

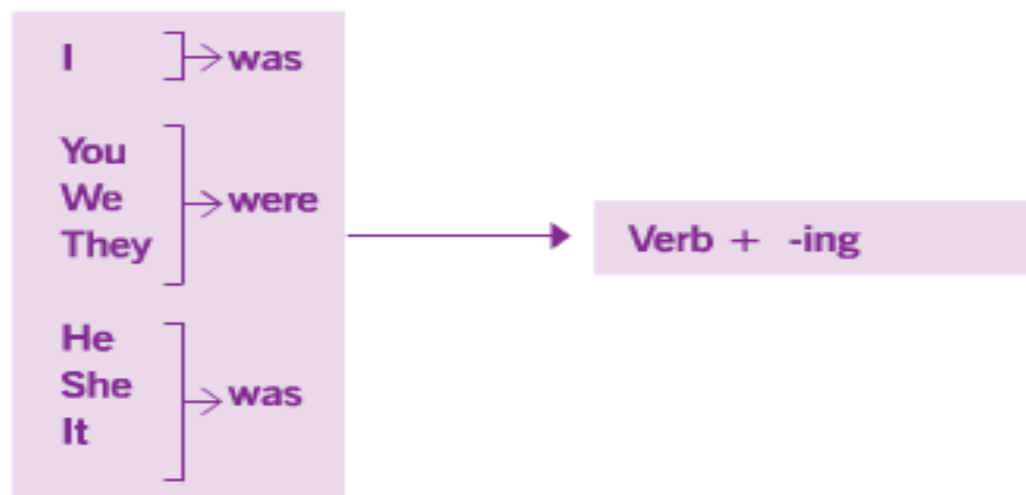
ملخص قواعد كتاب اللغة
الانجليزية للصف السابع كتاب
TO The Max !



The Past Continuous and The Past Simple Tenses

- The Past Continuous Tense is used to talk about something happened and lasted for some time in the past:
 - We **were painting** our kitchen **all day**.
 - Sorry for not answering your call. I **was sleeping**.
- It is also used for a long action which was interrupted by another action in the past. The other action is past simple tense:
 - I **was surfing** the internet when I **came** across this article.
 - While we **were flying** our kites in the park, **it started** to rain.
- The Past Simple Tense may have happened in the middle of the Past Continuous Tense:
 - Kate **was having** a shower when the telephone **rang**.
 - I **hurt** my back while I **was helping** my father in the garden.
 - I **was preparing** myself to go out when a friend **visited** me.

The formation of the tense:



- I **was reading** a letter when you **phoned** me.
- We **were painting** our house last week.
- My sister **was learning** Spanish and I **was learning** French in the same centre.

The Negative Form:

- *I **was not working** this morning.*
- *They **were not making** any noise when the teacher came in.*
- *I **was not doing** any sports this time last year.*

The Interrogative Form:

- ***Was Susana cooking** when you arrived?*
- ***Were they talking** about the project yesterday?*
- ***Was it raining** in your town last week?*

Read these examples and compare:

- 1 They were studying when their professor started a surprise quiz.
 - 2 When Alan arrived, we had dinner.
 - 3 I was walking along the street when I saw Andy. So I stopped and we had a chat.
 - 4 They were sleeping while I was watching a horror film.
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The Present Perfect Tense

It is often used to express:

- a past action whose effect shows on the present:

*Have you ever **been** to Hawaii?*

*I **have just finished** my work. I feel tired.*

- a recent happening:

*My parents **have just gone** out.*

*I've **already done** my research.*

- The formation of the tense

have / has + P.P.



incomplete / untimed

*He **has met** his cousins **recently**.*

*My mum **has already baked** a cake. I can smell it.*

- Read and compare:

*I **have lived** here **since** last year.*

- Read and compare:

*I **have lived** here **since** last year.*

*I **have lived** here **for** a year.*

Since + start of action

For + (start ----- end) The whole duration of the action

*He **has gone** to England. He feels homesick. (**still there**)*

*She **has been** to England. She bought us some*

*souvenirs. (**came back**)*

Remember!

The present perfect **cannot** be used with a **specific** time in the past:

- At five o'clock, I **have eaten** my dinner. **INCORRECT**
- At five o'clock, I **ate** my dinner. **CORRECT**

past:

- At five o'clock, I **have eaten** my dinner. **INCORRECT**
- At five o'clock, I **ate** my dinner. **CORRECT**

The Negative Form:

- 1 I **haven't read** "Harry Potter" yet, have you?
- 2 She **hasn't shown** up lately.

The Interrogative Form:

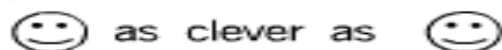
- 1 **Have** you ever **eaten** crab before?
- 2 **Has** Mary **arrived** yet?

Expressions used with the Present Perfect Tense are:
up to now, recently, since, for, just, yet, never, already,
ever and so far.

Adjectives

Adjectives describe nouns:

I. Positive Adjectives:



- 1 Amanda is **pretty**.
- 2 I have a **modern** camera.
- 3 Sandy is as **clever** as her sister.

II. Comparative Adjectives:



These adjectives are used to compare two people, animals or things:

- 4 Linda is **taller than** her friend.
- 5 A plane is **faster than** a train.
- 6 I'm **more careful than** my brother.

III. Superlative Adjectives:



These adjectives are used to compare one person, animal or thing to several other things of the same kind:

- 7 Everest is **the highest** mountain in the world.
- 8 The 6.40 train is **the earliest** train.
- 9 This is **the most** difficult question.

Irregular Adjectives

- 10 She is **better than** Sue.
- 11 Tom is **worse than** Jack. He is the **worst** boy I've ever seen.
- 12 My brother has **many** friends.
- 13 We don't have **much** time to finish. We need to hurry.

Below is chart of irregular adjectives:

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
good	better	best
bad	worse	worst
much	more	most
many	more	most
little	less	least