew that the way—'

1- Why can't the train continue its journey from Kholby to Allahabad?

لماذا لم يستطيع القطار أن يستمر في رحلته من كولبي إلى الله أباد؟

2 -Why is Sir Francis annoyed during his conversation with the conductor? What expression is used to mean he is getting annoyed?

لماذا السيد فرانسيس انزعج خلال المحادثة مع الدليل؟ ما التعبير الذي استخدمه للتعبير على أنه منزعج؟

3- How does Mr. Fogg deal with the situation when he discovers that his train journey cannot continue? How does his attitude differ from that of Sir Francis? Look at lines 23 to 26.

كيف تعامل السيد فوج مع الوضع عندما اكتشف بأن قطار الرحلة لا يستطيع أن يستمر؟ كيف اختلف موقفه من السيد فرانسيس؟

4- compare and contrast the characters of Sir Francis and Phileas Fogg. قارن بين شخصيتي سيد فرانسيس وفيليس فوج.

5- What idea do the above lines represent? ما الفكرة التي تمثلها الاسطر السابقة؟

Answers:-

1 -The train cannot continue its journey because the railway line hasn't actually been completed.

القطار لم يتمكن من أن يستمر رحلته لأنه بالفعل خط السكة الحديد لم تكتمل.

2 -He is annoyed because **he feels cheated** by being sold a ticket to somewhere the train doesn't go. '**Growing warm**' means getting annoyed.

كان منزعجاً لأنه شعر بأنه قد تم خداعه في بيع التذاكر إلى منطقة لم يصل إليها القطار. "Growing warm" تعني أنه كان منزعجاً

3 -Fogg says that he suspected that this might happen and suggests that they find another means of transport. Compared to Sir Francis, **he is very calm and confident and doesn't show any anger.**

السيد فوج يقول بأنه اشتبه بأن هذا قد يحدث واقترح بأن يجد وسيلة مواصلات أخرى. بالمقارنة بالسيد فرانسيس، فهو هادئ جداً وذات ثقة ولم يظهر أي غضب.

4- **Sir Francis gets easily angry, Phileas Fogg is calm and assured** والسيد فرانسيس يغضب بسهولة، فأن فوج فيليس هادئ و واثق

5- **time الوقت**

"It only remained now to find a guide, which was comparatively easy. A young Parsee*, with an intelligent face, offered his services, which Mr. Fogg accepted, promising so generous a reward as to materially stimulate his zeal. The elephant was led out and equipped. Provisions were purchased at Kholby, and, while Sir Francis and Mr. Fogg took the howdahs* on either side, Passepartout got astride the saddle-cloth between them. The Parsee perched himself on the elephant's neck, and at nine o'clock they set out from the village, the animal marching off through the dense forest of palms by the shortest cut."

1- How many people travel on the elephant? كم عدد الأشخاص الذين سافروا على متن الفيل؟

2- Quote the sentence which shows that the guide is very enthusiastic about making the journey by elephant.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير إلى أن الدليل متحمس جداً حول تكملة الرحلة بواسطة الفيل.

3- Find a word in the above lines which mean " a seat for riding an elephant"

4- Find a word in the above lines which mean " s person living in South Asia but descended from Persia"

Answers:-

1- four

2- A young Parsee*, with an intelligent face, offered his services, which Mr. Fogg accepted, promising so generous a reward as to materially stimulate his zeal.

3- howdahs 4- Parsee الفارسي

ننتقل الان الى السؤال الثاني ومكون من ثلاثة فروع

أ: تعبئة أربع جمل بأحد الكلمات الخمس المعطاة، ب: معنى الفعل المركب، ج: جمل اشتقاق
اولا فرع A : حيث يعطيك واضع السؤال خمسة كلمات لتعبأها في أربع جمل:- واليك جميع كلمات المستوى الرابع

Unit 6 + 7

1. Academic أكاديمي
2. Agriculture الزراعة
3. Astrophysics الفيزياء الفضائية
4. Business Management إدارة الأعمال
5. career advisor مرشد وظيف
6. Circulation الدورة الدموية
7. Colloquial عامي
8. Compulsory إجباري
9. Concentration تركيز
10. Marketing التسويق
11. Contradictory متناقض
12. Degree شهادة
13. Dehydration جفاف
14. developed nation دولة متطورة
15. diet نظام غذائي
16. diploma شهادة الدبلوم
17. drop يسقط
18. Economics اقتصاد
19. Engineering الهندسة
20. Enroll يسجل
21. fluently بطلاقة
22. get cold feet اللحظة الأخيرة
23. get it off أن تفقد ثقتك في شيء في اللحظة الأخيرة
24. have a head for figures لديك القدرة العقلية الطبيعية لمادة الرياضيات والأرقام
25. immerse يغمس
26. keep your chin up تستخدم للتشجيع
27. Lifelong دائم
28. Linguistics اللغويات
29. Master's degree شهادة الماجستير
30. Memory ذاكرة
31. Multilingual متعدد اللغات
32. Multitask القيام بعدة مهام
33. Nutrition تغذية
34. online distance learning عن بعد
35. Pharmacy الصيدلة
36. Pioneer pioneering أن تقرر كيفية التعامل مع الوضع كلما تطور ريادي
37. PhD (n): a doctorate شهادة الدكتوراه
38. Proficiency مهارة
39. play it by ear
40. Postgraduate خريج
41. private university جامعة خاصة
42. Psychology علم النفس
43. put (my) back into it أن تضع الكثير من الجهد في شيء
44. public university جامعة حكومية
45. simulator محاكي
46. Sociology علم الاجتماع
47. stand out [from the crowd] أن تكون أفضل بكثير من الأشخاص الممثلين
48. tailor-made مخصصة
49. tuition دروس
50. undertake يباشر
51. utterance قول
52. Vocational مهني

Unit 9

1. agreement: اتفاق
2. be able to answer detailed questions التفصيلية
3. corporate شراكة
4. do a deal عمل صفقة
5. domestic محلي
6. dominate يهيمن
7. export تصدير
8. extensively على نطاق واسع
9. extraction النتائج المحلى
10. fertiliser سماد
11. give a business card إعطاء بطاقة عمل
12. goods سلع
13. Gross Domestic Product الناتج المحلي
14. import استيراد
15. knitwear بهمل التريكو
16. machinery آلات
17. make small talk حديث قصير
18. mineral معدن
19. negotiate يفاوض
20. pharmaceuticals شركات
21. reserve احتياطي
22. sales pitch مصادفة
23. shake hands مصافحة
24. tell a joke يقول نكتة
25. track record سجل مهني

Unit 10

- 1- adaptable قادر على التكيف
- 2- ambitious طموح
- 3- attribute ميزة
- 4- competent متخصص
- 5- conscientious شديد الاهتمام
- 6- curriculum السيرة الذاتية
- 7- enclosed محاط بـ
- 8- enthusiastic متحمس
- 9- fond of مولع بـ
- 10- full-time بدوام كامل
- 11- headphones سماعات
- 12- intern المتدرب
- 13- interpreter مترجم
- 14- keen حريص
- 15- reference المرجع
- 16- regional المناطقية
- 17- rewarding مجزي
- 18- secure امن
- 19- seminar ندوة
- 20- surveyor مساح
- 21- voluntary تطوعي
- 22- work experience الخبرة في العمل

شديد الاهتمام، conscientious، متخصص، competent، قادر على التكيف، adaptable، إنجازات، achievements، مؤهلات، qualifications، سمات شخصية، personal attributes، حريص، keen، متحمس، enthusiastic، تفاصيل شخصية، contact details، مرجع، reference، تدريب، training

واليك الان جميع تمارين المنهاج حسب ورودها في الوحدات بالترتيب.

Question Number Two (15 points)

A. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (8 points)

1-Banking and Finance: المال والبنوك 2- Linguistics: اللغويات 3- Fine Arts: الفنون الجميلة 4- History: 5- Physics: 6-Law: القانون

1. You should study if you're interested in learning about the legal system. I studied it because I wanted to help people, and now I have a great job in an office.
1. عليك أن تدرس إذا أردت أن تتعلم عن النظام القانوني. أنا درستُه لأنني أرغب بمساعدة الناس، والآن لدي وظيفة عظيمة في مكتب.
2. Studying lets me focus on my love of language in an analytical way. It has introduced me to ideas about language that I never thought of before.
2. دراسة يجعلني أركز على حيي اللغة بطريقة تحليلية. فقد قدمتني لأفكار حول اللغة بحياتي لم أفكر بها.
3. Maths has always been my strongest subject, and I feel that by studying I can use my strengths to solve practical problems.
3. الرياضيات كان دائما أقوى موضوعاتي، و أشعر انني بدراسة سأستطيع استخدام قوتي في حل المشاكل العملية.
4. is a subject that I've always been interested in. Learning about ancient and modern civilisations is fascinating. Studying it at a higher level means really understanding how different cultures interacted in the past.
4. هو موضوع كنت دائما مهتما به. التعلم عن الحضارات القديمة والحديثة هو موضوع ساحر. دراسته على مستوى متقدم يعني فعلا فهم كيف كانت الحضارات متداخلة في الماضي.
5. Economics and the global market have always interested me, but I wanted to study a subject with a clear career path, so I chose After I graduate, I want to begin a career in investment.
5. الاقتصاد والتسويق الدولي دائما ما أدهشني، ولكن أنا أريد أن أدرس موضوع فيه مسار وظيفي واضح، لذلك فقد اخترت بعد أن أترج، أرغب بأن أبدأ وظيفة في الاستثمار.

Answers: 1 Law 2 Linguistics 3 Physics 4 History 5 Banking and Finance

في abroad / طويل الأمد lifelong / براعة مهارة proficiency / عالمي global / فرص prospects / بشكل متزايد Increasingly / الخارج \ بعيدا عن الوطن

If you do a degree in Medicine or Law, you will find that your job (1) are better than if you do a more general degree. However, language (2) is becoming (3) important for anyone who wants to travel or work (4) for a large (5) company or organisation. Remember, it's never too late to study or change career direction. Studying is a (6) activity – you're never too old to start!

إذا حصلت على شهادة في الطب أو القانون، ستجد بأن (1) الوظيفة هي أفضل من حصولك على شهادة عامة. ولكن، اللغة (2) تصبح (3) أهمية لأي شخص يرغب بالسفر أو العمل (4) ل (5) شركة أو منظمة كبيرة. تذكر، ليس متأخرا أن تدرس أو أن تغير اتجاهك الوظيفي. الدراسة هي نشاط (6) - فأنت دائما لمست كبيرا على البداية.

Answers:- 1 prospects 2 proficiency 3 increasingly 4 abroad 5 global 6 lifelong

مفيد\ نافع beneficial / تركيز /concentration: ذاكرة /memory: الدورة الدموية /circulation:

تغذية nutrition: /الجفاف/dehydration: حمية\ طعام diet:

- 1- I used to eat too much **junk food**, but now I have a much healthier **diet**.
 - 2- It's to take **regular breaks** when revising.
 - 3- It's important to drink a lot of water in order to avoid
 - 4- Don't sit still for too long – move around frequently to increase your.....
 - 5- Zainab listens to music while she's working. It helps her
 - 6- Adnan never forgets anything! He's got an amazing.....
1. اعتدت على أكل الكثير من الوجبات السريعة، لكنني الآن لدي **حمية** صحية أكثر. 2. إنه أن تأخذ استراحات منتظمة عند المراجعة. 3. من المهم أن تشرب الكثير من الماء حتى تتجنب 4. لا تجلس بلا حراك لفترة طويلة- تحرك في كثير من الأحيان لتزيد 5. زينب تستمع للموسيقى بينما تعمل. فهذا يساعدها في 6. عدنان لم ينس أي شيء في حياته! لديه رائع.....

Answers: 1 diet 2 beneficial 3 dehydration 4 circulation 5 concentration 6 memory

مهني vocational, دراسات عليا postgraduate, طالب في البكالوريوس undergraduate, أكاديمي academic

1. After Nasser completes his first degree, he's hoping to do adegree.
 2. Mariam is an excellent student. She gets top marks insubjects like History, Arabic and Maths.
 3. My brother has just left school. Now he's a university
 4. My cousin is an electrician. Instead of going to university, he did acourse at a local training college.
1. بعد أن يكمل ناصر الدرجة الجامعية الأولى، يأمل في القيام 2. مريم هي طالبة ممتازة. تحصل على أعلى الدرجات في الموضوعات مثل التاريخ واللغة العربية والرياضيات. 3. أخي غادر لتوه المدرسة. الآن هو 4. ابن عمي كهربائي. بدلا من الذهاب إلى الجامعة، أخذ دورة في كلية التدريب المحلية.

Answers: 1-postgraduate 2-academic 3-undergraduate 4-vocational

يكسب الاحترام -earn respect- 4يصافح -shake hands- 3يطرح أسئلة -ask questions- 2يركب خطأ -make a mistake- 1
يجري حديثا قصيرا -make small talk- 7يسبب الاذى -cause offence- 6ينظم لشركة -join a company- 5

- 1- Be very careful when you answer the questions, and try not to **make a mistake**.
- 2- If you are polite, you won't or upset anybody.
- 3- Before the serious discussion starts, we always; it's often about the weather!
- 4- Nasser has applied to the where his father works.
- 5- In business, when you meet someone for the first time, it's polite to.....
- 6- After the talk, there will be a chance for you to about anything you don't understand.
- 7- By working hard, you will the of your boss.

Answers: 1 make a mistake 2 cause offence 3 make small talk 4 join, company

5 shake hands 6 ask questions 7 earn, respect

1- كن حذرا جدا عند تجيب عن الأسئلة، وحاول ان لا ترتكب الأخطاء. 2- اذا كنت لطيفا، لن تؤذي او تززع احدا. 3- قبل ان يبدأ النقاش الجدي، دائما تجري حوارا قصيرا؛ غالبا ما يكون حول الحالة الجوية. 4- ناصر تقدم للانضمام للشركة حيث يعمل اياه. 5- في الاعمال، عندما تقابل شخصا لأول مرة، من اللطف ان تتصافحا باليد. 6- بعد الحديث، سيكون هناك فرصة لك بان تطرح اسئلة حول أي شيء لا تفهمه. 7- بالعمل بجد، ستكسب احترام رئيسك

(السابق) previous (مستعد) prepared (صبور) patient (يفاض) negotiate (صراع) conflict تسوية (حل وسط) Compromise (سجل مهني) track record

- 1- When you talk about business and try to do a deal, you
 - 2- When you are ready for something, you arefor it.
 - 3- When you can prove that you have experience, you have a
 - 4- When two sides disagree and argue, there is
 - 5- When each side changes their position a little so that they can agree, they have managed to.....
 - 6- When you stay calm and take your time, you are being
- 1- عندما تتحدث حول العمل وتحاول عقد صفقة، انت 2- عندما تكون مستعدا لشيء، فانت له. 3- عندما تثبت ان لديك خبرة، فانت لديك 4- عندما يكون طرفان غير متفقان ويتجادلا، هنالك يكون 5- عندما كل طرف يغير موقفه قليلا بحيث بإمكانهم الاتفاق، فهم يكونوا قد استطاعوا 6- عندما تكون هادئا وتأخذ وقتك، فانت تكون

Answers: 1- negotiate 2- prepared 3- track record 4- conflict 5- compromise 6- patient

ندوة seminar، يترجم interpreter، سماعات الرأس headphones، ترجمة translation، مجدي rewarding، إقليمية regional مهنة career

- 1- Please listen to the music through headphones, so that you don't disturb anybody.
- 2- I have just read a of a book by a Japanese author.
- 3- In the UK, there is a central government, but there are also councils around the country.
- 4- My uncle is fluent in several languages. He is often able to for us during conversations with foreigners.
- 5- Nada made a successful presentation at a in Irbid last month.
- 6- Doing volunteer work can be a very experience.

1- ارجوك استمع الى الموسيقى عبر.....، بحيث لا تزعج أي احد. 2- لتوي قرأت لكتاب لمؤلف ياباني. 3- في المملكة المتحدة، هنالك حكومة مركزية، ولكن هنالك ايضا مجالس..... في ارجاء الدولة. 4- عمي عنده طلاقة في عدة لغات. هو غالبا قادر ان لنا خلال المحادثات مع الاجانب. 5- ندى انجزت عرضا ناجحا في في اربد الشهر الماضي. 6- القيام بعمل تطوعي يمكن ان يكون تجربة.....

Answers:- 1- headphones 2- translation 3- regional 4- interpret 5- seminar 6- rewarding.

2-Circle the correct words. ضع دائرة على الكلمات الصحيحة.

- 1- Ali is thinking of having / taking a course in Agriculture.
 - 2- I get a feeling of satisfaction / secure after a hard day's work.
 - 3- Make sure your online passwords are secure / rewarding.
 - 4- In order to work in finance, you need to be a very successful / responsible person.
 - 5- My friend has just got a job / work at our local bank.
 - 6- After a long agreement / meeting, we managed to do a deal.
- 1- يفكر علي باخذ / بامتلاك دورة في الزراعة. 2- اشعر بالرضا / بالامان بعد عمل يوم شاق. 3- تأكد بان كلمات السر الالكترونية مؤمنة / مجدية. 4- لكي تعمل في مجال الصرافة، يجب عليك ان تكون شخصا ناجحا / مسؤولا. 5- صديقي حصل على وظيفة / عمل في بنكنا المحلي. 6- بعد اجتماع / اتفاق مطول، استطعنا الوصول لاتفاق.

Answers:- 1- taking 2- satisfaction 3- secure 4- responsible 5- job 6 meeting

3- Complete the sentences with the correct prepositions from the box. One preposition is not needed. أكمل الجمل بحروف about (x2), as, at, in, into, on

- 1- Would you like to work a teacher in a big school?
 - 2- We need to decide a place to meet.
 - 3- Can you translate this Arabic English for me, please?
 - 4- I'd like to talk the film I've just seen; it was brilliant!
 - 5- The teacher asked us our favourite books.
 - 6- My sister is really good drawing and painting.
- 1- هل ترغب ان تعمل معلم في مدرسة كبيرة. 2- يجب علينا ان نتخذ قرارا مكان الاجتماع. 3- هل بإمكانك ترجمة المكتوب الانجليزية لي. 4- اود ان اتكلم الفيلم الذي رأيته مؤخرا لقد كان رائعا. 5- معلمنا سالنا كتبنا المفضلة. 6- اختي ماهرة جدا الرسم والتلوين.

Answers:- 1 as 2 on 3 into 4 about 5 about 6 at

B. Study the following dictionary entry and answer the question that follows, then write the Answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (3 point) ومصدر هذا السؤال هو المصطلحات والافعال المركبة واسماء محايد الجنس

ولا تنسى انه ربما سيأتيك أيضا من ناحية مليء الفراغ:-

المصطلح Idiom	المعنى English Meaning
get it off your chest	to tell someone about something that has been worrying you. أن تخبر شخص بشيء يقلقك.
get cold feet	to lose your confidence in something at the last minute. أن تفقد ثقتك بشيء في آخر لحظة.
play it by ear	to decide how to deal with a situation as it develops. أن تقرر كيف ستتعامل مع موقف متطور.
keep your chin up	to remain cheerful in difficult situations; an expression of encouragement. أن تبقى مبتهجا في المواقف الصعبة. وهي عبارة للتشجيع.
have a head for figures	to have a natural mental ability for maths/numbers. أن تمتلك قدرة طبيعية للحساب والارقام.
put (my) back into it	أن تضع الكثير من الجهد في شيء to put a lot of effort into something :-

- 1- I'm too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think that I'll at the last minute.
 - 2- If you've got a problem, talk to someone about it. It helps to
 - 3- I don't think I'd be a very good accountant. I don't really
 - 4-! I'm sure everything will be fine in the end.
 - 5- I'm not sure if it'll be warm enough to have a barbecue. We'll have to
1. أنا متوتر جدا من القفز بالمظلة. اعتقد أنني سوف في آخر لحظة. 2. إذا كان لديك مشكلة، تحدث مع شخص ما عنها. سيمساعدك هذا في 3. لا أعتقد بأنني سأكون محاسبا جيدا. فأنا فعلا لا أحب 4.! أنا متأكد أن كل شيء سيكون جيدا في النهاية. 5. لست متأكدا من أن الجو سيكون دافئا بما يكفي لأن نكيف حفل شواء. سيكون علينا أن

Answers:- 1- get cold feet 2- get it off your chest 3- have a head for figures 4- Keep your chin up 5 play it by ear.

- رجاء احفظ موضع الاجابات بربطها بسياق الجملة لانه يمكن ان يأتيك سؤال استبدالها باخرى صحيحة replace the misused

- 2- If you've got a problem, talk to someone about it. It helps to have a head for figures . (get it off your chest)

	collocations	Meaning
1	draw up a timetable يرسم جدولا	write a schedule
2	do exercise يقوم بتمرين	keep fit
3	make a start يبدأ	begin
4	take a break يأخذ استراحة	relax
5	do a subject يدرس	study
6	make a difference يغير شيء	change something

- 1 -If you want to lose weight , you should every day.
 2 -The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done anything yet! You really must.....
 3 -If you send money to charity , you will to a lot of lives.
 4 -You look tired. Why don't you?
 5 -I need to organise my time better. I think I'll
 3.....
 1. إذا أردت إنقاص وزنك، عليك أن تعمل تمارين (تتمرّن) كل يوم. 2. الموعد النهائي هو غدا، وأنت لم تعمل أي شيء لحد الآن. عليك فعلا أن
 إذا أرسلت نقودا إلى جمعية خيرية، فإنك سوف للعديد من الأرواح. 4. تبدوا متعبا. لماذا لا؟ 5. أربح بتنظيم وقتي بشكل أفضل. أعتقد بأنني سوف

Answers: 1-do exercise 2 make a start 3 make a difference 4 take a break 5 draw up a timetable

- رجاء احفظ موضع الاجابات بربطها بسياق الجملة لانه يمكن ان يأتيك سؤال استبدلها باخرى صحيحة replace the misused

2 -The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done anything yet! You really must **draw up a timetable.** (**make a start**)

C. Choose the best answer form of the word from those given to fill in the blanks and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (4 points) فرع الاشتقاق

- جميع جمل المنهاج على الاشتقاق:-

- One of the most important things that we give children is a good (educate, education, educational)
- If you work hard, I'm sure you will..... (success, successful, succeed)
- Congratulations! Not many peoplesuch high marks. (achieve, achievement, achievable)
- My father works for anthat helps to protect the environment.(organised, organise, organisation)
- It's amazing to watch theof a baby in the first year of life. (development, developed, develop)
- Have you had any..... of learning another language? (experienced, experience, expire)
- Is one side of the brain more..... than the other? (dominance, dominant, dominantly)
- Whether or not you remember **something** that you have learnt in the past on the experience you had while you were learning it. (depends, dependence, dependent)
- I'm confused. Could you give me some, please? (advise, advice, advised)
- Before an exam, you must everything you've learnt. (revise, revision, revised)
- In hot weather our bodies are in danger of..... (dehydrate, dehydration, dehydrated)
- Don't talk to the driver. He must..... (concentration, concentrated, concentrate)
- How quickly does blood round the body? (circulate, circulation, circulated)
- Before you apply for a job, check that you have the correct (qualify, qualification, qualified)
- The company is pleased with your work and is happy to give you a (recommend, recommendation, recommended)
- Congratulations on a very business deal. (succeed, successful, successfully)
- We should always be ready to listen to good.....(advise, advice, advised)
- My father often talks about what he did in his(young, youth, youngness)
- It's important to have anof different countries' customs. (awareness, aware, awared)
- The graduation ceremony was a veryoccasion for everyone. (memory, memorising, memorable)
- Nuts contain useful..... such as oils and fats. (nutritious, nutrition, nutrients)

Answers:

- 1- education 2- succeed 3- achieve 4- organisation 5- development 6- experience 7 – dominant. 8- depends 9- لان الفاعل مفرد
 advice 10- revise 11- dehydration 12- concentrate 13- circulate 14 –qualification 15- recommendation 16- successful 17-
 advice 18 -youth 19- awareness 20- memorable 21- nutrients

تفسير الاجابات 1- بعد الصفة اسم 2- بعد المودالز فعل 3- بعد الاسم الفاعل فعل 4- بعد أداة تعريف أو نكرة يأتي اسم 5- بعد أداة تعريف أو نكرة يأتي اسم 6- بعد محددات الكمية يأتي اسم 7- يأتي صفة بين more و that بمعنى أكثر صفة من. 8- بمعنى يعتمد على ولان الفاعل الرئيس في الجملة هو something مفرد اتي حرف s مع الفعل depend بصيغة المضارع البسيط. 9- بعد محددات الكمية مثل some يأتي اسم 10- بعد المودالز يأتي فعل مجرد 11- بعد حرف جر يأتي اسم 12- بعد مودالز يأتي فعل 13- بعد الفاعل يأتي فعل 14- بعد الصفة يأتي اسما. 15- بعد أداة النكرة والمعرفة يأتي اسما 16- (very يأتي بعدها صفة 17 بعد الصفة اسم 18- بعد ضمير ملكية يأتي اسما 19- بعد أداة النكرة يأتي اسما 20 – بعد (very) يأتي صفة بمعنى مناسبة لا تنسى 21- بعد الصفة يأتي اسما وانت بمعنى عناصر غذائية مفيدة.

الجملة التالية تعالج كلمات الاشتقاق التي وردت في نصوص الكتاب .

- They go to school for about nine hours, this includes tuition and activities. (option, optional, optionally)
- They attend school for fewer than 85% of other nations. (develop, development, developed)
- Their academicdo suggest that the longer you study. (achieve, achievements, achieved)

4. Their high achievements do suggest that the longer you study.
(academy, academic, academically)
5. The views suggest that the number and length of school days.
(contradict, contradictory, contradiction)
6. Despite this, they top marks in subjects like Maths and Science.
(achieve, achievements, achieved)
7. In addition, most students also speak at least two, and often three,
languages.....
(fluent, fluency, fluently)
8. which seek to encourage people to undertake a less form of secondary
.....
(educate, education, educational)
9. which seek to encourage people to undertake a less secondary
education.
(youth, young)
10. the same skills and should be made available to all people.
(qualify, qualifications, qualified)
11. One such school has recently opened to fourteen- to eighteen-year-
olds. (education, educate, educational)
12. My dream is to be in Arabic one day.
(fluently, fluent, fluency)
13. It's been proved that starts to decrease after half an hour. (concentrate, concentration, concentrated)
14. The earlier you start , you feel most awake and your is at its best. (memorable, memory, memorizing)
15. I would also studying for 30-minute periods.. (recommendation, recommend , recommended)
16. is very important. (Nutritious, Nutrition, Nutritious)
17. It's essential not to become..... , so drink lots of water. (dehydration, dehydrated, dehydrate)
18. grammar provides the brain with beneficial 'exercise' which improves..... (memorise, memory, memorising)
19. These skills improve your chances of in other problem-solving tasks as well. (succeed, success, successful)
20. Our country has a high standard of..... (educate, educational, education)
21. My first trip there was in 2004 CE, and it was not very..... (success, successful, successfully)
22. the Chinese respect age and experience more than..... (young, youth, youngly)
23. I also send my business card and translated into Chinese.' (qualify, qualification, qualified)
24. you may require a course in English to prepare you for. (academy, academic, academically)
25. It is now being recognised and taught as an foreign language. (option, optional, optionally)
26. My first trip there was in 2004 CE, and it was not very..... (success, successful, succeed)
27. They sent me to China when I was still quite..... (young, youth, youngly)
28. the Chinese respect age and more than youth! (experienced, experience, experiment)
29. In order to be in China, you need to earn their respect. (success, successful, succeed)
30. What can you give to people wanting to do business in China? (advice, advised, advise)
31. Was it a meeting? (success, successful, succeed)
32. Jordan has more free trade than any other Arab country. (agree, agreement, agreed)
33. My name is Fatima Musa and I have worked as an for five years. (interpret, interpreter, interpretation)
34. I give the through headphones to other people at the meeting. (translate, translation, translator)
35. knowing English, you also need to know a lot of specialist language. (regional, region, regionally)
36. Unless you have a language degree, you will not be able to become an..... (interpret, interpreter, interpretation)
37. If you are....., it is a secure and rewarding job. (success, successful, succeed)
38. If you are successful, it is a and rewarding job. (security, secure, secures)
39. If you are successful, it is a secure and job. (reward, rewarding)
40. I am aware that if I things badly, it could affect trade agreement . (translation, translate, translator)
41. You get a huge feeling of when people understand everything . (satisfy, satisfaction, satisfied)
42. I have the right..... , but I know there will be a lot of other applicants. (qualify, qualifications, qualified)

فعل	اسم	صفة	ظرف	be
The, a, an				
some, any, many	اسم			
of, in, on, from	اسم	صفة		
My, our, your, his, her, their				
Very, so, too, ---		صفة		
really, more,				
(be, is, was, were)		صفة		
(been, are, am)		صفة		
اسم				
ضمير فاعل he, I, we,				
you They, she				
will, must, can, could, --			V-	
should, may				
to, don't, doesn't, didn't				
- ظرف				
- S V			ظرف	

Answers:

1. optional 2. developed 3. achievement 4. academic 5. contradictory 6. achieve 7. fluently 8. education 9. young 10. qualifications 11. educate 12. fluent 13. concentration 14. memory 15. recommend 16. nutrition 17. dehydrated 18. memory 19. success 20. education 21. successful 22. youth 23. qualification 24. academic 25. optional 26. successful 27. Young 28. Experience 29. successful 30. advice 31. successful 32. agreement 33. interpreter وظيفة مترجمة 34. translation 35. regional 36. Interpreter 37. Successful 38. secure 39. rewarding 40. translate 41. satisfaction 42. qualifications

السؤال الثالث (13 points) Question Number Three:

A. Choose the suitable verb form from those given below to complete each of the following sentences and write it . (4 points)

اولا - استخدام الجمل الشرطية

- 0) If S v-/vs/ doesn't , don't v- , is, are, am, has, have, S v-/vs/ doesn't , don't v- , is, are, am, has, have
- 1) If S v-/vs/ doesn't , don't v- , is, are, am, has, have, S will V/ won't V-, 'll V-
- 2) If S v2/ didn't V- , were, had, S would v-
- 3) If S had v3/ hadn't v3, had been, had had, S would have v3
- 1 -Nasser will come out with us tomorrow unless he..... help his father. (have to, has to, had to)
- 7 -Provided that it..... , we will have a picnic next week. (not rain) (وزاري)
- 3 -Even if Omar..... his driving test this afternoon, he won't have his own car. (pass, passed, passes)
- 4 -If you the plants, they will die. (don't water, wouldn't water, wouldn't have watered)
- 5- Do you usually go home or meet your friends when that school..... ? (finish, finishes, finished)
- 6- Your new computer will last a long time as long as you careful with it. (is, are, were)
- 7- During Ramadan, we eat when the sun (set, sets, sat)
- 8 -We'll go to our favourite restaurant on Friday unless it..... closed. (is, was, had)
- 9 -I will take the job offer provided that it..... part-time . (is, was, had)
- 10 -I will not work abroad unless it the only option. (was, is , had been)
- 11 -I would have got the job if I some experience. (have, has, had had)
- 12 -If you.....the course, you would have had enough experience to apply for the job.(do, did, had done)
- 13- If there email in the 1960s, people would have stopped writing letters by now. (be, were, had been)
- 14- If people mobile phones, they would have been able to communicate easily. (have, had, had had)
- 15 -If people about global warming, they would have stopped using fossil fuels. (had known, know, knew)
- 16 -We have to go to school, even if we..... tired. (were, are, had)

الجمل التالية تمثل حل main cause اعتمادا على if-clause

- 17- Unless you have a language degree, youable to become an interpreter. (won't be, wouldn't be, were)
- 18 -If you get an interview for a job, youto show listening skills. (would need, wouldn't need, will need)
- 19 -If you are successful, ita secure and rewarding job. (will be, would be, would have been)
- 20- When you arrive at the station next Saturday, we there to meet you. (will be, would be, would have been)
- 21 -I you with your homework, as long as you help me with mine! (would help, will help, would have helped)
- 22 -If you win the prize, how you..... the money?) (will spend, would spend, would have spent)
- 23 -When you heat water to 100°C, it (boil, would boil, boils)
- 24 -You your exams unless you study hard. (won't pass, wouldn't pass, aren't pass)
- 25 -I..... you if I miss the bus so that you pick me up. (would phone, will phone, phoned)
- 26 -I my job provided that I have interesting colleagues. (would enjoy, will enjoy, would have enjoyed)
- 27 -I think I successful as long as I work hard. (will be, would be, would have been)
- 28- Even if I travel a lot, I still time to speak to my friends. (will make, would have made, would make)
- 29 -If I get the job I want, I very happy. (will be, would be, would have been)
- 30 -If you had done the course, you.....enough experience to apply for the job. (would have had, will have, will had)
- 31 -I the job if I had had some experience. (would get, would have got)
- 32- If there had been email in the 1960s, people..... writing letters. (will stop, would stop, would have stopped)
- 33- If people had had mobile phones, they..... able to communicate easily. (will be, would be, would have been)
- 34 -If people had known about global warming, they..... using fossil fuels.(will stop, would stop, would have stopped)

Answers:-

- 1- has to 2- doesn't rain 3 passes 4- boils 5- finishes 6- are 7- sets 8- is 9- is 10- are 11- is 12-had had 13- had done 14- had been 15- had had 16 - had known 17- will not be 18- will need 19- will be 20- will be 21 will help 22 will, spend 23- will not pass 24- don't water 25- will phone 26- will enjoy 27- will be 28- will, make 29- will be 30- would have had 31- would have got 32- would have stopped 33- would have been 34 - would have stopped.

B- Complete each of the following items so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it, and write down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (6 points)

الفرع الثاني من السؤال سيأتي على سؤال إعادة كتابة الجملة، وله 9 علامات على ثلاث جمل. فعليك ان تكون حذرا فيما يتعلق بطبيعة الجملة من خلال سياقها وشكل بدايتها قبل الفراغ، هل هي على صيغة أسئلة الكلام المباشر لوجود أسئلة مثل (could you tell me)، أم أنها على صيغة المجهول الشخصي لوجود كلمات في الجملة الرئيسية مثل (claim, prove, believe, say) أم أنها على المقارنة لوجود كلمات مثل (more, less, as, the least) إذا فهذا السؤال له ثلاث مصادر رئيسية وهي :-

أولاً:- المبني للمجهول الشخصي impersonal passive :-

1- They say that dolphins are highly intelligent.

- It

- Dolphins

2- People think that the Earth was flat.

- It

- The earth

- It used

3- People know that he is talented.

It

He

4- They claim that the country will face new difficulties.

It

The country

5- Experts have proved that exercise is good for concentration.

It

Exercise

6- They say that fish is good for the brain.

It

Fish

7- People think that we only use a small percentage of our brain power.

It

We

8- They claim that we remember things we hear in our sleep.

It

We

9- People believe that solving puzzles keeps the brain active.

It

solving puzzles

10 - People claim that speaking a foreign language improves the functionality of your brain .

It

speaking a foreign language

11 -They believe that language learning can also improve your decision-making skills.

It

language learning

12- People think that learning a new language also presents the brain with unique challenges.

It

learning a new language

13- They say that students who study foreign languages do better, on the whole, in general tests.

It

Students who study foreign languages

14- People believe that eating almonds reduces the risk of heart disease.

Eating almonds

It

15- They assumed that the last Olympic Games were a great success.

It

The last Olympic Games

Answers

1- It is said that dolphins are highly intelligent. /Dolphins are said to be highly intelligent .

2- It is thought that the Earth was flat. /The earth is thought to have been flat. /It used to be thought that the Earth was flat. 3- It is known that he is talented./ He is known to be talented.

4- It is claimed that the country will face new difficulties./ The country is claimed to ~~will~~ face new difficulties.

5- It has been proved that exercise is good for concentration./Exercise has been proved to be good for concentration.6- It is said that fish is good for the brain. Fish is said to be good for the brain.7- It is thought that we only use a small percentage of our brain power. We are thought to only use a small percentage of our brain power.8- It is claimed that we remember things we hear in our sleep./We are claimed to remember things we hear in our sleep.9- It is believed that solving puzzles keeps the brain active./Solving puzzles is believed to keep the brain active.10- it is claimed that speaking a foreign language improves the functionality of your brain .

Speaking a foreign language is claimed to improve the functionality of your brain.

11- it is believed that language learning can also improve your decision-making skills

language learning is believed to improve your decision-making skills

12- it is thought that learning a new language also presents the brain with unique.

learning a new language is thought to present the brain with unique.

13- It is said that students who study foreign languages do better, on the whole, in general tests.

Students who study foreign languages are said to do better, on the whole, in general tests.

14- Eating almonds is believed to reduce the risk of heart disease./ It is believed that eating almonds reduces the risk of heart disease. 15- It was assumed that the last Olympic Games were a great success.

The last Olympic Games were assumed to have been a great success.

جمل تحويل من it is claimed الى object is claimed to احتياطا

1- It is claimed that speaking a foreign language improves the functionality of your brain .

Speaking a foreign language

2- It is believed that language learning can also improve your decision-making skills

language learning

3- It is thought that learning a new language also presents the brain with unique.

learning a new language

4- It is said that students who study foreign languages do better, on the whole, in general tests.

Students who study foreign languages

Answers:-

1- Speaking a foreign language is claimed to improve the functionality of your brain.

2- language learning is believed to improve your decision-making skills

3- learning a new language is thought to present the brain with unique.

4- Students who study foreign languages are said to do better, on the whole, in general tests.

التحويل العكسي:- (احتياطا)

1- Dolphins are said to be highly intelligent.

Scientists say that

2- The earth is thought to have been flat.

People think that

3- The country is claimed to face new difficulties.

People claim that

4- Exercise has been proved to be good for concentration.

People have proved that

5- We are thought to only use a small percentage of our brain power.

People think that

Answers:-

1- They say that dolphins are highly intelligent.

2- People thinks that the Earth was flat.

3- They claim that the country **faces/ will face** new difficulties.

4- Experts have proved that exercise is good for concentration.

5- People think that we use a small percentage of our brain power.

ثانيا:- جمل على أسئلة الكلام المنقول.

1- "What is the time, please?"

Could you tell me.....

2- "Who is that man?"

Do you know

3- "Why is the train late?"

Do you mind

4- "Where is the nearest bank, please?"

Could you tell me

5- "How did you solve this puzzle? "

Could you explain

6- "Where should I revise for exams?"

Could you tell me

7- "How much sleep do teenagers of our age need?"

Do you know

8- "What do you mean by 'mnemonics'?"

Do you mind telling me

9- "What should I do on the day before the exam?"

Could you explain

10- Where is the library?

Do you mind

Answers:-

1- Could you tell me what the time is, please? 2- Do you know who that man is? 3- Do you mind telling me why the train is late?

لا تنسى ان (do you mind) يتبعها دائما (telling me) وحاول ان تركز عليها اكثر لانه دائما يتبعها (v-ing).

4- Could you tell me where the nearest bank is, please? 5- Could you explain how you solved this puzzle?

6- Could you tell me where I should revise for exams? 7- Do you know how much sleep teenagers of

our age need? 8- Do you mind telling me what you mean by 'mnemonics'? 9- Could you explain what

I should do on the day before the exam? 10- Do you mind telling me where the library is?

وفيما يتعلق بالسئلة (Yes/No question) والتي تبدأ بفعل مساعد فيجب ان نضع اما (if) او (whether) ..

ولا تنسى انه اذا بدأت بفعل (do) نحذفه ونبقي الفعل كما هو مجردا، واذا ابتدأت بـ (does) نحذفه ونضيف (s/es) الى نهاية الفعل الرئيسي،
واما اذا ابتدأت بـ (did) نحذفه ونحول الفعل الرئيسي الى التصريف الثاني.

1- "Is there a postbox near here, please?"

Do you know

2- "Is it possible to improve your memory?"

Do you know

3- Can we take water into the exam?

Do you know

4- Have I passed my exam or not?

Do you know

5- Does the exam start at ten or half past ten?

Do you know

6- Are we allowed to eat sweets during the exam?

Do you know

1- Do you know if/whether there's a postbox near here, please? 2- Do you know if/whether it is possible to improve your memory? 3- Do you know if/whether we can take water into the exam? 4- Do you know if/whether I've passed my exam or not? 5- Do you know if/whether the exam starts at ten or half past ten? 6- Do you know if/whether we are allowed to eat sweets during the exam?

كن على حذر من (Do you mind) في النوع الثاني من الاسئلة (yes/no) او الامرية فيجب ان تحول الفعل الرئيسي الى v-ing. لان معناها هل تمنع

1. Can you suggest a healthy breakfast?

Do you mind suggesting a healthy breakfast?

ثالثا:- جمل المقارنة

اشكال التحويل على الصفات الطويلة	Examples
اولا:- تحويل الصفات	1- Biology is <u>more popular than</u> Physics. -Physics
A be more صفة than B	-Physics
B less صفة than A	2- Law is <u>more boring than</u> Medicine and Dentistry. Medicine and Dentistry
B be not as صفة as A	Medicine and Dentistry
	3- -An e-reader is more expensive than a book. A book
	A book
	Answers-
	1- is less popular than Biology./ isn't as popular as Biology.
	2- are less boring than Law/ aren't as boring as law.
	3- is less expensive than an e-reader/ isn't as expensive as an e-reader

<p>ثانيا:- A be less صفة than B A be not as صفة as B B be more صفة than A</p>	<p>1- Engineering is less popular than Visual Arts. Engineering Visual Arts..... 2- Geography is less interesting than History. History Geography isn't 3- Physics is less popular than Biology. Physics Biology Answers 1- isn't as popular as Visual Arts./ are more popular than Engineering. 2- is more interesting than Geography./ isn't as interesting as History. 3- isn't as popular as Biology./ is more popular than Physics.</p>
<p>ثالثا:- A be not as صفة as B A is less صفة than B B is more صفة than A</p>	<p>1- Physics isn't as popular as Biology. Physics Biology 2- Neither Maths nor Science are as popular as English. Maths and Science English Answers 1- Physics is less popular than Biology./ is more popular than Physics. 2- are less popular than English./ is more popular than Maths and Science.</p>
<p>رابعا:- A be not as صفة قصيرة as B A is صفة er than B B is er صفة than A ***** A is صفة er than B B is er صفة than A B be not as صفة قصيرة as A احتياط</p>	<p>1- Khalid is not as tall as Tamer. Khalid Tamer..... 2- English level three is longer than English level four. English level four English level four Answers:- 1- is shorter than Tamer/ Tamer is taller than Khalid. 2- English level four is shorter than English level three. English level four isn't as long as English level three.</p>
<p>خامسا:- التعامل مع صفات متعكسة حسب المعنى. لاحظ اننا لا نستعمل افعال Be ونستعمل - don't او - doesn't و - aren't او - isn't بدلا من</p>	<p>1-Jordanian children start school a year later than English children. English children English children don't 2- Portuguese children go to school for longer than children in Japan. Children in Japan Children in Japan don't 3- Jordanian children leave school earlier than English children. English children..... English children don't Answers:- 1- start school a year earlier than Jordanian children. - don't start school a year as late as Jordanian children 2- go to school for shorter than Portuguese children. - don't go to school for as long as Portuguese children 3- leave school later than Jordanian children. - don't leave school as early as Jordanian children.</p>
<p>سادسا:- التعامل مع الصفات الطويلة العكسية ، ولها عدة اشكال في الطرح في المنهاج :- احتياط</p>	<p>1- The cheapest thing on the menu is orange juice. The least..... - الشيء الارخص في القائمة هو عصير البرتقال. - الاقل 2- There is no sport in the world as popular as Football. Football is the لا يوجد رياضة في العالم بشهرة كرة القدم. Answers:- 1- expensive thing on the menu is orange juice.</p>

<p>سابعاً:- التعامل مع المحددات كظروف adverbs احتياطاً</p>	<p>2- most popular sport in the world. كرة القدم الأكثر شهرة في العالم.</p> <p>1- I can't run as fast as you. - You 2- Mahmoud doesn't work as hard as his brother. Mahmoud's brother 3- I like swimming more than running. I don't like</p> <p>Answers:- 1- can run faster than me. 2- works harder than Mahmoud. 3- running as much as I like swimming</p>
<p>ثامناً:- التعامل مع مقارنة اسماء الجمع وليس الصفات كما اعتدنا.... A has more اسم معدود than B B has fewer اسم معدود than A B doesn't have as many معدود as A القاعدة يمكن قلبها من اسفل لاعلى. والعكس صحيح. اين انها تمثل ثلاث حالات متقلبة. احتياطاً</p>	<p>1- Jordanian Students study fewer subjects than Japanese Students. Jordanian Students Japanese Students 2- There are not as many people in our class as in your class. There are in your class . (fewer) There are in our class . (more) 3- There aren't as many students studying Science as Maths. The students who are studying Science are</p> <p>Answers:- 1- don't study as many subjects as Japanese students. - study more subjects than Jordanian students. 2- fewer people in our class than in your class. - more people in your class than in our class. 3- fewer than the students who study Maths.</p>
<p>تاسعاً:- التعامل مع مقارنة الاسماء غير المعدودة A has more غير معدود than B B has less غير معدود than A B doesn't have as much معدود as A القاعدة يمكن قلبها من اسفل لاعلى. والعكس صحيح. احتياطاً</p>	<p>1- The website doesn't have as much information as the book. The website..... The book 2- There's less information on the website than there is in the book. There isn't as..... There is more..... 3- My brother eats more fast food than I do. - I eat..... - I don't eat..... 4- I don't eat as much fast food as my brother. I eat My brother</p> <p>Answers 1- has less information than the book/ has more information than the website. 2- as much information in the website as in the book. - more information in the book than in the website 3- I don't eat as much fast food as my brother does. - I eat less fast food than my brother does. 4- eat less fast food than my brother does. eats more fast food than I do.</p>

خامسا: جمل تحويل على درس wish و if only (احتياط)

- 1- I didn't do much work for my exam.
I wish
- 2- I bought these shoes. They hurt my feet.
I wish
- 3- We're late. We didn't catch the earlier bus.
If only
- 4- I don't know the answer.
I wish
- 5- We don't live in a big flat.
we wish
- 6- I am not tall./ I am short.
I wish
- 7- We are not old.
If only
- 8- Sultan forgot to do his Science homework.
If only
- 9- I regret going to bed late last night.
I wish
I wish **earlier** last night. (wish)
- 10- Nahla could not find her way round the city very easily. She didn't have a map.
If only Nahla.....
- 11- Oh no! I've forgotten my library book. I left it at home.
I wish
- 12- Our team didn't play very well yesterday.
If only
- 13 - Ali did not pass his exams. He didn't study hard last year.
If only
- 14 - Ziad did not know about Chinese culture because he didn't do a cultural awareness course.
..... (wish)
- 15- It was too hot to go to the beach yesterday.
If only
- If only **cooler** to go to the beach yesterday. (if only)
- 16- I feel ill. I ate too many sweets!
I wish
- 17 -I couldn't understand anything because I didn't study Chinese!
If only

Answers:-

I wish I had done more work for my exam. 2- I wish I hadn't bought these shoes. They hurt my feet. 3- We're late. If only we'd caught the earlier bus. If only we'd caught the earlier bus . We're late 4- I wish I knew the answer. 5- we wish we lived in a bigger flat. 6- I wishes I were taller. 7- If only we were older. 8- If only he hadn't forgotten to do it. 9- hadn't gone to bed late last night. / had gone to bed earlier أبكر last night. 10- if only she had had a map. 11- I wish I hadn't forgotten my library book/ I wish I hadn't left it at home. 12- If only they had played better. 13 - If only he had studied harder last year. 14- had done a cultural awareness course. 15- If only it hadn't been so hot to go to the beach yesterday./ if only it had been cooler to go to the beach yesterday 16- I wish I hadn't eaten so many sweets! 17 -If only I'd studied Chinese!

سادسا: جمل تحويل على الشرط الثالث باستخدام could, might , might not (احتياط)

- 1 -Saeed left his camera at home, so he wasn't able to take pictures of the parade. (if, could)
- 2 -I had a headache yesterday, and I didn't do well in the Maths test. (if, might)
- 3- I didn't know your phone number, so I wasn't able to contact you. (if, could)
- 4 -You had a brightly-coloured T-shirt on. That's how I noticed you in the crowd. (if, might not)
- 5- I worked really hard the day before the exam. I got top marks. (if, might not)
- 6- I didn't prepare better for the competition, so I didn't won the first prize. (if, might)
- 7- I didn't sleep better the night before the exam, I didn't concentrate better. (if, could)

Answers:-

- 1 -If Saeed hadn't left his camera at home, he could have taken pictures of the parade.
- If Saeed hadn't left his camera at home, he could have been able to take pictures of the parade.
- 2 – -If I hadn't had a headache yesterday, I might have done well in the Maths test.
- 3 – If I had known your phone number, I could have been able to contact you.
- If I had known your phone number, I could have contacted you
- 4 -If you hadn't had a brightly-coloured T-shirt on, I might not have noticed you in the crowd.
- 5 – if I hadn't worked really hard the day before the exam, I might not have got top marks.
- 6- If I had prepared better for the competition, I might have won the first prize.
- 7- If I had slept better the night before the exam, I could have concentrated better.

سابعاً:- تحويل للشرط الثاني (اسداء نصيحة) احتياطا

- 1 - You should practise the presentation several times.
- If I
- 2 - You shouldn't look too casual.
- If I
- 3 -You should do a lot of research.
- If I

Answers:-

- 1- If I were you, I'd practise the presentation several times.
- 2 -If I were you, I wouldn't look too casual.
- 3 - If I were you I would do a lot of research.

Question Number Four:- (10 points)

Choose the suitable verb form from those given below to complete each of the following sentences and write it. (10 points)

وبالنسبة لسؤال اختيار من متعدد، وحسب النمط الوزاري لآخر ثلاث دورات متتالية، اليك الترتيب التالي حسب ورودها:-
أولاً:- سؤال على الافعال المركبة

- 1 -Would you like to **work** _____ a teacher in a big school? (on, at, as, into)
- 2 -We need to **decide** _____ a place to meet. (on, about, at, as,)
- 3 -Can you **translate** this Arabic _____ English for me, please? (about, at, as, into)
- 4 -I'd like to **talk** _____ the film I've just seen; it was brilliant! (on, about, at, as)
- 5 -The teacher **asked** us _____ our favourite books. (about, at, as, into)
- 6 -My sister is really **good** _____ drawing and painting. (on, about, at, as)

Answers:- 1 as 2 on 3 into 4 about 5 about 6 at

ثانياً :- جملة على درس if only و wish

بحيث اذا نقوم بتصريف الفعل بين قوسين الى التصريف الثاني اذا كانت مجمل الجملة بصيغة المضارع، ونحول الفعل الى صيغة الماضي التام اذا كانت مجمل الجملة بصيغة الماضي البسيط.

- 1 -Sultan forgot to do his Science homework. If only heto do it.
(forget, doesn't forget, didn't forget, hadn't forgotten)
- 2 -I regret going to bed late last night. I wish I earlier.
(had gone, hadn't gone, go, don't go)
- 3 -Nahla could not find her way round the city very easily. If only she.....a map.
(buy, had bought, bought, have bought)
- 4 -Oh no! I've forgotten my library book. I left it at home. I wish I..... it at home.
(leave, left, hadn't left, don't leave)
- 5 -Our team didn't play very well yesterday. If only they..... better.
(will play, had played, play, plays)
- 6- Ziad is not very good at basketball. He wishes he.....taller!
(is , were , had been, are)
- 7 -I can't do this exercise. I wish I.....it.
(understood, understand, understanding)
- 8 - Mr Haddad does not understand the Chinese businessman. If only heChinese.
(speak , spoke , had spoken)
- 9 - Jordan needs to import a lot of oil. If only it.....larger oil reserves.
(has , had , had had)

Answers:

- 1- hadn't forgotten 2 had gone 3 had brought 4 hadn't left 5 had played 6 were 7 understood 8 spoke 9 had

ثالثا: اختيار احد ادوات الجمل الشرطية

كما لو / as if / حتى ومع حتى وان / even if / طالما / as long as / عندما / when / شرط أن / provided that / مالم / unless / اذا / if

- 1- During Ramadan, we eat the sun sets. (when, unless, as long as, even if)
- 2 -I'll phone you I miss the bus so that you pick me up. (if, unless, as long as, even if)
- 3 -We'll go to our favourite restaurant on Friday it's closed. (if, unless, as long as, even if)
- 4 -I will take the job offer it's part-time – I haven't finished my university studies yet.
(provided that, unless, as long as, even if)
- 5 -We have to go to school, even we're tired. (if, unless, as long as, even if)
- 6 -..... you heat water to 100°C, it boils. (when, unless, as long as, even if)
- 7 -You will not pass your exams you study hard. (when, unless, as long as, even if)
- 8 -..... you don't water the plants, they will die. (if, unless, as long as, even if)
- 9- Do you usually go home or meet your friends school finishes ?
(when, unless, provided, even if)
- 10- Your new computer will last a long timeyou are careful with it. (as long as, even if, unless)
- 11- Ice cream melts it gets warm. (unless, when, even if)
- 12- We need umbrellas it rains. (when, unless, even if, provided that)
- 13- The teacher will be pleased..... I write a good essay. (unless, if, even if)
- 14 -Our team will celebrate they win the match. (unless, if, even if)
- 15- everyone works hard, we'll all pass our exams. (unless, provided that, even if)
- 16 -Babies are usually happy they're hungry or cold. (unless, provided that, even if)
- 17 -We should always be polite..... we feel tired. (unless, provided that, even if)
- 18- Jaber looked he hadn't slept very well. (unless, when, as if, as long as)

- 1- خلال شهر رمضان، نأكل عندما تغيب الشمس. 2- ساتصل بك اذا فقدت الباص لتأتي وتقلني. 3- سذهب لمطعمنا المفضل يوم الجمعة مالم يكن مغلقا.
- 4- سالتحق بالوظيفة شريطة ان تكون بدوام جزئي- لم انهي دراستي الجامعية بعد. 5- يجب علينا ان نذهب للمدرسة، حتى ولو كنا متعبين. 6- عندما تسخن الماء على درجة 100 مئوية، سيبلي. 7- لن تنجح في امتحاناتك مالم تدرس بجد. 8- اذا لم تسقي النباتات، فانها ستموت. 9- هل تذهب غالبا للمنزل او تقابل اصدقائك عندما تنتهي المدرسة. 10- حاسوبك سيدوم فترة اطول طالما لو كنت مهتما به.
- 11- تذوب الايس اكريم عندما تصبح ساخنة. 12- نحتاج مظلوا عندما تمطر. 13- المعلم سيكون سعيدا عندما اكتب مقالة جيدة. 14- فريقنا سيحتفل اذا كسب المباراة. 15- في حال عمل كل شخص بجد/ سننجز كلنا في امتحاناتنا. 16- الاطفال سعيون دائما مالم يجوعوا او يبردوا 17- يجب ان نكون دائما لطفاء حتى ولو كنا نشعر بالتعب.
- 18- بدا جابر كما لو انه لم ينام جيدا.

Answers:-

- 1- when 2- if 3- unless 4- provided that 5- if 6- When 7- unless 8- If 9- when 10- as long as 11- when 12-when 13- if 14- if 15- Provided that 16- unless 17- even if

رابعا :- جملة على درس المقارنة (احتياط)

- 1 -My sister doesn't eat as as I do. She always puts less on her plate than I do.
(many, more, much , little)
- 2- I'm tired today because I went to bed than usual last night.
(late, more , later, latest)
- 3 -I didn't enjoy the book. In fact it was interesting story I've ever read.
(the less, the little, the least, the more)
- 4- The bus is late. We'll have to wait a little..... than usual.
(long, longest, longer, as long as)
- 5 - Which subjects are the popular, and which are the least popular?
(more, less ,mush , most)
- 6 - Do you think Geography is interesting than History, or less interesting?
(more, least ,mush , most)
- 7- This classroom is as as the classroom next door.
(biggest, big , bigger)
- 8- There are not as.....in our class as in yours.
(more people, most people, many people, much people)
- 9- We practise our English asas possible.
(often, oftener, oftenest)
- 10- The subject on the list is Computer Science.
(less popular, more popular, least popular)

Answers:- 1- much 2- later 3- the least 4- longer 5- most 6- more 7- big 8- many people 9- often 10 - least popular.

- وفيما يتعلق بالوظائف اللغوية (function) والتي كما لاحظتم لم يأتي عليها سؤال في الدورة الشتوية، لكن احتياطا أضع بين أيديكم جميع الدروس سواء الكتابة أم القواعد التي وردت عليها وظائف لغوية. (احتياط)

1- link paragraphs or ideas لربط الفقرات والأفكار

1- We use pronouns as ways **to link paragraphs or ideas**. (he, she, they ...)

2- showing cause or reason - كلمات الربط التي تظهر السبب للشيء:-

1- We couldn't go to the stadium **because** / **as** / **since** there weren't any tickets left.

2- **As** / **Since** / **Because** I was tired, I went to bed.

3- We were late **because of** / **due to** the traffic.

3- showing result or consequences - كلمات الربط التي تظهر النتيجة التي تفسر تبعات شيء:-

1- We were caught in traffic, **therefore** / **so** we missed the start of the play.

2- She worked hard; **as a result**, / **because of that**, / **consequently**, she did very well in her exams.

Question Number Five:-

سؤال تصحيح الأخطاء (خطأ قواعدي) (خطأ بعلامات الترقيم) (خطئين بالإملاء)... لذلك أرفق اليك بعض الفقرات تتضمن هذه الأخطاء مع حلولها مباشرة في الصفحة الأخيرة.

(1) They want to learn as much as they can to ensure excellent exam grades. They go to school for about nine hours, although this includes **obtnonal** after-school **tuetion** and activities. They also spend about three hours on homework every day? which is three times as much **than** many other countries.

(2) Ahamd: Do you mind **give** me some advice about diet.
Prof: **Nutrison** is very important. You should try to eat as much fresh fruit and vegetables as you can. It's essential not to become **dehidrated**, so drink lots of water.

(3) It is **proving** that **multilingoal** people are able to switch easily between completely different tasks. One experiment required participants to operate a driving **simulater** while carrying out separate tasks at the same time. The experiment showed that multilingual participants were less distracted by the other tasks and therefore made fewer driving errors.

(4) Did you make any mistakes on that visit!
'Yes! I wish I had **research** Chinese culture before I visited the country. In order to be successful in China, you need to earn their respect. Chinese business people will always ask about a company's successes in the past. However, because I worked for a new company, I could not talk about its track **ricord**. We did not do any business **deels** on that first trip.'

(5) In this report? we will look at the countries that Jordan trades with and what goods it exports and **empports**. First, let's look at exports. Jordan **are** rich in potash and phosphate, and the **eksraction** industry for these minerals is one of the largest in the world.

(6) Not surprisingly, two of Jordan's largest exports are chemicals and **fertelisers**. **Pharmaseuticals** and other industries represent 30% of Jordan's Gross Domestic Product (GDP). and 75% of Jordan's Pharmaceuticals are **export**.

- 1) 1- optional 2- tuition 3- as much as 4- day, which
- 2) 1- nutrition 2- dehydrated 3- mind **giving** 4- diet?
- 3) 1- multilingual 2- simulator 3- It is proved 4- different tasks. One
- 4) 1- visit ? 2- had **researched** 3- **record** 4- **deal**
- 5) 1- report, 2- imports 3- look at exports 4- extraction
- 6) 1- **fertilisers** 2- **Pharmaceuticals** 3- (GDP) . 4- are **exported**

B- Guided Writing الكتابة الموجهة (4 points)

Read the information in the table below then, in your ANSWER BOOKLET, write two sentences about purposes of building dams. Use appropriate linking words such as : and, also, but..... etc.

- control the traffic areas.
- save time and effort.
- reduce the car accident.
- make car journeys faster and shorter.

-Firstly, there are many العنوان such as الفرعية 1 and الفرعية 2
 -In addition, there are other الكلمة الافتتاحية في العنوان like الفرعية 3 and الفرعية 4

- **Firstly, there are many purposes of dams such as** controlling the traffic jam **and** saving time and effort.
- **In addition, there are other purposes of building dams like** reducing the car accidents **and** making car journeys faster and shorter.

How to save Forests?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -avoid building residential areas. -build parks for visitors. -reduce cutting down trees. -ban the criminals who cut trees.

Firstly, there are many ways to save the forest such as avoiding building residential areas and building parks for visitors.

- In addition, there are other ways to save the forest like reducing cutting down trees and banning the criminals who cut trees.

What should be done to keep fitness ?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - drink 8 -10 litters of water daily. - run 2 -4 kilometre every morning. - do exercises - reduce the amount of calories.

- Firstly, there are many **thing (ways) that should be done to keep fitness** such as drinking.....daily and runningmorning.

- In addition, there are other **thing (ways)that should be done to keep fitness** like doing exercises and reducingcalories.

Why do people leave their countries?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -find better jobs. - complete high education. -escape from wars. - seek better life.

-Firstly, there are many **reasons** that make people leave their home countries like finding better life and completing high education.

-In addition, there are other **reasons** that make people leave home countries like escaping from wars and seeking better life.

Face to face learning	Online distance learning
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - There are a lot of opportunities for group discussions. - There is a lot of support from lecturers and tutors. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -You don't have to attend classes. - You can earn money while you are studying.

On the one hand, العنوان has many qualities خصائص for example and

On the other hand, العنوان has some qualities for exampleand.....

On the one hand, **face to face learning** has many qualities for example there are a lot of opportunities for group discussions and there is a lot of support from lecturers and tutors.

On the other hand, **online distance learning** has some qualities for example you don't have to attend classes and you can earn money while you are studying.

Interpreter career	Engineer career
- comfortable - rewarding - secure	-uncomfortable - not rewarding - dangerous

On the one hand, interpreter career is comfortable, rewarding and secure.

On the other hand, engineer career is uncomfortable, not rewarding and dangerous.

- Your name Farida Jabari, and you want to apply for a job in a secondary school in Amman.
Write a short cover letter using the following information.

Address: 215 Rainbow Street, Amman

Education: Degree in English (2009 CE)

Work experience: Teacher of English, [SCHOOL NAME], Amman

I am Farida Jabari, I live in 215 Rainbow Street in Amman. I have a degree in English in 2009. I worked as teacher of English in Amman .

أسئلة وزراة سابقة :- صيفي 2016

Compulsory education in different countries	
England	5 – 16 years
Jordan	6 – 16 years
Turkey	6 – 18 years
Japan	6 – 15 years

Answers:-

- 1- Turkey has more compulsory education than Japan.
- 2- Jordan has less compulsory education than England.
- 3- Japan doesn't have as much compulsory education as Jordan.
4. Turkish children have **the most** compulsory schooling.
5. In Jordan, children start school a year later than English children.
6. Japanese and Jordanian children have the least compulsory schooling.
7. Jordanian children can leave school one year earlier than English children.

C. Free writing: (7 points)

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 120 words on ONE of the following: سيتم تحديد موضوعين، يختار الطالب احدهما

blog / Life in a Jordanian secondary school مدونة / الحياة في مدرسة ثانوية أردنية

The Jordanian secondary school is considered as one of the best in the world as it fulfills all the needs of the students. It has a collection of educational and entertaining activities which help the students cope with their needs of the future, the local society and the entire future.

تعتبر المدرسة الثانوية الأردنية واحدة من الأفضل في العالم حيث انها تلبي جميع حاجات الطلبة. فهي تضم مجموعة من النشاطات الممتعة والتي من شأنها أن تساعد الطلبة على التعامل مع حاجاتهم في المستقبل.

Each day is a typical school day as it consists of many different activities and many lessons from different courses. Those lessons offer many values necessary to build the students' personality and make them able to be productive part in the society when they leave school.

كل يوم هو يوم مدرسي مثالي حيث يتعلمون من عدة نشاطات ودروس لمختلف المواد. تقدم هذه الدروس قيماً متعددة وضرورية لبناء شخصية الطلبة وجعلهم قادرين على أن يكونوا جزءاً منتجاً في المجتمع عندما يغادرون المدرسة.

Our schools are under the supervision of the ministry of education and they which have rules that we all have to follow in order to keep our educational system ahead of the other countries to ensure a prosperous future to the following generations.

مدارسنا تحت إشراف وزارة التربية والتعليم ولديها قوانين يجب علينا اتباعها من أجل المحافظة على نظامنا التعليمي في مقدمة الدول الأخرى من أجل أن نضمن مستقبلاً مزدهراً للأجيال القادمة.

Key ideas المهمة

The Jordanian school among the other schools in the world.
المدرسة الأردنية ضمن المدارس في العالم

The school day is rich with various activities.
اليوم المدرسي غني بالنشاطات المتعددة

The vision of the ministry of education for the generations of the future.
رؤية وزارة التربية والتعليم للأجيال في المستقبل.

Living in Jordan الحياة في الأردن

Jordan is considered as one of the best places to visit in the world. It is a peaceful country where people can go anywhere without fear. The visitors can enjoy sightseeing because Jordan is rich with a beautiful nature as well as the fascinating history of the majestic civilisations who settled in Jordan thousands of years ago.

يعتبر الأردن واحداً من أفضل الأماكن للزيارة في العالم. إنها دولة آمنة حيث يستطيع الناس الذهاب إلى أي مكان بدون خوف. يستطيع الزوار الاستمتاع بمشاهدة المناظر بسبب أن الأردن غني بالطبيعة الجميلة إضافة إلى التاريخ الرائع للحضارات العظيمة والتي سكنت الأردن قبل آلاف السنين.

The daily life in Jordan is flexible and attractive. Arabic is the official language in Jordan and the Jordanian people can speak English, so they can communicate easily with foreign visitors. The public transport is available with cheap prices to all the cities of Jordan. The Jordanian kitchen offers many delicious kinds of food. The visitor can feel home while they are in Jordan. Moreover, visitors can enjoy the hospitality of the Jordanian people as they are extremely generous and kind.

الحياة اليومية في الأردن مرنة وجذابة. اللغة العربية هي اللغة الرسمية في الأردن كما أن الأردنيون يتحدثون اللغة الإنجليزية لذلك فانهم يستطيعون التواصل وبسهولة مع الزوار الأجانب. المواصلات العامة متوفرة وبأسعار رخيصة إلى جميع المدن في الأردن. يقدم المطبخ الأردني أنواعاً لذيذة من الطعام. يستطيع الزوار أن يشعروا أنهم في منازلهم أثناء تواجدهم في الأردن. كما أنه يمكن للزوار الاستمتاع بضيافة الشعب الأردني لأن الشعب الأردني كريم ولطيف.

Studying a subject at university دراسة تخصص معين في الجامعة

Some students tend to continue their study at university. I advise the students to study English language as it became the only gate to technology which is the main feature of the coming future. The English language can build everyone's personality as it encourages people to communicate with each other easily.

يتجه بعض الطلبة إلى إكمال دراستهم في الجامعة. أنا أنصح الطلبة بدراسة اللغة الإنجليزية حيث أنها أصبحت البوابة الوحيدة إلى عالم التكنولوجيا والتي تهي الخاصبة الرئيسة للمستقبل القادم.

The English language is your guide to the other cultures. It is the official language of the internet, so that the speakers of English will be able to enter the world of information in an easier way than those who do not speak English.

اللغة الإنجليزية هي دليلك إلى الثقافات الأخرى. إنها اللغة الرسمية للإنترنت، لذلك فإن المتحدثين باللغة الإنجليزية سوف يكونوا قادرين على الدخول إلى عالم المعلومات من طريق أسهل من أولئك الذين لا يتحدثون اللغة الإنجليزية.

The English language shortens the distance between peoples and makes it easier to live and communicate with other peoples and cultures while searching the internet and without the need to be in the same place.

اللغة الإنجليزية تختصر المسافات بين الشعوب وتجعل من السهل العيش والتواصل من الشعوب والثقافات الأخرى أثناء البحث في الإنترنت وبدون الحاجة للتواجد في نفس المكان.

Key ideas المهمة

The importance of the English language.
أهمية اللغة الإنجليزية

The English language is an entrance to the other cultures.
تعتبر اللغة الإنجليزية مدخلاً إلى الثقافات الأخرى.

The English language is the easiest way of communication.
أقصر طريق للتواصل. تعتبر اللغة الانجليزية.

Informal letter رسالة غير رسمية

Dear friend, الصديق العزيز

Thank you for your last lovely letter, it pleased me to hear your happy news and I feel sorry for the health problems you had last week. I'll visit you as soon as possible. How're you today? I hope you're fine.

شكراً لك على رسالتك اللطيفة الماضية. لقد سرني أن اسمع اخبارك السعيدة وأشعر بالأسف للمشاكل الصحية في عانيت منها الأسبوع الماضي. I felt happy to hear that you were rewarded as the best employee for the past year in the company where you are working. Your achievements are appreciated all the time. I feel proud that I've a friend like you.

لقد شعرت بالفرح عند سماعي أنه تم تكريمك كأفضل موظف هذا العام. انجازاتك موضع تقدير دائماً. أنا فخور أنه عندي صديق مثلك.

Next week, I and all the other friends are making a party on the honour of the prize you got, we'll have fun and I'm sure we'll enjoy the calm evening in the garden. I'll be waiting for you.

الأسبوع القادم، سأقوم أنا وبقية الزملاء بعمل حفلة على شرف الجائزة التي حصلت عليها. سوف نمرح وأنا متأكد أننا سوف نستمتع بالمساء الهادئ في الحديقة، ساكون بانتظارك

أطيب الأمنيات
الاسم

<p>Key ideas الأفكار المهمة The position of Jordan among the other countries in the world مكانة الأردن بين الدول في العالم. The daily life in Jordan encourages visitors to stay longer. الحياة اليومية في الأردن تشجع الزوار على البقاء لمدة أطول The generosity and the hospitality of the Jordanian people كرم وضيافة الشعب الأردني</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;">The importance of Tourism on the Jordanian Economy</p> <p>Introduction:- Tourism has become an important sector that has an impact on development of country economy. In this report, am going to write about the importance of tourism on the Jordanian economy and the best ways to attract tourists to visit Jordan and its benefits.</p> <p>The importance of tourism on the Jordanian economy We know that there are three million tourists visit Jordan every year, they visit many historical places like Jarash, Jadara and castles , they also visit natural places like wadi Rum as well as beaches like Qaba and Dead Sea. and they pay about three billion dollars. This money increases and improves the economy.</p> <p>The Best ways to attract tourists, The government should build many restaurants and hotels all over Jordan. Also, the ministry of tourism should promote historical and natural places by many ways. For example, using internet, embassies, TV and radio.</p> <p>The benefits of Tourism As we say, tourism brings billions of dollars and many young people in Jordan can find jobs in hotels, restaurants, guides , tourism companies and taxis.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">P.O. Box 1646 Amman Jordan</p> <p>Dear Sir I am writing in view of the recent news that the town council will cancel of the bus route that all people use daily. A large percentage of the people is against your decision. However, there will be many problems when cancel this bus route. Firstly , many students use this bus to go to their schools and universities. This decision will make them arriving late. In addition to this, there will be economic problem, the workers and employees will pay much money when you cancel the bus because they will take taxis and this cost a lot money. Moreover, many patients will face many healthy problems because the will be late to arrive hospital or medical centres. I hope you will consider this letter when deciding the future of the bus route. Thank you.</p> <p>Yours sincerely, Wisam</p> <p style="text-align: right;">كتابة شكوى للمجلس البلدي لنيتهم الغاء خط الباص</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Formal letter / applying for a job رسالة رسمية / التقدم لوظيفة</p> <p>Dear Sir, سيدي I am writing to you with regard to the post of <u>مسمى الوظيفة</u> as advertised in the local newspaper, as you can see from my enclosed my CV, I have an MA degree in <u>تخصص الوظيفة</u> from Yarmouk University with an average of 90% . I have excellent experience in this field of work as I have worked as a /an <u>مسمى الوظيفة</u> in a reputable company. I took several intensive courses in English and I feel confident that my level of English will meet the demands of the job easily. Moreover, I am an excellent user of the computer skills as I have the ICDL certificate. أطلع بشوق للسمع منكم. / Yours faithfully Name</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Studying a subject at university</p> <p>Posted by: Wisam Do you know that some students tend to continue their study at university. I advise the students to study English language as it became the only gate to technology which is the main feature of the coming future. The English language can build everyone's personality as it encourages people to communicate with each other easily. The English language is your guide to the other cultures. It is the official language of the internet, so that the speakers of English will be able to enter the world of information in an easier way than those who do not speak English. The English language shortens the distance between peoples and makes it easier to live and communicate with other peoples and cultures while searching the internet and without the need to be in the same place.</p>

استراحة الطموحين الذين لا يزال قلبهم ينبض بالارادة والعزيمة



• عندما تكون أصغر سناً، تكون قلقاً عما يفكر فيه الناس عنك. و عندما تكبر تدرك أنه لم يكن هناك أحد يفكر فيك على الإطلاق.

• التأجيل هو سارق الوقت و الحياة و النجاح، فاصدق العزيمة كي تقهره.

• إن أكبر عائق يمنع النجاح هو الخوف من الفشل والإخفاق : هذه حكمة كثيراً ما يرددها الخطيب الشهير براين تريسي حيث يقول إنهم أجروا إحصائيات في أمريكا فوجدوا أن الناس هناك يخافون من الفشل أكثر من خوفهم من الموت!!!!!!.....الحاجز الأول الذي يجب أن نقضي عليه هو الخوف من الفشل فلنحاول أن نجرب فعل الأشياء التي نخاف فعلها وتجربتها ولنرى النتائج.

• لا يصل الانسان الى حديقة النجاح من دون أن يمر بمحطات التعب والفشل واليأس وصاحب الإرادة القوية لا يطيل الوقوف عند هذه المحطات...

• الطموح بذرة تنمو بماء الاجتهاد و سماء التضحية و الاخلاص لتصبح شجرة عظيمة الأغصان عميقة الجذور تعمر مئات الأعوام.

• الطموح أن تنتظر لغد... وأن تأمل لأن تبني اليوم لغد.... كيف لا وقد قال الله تعالى " وقل اعملوا فسيرى الله عملكم ورسوله والمؤمنون."

• شخص واحد يؤمن بقدراته و يصير على تحقيق أهدافه ، أقوى من 99 شخصا لا يملكون سوى الأمانى....

• قد يحوم خيالك حول الفشل والاحباط والضعف ، وقد يصور لك الجمال والطموح والنجاح والمثابرة ، أنت الذي تختار طريق خيالك...

• يستحيل الربح بدون مخاطرة ، و الخبرة بدون مجازفة ، والمكافأة بدون عمل ، كما يستحيل الحياة بدون ولادة....

• اذا ما طمحت الى غايمة.....لبست المنى ونسيت الحذر

• و من لا يحب صعود الجبال.....يعش أبداً الدهر بين الحفر

• لكي تنجح يجب على رغبتك في النجاح أن تتفوق على خوفك من الفشل.

• الصخور تسد الطريق أمام الضعفاء أما الأقوياء فيستندون عليها للوصول إلى القمة .

• الأهداف هي أحلام نحولها إلى خطط و خطوات عملية لتحقيقها .

• دائماً ضع صورتك التي تريد ان تكون عليها في عقلك ومخيلتك، وستتحه تدريجياً نحوها

..... إذا لم تهزم نفسك، ستهزمك نفسك سلم النجاح لا يعاني من الإزدحام في أعلاه .

• صناع الحياة دائماً ما يكون شعارهم حاول و افشل ثم حاول وانجح .

• من ليس له طموح يعيش حياة فارغة لا طعم للسعادة فيها و لا لون للفرح ،،، بليس ثوب

اليأس و التشاؤم فلا معنى للحياة لديه وماهي إلا تمضية أوقات وقضاء أيام مليئة بالحزن

والاكتئاب .

• هذا عمر بن عبد العزيز خامس الخلفاء الراشدين

يقول معبراً عن طموحه " إن لي نفساً تواقّة ،تمنت الإمارة فنالتها

وتمنت الخلافة فنالتها ،وأنا الآن أتوق

إلى الجنة وأرجو أن أنالها "

مهما كانت تحديات الحياة التي تواجهك .. تذكر دائماً أن تنتظر إلى قمة الجبل .. فانت بهذه الارادة .. تتذكر العظمة وتنتظر

إليها . تذكر هذا .. ولا تدع مشكلة ما أو أمر ما .. مهما بدا لك خطيراً أن يثبط من عزيمتك .. ولا تدع شيئاً ما .. مهما كان ..

أن يصرفك عن القمة هذه الفكرة .. فيجب عليك ان تتحلى بالارادة لانها هي الحاسة التي تعمل بها جميع الحواس.

فمن له ارادة له القوة، فمتى توفرت الارادة سهلت الطريقة، فلا تحقّق الاعمال بالتمنيات ، وانما بالارادة نصنع المعجزات

، فلا مستحيل عند اهل العزيمة ولا مستحيل امام القلب النشط.

كرر عبارات التفاؤل والقدرة على الإنجاز.....أنا قادر على المثابرة سأكون أفضل.. أستطيع الآن أن استمر بالنجاح .أنا

افضل مما سبق أظن لانني اكتشفت انني اقوى .

اريد أن أرى فيكم غدا مشرقاً مليء بالتفاؤل والأمل وقوة الإرادة

ارجو ان تعدوني

ودمتم أخوتي والبسمة عنوانكم والأمل طريقكم دوما في هذه الحياة

وسامحوني عن كل خطأ مقصود أو غير مقصود تجاهكم

أخوكم وصديقكم في كل مكان وزمان بمشيئة الله

علي موفق الدقاسمة

0772111116

اكاديمية زاميا 0780745575 البوابة الشمالية لجامعة اليرموك

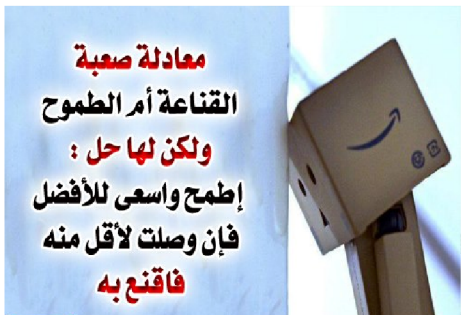
مركز حلا 0779160092-لواء بني كنانة مثلث سما الروسان

مركز دريد:-0779699700 الكفارات حبراص

مركز الطائف 0772121473 الشعلة سحم

مركز عمر بن الخطاب 0785377992 المجمع الشمالي

مركز الاوائل 0772198525 ملكا



معادلة صعبة
القناعة أم الطموح
ولكن لها حل :
إطمح واسعى للأفضل
فإن وصلت لأقل منه
فاقنع به

ACTION PACK- LEVEL 4

نماذج انجليزي مستوى رابع - الدورة الصيفية - ٢٠١٩ - نظاميين

نماذج تدريبية في المستوى الرابع
لجميع الفروع الاكاديمية- مواليد ٢٠٠١
اهداء
لجميع طلبة المملكة
اعداد:- علي موفق الدقاسمة

المنتقى الشامل

في اللغة الإنجليزية
المستوى الرابع

Action Pack 12



الأستاذ

علي موفق دقاسمة

2019

نماذج قياسية تسهل
عليك مراجعة المادة
حسب النمط
الوزاري مع تبرير
الاجابات.

نماذج تدريبية شاملة تحتوي تدريبات على جميع مواضيع المادة حسب ترتيب
ونمط الامتحان الوزاري. بالاضافة لشرح بعض الاجابات

- تدريبات شاملة على اهم النصوص من خارج الملخص
- تدريبات على القطع الادبية
- تدريبات شاملة على مصطلحات ومفردات المادة.
- تدريبات شاملة على مفردات الاشتقاق.
- تدريبات شاملة على جميع القواعد
- تدريبات شاملة على فقرات الاخطاء والكتابة الموجهة والحررة.



تتابعون على صفحة المؤلف المزيد من التمارين
والأسئلة المقترحة والتجريبية

<https://www.facebook.com/teacher.alidaqamseh/>

ACTION PACK-
LEVEL 4

اربد

مركز حلا الثقافي - سما الروسان
مركز زاميا- اربد شارع الجامعة- مركز
عمر بن الخطاب- المجمع الشمالي
مركز دريد- حبراص
مركز الطائف- سحم
مركز الاوائل- ملكا

0772111116

بريد إلكتروني:

adaqamseh@gmail.com



THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
GENERAL SECONDERY CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION- 2019
GENERAL ENGLISH

الدورة الصيفية/ نموذج تدريبي على المستوى الرابع منفردا /الخطة الجديدة -جيل 2001

DATE: - Saturday 22nd of June 2019

TIME: 1 HOUR AND A HALF

(2) للمتقدمين لجميع الفروع الأكاديمية.

ملحوظات :- (1) اجب عن جميع أسئلة هذه الورقة.

(3) عدد الاسئلة: (5)، وعدد الصفحات: (4).

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow it. Your answers should be based on the text.

Speaking a foreign language, it is claimed, improves the functionality of your brain in several different ways. Learning new vocabulary and grammar rules provides the brain with beneficial 'exercise', which improves memory. As well as exercising the brain, it is thought that learning a new language also presents the brain with unique challenges. It is said that students who study foreign languages do better, on the whole, in general tests in maths, reading and vocabulary than students who have only mastered their mother tongue.

According to a study carried out by Pennsylvania State University, USA, multilingual people are able to switch between two systems of speech, writing, and structure quite easily. It has been proved that they are also able to switch easily between completely different tasks. One experiment required participants to operate a driving simulator while doing separate tasks at the same time. The experiment showed that multilingual participants were less distracted by the other tasks and therefore made fewer driving errors.

It is believed that language learning can also improve your decision-making skills. Finally, learning a foreign language can also improve your ability to use your mother tongue more effectively. As you become more aware of the way that a language works, you begin to apply it to the language that you use every day. The skills you obtain from learning a foreign language, therefore, can make you a better speaker and writer in your own language.

Question Number One:- (22 points)

A. 1- Experiments were made in Pennsylvania State University, USA . Write down the main benefits concerning multilingual drivers. (4 points)

2- Learning a new language could affect the brain in many ways. Write down two of them? (2 points)

3- Quote the sentence which indicates that multilingual students are better in other subjects. (3 points)

4- Find a noun phrase which means " **the first and main language that you learnt when you were a child.**" (3 points)

5- What does the underlined word "they" refer to? (2 points)

6. It's said that anyone who stops learning is old, whether at twenty or eight. Anyone who keeps learning stays young. think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view. (3 points)

SEE PAGE TWO.....

PAGE TWO

7- Learning a foreign language is beneficial for getting good jobs. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your own point of view. (2 points)

B. Literature Spot: (3 points)

Read the following extract from *A Green Cornfield* carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

The earth was green, the sky was blue
I saw and heard one sunny morn
A skylark hang between the two,
A singing speck above the corn;

- 1- What does the underlined word "two" refer to? (2 points)
- 2- What is the size of the bird? (1 point)

Question Number Two : (16 points)

A. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (8 points)

degree, achievements , exports , do , secure

- 1- Yearly, Jordan..... many good to other countries in the Middle East and in Europe.
- 2- Applicants must have a universityto get the job of an interpreter.
- 3- Make sure your online passwords are
- 4- The teacher was rewarded for his great.....in the field of global warming.

B- Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows. Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (2 points)

1 – I can't apply for this job, applicants should be good at maths

Write down the body idiom which gives the underlined meaning of the above sentence.

C. Choose the suitable item derived from those between brackets complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (6 points)

- 1- It's important to have an..... of different countries' customs before travelling to those countries. (aware , awareness, awared)
- 2- Students should always be ready to listen to goodto choose the best field of study at university. (advise, advice, advised)
3. If you work hard, I'm sure you will..... (success, successful, succeed)

SEE PAGE THREE.....

Question Number Three (12 points)

A. Correct the verbs in brackets then write your answers down in your BOOKLET.

(4 points)

1- I wish / If only my friends.....to bed early yesterday.

(don't go, didn't go, hadn't gone)

2- When my brother.....from the airport, we will be waiting for him .

(arrive, arrives, arrived)

3- Do you mindme if we are allowed to bring children to the party?

(tell, telling, told)

B. Complete the following sentences so that the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before it, then write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (9 points)

1. There's no sport is as popular as Football in the world.

Football.....

2. We all believe that careless drivers are extremely dangerous on the society.

Careless drivers

3. " Where does the English teacher live?

Could you tell me

Question Number Four (10 points)

A. Read the following situations and rewrite the following sentences using the word in brackets. (4 points)

1- Omar drove fast in the festival. He made a terrible accident. (if, might not)

.....

2- Nahla could not find her way round the city very easily. She didn't have a map.

If only.....

لا تنسى ان هذا السؤال تم الغاء واستبداله باختيار من متعدد، ولكن من باب الاحتياط عليك مراجعته.

B- Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (10 points)

1- We'll go to our favourite restaurant on Friday it's closed.

(if, unless, as long as, even if)

2 -Can you translate this Arabic English for me, please? (about, at, as, into)

3 -Nahla could not find her way round the city very easily. If only she.....a map.

(buy, had bought, buying, have bought)

PAGE FOUR

C- Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows:-

She worked hard; **because of that**, she did very well in her exams

What is the function of using **because of that** in the above sentence?

لا تنسى ان سؤال (function) الغي اكثر من مرة، ولكن من باب الاحتياط او انه يمكن ان ينقل الى الاسئلة الموضوعية.

Question Number Five (15 points)**A. EDITING: (4 points)**

Imagine you are an editor in the Jordan Times, you are asked to edit the following lines that have four mistakes (. **Write the correct answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.**

(3) It is **proving** that **multilingoal** people are able to switch easily between completely different tasks, One experiment required participants to operate a driving **simulater** while carrying out separate tasks at the same time. The experiment showed that multilingual participants were less distracted by the other tasks and therefore made fewer driving errors.

B. GUIDED WRITING: (4 points)

Read the following information bellow, and write two meaningful sentences about how to become successful in your job.

- be accurate with your dates.
- follow the roles of the job.
- present new ideas to add improvements to the job.
- -show flexibility with other employees.

C. Free writing: (7 points)

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 120 words on ONE of the following:

- 1- Schools in Jordan offer curricular and extra-curricular activities among the school subjects. Write an essay discussing the effects of these activities on the students' educational level and on their physical fitness.
 - 2- An established pharmaceutical company is looking for a researcher. The successful applicant will satisfy the following requirements:
 - A good Science degree • Knowledge of the pharmaceutical industry
 - Previous experience of working in this industry • Excellent research skills
- (your name is Nihad)

- THE END -

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Model Answers

Question Number One

A:

1- The experiment showed that multilingual participants were less distracted by the other tasks and therefore made fewer driving errors.

2- Learning new vocabulary and grammar rules provides the brain with beneficial 'exercise', which improves memory.

3- It is said that students who study foreign languages do better, on the whole, in general tests in maths, reading and vocabulary than students who have only mastered their mother tongue.

4- mother tongue

5- multilingual people.

معنى السؤال السادس:- مَنْ يَتَوَقَّفُ عَنِ التَّعَلُّمِ يَهْرَمُ سَوَاءَ كَانَ فِي الْعِشْرِينَ أَمْ فِي الثَّمَانِينَ، وَأَيُّ شَخْصٍ يَسْتَمِرُّ فِي التَّعَلُّمِ يَبْقَى شَابًّا وَإِنْ كَانَ فِي سِنَّ الثَّمَانِينَ.

6- the world is moving forwards, so people need to keep up with progress. if you practise learning, you will learn more effectively.

العالم يتحرك إلى الأمام، لذلك يحتاج الناس لمواكبة التقدم. إذا كنت مواكب للتعليم، سوف تتعلم بفعالية أكثر.

- they can listen to English programmes.

- they can watch English educational videos.

- They can read English magazines and newspapers.

7- لاحظ ان التفكير الناقد ذو علامتان يمكن معرفة مطلبه من خلال كلمة مميزة مثل (beneficial مفيد) لا تعلم لغة اجنبية. أي ان السؤال يقول ان لتعلم لغة اجنبية فائدة في الحصول على وظائف جيدة.

- most jobs need additional language معظم الوظائف تتطلب لغة اضافية

- most companies prefer the person who speaks English معظم الشركات تفضل ناطقي الانجليزية

- you can get well-paid jobs like translator, tourism and travel.

بإمكانك الحصول على وظائف مدفوعة الاجر مثل مترجم، السياحة والسفر.

B- 1- The earth and the sky. بين السماء والأرض

2- speck

- ارجو منك اخي الطالب ان تراجع الملخص فيما يتعلق بأسئلة القصيدة لاني رتبته لك بطريقة سؤال الوزارة.

Question Number Two

A : 1- exports صادرات 2- degree 3- secure آمن 4- achievements انجازات

B: Have a head for figures

اخي الطالب لاحظ ان السؤال اعطاك معنى المصطلح وطلب منك المصطلح نفسه مع العلم انك مطالب اصلا بالعكس. اصف الى ذلك ان عليك مراجعة الجداول الموجودة في الملخص .

C: 1- awareness بعد اداة نكرة اسم 2- advice بعد الصفة اسم 3- succeed مجرد فعل 4- بعد المودالز يأتي فعل مجرد

Question Number Three

A: 1- hadn't gone لان الجملة تحوي دلالة ماضي فحولنا الى ماضي تام

2- arrives لان الشق في جواب الشرط يدل على المضارع في جملة الشرط والفاعل مفرد

3- telling

B: 1- Football is the most popular sport in the world.

1- عرفنا ان الجملة في المقارنة لان الجملة معناها لا يوجد رياضة في العالم بشهرة كرة القدم. فلماذا في صفة تفضيل بحيث يصبح الجواب بان كرة القدم هي الرياضة الاكثر شهرة العالم ولا تنسى ان الصفة قصيرة فاستخدمنا the ad est ، لكن لو كانت الصفة طويلة مثل (beautiful) فنستخدم صيغة (the most adj) دون زيادة على الصفة.

ارجو ان تراجع جميع جمل المقارنة والتفضيل في الملخص.

2- Careless drivers are thought to be extremely dangerous on the society.

3- Could you tell me where the English teacher lives?

صيغة الكلام غير المباشر

Question Number Four

A: 1- If Omar hadn't driven fast in the festival, he might not have made a terrible accident.

عرفنا ترتيب الجملة من خلال ان عمر ساق بسرعة، وقع بحادث.
فلذلك ترتيب (if) في اول الجملة ونحولها الى ماضي تام منفي بمعنى لو ان عمر لم يسق بسرعة، وكلمة (might not) في الشق الثاني ثم (have) ثم الفعل في التصريف الثالث بمعنى (لما كان قد ارتكب حادثا) .

2- **if only** She had had a map.

B- 1- unless 3 – into 4 - had bought

C- showing result or consequences

Question Number Five

A- 1- multilingual 2- simulator 3- It is proved 4- different tasks. One

B- Guided Writing

- **There are many ways to become successful in your job such as being accurate with your dates and following the roles of the job.**

- **In addition, there are other ways to become successful in your job like presenting new ideas to add improvements to the job and showing flexibility with other employees.**

C- Free Writing

- 1- المدارس في الأردن توفر الأنشطة الصفية واللاصفية بين المواد الدراسية. اكتب مقالة تناقش آثار هذه الأنشطة على المستوى التعليمي للطلاب وعلى لياقتهم البدنية.
- 2- شركة دوائية عريقة تتطلع لباحث. مقدم الطلب الناجح عليه ان يلبي المتطلبات التالية:
• شهادة في العلوم • معرفة بالصناعات الدوائية -خبرة سابقة في العمل في هذه الصناعة • مهارات البحث الممتازة.
(اسمك نهاد)

Dear Sir/Madam,

I would like to apply for the position of **researcher** at your pharmaceutical company. As can be seen from the enclosed curriculum vitae that I have a degree in Chemistry. Furthermore, I have worked as a shop assistant at an chemist's, so I know a lot about this industry. I also have a qualification in Journalism and have worked previously for a scientific journal. I have excellent research skills.

I am a competent and adaptable worker and I believe that I can be successful in any position.

I like reading and camping. I also like travelling.

In my spare time, I help elderly people, and I can see the difference that medicines can make to their lives.

I am very keen to join a company that can really help people.

I look forward to hearing from you concerning the next stage of my application.

Yours faithfully,

Tareq Hakim

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THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
GENERAL SECONDERY CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION- 2019
GENERAL ENGLISH

الدورة الصيفية/ نموذج تدريبي على المستوى الرابع منفردا /الخطبة الجديدة -جيل 2001

DATE: - Saturday 22nd of June 2019

TIME: 1 HOUR AND A HALF

(2) للمتقدمين لجميع الفروع الاكاديمية.

ملحوظات :- (1) اجب عن جميع أسئلة هذه الورقة.

(3) عدد الاسئلة: (5)، وعدد الصفحات: (4).

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow it. Your answers should be based on the text.

In England, almost 50% of school leavers go on to higher education. The figure has not always been as high as this. Twenty years ago, it was closer to 30%, and thirty years before that, it was only about 5%. Another huge change has been financial. Before 1998 CE, higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens. Since then, tuition **fees** have been introduced. Most students borrow this money from the government. They don't have to repay it immediately. Instead, they pay it back slowly out of future earnings.

Despite the high cost, most students choose to study away from home. A recent survey of 17,000 students revealed that only 7% wanted to stay at home while they studied for their degree. Of course for most young people, living away from home means borrowing even more money from the government. So why don't students choose to avoid debt by staying at home, where they don't have to pay rent? Most of them say that they want to move to the university of their choice, rather than the nearest **one**. Another strong motive is the desire to live in a new culture.

Where do these students live? Many have rooms in halls of residence, especially in their first year; others rent flats or houses. A lucky minority live in property that their parents have bought for them. Most of them need to learn to cook, do their own washing and manage their time and money.

Question Number One:- (22 points)

A.

1. The text mentions many kinds of housing for students who study outside their home. Write down two of them. (4 points)
2. Quote the sentence which implies that few students are rich and can afford living in own apartments or houses. (2 points)
- 3-There are two causes which make young people to choose to moving away from their own cities or villages in order to study in other universities. Write them down. (2 points)
4. Find a word in the text which means " cost or charges" (3 points)
5. What does the underlined word " **one** " in the second refer to? (2 points)
- 6- According to the text, many students in Britain prefer to study outside their home and this may lead to face many difficulties. Explain this statement and suggest three of these difficulties which the students may face. (3 points)

SEE PAGE TWO.....

على موفى بقلمسة

PAGE TWO

7. Studying abroad has more benefits for young people than studying in local universities. Think of this statement, and two sentences, write your point of view.

(2 points)

B. Literature Spot: (3 points)

Read the following extract from *Around the world in eighty days* carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

"They soon reached a small hut. Enclosed within some high palings, was the animal in question. An Indian came out of the hut, and, at their request, conducted them within the enclosure. The elephant, which was reared, not to be an animal that merely carried things around, but for warlike purposes, was half-domesticated. and the elephant still preserved its natural gentleness. Kiouni – this was the name of the elephant – could doubtless travel rapidly for a long time, and, in default of any other means of conveyance, Mr. Fogg resolved to hire him. "

1- Which words tell us that the elephant was kept safely away from direct contact with humans? (2 points)

2- Why did the Indian man decide to rear an elephant? (1 point)

Question Number Two : (16 points)

A. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (8 points)

regional, compulsory , exports , make , negotiate

1- English is a..... subject for all the streams of Tawjihi.

2- In the UK, there is a central government, but there are also councils around the country.

3- Businessmen should.....well to get the best offers.

4- If you send money to charity, you will.....difference to a lot of lives

B- Replace the underlined misused collocation with correct one .then write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (3 points)

-You look tired. Why don't you make a start?

C. Choose the suitable item derived from those between brackets complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (4 points)

1- In summer, too much sweating might cause severe.....

(dehydrate, dehydrated, dehydration)

2- I opened my old albums and remembered themoments I had at university with my friends. (memory, memorise, memorable)

3- If you are successful, it is a and rewarding job. (security, secure, secures)

SEE PAGE THREE.....

PAGE THREE

Question Number Three (13 points)

A. Correct the verbs in brackets then write your answers down in your BOOKLET. (4 points)

1- Do you mind.....me the new forms of the application.

(send, sent, sending)

2- As long as the studentthe grammar, he will do well in the exam.

(understand, understands, understood)

B. Complete the following sentences so that the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before it, then write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET: (8 points)

1. Students like doing Maths more than doing Biology.

Students don't

2. We all believe that my brother has a special fluency in English.

My brother

It.....

3- I am sorry I didn't bring the necessary files to the meeting.

I wish

Question Number Four (10 points)

A. Choose the correct suitable item from those given to fill the following sentences. (10 points)

1- Omar hadn't wasted much time before the exams, he bad grades.

(might not have got, won't get, would get)

2- I think studying Physics is as Mathematics.

(important than, the most important, important as)

4- My sister is really good drawing and painting.

(on, about, at, as)

Question Number Five (15 points)**A. EDITING: (4 points)**

Imagine you are an editor in the Jordan Times, you are asked to edit the following lines that have four mistakes. Write the correct answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

A student: Do you knowing¹ whether it's best to get up, or to revise late at night? Prof.² The earlier you start in the morning, the more beneficial your revision will be, because that's when you feel most awake and your memori³ is at its best. I'd also recommend studying for 30-minute periods, and then taking a break. It's been proved that consentration⁴ starts to decrease after half an hour, so frequent breaks will help the brain to recover and concentration to return.

B- GUIDED WRITING:(4 points)

Read the information in the table below, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET, write two sentences about the benefits of learning sign language system

- tell stories
- give formal talks.
- communicate with other people
- get understand deaf people

C. Free writing: (7 points)

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 120 words on ONE of the following:

- 1- Schools in Jordan offer curricular and extra-curricular activities among the school subjects. Write an essay discussing the effects of these activities on the students' educational level and on their physical fitness.
- 2- A reputable company is looking for an accountant with an MA degree. Fluency in English and excellent computer skills are preferable. Write a formal letter to the company's manager concerning the job.

- THE END -

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Model Answers

Question Number One

A:

- 1- halls of residence, flats or houses, property
- 2- A lucky minority live in property that their parents have bought for them.
- 3- Most of them say that they want to move to the university of their choice, rather than the nearest one. Another strong motive is the desire to live in a new culture.
- 4- fees 5- a university
- 6- they may face new culture
They may find difficulty to make friends.
They may find difficulty to cook or manage their money.
- 7- making friend.
- learn new culture
- learn new language
- learn new skills
- B- 1- enclosed, palings
2- He wanted it for fighting (for warlike purposes)

Question Number Two

A : 1- compulsory 2- regional 3- negotiate 4- make

B: 1- take a break

C: 1- dehydration 2- memorable 3- secure

Question Number Three

A: 1- sending 2- understands

B: 1- Students don't like doing Biology as much as doing Maths. مهم

الطلبة لا يحبون القيام بالإحياء بنفس مقدار القيام بالرياضيات.

2- My brother is believed to **have** a special fluency in English. تم إعادة الفعل الى المجرد

It is believed that my brother has a special fluency in English

3- I wish I **had brought** the necessary files to the meeting.

من المحتمل ان تنقل هذه الجملة الى سؤال التحويل العادي، بحيث يحول السؤال الرابع الى اسئلة موضوعية.

Question Number Four

A:

- 1- might not have got
- 2- important as
- 3- at

B- linking ideas

Question Number Five

A: 1- Know 2- Prof : the 3- memory 4- concentration

B- GUIDED WRITING:(4 points)

In addition, there are other **benefits of learning sign language system** like communicating with other people and getting understand deaf people



**THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
GENERAL SECONDERY CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION- 2019
GENERAL ENGLISH**

الدورة الصيفية/ نموذج تدريبي على المستوى الرابع منفردا /الخطة الجديدة -جيل 2001

DATE: - Saturday 22nd of June 2019

TIME: 1 HOUR AND A HALF

(2) للمتقدمين لجميع الفروع الأكاديمية. (3)

ملحوظات :- (1) اجب عن جميع أسئلة هذه الورقة.

عدد الاسئلة: (5)، وعدد الصفحات: (4).

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow it. Your answers should be based on the text.

Our country has a high standard of education. This is mainly due to the fact that the government considers education a necessity. All schools, from kindergarten to secondary, are the responsibility of the Ministry of Education (MOE). Pre-school and kindergarten education is optional, followed by ten years of free, compulsory education. For higher education, students enter university, either for academic or vocational courses.

Students can attend of ten public universities, or one of nineteen private universities. A large number of Jordanian students choose to study at these institutions, as well as foreign students from all over the world. These are undergraduates studying for a first degree, or postgraduates studying for a Master's degree, a PhD or a higher diploma.

The three universities with the most undergraduates are the University of Jordan in Amman, Yarmouk University in Irbid and Al Balqa Applied University in Salt. These are all public universities. An example of a newer university is the German-Jordanian University in Amman, which was set up in 2005 CE. It is a collaboration between the MOHE and Germany's Federal Ministry of Education and Research, and it follows Germany's model of education in Applied Sciences.

For students who wish to complete their university studies while working at the same time. It is also possible in some Jordanian universities to enrol onto online distance learning programmes. In the future, this option will become available in many other universities.

Question Number One:- (22 points)

1. In addition to Bachelor degree, students can attend three postgraduate degrees. Write down these three degrees. (4 points)
2. Quote the sentence which indicates that Jordanian employees can study in universities remotely by using electronic communication. (3 points)
3. Find a word in the text which means (**to join a university or a school**) (3 points)
4. The German-Jordanian University is collaboration between two sectors. Mention these two sectors. (2points)
5. What does the underlined word " **who**" refer to? (2 points)
- 6- Many Jordanian employees can study in universities remotely by using electronic communication which is called online distance learning programmes and they find this kind of studying more beneficial for them. Explain this statement and suggest three benefits of studying online. (3points)

SEE PAGE TWO

على موفق بنقاسمة

PAGE TWO

7- "Live as if you were to die tomorrow. learn as if you were to live forever." Think of this quotation, and in two sentences, write down your point of view. (2 points)

B- Literature Spot:- (3 points)

Read the following extract from *A Green Cornfield* carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

The cornfield stretched a **tender** green
To right and left beside my walks;
I knew he had a **nest** unseen
Somewhere among the million **stalks**.

- 1- Find a word which means **fresh and young**?
- 2- What does the word "**stalks**" mean?
- 3- What does a bird do in a nest ?
- 4- find a word which means "hidden, invisible".

Question Number Two(16 points)

A. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

memory, contact details , do , take , negotiate

- 1- While applying for a job, you should enclose a CV with the
- 2- In meetings, you have to..... to get the best offer.
- 3- If you want to lose weight, you should..... exercise every day.
- 4- Adnan never forgets anything! He has got an amazing.....
- 5- You look extremely tired, you need toa break.

B- Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows. Write the answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

1 – Players have to be courageous; they shouldn't lose confidence at the last moments

Write down the body idiom which gives the underlined meaning of the above sentence.

2 – Replace the underlined misused word with the correct one.

You shouldn't treat people in this way, you'll make offence.

C. Choose the suitable item derived from those between brackets complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (6 points)

- 1- Don't talk to the drivers. They must.....
(**concentration, concentrate, concentrated**)
- 2- In your opinion, it isto start revising at dawn (advice, advisable, advise)
- 3- Is one side of the brain more..... than the other? (dominance, dominant, dominantly)
- 4- Nuts contain useful..... such as oils and fats. (nutritious, nutrition, nutrients)
- 5- Congratulations on a verybusiness deal. (succeed, successful, success)
- 6- My father often talks about what he did in his(young, youth, youngly)

SEE PAGE THREE

PAGE THREE

Question Number Three

A. Correct the verb in brackets, then write your answer down in your BOOKLET.

(4 points)

1- I wish my friends.....more courageous in the game.

(are, were, was)

2- Unless shethe door firmly, she won't be safe. (close, closed, closes)

3- The students would have been lucky if the teacher.....them.

(encourage, encouraged, had encouraged)

B. Complete the following sentences so that the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before it, use the words in brackets, then write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET:

1. There's less information on the website than there is in the book.

There isn't as much.....

2. Smokers know that smoking cigarettes has many dangerous effects.

It.....

smoking cigarettes

3. I feel ill, I ate so many sweets yesterday.

If only.....

4. Why does the sky sometimes look red?

Do you mind explaining

5- You shouldn't worry so much about English exam at the end of the semester.

If I.....

Question Number Four (7 points)

A. Read the following situations and complete the sentences with the word in brackets.

Write the answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (4 points)

1- I didn't do more revision before the exam. (if only)

.....

2- I didn't conduct the survey on a scientific basis. That's why it was rejected. (if, could not)

.....

B- Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (10 points)

1 -The teacher asked us our favourite books. (about, at, as, into)

2 -My sister doesn't eat as as I do. She always puts less on her plate than I do.

(many, more, much , little)

3 - Mr Haddad does not understand the Chinese businessman. If only he.....Chinese

(speak , spoke , had spoke, spoken)

SEE PAGE FOUR

Question Number Five**A. EDITING:**

Imagine you are an editor in the Jordan Times, you are asked to edit the following lines that have four mistakes. Write the correct answers down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

It used to be say¹ that consentration² starts to decrease after half an hour, so frequent breaks will help the prain³ to recover.⁴ also drinking lots of water is essential not to become dehydrated.

B. GUIDED WRITING:

Study the information in the table about compulsory education and complete the sentences below it. Use the Quantifiers to make comparisons such as, the most, the least, more than, less than

Turkey	6–18 years
Portugal	6–18 years
Jordan	6–15 years
Japan	6–15 years

C. Free writing

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 120 words on ONE of the following:

1. Face to face learning will be valuable in some Jordan's universities. Write an argumentative essay about the advantages and disadvantages of E-learning.
2. How do you think your education will influence your life after school? What will you study? What career would you like to have one day? Write an essay describing your future career.
3. You are going to join a university. Write a formal letter to a university of your choice. You are applying for a course at university and you need to persuade the university that you are the best candidate.

THE END

Model Answers

Question Number One

A:

1. Maths, Accounting, Finance and Economics, Marketing and Sales, Management, Advertising, IT.
(ذكر أي موضوعين "مادتين")
2. savings and pensions
3. He says that business studies is a four-year course which contain two periods of work experience, but they are not in the same year.
4. different people
5. finding suitable employees
6. (suggested answer)
 - it gives you skills
 - it gives you good experience
 - you can meet new businessperson.

7. - عِشْ كَأَنَّكَ تَمُوتُ غَدًا، وتعلَّمْ كَأَنَّكَ تَعِيشُ أَبَدًا. فكر بهذه الجملة وفي جملتين أعط وجهة نظرك.

7- You should do as much as you can before you die. In other words, take advantage of all the opportunities that life gives you. If you have any skills, use them. We have to do our best to build our future, so we can build our world.

- يجب ان تعمل قدر استطاعتك قبل ان تموت. بكلمات اخرى، استغل كل فائدة لكل الفرص التي تعطيك اياها الحياة. إذا كان لديك اية مهارات، استخدمها. يجب ان نبذل جهدنا لبنى المستقبل، لذلك نستطيع بناء عالما.

B- Answers:-

- 1- **tender**. 2- It's the long, upright part of the plant that supports the leaves: إنه الجزء الطويل المرتفع للأعلى والذي يحمل الأوراق.
- 3- It lays eggs: يضع بيضا 4- unseen

Question Number Two

A : 1- contact details 2- negotiate 3- do 4- memory 5- take

B: 1- get cold feet. 2- cause

C: 1- concentrate 2- advisable 3- dominant 4- nutrients 5- successful 6- youth

Question Number Three

A: 1- were 2- closes 3- had encouraged

B: 1- There isn't as much information on the website as in the book.

2- It is known that smoking cigarettes has many dangerous effects.

Smoking cigarettes is known to have many dangerous effects.

3- If only I hadn't eaten so many sweets yesterday.

4- Do you mind explaining why the sky sometimes looks red.

5- If I **were you**, I **wouldn't** worry so much about English exam at the end of the semester.

Question Number Four

A.

1- If only I had done more revision before the exam.

2- If I had conducted the survey on a scientific basis, it could not have been rejected.

B-

1 – about 2 - much 3 - spoke

Question Number Five

A-

1- said 2- concentration 3- brain 4- ,also

B

1. Turkey and Portugal have **the most** compulsory education.2- Jordan and Japan have **the least** compulsory schooling.

Or

1- Turkey has more compulsory education than Jordan.

2- Japan has less compulsory education than Portugal.

1- تركيا والبرتغال فيها الاكثر تعليم اجباري. 2. الاردن واليابان فيها الاقل تعليم اجباري.
او 3- تركيا فيها تعليم اجباري اكثر من الاردن. 4- اليابان فيها تعليم اجباري اقل من البرتغال

C- open answer

اليك اخي الطالب بعض التمارين في ثنايا الكتاب التي اخشى انك لم تلحظها والتي موجودة في مراجعة المنهاج والوحدات ، ادرسها جيدا بعد الانتهاء من الدروس الاساسية.

5 -Choose the correct option, a, b, c or d. 5

- 1- If Huda _____ ill yesterday, she wouldn't have missed the exam.
a wasn't b hadn't been c hasn't been d hadn't
- 2-I haven't got as much homework _____ my brother.
a so b than c as d like
- 3-I couldn't climb Mount Everest _____ someone carried my equipment for me!
a even if b as long as c provided that d when

Answers: 1 b 2 c 3 a

6 -Rewrite the sentences with the words in brackets. 6. أعد كتابة الجمل التالية مستخدما الكلمات بين الأقواس.

- 1 I wish I'd done more revision. (only)
- 2 There's less information on the website than there is in the book. (as much)

Answers: 1 If only I'd done more revision. 2 There isn't as much information on the website as in the book.

7 -Complete the sentences so that they mean the same as the ones above them. 7. أكمل الجمل.

- 1- Where's the post office, please?
Do you mind.....?
- 2- They say that fish is good for the brain.
Fish.....
- 3- You shouldn't worry so much.
If I.....
- 4- The cheapest thing on the menu is orange juice.
The least.....

Answers: 1 telling me where the post office is 2 is said to be good for the brain

3 were you, I wouldn't worry so much 4 expensive thing on the menu is orange juice

8 -Circle the correct word from each pair of words to complete the sentences. 8. ضع دائرة.

- 1 -If my father had gone to university, he can / could have been a teacher.
- 2 -Jameel might not have become a musician if his parents haven't / hadn't encouraged him.
- 3 -Jaber looked (as only, as if) he hadn't slept very well.
- 4 If you----- to learn a new language, you need to be motivated.
(will want / want / wanted)
- 5 If only I----- lost my ticket! (haven't / didn't / hadn't)

Answers: 1- could 2- hadn't 3- as if 4 want 5 hadn't

4 -Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first.

4. أكمل الجملة الثانية بحيث يكون لها نفس معنى الجملة الأولى.

- 1 People say that the brain is like a computer.
It-----the brain is like a computer.
- 2 Where does the bus go from, please?
Could -----from?
- 3 I am sorry that I didn't read that book.
I wish----- that book.

Answers: 1- is said that 2- you tell me where the bus goes 3- I had read