

# Revision



## NEW MIND



Reading



Grammar



Writing

**ABEER ATHREH**

190  
200

**0780082833**

الاسئلة المتوقعة والامتحانات المرفقة

الصفحة الاولى في الامتحان مراجعة اهم قطع المستوى الثالث وكيفية التعامل مع الاسئلة  
الصفحة الثانية في الامتحان مراجعة كلمات في فراغ + افعال ظرفية ( الحفظ ) + اشتقاقات  
(الصفحة الثالثة في الامتحان قواعد  
الصفحة الرابعة في الامتحان مراجعة تحرير اخطاء + انشاء مقيد وحر

الدلائل	القاعدة
الكلمة المتكررة Sami bought <b>a new car</b> for his brother yesterday A new car _____	مبني للمجهول passive
Said / told قال / اخبر / قال I was waiting Abeer <b>said</b> _____	الكلام المنقول Reported speech
If / I think you should / unless / as long as / provided that / even if / when <b>if</b> I had bought a car , I might have travelled	الجمل الشرطية If conditional
Which / where / who / when / whose / I live in jordan _____ my brother was born. <b>( where / when / who )</b>	ضمائر الوصل Relative clause
The person / the place / the time / the thing / it Huda won a prize <b>The person _____ / It _____</b>	الجمل الجزئية Cleft sentences
عندما تأتي جملة ضع دائرة وكانت الخيارات نفس الكلمة لكن مختلفة بالنهايات An _____ programe which seek to encourage people <b>( organised / organisation / organise )</b>	الاشتقاق derivation
More / less / neither / both / much / many / the least / as __ as	محددات الكمية لعمل مقارنة Quantifiers for making comparsion
Could you tell me / Do you know / Could you explain / I wonder / Do you mind telling me / Do you mind	الاسئلة الغير مباشرة Indirect questions
أفعال الادراك Say Think Believe Claim Report Know Consider Find Hope Suppose Assume prove expect	المبني للمجهول الغير شخصي Impersonal passive
Wish / if only	Wish / regret التمني والتندم

<u>words</u>	<u>English meaning</u>	<u>Arabic meaning</u>
calculation	using numbers	حساب
computer chip	small piece inside a computer	رقائق الكمبيوتر
Floppy disk	a flexible, removable magnetic disk	القرص المرن
PC	personal computer, used by one person at a time	كمبيوتر شخصي
program	A set of instructions enabling a computer to function	برنامج كمبيوتر
Programme	listened to on radio or watched on television	برنامج
blog	regularly updated personal website	مدونة
social media	Social interaction between people	وسائل التواصل
whiteboard	a touch screen computer program	لوح ابيض
access	to find information	وصول
identity fraud	Illegal actions	تزوير الهوية
privacy settings	let you decide who can see what information	إعدادات الخصوصية
Security settings	protect your computer from viruses	إعدادات الأمان
user	a person who uses a product	مستخدم
rely on	to have trust	يعتمد على
post	to put a message on the Internet	نشر
communicate	speak to	يتواصل

( اسئلة الفقرات : عبارة عن سؤاليين تعداد وسؤال اقتبس  
وسؤال ضمير وسؤال جد الكلمة وسؤاليين تفكير ناقد )



## Using technology in class

### Read the questions and answer it correctly:

1. There are many purposes for using the Internet in the classroom by teachers. Write two of these purposes.
2. Write the sentence which indicates that it is necessary for the teacher to be a part of the group of learning
3. There are two benefits of exchanging emails in education. Write down these two benefits.
4. Students can communicate with other schools by many ways. Mention two
5. Quote the sentence which shows the various benefits of using tablets.
6. According to the text, how would students like learning more?
7. what is the purpose of using the whiteboard as a computer screen?
8. According to the text, tablets can be used to do many tasks in the class. Write down five of these tasks.
9. According to the text, teachers can ask students to write blogs. Write two examples about the topics students might write about mentioned in the text.
10. According to the text, how could students possibly contribute to a website?
11. Quote the sentence which shows that some students tend to send short messages.
12. According to the text , students can use social media on their computers for many purposes. Write them down .
13. According to the text, what is the role of the teacher inside the classroom?
14. Quote the sentence which indicates that tablets are suitable for student-centered activities.
15. How can the young people communicate through social media?
16. What does the underlined pronoun refer to ?
17. The writer states that digital information can be used to educate people . Explain this statement , suggesting three ways in which people can benefit from this kind of technology.

<b>share :</b> give	<b>create:</b> construct	<b>research:</b> find	<b>monitor:</b> watch	<b>give a talk to:</b> speak to	<b>show:</b> display
<b>compare:</b> consider	<b>contribute to:</b> post in	<b>present:</b> introduce	<b>find out:</b> discover	<b>talk to:</b> discuss with	<b>send:</b> post

1) Students can ask other students to check and compare their ideas.

2) Students use the social media to share their ideas.

**Explain the difference in meaning between the underlined phrases in the above sentences.**

**Answers :** 1) consider their ideas 2) give their ideas

1) Students can create a website for the classroom.

2) Students can contribute their work to the website.

**Explain the difference in meaning between the underlined phrases in the above sentences.**

**Answers :** 1) construct website 2) post in their work

**Answers:**

1. show educational programmes, play educational games, music, recordings of languages
2. The teacher must be part of the group, too, to monitor what is happening.
3. share information and help each other with tasks
4. email exchange / through talking to people over the computer
5. Therefore, students can use the tablets to do tasks such as showing photographs, researching information, recording interviews and creating diagrams.
6. if they are presented with information in an interesting and challenging way.
7. show websites on the board in front of the class .
8. showing photographs, researching information, recording interviews and creating diagrams.
9. their own lives or as if they were someone famous.
10. post work, photos and messages.
11. Some students like to send messages that are under 140 letters for anyone to read.
12. asking other students to check and compare their work, asking questions and sharing ideas.
13. monitor what is happening
14. Tablets are ideal for pair and group work.
15. send each other photos and messages via the Internet.
16. مطلوب
17. اجابة مفتوحة ( I think watching movies / listening to songs / downloading games )



# Internet of Things

## Read the questions and answer it correctly:

- 1- What does the “Internet of Things” mean? Give an example from the text.
- 2- How will the “Internet of Things” help you keep fit, according to the text?
- 3- According to the text, why are some people excited about the future? Why are others worried?
- 4- What does the internet usually connect?
- 5- Based on the text, what do experts think will happen in the near future?
- 6- Write down two examples that show computers might run our lives for us in the near future.
- 7- Quote the sentence which indicates that computers will run our lives?
- 8- According to the text, your future fridge can do two things. Write them down.
- 9- Watches in the future can help people in two ways. Write down these two ways.
- 10- Write down the sentences which indicate that people are satisfied with the "Internet of Things".
- 11- Criminals can commit two crimes by using the "Internet of Things". Write them down.
- 12- Find a word in the text which has the same meaning as “speak to”.
- 13- The writer states that it is recommended to use technology wisely. Explain this statement, suggesting three ways in which we can use it perfectly.
- 14- Our future could be in danger with the Internet of Things. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

## Answers:

1. computers often communicate with each other ..... show your 'sat nav' system tells you where you are.
2. your sofa will tell you when you need to stand up and get some exercise
3. For excited people, They say ..... aren't excited want to keep control of their own lives and their own things.
4. People
5. experts say that billions of machines will be connected to each other and to the Internet.
6. your windows will close if it is likely to rain; your watch will record your heart rate and email your doctor
7. As a consequence, computers will increasingly run our lives for us.
8. your fridge will know when you need more milk and add it to your online shopping list
9. will record your heart rate and email your doctor
10. However, others are not so sure. They want to keep control of their own lives and their own things.
11. criminals managed to access their passwords and security settings
12. Communicate with
13. اجابة مفتوحة ( I think we can use it wisely by finding information and reading useful books. Also, studying the lessons )
14. اجابة مفتوحة ( I think internet of things can be dangerous because it can damage our health by relying on the internet and it can make us far away from each other.

<b>Words</b>	<b>Meanings in English</b>	<b>In Arabic</b>
academic	connected with education,	أكاديمية
compulsory	obligatory; required	اجباري
contradictory	if two ideas completely different	متناقض
Developed nation	a rich/wealthy country	متطور
fluently	speaking a language very well	بطلاقة
drop	to stop studying	يسقط مادة
economics	money and goods are produced and used	اقتصادي
engineering	the study of how roads, bridges, machines, etc.	هندسة
enrol	arrange to join a school, university or course	يتسجل/يسجل
lifelong	existing throughout your life	مدى الحياة
agriculture	farming	الزراعة
pioneering	introducing better methods for the first time	ريادي
proficiency	a good standard of and skill	جودة/ مهارة
psychology	the study of the mind and how it works	علم النفس
qualifications	Official record of achievement	مؤهلات
undertake	to commit yourself to do something	يلتزم/ يتعهد
colloquial	informal conversations	عامي / دارج
Tailor made	made to fit exactly	وافي للشروط
tutorials	teaching given by a tutor to an student	درس خصوصي
Business management	learning about running a company	ادارة اعمال
linguistics	grammar, history and structure of languages	علم اللغويات
Halls of residence	A accommodation provided by a university	غرف للاقامة
motive	Reason for doing something	حافز
minority	Not many ,The opposite of majority	الاقلية
debts	Money you owe	ديون
fees	Costs , charges	اجور / رسوم
financial	Relating to money	امور مالية



# Space schools

## Read the questions and answer it correctly:

1. Private businesses are involved in space schools in two ways. Write them down.
2. Studio schools are distinguished from other schools in many ways. Write down two of them.
3. Write down a sentence which shows the age of students who attend studio schools.
4. Scientists and engineers are brought in as guest lecturers. Write down the purpose for that.
5. Quote the sentence which indicates that various skills and qualifications are required.
6. Space Schools teach their students special subjects related to space. Mention two subjects.
7. leading companies, prominent scientists and engineers play role in space schools. Write them.
8. A spoken person for the school says that the students in Space Schools don't have to become astronauts. How does he justify this?
9. why it is important to students get high grades in subjects ( Math, Science and technology)?
10. Find a word in the text which means " made to fit exactly ".
11. Who supports studio schools?
12. How old are the students who attend the Studio schools?
13. Studio Schools encourage young people to undertake less conventional form of secondary education. Suggest three methods to help making education less conventional
14. Many schools receive funding as well as support from private businesses for special educational purposes. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

Answer : 1. funding, as well as support / 2. seek to encourage young people to undertake a less conventional form of secondary education and These schools often specialise in one specific area / 3. One such school has recently opened to educate fourteen- to eighteen-year-olds who have a special interest in working in the space industry. / 4. with students aiming to achieve top grades in their Maths and Science exams. / 5. These schools often specialise in one specific area, whilst understanding that the same broad range of skills and qualifications should be made available to all young people / 6. Astronomy and Astrophysics. / 7. projects supervised by leading companies in both the space and technology industries. Prominent scientists and engineers are brought in as guest lecturers, / 8. Excellent grades in science and technology subjects can open many doors and lead to a variety of career opportunities / 9. open many doors and lead to a variety of career opportunities. / 10. Tailor-made / 11. Private business / 12. fourteen- to eighteen-year-olds / 13. Using tablet , making educational trip and doing activities / 14. Training and attracting outstanding students . Preparing students to a variety of careers





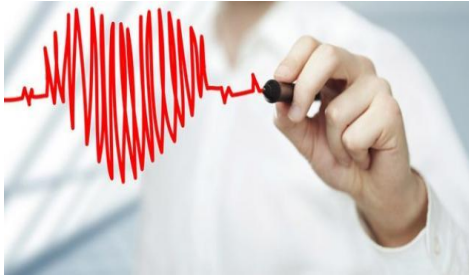
# After school ...

**Read the questions and answer it correctly:**

1. There are many changes related to higher education in the UK have taken place recently. Write down two of them.
2. Most students choose to study away from home. Write down two motives for that.
3. Write down the sentence which indicates that most students choose to study away from home.
4. Most students who choose to study away from home need to learn many skills. Write them.
5. There are many options for accommodation are available for students. Write two of them.
6. Write down the sentence which indicates the way in which students can repay the money they borrowed from the government.
7. Quote the sentence that indicates the number of school leavers who go to university in 1999.
8. Quote the sentence which indicates that most university students choose the costliest option.
9. Where did most of the students get the fees from? How do they pay back them?
10. Mention the percentage of the students who wanted to stay at home while they study for their degree.
11. The writer states that it is expected that students who choose to study away from home will face many difficulties, suggest three tips to make studying abroad less challenging.
12. Studying abroad has many advantages and disadvantages. Think to this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

Answer: 1. The figures of school leavers and financial / 2. they want to move to the university of their choice, rather than the nearest one. Another strong motive is the desire to live in a new culture./ 3. Despite the high cost, most students choose to study away from home./ 4. learn to cook, do their own washing and manage their time and money./ 5. halls of residence, especially in their first year; others rent flats or houses. A lucky minority live in property that their parents have bought for them./ 6. Instead, they pay it back slowly out of future earnings./ 7. Twenty years ago, it was closer to 30%, and thirty years before that, it was only about 5%./ 8. Despite the high cost, most students choose to study away from home./ 9. Most students borrow this money from the government. They don't have to repay it immediately. Instead, they pay it back slowly out of future earnings./ 10. only 7% . / 11. Communicate with people - make a friends - calling their family everyday / 12 . Knowing the tradition - obtain a new culture and language - meeting a new people , homesickness and lonely

<b>words</b>	<b>Meaning in english</b>	<b>Meaning in arabic</b>
acupuncture	A system of complementary medicine	الوخز بالإبر
allergy	sensitive to something	حساسية
arthritis	A disease causing painful to the joints	التهاب المفاصل
herbal remedy	plant used prevent	العلاج بالإعشاب
homoeopathy	complementary medicine treated by herbs	معالجة بالمواد الطبيعية
ailment	illness	مرض
Immunization	protected against an illness	التلقيح
migraine	headache	صداع الشقيقة
malaria	a dangerous disease by mosquitoes	ملاريا
Sanitation	The systems which supply water	الصرف الصحي
dental	Relating to teeth	طب الأسنان
Infant mortality	Death amongst babies	وفيات الأطفال
Work force	The people who are able to work	القوى العاملة
strenuous	needing a lot of effort	قوة
conventional	used for a long time	تقليدي
alien	stranger	غريب
Sceptical	Having doubts	متشكك



## Are happier people healthier – and, if so, why?

### Read the questions and answer it correctly:

1. There are many negative consequences of anger and stress on someone's health. Write down two consequences of them.
2. There are many factors that have positive effects on someone's health. Write down two of them.
3. Some health professionals believe that bad lifestyle choices are the reason for several diseases. Write down two bad lifestyle choices.
4. Some scientists believe that bad lifestyle choices have some bad effects on health. Write down two of these effects
5. Some researchers believe that some qualities can improve children overall health in the future. Write down two of them.
6. Quote the sentence which shows that it is customary for people nowadays to get sad.
7. which indicates that scientists didn't do any research to find any relation between feelings and health in the past.
8. There are two factors which make children more healthier 30 years later . Write them down
9. How many people were involved in the study and what were their ages?
10. It is believed that more optimistic people make better and healthier lifestyle choices. Think of this statement, in two sentences, write down your point of view.
11. Parents play a vital part in improving and developing their children's overall health . Think of this statement and ,in two sentences ,write down your point of view .

Answer : 1. your blood pressure is raised and you can suffer from headaches, sleep problems and digestive problems / 2. supportive network of family and friends, and an optimistic outlook on life. / 3. smoking or lack of exercise / 4. heart disease and other illnesses / 5. positive thinking, and to 'bounce back' after a setback / 6. It's normal to feel a bit blue from time to time. / 7. Until recently, scientists had not investigated whether there is a link between positive feelings and good health / 8. children who were more able to stay focused on a task, and who had a more positive attitude to life at age seven / 9. more than 6,000 men and women aged 25 to 74 / 10. bad lifestyle choices, such as smoking or lack of exercise, are the reason for heart disease and other illnesses, and not an individual's attitude./ 11. They must monitor what their children's attitude and teach them positive thinking.



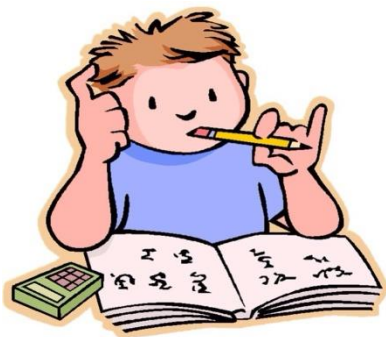
## Health in Jordan: A report

### Read the questions and answer it correctly:

1. Quote the sentence which indicates that most of Jordanian villages were supplied with electricity and water.
2. Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. Write down two reasons for that.
3. Write down a sentence which indicates that Jordan has started open heart surgery since a long time.
4. The number of healthcare services has been increasing rapidly in Jordan. Give two examples
5. There are many factors that contributes to Jordan's healthy population growth. Write down two of them.
6. Jordan's healthy population growth will generate many benefits to the society. Write down two benefits of them.
7. The life expectancy figures show that Jordan's healthcare system is successful. Is he justified in this. Explain.
8. Quote the sentence which indicates that Jordanian doctors have been well-known in the region .
9. Health care as well as many factors play a major role in developing any country. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your view point suggesting three of these factors.

Answer: 1. Although there were remote areas of the country where people had been without consistent access to electricity and safe water, almost 99 per cent of the country's population now has access. / 2. country's commitment to making healthcare for all a top priority. Advances in education, economic conditions, sanitation, clean water, diet and housing / 3. In Jordan, the open heart surgery programme started in 1970 CE in Amman. / 4. More than 800 different kinds of healthcare centers have been built, as well as 188 dental clinics./ 5. The low infant mortality rate, as well as the excellent healthcare system. / 6. result in a strong work force with economic benefits for the whole country. / 7. Yes , because the life expectancy and the infant mortality / 8. The reputation of Jordanian doctors has spread in the region, and now many more patients come to Jordan for open heart surgery. / 9. Education , economic and tourism

<b>Words</b>	<b>Meaning in English</b>	<b>In Arabic</b>
Career advisor	make choices about their training work	مرشد مهني
circulation	the movement of blood around the body	الدورة الدموية
concentration	attention	تركيز
dehydration	the state of having drunk too little water	جفاف
diet	the kind of food	نظام غذائي
diploma	completed a course of study	شهادة الدبلوم
Master degree	two years of study	شهادة الماجستير
memory	ability to remember things	الذاكرة
Multilingual	more than two languages	متعدد اللغات
Multitask	to do several things	متعدد الوظائف
nutrition	good health and growth	التغذية
PhD	Doctorate	شهادة الدكتوراه
Post graduate	first degree	خريج
Public university	funded by public government	جامعة حكومية
Private university	not operated by a government	جامعه خاصة
undergraduate	has not yet completed their first degree	طالب جامعي
vocational	describe a particular job	مهني / حرفي
simulator	simulates	محاكي / مشابه
Stand out	be much better	يقاوم
Tailor made	custom -made	تفصيل
Tutorial	intensive teaching	درس خصوصي



# How to revise for exam

Read the following questions and answer it correctly:

1. There are many tips students could follow as a successful revision habit for exams mentioned in the text. Write down three tips.
2. According to the text, what should students do if they feel that they are too late to start revision for their exams?
3. The writer states that it is a good idea to change the order of subjects in the timetable. Is he justified? Explain your answer.
4. What is the importance of taking break from studying?
5. Write down the sentence which indicates that the best time for students to start revising is the early morning.
6. There are some activities which can be done as a break from studying mentioned in the text. What are they?
7. How does exercise make students revise more efficiently?
8. Write down the sentence which indicates that drinking water prevents dehydration.
9. Find a word in the text which means "right kind of food for good health and growth"
10. The writer states that when students feel awake their memory will be at its best. Suggest three other tips to help students improve their memory power.
11. Some students find it difficult to fall asleep the night before the exam. Think of this statements and , in two sentences ,write down your point of view.

Answer : 1. Draw up revision timetable, get up early , taking break , physical activity and diet. / 2. draw up a revision timetable. / 3. Yes , it keeps your mind fresh / 4. will help the brain to recover and concentration to return. / 5. The earlier you start in the morning, the more beneficial your revision will be, because that's when you feel most awake and your memory is at its best. / 6. It could be something as simple as just getting up from your desk and listening to some music, or walking around for ten minutes. / 7. The physical activity will increase your heart rate and, in turn, that will increase your blood circulation. It also sends more oxygen to the brain/ 8. . It's essential not to become dehydrated, so drink lots of water./ 9. Nutrition / 10. Using colored pens to highlight certain parts of a text. -Drawing diagrams to help you to remember a process. -writing difficult words or facts on pieces of paper and sticking them on the walls./ 11. relax and go bed early so that you can do well in the exam



# Learning a foreign language

## Read the questions and answer it correctly:

1. It is claimed speaking a foreign language improves the functionality of your brain in several different ways. Write down two ways of them.
2. There are many benefits of learning a foreign language. Write down two benefits of them.
3. Learning foreign language can improve many skills. Write down two skills of them.
4. Learning foreign language presents the brain with several challenges. Write down two challenges of them.
5. How learning a foreign language improves your decision-making skills?
6. How learning a foreign language improves your memory?
7. How learning a foreign language improves ability to multitask?
8. In which way learning a foreign language improves problem-solving skills?
9. In which way learning a foreign language improves the use of native language?

Answer : 1. Learning new vocabulary and grammar rules provides the brain with beneficial 'exercise', which improves memory. / 2. presents the brain with unique challenges and improve your decision-making skills/ 3. improve your chances of success in other problem- solving tasks as well. / 4. These include recognizing different language systems and ways to communicate within these systems / 5. When you speak a foreign language,you are constantly weighing up subtle differences in meaning of a word or the way that an utterance is made. / 6. Learning new vocabulary and grammar rules provides the brain with beneficial 'exercise', / 7. One experiment required participants to operate a driving simulator while carrying out separate tasks at the same time. The experiment showed that multilingual participants were less distracted by the other tasks and therefore made fewer driving errors. / 8. It is said that students who study foreign languages do better, on the whole, in general tests in Maths, reading and vocabulary than students who have only mastered their mother tongue. / 9. As you become more aware of the way that a language works, you begin to apply it to the language that you use every day.



# Education in Jordan

## Read the questions and answer it correctly:

1. Jordan has a high standard of education. Write down the main reason for that.
2. There are many stages of education in Jordan. Write down two of them.
3. Higher education in Jordan has two types of courses which students can join after secondary education. Write them down.
4. Students can attend three postgraduate degrees. Write down two of them.
5. Quote a sentence which shows how many public, private universities there are in Jordan.
6. There are two main differences between the German-Jordanian University in Amman and other universities in Jordan. Write them down.
7. What is the main benefit of online distance learning programmes?
8. According to the text, what is the role of the Ministry of Education?
9. Two classifications of university students are mentioned in the text. What are they?
10. Quote the sentence that indicates not only Jordanian students attend the Jordanian universities.
11. Find a word in the text which means 'someone who has not yet completed their first degree'.
12. The writer states that foreign students from all over the world come to study in the Jordanian universities. Suggest three reasons which make them choose Jordan for studying.
13. Some students prefer distance learning via the Internet to face-to-face learning. Suggest three benefits distance learning.
14. Students who complete their studies while working might face a lot of difficulties. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

Answer : 1. This is mainly due to the fact that the government considers education a necessity. / 2. Pre-school and kindergarten education is optional, followed by ten years of free, compulsory education. / 3. academic or vocational courses. / 4. a Master's degree, a PhD or a higher diploma. / 5. Students can attend one of ten public universities, or one of nineteen private universities. / 6. It is a collaboration between the MOHE and Germany's Federal Ministry of Education and Research, and it follows Germany's model of education in Applied Sciences. / 7. For students **who** wish to complete their university studies while working at the same time / 8. All schools, from kindergarten to secondary, are the responsibility of the Ministry of Education / 9. Jordanian and foreign students / 10. A large number of Jordanian students choose to study at these institutions, as well as foreign students from all over the world / 11. Undergraduates / 12. Lower costs, excellent reputation and hospitable people / 13. Save money/ time, repeat lessons and get high grade / 14. Pressure, don't have enough time to study.,



<u>words</u>	<u>Meaning in English</u>	<u>In Arabic</u>
Apparatus	equipment	جهاز
Appendage	A body part	التوصيل / يوصل
Artificial	Made or produced by human beings	اصطناعي
Limb	Armor leg of a person	طرف
Prosthetic	An artificial body part.	بديل
Sponsor	support a person or an event.	الداعم / يدعم
Coma	unconsciousness	غيبوبة
Dementia	A mental illness	الجنون
Drug	substance used for making medicines	الدواء / عقار طبي
Implant	implanted in body	زرع
Medical trial	to evaluate	فحص طبي
Pill	small round piece	حبة الدواء
Scanner	uses radiography	جهاز تصوير الأشعة
Side effect	Effects of medicine	الآثار الجانبية
Stroke	brain being unable to function normally.	السكتة الدماغية
Symptom	indicate a disease	عرض / علامة
pediatrics	Children	اطفال
reputation	Fame	سمعة, شهرة
therapy	physical illness	علاج



## Young Emirati inventor is going to travel the world

**Read the following question and answer it correctly:**

1. Sheikh Hamdan bin Mohammad, Crown Prince of Dubai has taken a special interest in Adeeb and has funded Adeeb's tour for many purposes. Write down two of them.
2. Write down a sentence which indicates that Sheikh Hamdan has taken a special interest in Adeeb due to Adeeb's invention.
3. Adeeb is going to travel to seven countries on a tour which has been organised and funded by Sheikh Hamdan. Write down two countries of them.
4. Adeeb has invented several devices. Write down two of them.
5. Adeeb will be staying with in Germany for many purposes. Write down two of them.
6. Find a word in the text which means "arm or leg of a person".
7. Adeeb has invented a fireproof helmet for a special purpose. Write it down.
8. The writer states that sponsoring inventors is a very noble matter. Explain this statement , suggesting three ways of sponsoring those genius people.

Answer : 1. hopes the tour that he is sponsoring for Adeeb will give the young inventor more self-confidence and inspire other young Emirati inventors. / 2. The boy caught Sheikh Hamdan's attention with his invention – a prosthetic limb for his father. / 3. USA, France, the UK, Ireland, Belgium, Italy and Germany / 4. Tiny cleaning robot , heart monitor and fireproof helmet . / 5. He will be working with a specialist doctor to build the appendage. He will also be attending a course on prosthetics and learning about different kinds of medical apparatus. / 6. Limbs / 7. will help rescue workers in emergencies. / 8. Build for them centers and give them money



مركز الحسين للسرطان  
KING HUSSEIN CANCER CENTER

## The King Hussein Cancer Center

### Read the questions and answer it correctly:

1. Many people from the neighbouring countries visit The King Hussein Cancer Center for many reasons. Write down three of them.
2. The King Hussein Cancer needs to expand for many reasons. Write down two reasons.
3. The King Hussein Cancer will expand in many ways. Write down two of them.
4. There are many plans for increasing cancer care facilities in other parts of Jordan. Give one example.
5. What is one of the disadvantages of the KHCC for patients who live far from Amman?
6. What do you think is particularly special about ten-floor outpatients' building?
7. Write down a sentence which shows that new wards for children will be opened in the future.
8. Why is it important to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan?
9. The writer states that Jordan has a great reputation in the area of medicine. Explain this statement , mentioning three reasons why health conditions in Jordan are advanced .

Answer : 1. attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities / 2. As the population of the country increases, more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment, In order to cope with the increase in demand for treatment / 3. they will have added 182 extra beds, along with bigger units for different departments, including radiotherapy. New adult and paediatric wards will have opened. Additionally, they will have built a special ten-floor outpatients' building, with an education centre which will include teaching rooms and a library/ 4. In the near future, King Abdullah University Hospital in Irbid hopes to set up radiotherapy machines / 5. the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult. / 6. an education centre which will include teaching rooms and a library/ 7. New adult and paediatric wards will have opened / 8. so that cancer patients from northern Jordan will not have to go to Amman for radiotherapy treatment. / 9. Health conditions in Jordan are the best in the middle east . this is largely due to country's commitment to making healthcare for all a top priority. Advances in education, economic conditions, sanitation, clean water, diet and housing



# Accident victims

**Read the following questions and answer it correctly:**

1. Find a word that is the opposite of 'natural' in the first and third paragraphs.
2. Who invented the new prosthetic hand?
3. What do you think is particularly special about the new prosthetic hand?
4. Quote a sentence which indicates that the new prosthetic hand will replace the old one in the near future.
5. With the new prosthetic hand Dennis Sorensen was able to do many things. Write down two of them.
6. Why can't Sorensen wear his new hand now ?
7. The new inventions can improve someone's life . Think of this statement and , in two sentences, write down your point of view.

Answer : 1. Artificial / 2. Swiss and Italian scientists / 3. Sense of touch / 4. It is possible that, in the not-too-distant future, similar artificial arms and legs will have taken the place of today's prosthetic limbs. / 5. With it, Sorensen could not only pick up and manipulate objects, but he could also feel them./ 6. Sorensen was only taking part in trials, and the equipment is not ready for general use yet. He was only allowed to wear it for a month, for safety reasons. / 7. It gives self-confidence and makes the person do anything he want.

<b>Words</b>	<b>Meanings in English</b>	<b>In Arabic</b>
Be able to answer detailed questions	understand complicated questions	القدرة على اجابة الاسئلة بتفاصيلها
Do a deal	to arrange an agreement in business	عقد صفقة او اتفاق
Give a business card	to give someone a card	اعطاء بطاقة اعمال
Make a small talk	to have an informal chat	عمل محادثة (كلمة) غير رسمية
negotiate	discuss something to reach an agreement,	يفاوض
Shake hands	to move someone's hand up	يصافح باليد
Tell a joke	make people laugh	يمزح
agreement	arrangement or promise to do something,	اتفاق
dominate	to be the most important feature of something	يسيطر على
export	goods sold	يصدر
extraction	removing	استخراج
Products	country's total output	منتجات منزلية دسمة
import	goods bought	يستورد
reserve	something kept back	احتياط
fertilizer	make crops grow	سماد
minerals	found naturally in the earth	معادن
extensively	to cover	ممتد
machinery	machines	ألية
replicate	to produce a copy of something	عمل نسخة مطابقة
Sales pitch	persuade someone to buy something	الترويج للسلع
corporate	relating to a corporation	تضامن وشراكة
domestic	one particular country	داخلي
Track record	organisation's past achievements	السجل الشخصي



## Doing business in China

### Read the questions and answer it correctly:

1. Quote a sentence which shows the time of Mr Ghanem's first visit to China.
2. The article states that Chinese respect two values. Write down two of them.
3. Mr Ghanem did many things before his second visit to China. Write down two things of them.
4. Mr Ghanem didn't tell any joke in his second meeting in china for two reasons. Write them.
5. There are many pieces of advice to be successful business meetings. Write down two them.
6. The writer mentioned some reasons that make Mr. Ghanem's first business with China unsuccessful. Write down three reasons.
7. According to the text, Mr. Ghanem regrets that he didn't research Chinese culture before visiting China. Is he justified? Explain your answer.
8. What helped Mr. Ghanem to learn how to be a successful business man in China?
9. Mr. Ghanem followed certain steps during his last meeting in China. Mention three steps.
10. The shortest way to a successful business is to be a successful businessman. Suggest three characteristics of a successful businessman.
11. Cultural differences between countries can create a number of barriers in business development. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

Answer: 1. My first trip there was in 2004 CE, and it was not very successful.' / 2. Age and experience more than youth / 3. 'he joined a larger company and they sent him on a cultural awareness course. / 4. as this may not be translated correctly or could cause offence / 5. 'Before I visit a company, I send recommendations from previous clients. I also send my business card with my job position and qualifications translated into Chinese.' / 6. he worked for a small computer company in Amman. They sent him to China when he was still quite young. / 7. Yes , because In order to be successful in China, you need to earn their respect so he had to learn their culture / 8. cultural awareness course / 9. arrived on time , met the company director, I shook hands with him gently , making small talk about my interesting experiences in China , made sure that my voice and body language were calm and controlled and never told a joke.



# How to make sales pitch

## Read the questions and answer it correctly:

1. There are many ways to make a successful sales pitch. Write down two ways of them.
2. The article states that many things have to be known about your product. Write down two of them.
3. The article states that many things have to be known about your costumers. Write down two of them.
4. There are many tips to make a successful presentation. Write down two of them.
5. Quote the sentence which indicates that using what you sell is the best way to believe in what you sell.
6. The writer says "It is always a good idea to have a list of your main point" Is he justified? Explain your answer.
7. The writer mentioned some tips for effective presentation. What are they?
8. The writer says " when you are speaking, don't keep your head down'. Suggest three body language tips for effective presentation.
9. Pitching an idea and selling it effectively can be challenging and discouraging. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

Answer : 1. Do your research , prepare and practice and be professional / 2. know when it was developed, and where it is produced / 3. know who the target market is – for example, the age group or income of the people who might buy it / 4. Plan your presentation carefully , have a list of your main points and practice it / 5. Most of all, you need to believe in what you're selling, and the best way to do that is to use it / 6. Yes , in case something interrupts you, or you simply freeze with nerves / 7. Keep your presentation short and simple. Start with some friendly comments / 8. Smile , let your eyes contact with your audience and make your voice clear / 9. I think we should prepare carefully when we make sales pitch so that the buyers buy the product.

<b>Words</b>	<b>Meanings in English</b>	<b>In Arabic</b>
Adaptable	adapt	متكيف مع
Ambitious	strong desire	طموح
attributes	quality	ينسب الي
Competent	having enough skill	كفؤ
Conscientious	care and attention	واعي ومدرك
Curriculum Vitae	CV a short	سيرة ذاتية
enclosed	surrounded	محاصر
Enthusiastic	interest and excitement	متحمس
Fond of	liking for someone	مغرم ب
Full time	whole of the working week	كامل الوقت
Headphones	wear over your ears to listen	سماعات رأس
intern	someone who works for a short time	متدرب
interpreter	someone who translates spoken words	مفسر
keen	interest	مهتم /محب
reference	provides information	مرجع
regional	relating to a particular region	إقليمي
Surveyor	to measure	باحث مسحي
Voluntary	done or given by choice	تطوعي
Work experience	someone spends working	خبرات في العمل





## My job as an interpreter

**Read the following questions and answer it correctly:**

1. Working as interpreter involves attending many events. Write down two of them.
2. The article states an interpreter may face many difficulties. Write down two of them.
3. There are many steps for translating in a conference. Write down two steps of them.
4. The article states that an interpreter has to know specialist language. Write down the reason for that.
5. There are many skills needed to get a job as interpreter. Write down two skills of them.
6. Working as interpreter is a very responsible job. Write down the reason for that.
7. English language may be used differently in some countries. Write down three of them.
8. Mention the main cause that made Fatima talk about her job as interpreter?
9. What encouraged Fatima to choose her career as interpreter?
10. Write down the sentence which indicates that the interpreter will feel rewarded if the listeners understand the translated information.
11. Find a word in the text which means " related to a particular region or area".
12. The writer states that while being able to connect people together through language is rewarding, there is some challenges interpreter may face while on job. Suggest three strategies to help interpreter and make him able to overcome the problem of interpretation.

Answer: 1. important conferences and seminars / 2. Travel and bad translation / 3. When a person speaks in English at a conference, I listen to what they say through headphones. I then translate into Arabic while the speaker is talking. I give the translation through headphones to other people at the meeting. / 4. Some of the words that are used to talk about business, science or law / 5. good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. You will also need to show that you can think quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time / 6. she is aware that if she translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries / 7. the UK, the USA or Australia/ 8. Many students have emailed her about her work because they want to know what it would be like to do her job./ 9. At school I was very good at English./ 10. However, you get a huge feeling of satisfaction when you know that people understand everything that you translate./ 11. Regional / 12. Practice , being aware from the wrong translation and speaking with foreign people.

سؤال الادب يأتي سؤالين وكل سؤال من المحتمل 6 علامات

## **B : Literature spot** **الادب**

1. Is a speck something big or small (line 4)?
2. If something is in accord, is it in agreement or disagreement (line 5)?
3. Does tender suggest something fresh and young, or old and strong (line 9)?
4. What does a bird do in a nest (line 11)?
5. Which part of a plant is the stalk (line 12)?
6. Does swift mean slow or fast (line 14)?
7. How does the poet describe her feels as she walks through a cornfield?
8. What does she see As she walks along?
9. It doesn't sing as it flies
10. How do the butterflies move?
11. The poet knows that the skylark's nest
12. She ..... that its companion is also listening somewhere in the cornfield.
13. The poet uses many examples of alliteration. Find one example. What effect is the poet trying to achieve with this technique?
14. Find two references to another listener, apart from the poet herself, in lines 10 to 16 of the poem. Who or what is this listener?
15. How do we know that the poet leaves the cornfield before the skylark has stopped singing?
16. List the colours that have been used in the poem. What do you think they symbolise?
17. What kind of house is a bungalow (line 6)?
18. How does the word hamlet (line 9) suggest that there aren't many houses or people in the area where the train has stopped?
19. What form of transport is a steamer (line 24)?
20. What kind of facial expression is a wry grimace (line 30)
21. Why did Passepartout's face show wry grimace?
22. Which words tell us that the elephant was kept safely away from direct contact with humans?
23. Why can't the train continue its journey from Kholby to Allahabad?
24. Why is Sir Francis annoyed during his conversation with the conductor?
25. What expression is used to mean sir Francis is getting annoyed?
26. How does Mr Fogg deal with the situation when he discovers that his train journey cannot continue?

27. How does his attitude differ from that of Sir Francis?
28. Why did the Indian man decide to rear an elephant?
29. How do we know that the elephant is not aggressive?
30. How many people travel on the elephant?
31. Where does the railway begin again?
32. How did the Indian man rear an elephant?
33. Why are elephants expensive in India?
34. What was the name of the elephant?
35. Why did Mr Fogg decide to hire the elephant?
36. Why did the Indian refuse to sell the elephant at a thousand pounds?
37. How much did Mr Fogg purchase the elephant?
38. Find an example of literary device.
39. What does the word "two" suggest?
40. Find a line which refers that the skylark doesn't sing as it flies lower?

Answer : 1. small / 2. in agreement / 3. fresh and young / 4. It lays eggs. / 5. It's the long, upright part / 6. fast / 7. content / 8. flying in the sky / 9. lower / 10. move quickly / 11. hidden in / 12. imagines / 13. listening long, listened longer, Alliteration adds to the rhythm of the poem and also links dissimilar words together / 14. His mate / 15. Perhaps his mate sat listening long, And listened longer than I did / 16. Green, blue, white. I think that green symbolises the freshness of nature; , blue bright nature, White elegance of the butterfly. 17. a house with one floor / 18. A hamlet is a very small village / 19. It's a ship powered by steam. / 20. pain or unhappiness. / 21. because he didn't want to walk far, as he didn't think his shoes / 22. enclosed, palings / 23. because the railway line hasn't actually been completed. / 24. because he feels cheated by being sold a ticket to somewhere the train doesn't go. / 25. 'Growing warm' / 26. they find another means of transport. / 27. he is very calm and confident / 28. for fighting. / 29. preserved its natural gentleness / 30. four / 31. Allahabad / 32. To be half – domesticated / 33. as they are becoming scarce. / 34. Kiouni / 35. could doubtless travel rapidly for a long time, and, in default of any other means of conveyance / 36. perhaps thinking he was going to make a great bargain / 37. At two thousand pounds / 38. **Alliteration** – *Parsee perched*; **Personification** – *the animal marching* / 39. the earth, the sky / 40. And silent sank and soared to sing

سؤال املأ الفراغ يأتي بعد الادب ومن المحتمل ان يكون عليه 20 علامة فما فوق

**A : Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET .**

**sustainability   apparatus   physician   got   mortality   prosthetic**

1. After our Science lesson in the laboratory, we always help the teacher to put the..... away.
2. The nature reserve uses recycled water, which helps the..... of the environment.
3. Athletes with ..... legs can take part in the Paralympics.
4. Professor Badari, aged 67, is the hospital's leading ..... specialising in cancer care.
5. Adeeb ..... the idea for a special kind of prosthetic leg while he was with his family.

**ANSWERS: 1. apparatus .2. sustainability 3. Prosthetic 4. physician 5. got**

**decade   ailments   artificial   equipment   fund   complementary**

1. Before the boys go climbing, they'll go to a special shop to buy all the ..... that they need.
2. Older people tend to suffer from more ..... than younger people.
3. My parents have saved enough money to ..... our university courses.
4. From 1990 CE to 2000 CE was.....

**ANSWERS: 1. equipment 2. ailments 3. fund 4. decade**

**PC   calculations   tablet   astronomers   symptoms   disabilities**

1. If you don't feel well, you should describe your ..... to the doctor.
2. A telescope enables ..... s to observe the stars.
3. It is often impossible for people with ..... to climb stairs.
4. In our Maths exam, we have to write down our ..... as well as the answers.

**ANSWERS: 1. symptoms 2. astronomers 3. disabilities 4. calculations**

**ailments   dementia   acupuncture   irrigated   fountain pen**

1. My grandparents gave me a ..... for my birthday, and I am learning calligraphy now.
2. Some ..... can be treated effectively with homoeopathic remedies.
3. When there is not enough rainfall to grow crops, the ground must be .....
4. Elderly people often suffer from..... , which is difficult to treat.

**ANSWERS: 1. fountain pen .2. ailments 3. irrigated 4.dementia**

**antibodies   artificially-created   blog   calculations   desalination**

1. .... plants are becoming a popular method of providing water for people
2. Many megaprojects consist of ..... cities.
3. I came across a ..... post the other day. It was discussing traditional crafts
4. Homoeopathy cannot produce ..... needed to protect against childhood diseases.
5. One of the earliest computers took as long as 25 minutes to do simple .....

**ANSWERS: 1. desalination .2. artificially-created 3. blog 4. antibodies 5. calculation**

**dementia    biological waste    arithmetic    spend    conventional    catch**

1. Ramzi is very good with numbers and calculations. He always scores high in.....
2. Doctors often treat infections with antibiotics; that is the..... approach.
3. Hospitals need to dispose of a lot of ....., and it should be carefully
4. Students usually ..... a lot of time preparing for their final exams.
5. Problems with memory and personality changes are good example of .....

**ANSWERS 1. arithmetic .2. conventional 3. biological waste 4. spend 5. dementia**

**solar power    philosopher    symptoms    obese    optimistic**

1. One reason that greatly influences health is an .....out look on life.
2. The word ..... means extremely fat in a way that is dangerous on health.
3. Doctors look at the .....illness before they decide how to treat the patient.
4. A.....is someone who thinks and writes about the meaning of life.
5. In hot countries , .....is an important source of energy.

**ANSWERS 1. optimistic.2. obese 3. symptoms 4. philosopher 5. solar power**

**tailor-made    minerals    compulsory    contradictory    offence**

1. the extraction industry in Jordan for potash ..... is one of the largest in the world.
2. I never told a joke, as this may not be translated correctly or could cause.....
3. You can either join a small group of other students of a similar level, or request a.... course.
4. The different sides of argument mean .....

**ANSWER : minerals offence tailor-made contradictory**

**get cold feet    optional    diet**

1. You don't have to stay after school for the chess club – it's.....
2. I'm too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think that I'll .....at the last minute.
3. I used to eat too much junk food, but now I have a much healthier. ....

**ANSWER : optional get cold feet diet**

**Interpret    optional    make    earlier**

1. Be very careful when you answer the questions, and try not to .....a mistake
2. My uncle is fluent in several languages. He is often able to .....for us during conversations with foreigners.
3. In Jordan, children start school a year..... than English children.

**ANSWER : make interpret earlier**

**mother tongue    optional    minerals    joke**

1. One of the early developers of sign language was Charles-Michel de l'Épée, whose ..... was French.
2. I never told a ....., as this may not be translated correctly or could cause offence.

**ANSWER : mother tongue    joke**

**tuition    law    minority    halls of residence    history**

1. I want to study ..... as I am very interested in studying ancient and modern civilizations.
2. In their first year, most students choose to live in .....
3. .... fees have been introduced in England since 1998.
4. A lucky ..... of Jordanian students live in property that their parents have bought for them.

**ANSWER : history    halls of residence    tuition    minority**

**law    play it by ear    linguistic    contradictory    keep your chin up**

1. Studying ..... lets me focus on my love of language in an analytical way.
2. You should study ..... if you are interested in learning about the legal system.
3. .... I am sure everything will be fine in the end.
4. I am not sure if it will be warm enough to have a barbecue .We will have to .....

**ANSWER : linguistic    law    keep your chin up    play it by ear**

**Pharmaceutical    track record    negotiate    sales pitch**

1. When you talk about business and try to do a deal , you .....
2. My friend has worked in sales for a large ..... company for many years.
3. To convince your target customers buy your product, you have to prepare your ..... well.

**ANSWER : negotiate    pharmaceutical    sales pitch**

**Memory    do exercise    diet    circulation    dehydration**

1. It is important to drink a lot of water in order to avoid .....
2. Do not sit still for too long-move around frequently to increase your blood .....
3. Adnan never forgets anything !He has got an amazing.....
4. If you want to lose weight , you should ..... every day.

**ANSWER : dehydration    circulation    Memory    do exercise**

**Vocational    qualification    diploma    nutrition    undergraduate**

1. Many teachers hope to get a higher ..... in education.
2. My brother has just left school. Now he is a university .....
3. If you want to be a translator ,you should have a language .....
4. As ..... is very important ,children should eat fresh fruit and vegetables everyday.

**ANSWER : diploma    undergraduate    qualification    nutrition**

**responsible    satisfaction    keep your chin up    degree**

1. It gave Ahmad a great feeling of.....that he was able eventually to succeed.
2. Rula's dream is to get a .....in computer science from a famous university
3. ...., you have done well in a more difficult situation than this one.

**ANSWER: satisfaction    degree    keep your chin up**

**track record    financial    put your back into    take a break**

1. After working for 5 hours, we got tired and needed to..... .
2. The company is passing through a big ..... problem. They have to dismiss some employees.
3. You could achieve high scores in exam if you .....it.

**ANSWER : take a break:    Financial    . put your back into:**

**Pioneering    get it off your chest    do    make**

1. Sara Fayyad received the Queen Rania Award for Outstanding Teacher in 2009 for her .....project to develop students' skills.
2. Your vote and participation in elections can really..... a difference.
3. If you have had a bad experience, talk about it to a close friend and .....

**ANSWER : pioneering    make (a difference)    get it off your chest**

**global    made small talk    prospects**

1. There are good.....for the economy of Jordan to improve in the coming years.
2. The two Presidents..... before the conference officially started.
3. That newspaper covers.....news. They have reporters everywhere in the world.













**ANSWER : prospects    made small talk    global**

**cause offence    voluntary    have a head for    enroll**

1. Marwan doesn't.....music. He can never become a great musician.
2. I'm so sorry. I didn't mean to..... when I asked you about it.
3. I want to become a lawyer, so I need to .....in Faculty of Law at university.

**ANSWER : have a head for    cause offence    enroll**

سؤال الحفظ يأتي بعد املأ الفراغ ومن المحتمل ان تكون علامته 12 فما فوق

Body idiom <b>دلالات الجسم</b>	Color idiom <b>دلالات الالوان</b>
 <p><b>Get cold feet : to lose your confidence in something</b></p>	 <p><b>Out of the blue : unexpectedly</b></p>
 <p><b>Get it of your chest : to tell someone about something worrying you</b></p>	 <p><b>Green light : permission</b></p>
 <p><b>Have a head for figure : have a natural mental ability for maths</b></p>	 <p><b>red handed : in the act of doing something wrong</b></p>
 <p><b>Keep your chin up : optimistic / cheerful</b></p>	 <p><b>White elephant : useless possession</b></p>
 <p><b>Put my back into it : put a lot of effort into something / tried extremely hard</b></p>	 <p><b>See red : angry</b></p>
 <p><b>Play it by ear : decide how to deal with a situation</b></p>	 <p><b>Feel a bit blue : feel sad</b></p>



سؤال دلالات الالوان والجسم يأتي على اربع انماط النمط الاول هو املاً الفراغ الذي تحدثنا عنه سابقاً .  
النمط الثاني : يطلب معنى دلالة اللون

**B: Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows .Write the answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET**

1. We have got the **green light** to go ahead with our project.  
What does the underlined colour idiom mean ?.....
2. I'm too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think that'll **get cold feet** at the last minute.  
What does the underlined body idiom mean ?.....
3. When you **see red**, your blood pressure is raised  
What is the meaning of the color idiom .....

**ANSWER : permission / lose your confidence / angry**

النمط الثالث : يطلب مصطلح اللون ( بالعكس ) معطيك المعنى وانت تكتب اللون

1. If you get a problem, talk to someone. It helps to **tell someone about something worrying you** .....
2. Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was **caught in the act of doing something wrong** .....
3. I don't think I'd be a very good accountant. I don't really **have a natural mental ability** .....
4. Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is a **useless possession** .....

**ANSWER : get it off your chest / red handed / have a head for figure / white elephant**

النمط الرابع : ركز ( استبدال ) replace بمعنى ان دلالة اللون في الجملة خطأ

1. I was shocked when I heard the news . It came completely **red handed**  
Replace the underlined colour idiom with the correct one ?.....
2. **play it by ear!** I'm sure everything will be fine in the end.  
Replace the underlined body idiom with the correct one ?.....
3. Don't go to the sport center. The center is **see red**  
Replace the underlined colour idiom with the correct one ?.....
4. I'm not sure if it'll be warm enough to have a barbecue. We'll have to **keep your chin up**  
Replace the underlined body idiom with the correct one ?.....
5. Its normal to **white elephant** from time.  
Replace the underlined color idiom with the correct one ?.....

**ANSWER : out of the blue / keep your chin up / white elephant / play it by ear / feel a bit blue**

يأتي هذا السؤال على 3 انماط (املأ الفراغ واستبدال وضع دائرة )

## المتلازمات Collocations

Get	an idea	تخطر له فكرة
Catch	someone's attention	لفت انتباه
Spend	time	يمضي الوقت
Attend	a course	بحضر دورة
Take	an interest in	يهتم بـ
make	a mistake	يرتكب خطأ
make	small talk	يصنع محادثة قصيرة
cause	offence	يسبب ارباك
earn	respect	يكسب احترام
join	a company	ينضم لشركة
shake	hands	يصافح
ask	questions	يسأل اسئلة
draw up	a timetable	يرسم جدول
do	exercise	يقوم بالتمارين
make	a start	يبدأ
take	a break	يأخذ قسطا من الراحة
do	a subject	يدرس
make	a difference	يصنع فرقا

**B: Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows .Write the answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET**

- I would like to **spend** a course to improve my English language .  
Replace the underlined misused verb with the correct to form the appropriate collocation.
- If you want to lose weight, you should **take a break** every day.  
Replace the underlined collocation with the correct one.
- you haven't done anything yet! You really must **write a schedule**  
Replace the underlined words with the correct collocation.....
- If you send money to charity, you will **do** a difference to a lot of lives.  
Replace the underlined misused verb with the correct one .....
- Brilliant students always ..... their teacher's attention with their remarkable answers.

( attend , spend , catch , get )

Answer : attend do excersise make start make , catch )

focus on	direct your attention	يركّز على
bounce back	to start to be successful again	يستردّ نشاطه
setback	a problem that delays progress	إنتكس
cope with	to deal with a situation	يتعامل مع
rely on	to have trust in something	يعتمد على
pay for	fund / sponsor	يموّل
proof	against	ضد
speak to	communicate	مع يتواصل
know about	to have information	يعرف عن
connect with	to build a relationship with someone.	يتصل مع
turn on	operate	يشغل
give out	to allow to be known	يعرّف
fill in	to give necessary information.	يعطي معلومات
Artificial	Prosthetic	صناعي
apparatus	equipment	جهاز
sponsor	fund	يموّل
appendage	limb	طرف

**B: Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows .Write the answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET**

- It is likely that all aspects of everyday life will **to have trust in something** a computer program.  
What does the underlined phrasal verb mean ?.....
- He will attend a course and learning about different kinds of medical **equipment**.  
Replace the underlined word with its synonym.....
- Adeep invented a fire**proof** helmet to rescue workers in emergencies.  
What does the underlined suffix mean?.....
- In order to **deal successfully with** the increase in demand for treatment, the KHCC has begun an expansion programme.  
Replace the underlined **phrase** with the correct **phrasal verb**.....
- Some celebrities and politicians mean to **allow to be known** their personal information.  
**What does the multi part verb (give out) mean in the following sentence?**  
.....

**Answer : Rely on / apparatus / against / Cope with / give out**

سؤال الاشتقاق ( 12 علامة فما فوق )

C. Complete the following sentences with the suitable word derived from the words in brackets and write the answers down in YOUR ANSWER BOOKLET.

1. All users have extensive controls over their own profiles and ..... settings.

(Privacy, privately, privatize)

2. ....medicine can be used to immunize people.

(Convention, Conventional, Conventionally)

3. Both works, though showing little ..... of thought, achieved wide popularity.

(origin, original, originality)

4. Petra is one of the most important .....sites in the world.

(archaeology, archaeological, archaeologically)

5. They are going to .....a new air conditioning unit in our flat.

(install, installation, installed)

6. If the project is not ....., there is no reason for us to consider it.

(viably, viable, viability)

7. In our Maths exam, we have to write our .....as well as the answers.

(calculation, calculate, calculated)

8. She has been fitted with an ----- leg.

(artifice, artificially, artificial)

9. He was sent to prison for a crime that he didn't -----.

(commit, committed, commitment)

10. Let me give you a ----- of how the camera works.

(demonstration, demonstrate, demonstrated)

11....., Bedouin tribes over Jordan produce rugs, bags and other beautiful items.

(Traditional, Traditionally, Tradition)

12. Another craft practised in Madaba is the .....of ceramic items.

(creation, creative, creatively)

13. One thing that won't change is our ..... to our customers.

(commitment, commit, committed)

14. Did you .....the piano last night?

(practical, practically, practise)

15. Do you think the computer is the most important.....ever?

(invent, invention, inventor)

16. Some doctors are ..... about artificial intelligence.  
(scepticism, sceptically, sceptical)
17. Many candy advertisements are presented in an ..... way on the TV.  
(attract, attractive, attractively)
18. Some types of foods are ..... made from animal products.  
(artificial, artifice, artificially)
19. The final report includes some ..... points about the environment.  
(criticise, critical, critically)
20. Both hospitals need to dispose of a lot of ..... waste.  
(medical, medicine, medically)
21. Our bodies can fight ..... and diseases on their own  
(infections, infectious, infect)
22. Art, music and literature are all part of our ..... life.  
(culture, cultural, culturally)
23. Solar power is one of the most important ..... sources of energy.  
(renewable, renewably, renew)
24. My father bought our house with an ..... from his grandfather.  
(inheritance, inherit, inherited)
25. The soil is thus very ....., although water is scarce and sometimes bad.  
(productive, production, produce)
26. The two parties met last week to ..... the main issues.  
(negotiable, negotiate, negotiation)
27. I always trust my teachers because they are really .....  
(experienced, experience, experien)
28. Ali thinks that he has all the necessary ..... s to be an interpreter.  
(qualified, qualify, qualification)
29. Nasser's new job made him ..... independent, and enabled him to pay his debts.  
(financially, finance, financial)

**Answer :** Privacy / Conventional / origin / archaeological / install / viable / calculation / artificial / commit / demonstration / Traditionally / creation / commitment / practise / invention / sceptical / attractive / artificially / critical / medical / infections / cultural / renewable / inheritance / productive / negotiate / experienced / qualification / financial

سؤال ضع دائرة

A. Choose the suitable items from those given to complete each of the following sentences

1. Where did they..... to school?  
(used to going , used to go , use to go , use going)
2. When we were younger , we ..... live in a village.  
(were used to , use to , used to , be used to )
3. By the end of this year , we ..... her for ten years.  
(will live , will be living , will have lived , will have live )
4. In three years' time, my brother ..... graduated from university.  
( has , will have , is going to , will)
5. Soon we.....packing for our holiday.  
( 're going to , 'll be , 're going , will have)
6. Please slow down. I ..... walking so fast!  
(didn't use to , wasn't used to , amn't used to)
7. Are you used ..... in Jordan yet?  
(to live , to living , live)
8. The opposite of the word 'natural' is ..... (artificial , apparatus , limb)
9. The synonym of the world 'artificial' is ..... (apparatus , prosthetic , limb)
10. The teacher has ..... a special interest in his genius  
(taken , got , caught)
11. The ..... when Al-Jazari invented the mechanical clock was the twelfth century.  
(time , country , person)
12. The year in ..... Petra was made a World Heritage Site was 1985 CE.  
(when , which , where)
13. A mathematician is someone ..... works with numbers. (who , whose , which)
14. Qasr Bashir is a Roman castle ..... is situated in the Jordanian desert.  
(where , which , who)
15. Everywhere we go we will hear the constant **buzz** and **hum** of technology' is .....  
(personification , simile , onomatopoeia)
16. The type of retherotical device used in 'Treatment will taste **as** delicious as real food' is ....  
(metaphor , simile , onomatopoeia)
17. In three years' time, my sister will .....from her company.  
(have retire, be retiring, has retired)
18. You can borrow this book tomorrow. I will.....it by then.  
(have finished, have finish, has finished)
19. London, .....is the capital of the UK, is a huge city.  
(which, who, where, when)
20. If Fatima .....computer games all day, she won't have time to study.  
(plays, play, played)

21. I have met the lady-----helped me a few weeks ago.  
(who , which, where , whose)
22. By 2019 CE, my brother .....from university.  
(will have graduated, will be graduate, will graduated )
23. How did they ..... to school when they were six years old?  
(used to go, use to go, used to going, use to going)
24. In two years' time, Sara .....for her new company.  
(will be work, will be working, will have work)
25. Nadia has .....the oud really hard.  
(been practising , been practise, been practised)
26. Nader .....a football match when it started to rain.  
(was watching, watch, has watched)
27. Look at those boys. They are .....the street soon.  
(going to crossing, going to cross, going cross)
28. Are your friends .....swimming in the pool every morning?  
(used to, using to , use to)
29. It was at 8 o'clock .....my brother stopped working.  
(when, which, where)
30. By the time you get back, I will .....all the questions.  
(be answer, have answered, answered)
31. Will you .....all your homework by 8 p.m. tonight?  
(doing / be doing / have done)
32. "Physician" is an old word .....means "doctor".  
(who, which, whose, where)
33. It's three o'clock now, so Miriam's flight .....at Queen Alia International Airport.  
(will have arrived, will be arrive, will have arrive)
34. Next Monday, Saleem will .....in his new job.  
(be work, be working, been working)
35. When I was a child , my grandmother .....cakes for us.  
(used to make, was used to make, used to making)
36. Look! The boys .....play football in the street.  
(are going, going to, are going to)
37. If Fatima .....early, she won't have time to study.  
(don't start, doesn't start, didn't start)

**Answer : use to go /used to /will have lived /will have /'ll be /amn't used to /to living / artificial /prosthetic / taken / time / when / who / which / onomatopoeia /simile /be retiring / have finished /which /plays /who /will have graduated / use to go / will be working /been practising / was watching / going to cross / used to /when / have answered /have done / which /will have arrived /be working /used to make /are going to /doesn't start**

سؤال إعادة صياغة

**B: Rewrite the following sentences so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it. Write the answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET.**

1. Was your father angry yesterday?  
**Can you tell me** .....
2. They assume that dolphins are highly intelligent..  
**It** .....
3. Have you ever been to Paris?  
**I am wondering** .....
4. Are there any lions in the local ZOO?  
**Could you tell me** .....
5. Can you skate?  
**Can you tell me** .....
6. Where do we have to buy a ticket when we go by bus?  
**We wonder** .....
7. Was Leonardo da Vinci born on April, 15, 1452?  
**I wonder**.....
8. Was he born in central Italy?  
**Can you tell me**.....
9. Was he the son of a cook?  
**Do you know**.....
10. Experts thought that learners absorb the grammar very easily.  
**It**.....
11. **The heat** made the journey unpleasant.  
**It was** .....
12. I would like to buy a new car next year.  
**The thing** .....
13. The Nabateans built Petra thousands of years ago.  
**The people** .....
14. It isn't normal for my brother to answer French questions.  
**My brother is** .....
15. **My friend's final book** made him famous all over the world.  
**It was** .....
16. They believe that the story is true.  
**The story**.....
17. They claim that this man has a lot of money.  
**This man**.....
18. People think that the Earth was flat.  
**The earth** .....



19. Geography is more interesting than History  
**History** .....
20. Experts have proved that exercise increases concentration.  
**It**.....  
**Exercise**.....
21. People assumed that solving puzzles kept that brain active.  
**Solving puzzles**.....
22. Scientists think that learning a new language will present the brain with unique challenges.  
**Learning a new language**.....
23. An e-reader is less expensive than a laptop.  
A laptop .....
24. Golf isn't as exciting as football.  
**Football** .....
25. Physics isn't as good as Biology.  
**Biology** .....
26. Law is less popular than Medicine and Dentistry in America.  
**Medicine and Dentistry** .....
27. Ibrahim's presentation isn't as tall as yours.  
**Your presentation**.....
28. Mahmoud doesn't work as hard as his brother  
**Mohamoud's brother** .....
29. Law is less popular than Medicine and Dentistry.  
**Medicine and Dentistry aren't** .....
30. I don't eat as much fast food as my brother.  
**My brother** .....
31. How long will your brother have been studying French when he retires?  
**Do you mind telling me** .....?
32. Do you like chocolate cake?  
**Do you know** .....
33. Why do you want to work for our company?  
**Could you explain** .....?
34. Please write your name before you start.  
**Do you mind** .....?
35. I didn't study hard at school, and now I'm sorry about it.  
**If only** .....

36. Fatima shouldn't have left her bag at school.

**Fatima wishes** .....

37. Omar regrets spending most of his savings.

**Omar wishes** .....

38. I don't know how to use a computer and I would like to learn how to use it.

**If only** .....

39. I didn't wake up early and I missed my bus.

**I wish** .....

40. I am not good at maths.

**If only** .....

41. It would be a good idea for you to make a list of questions.

**you** .....

42. You ought to do some more exercise. (don't)

.....

43. You should wear a warm helmet when working in the factory .

**If** .....

44. She can't join them in the school basketball team.

**She wishes** .....

45. It's a pity we don't know where we are.

**Motorists wish** .....

46. I regret I didn't prepare my lessons very well.

**I wish** .....

47. Saba forgot to do her Maths homework.

**If only** ..... **to do it**

48. I regret going to bed late last night.

**I wish I** .....

49. Hammoudeh should have studied hard. He didn't get a good mark. (wishes)

.....

50. I should have spent my revision time wisely. (wish)

.....

51. Oh no, I was late for the meeting. (wish)

.....

52. Omar did his homework, and then he went sleeping.

**Before Omar** .....

53. My friends sold their old cars, and then they bought newer ones. (after)  
**After** .....
54. " Many computers have filters which stop people seeing certain websites."  
**He said that** .....
55. Our teacher told us about the dangers of the internet yesterday. I have to write an essay about it tonight. I think I am going to need some help.  
**Farida said that** .....
56. I'm having lunch with my parents.  
**She said that** .....
57. Omar went with his friends to London last year.  
**The person** .....
58. My daughter graduated from university on Monday.  
**The day** .....
59. I like Geography most of all.  
**The subject** .....
60. Omar intends to buy a smartphone today.  
**Omar is** .....
61. It is normal for me now to get up early to study.  
**I am** .....
62. It was normal for my parents to shop at night  
**My parents** .....
63. It isn't normal for us to fly to France.  
**We** .....
64. I think you should send a text message. (would)  
**If** .....
65. Al-Jazari invented the mechanical clock in the twelfth century.  
**The period** .....
66. Before 2004, The middle East will carry out very little research about sign language.  
**Before 2004, very little research about sign language**.....
67. Jordan signed a free trade agreement with UE IN 1997.  
**A free trade agreement**.....
68. Everyone must learn a foreign language.  
**A foreign language**.....

69. Italians invented the sign language in the sixteenth century.

**Sign language**.....

70. My teacher answered two questions.

**Two questions**.....

71. My brother doesn't watch a horror film.

**A horror film**.....

72. Two sisters didn't use sign language as a form of communication.

**Sign language**.....

73. My mother gave me a list of shopping.

I.....

**Answers :**

1. Can you tell me if your father Was angry yesterday?
2. It is assumed that dolphins are highly intelligent
3. I am wondering if you Have ever been to Paris?
4. Could you tell me if there Are any lions in the local ZOO?
5. Can you tell me if you Can skate?
6. We wonder Where we have to buy a ticket when we go by bus?
7. I wonder if Leonardo Was da Vinci born on April, 15, 1452?
8. Can you tell me if he Was born in cetral Italy?
9. Do you know if he Was the son of a cook?
10. It was thought that learners absorb the grammar very easily.
11. It was The heat which made the journey unpleasant.
12. The thing which I would like to buy next year is a new car
13. The people who built Petra thousands of years ago was The Nabateans
14. My brother is used to answering French questions
15. It was My friend's final book which made him famous all over the world.
16. The story is believed to be true
17. This man is claimed to have a lot of money.
18. The earth is thought to have been flat
19. History is less interesting than Geography
20. It has been proved that exercise increases .... /  
Exercise has been proved to increase ...
21. Solving puzzles was assumed to have kept that brain active.
22. Learning a new language is thought to present the brain with unique challenges
23. A laptop is more expensive than An e-reader
24. Football is more exciting than Golf

25. Biology is better than Physics
26. Medicine and Dentistry are more popular than Law
27. Your presentation is taller than Ibrahim's presentation
28. Mohamoud's brother works harder than Mahmoud
29. Medicine and Dentistry aren't as popular as Law
30. My brother eats more fast food than me
31. Do you mind telling me How long your brother will have been studying French when he retires?
32. Do you know if you like chocolate cake?
33. Could you explain Why you want to work for our company?
34. Do you mind writing your name before you start.
35. If only I had studied hard at school
36. Fatima wishes she hadn't left her bag at school.
37. Omar wishes he hadn't spent most of his savings.
38. If only I knew how to use a computer / I could learn how to use computer.
39. I wish I had woken up early and I missed my bus.
40. If only I were good at maths.
41. You could make a list of questions.
42. Why don't you do some more exercise.
43. If I were you , I would wear a warm helmet when working in the factory .
44. She wishes she could join them in the school basketball team.
45. Motorists wish we knew where we are.
46. I wish I had prepared my lessons very well.
47. If only she hadn't forgot to do it
48. I wish I hadn't gone to bed late last night.
49. Hammoudeh wishes he had studied hard. He didn't get a good mark
50. I wish I had spent my revision time wisely
51. I wish I weren't late for the meeting
52. Before Omar went sleeping , he had done his homework
53. After My friends had sold their old cars, they bought newer ones.
54. He said that Many computers had filters which stop people seeing certain websites."
55. Farida said that thier teacher had told them about the dangers of the internet the day before . she had to write an essay about it that night. she thought she was going to need some help.

56. She said that she was having lunch with her parents.
57. The person who went with his friends to London last year was Omar
58. The day when My daughter graduated from university on was Monday
59. The subject which I like most of all is Geography
60. Omar is going to buy a smartphone today.
61. I am used to getting up early to study
62. My parents used to shop at night
63. We aren't used to flying to France
64. If I were you, I would send a text message
65. The period when Al- Jazari invented the mechanical clock in was the twelfth century.
66. Before 2004, very little research about sign language will be carried
67. A free trade agreement was signed
68. A foreign language must be learnt
69. Sign language was invented
70. Two questions were answered
71. A horror film isn't watched
72. Sign language wasn't used
73. I was given

**A. Choose the suitable items from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOCKLET**

1. If Huda..... ill yesterday, she wouldn't have missed the exam.  
(hadn't been, was, hasn't been , hadn't)
2. I will take the job offer..... it's part-time – I haven't finished my university studies yet.  
(when , provided that, unless, even if)
3. We don't need umbrellas ..... it rains.  
(when, provided that, unless, even if)
4. During Ramadan, we eat ..... the sun sets.  
(when, unless, even if, as long as )
5. We'll go to our favourite restaurant on Friday ..... it's closed.  
( if, provided that, unless, when)
6. We have to go to school..... we're tired.  
(when, provided that, even if , when)
7. Ice cream melts ..... it gets warm.  
( even if, when, as if, as long as)
8. Babies are usually happy ..... they're hungry or cold.  
(when, provided that, unless, even if)
9. We should always be polite ..... we feel tired.  
(when, if , as long as, even if )
- 10.The teacher will be pleased .... I write a good essay.  
( unless, if, even if , as long as).
- 11.....you have a postgraduate qualification, you will probably get a job quite quickly.  
( Even if, Unless, Provided that)
- 12.Can you translate this Arabic \_\_\_\_\_ English for me, please?  
(to, into, for , from )
- 13.The teacher asked us \_\_\_\_\_ our favourite books.  
( about , as , at , into, , on )
- 14.My sister is really good \_\_\_\_\_ drawing and painting.  
( about , as , at , , on )
- 15.Our flat is very small. If only we.....in a big house.  
( lived , had lived , live , didn't live )
- 16.Rami has lost his wallet. He wishes he.....more careful.  
(hadn't been , had been , were , was )

17. We're late. I wish we.....up earlier.  
**(had got , have got , get , got )**
18. The lady .....helped me a month ago was given a reward.  
**(whose, which, who, when)**
19. If Dania .....early, she'll catch the first bus.  
**(left, leaves, leave, leaving)**
20. Sara .....the living room before she did her homework  
**(had cleaned, has cleaned, have cleaned)**
21. By the time my mother arrived, I .....for three hours.  
**(have been studying, had been studying, has been studying)**
22. Don't phone me at seven tonight. I .....dinner with my family.  
**(will be having, will having, will be have)**
23. Watch out! You .....yourself. (   
**(is going to hurt, were hurt, are going to hurt)**
24. Will Laila .....all her homework by eight o'clock tonight?  
**(has done, have done, had done)**
25. The first Personal Computer .....in 1974 CE.  
**(is produced, were produced, was produced)**
26. Rami .....to the news when his friend phoned him.  
**(is listening, was listening, were listening)**
27. What do you think Laila .....in three years' time?  
**(will be do, will doing, will be doing)**
28. By the end of this decade, will your father ..... a European country?  
**(have visited, has visited, had visited)**
29. My brother .....wearing heavy clothes in the winter.  
**(didn't use to, isn't used to, isn't use to)**
30. By the time I was ten, I .....English for four hours.  
**(have been studying, had been studying, has been studying)**
31. The Prime Minister has given .....information about the new project.  
**(in, with, out)**
32. Will Lamia .....all her homework by eight o'clock tonight?  
**(have done, has done, had done)**
33. Our teacher usually .....school every day at 1 p.m.  
**(leave, leaves, leaving)**



34.A: When I saw you yesterday morning, you looked tired.

B: Yes, I hadn't .....for three days.

**(been sleep, been sleeping, be sleeping)**

35.If I .....enough time, I'd visit the National Museum.

**(had, has, have)**

36.Jerash historical site .....by hundreds of tourists every day.

**(is visited, are visited, was visited)**

37.Maram .....her mother when her father left the house.

**(was helping, is helping, were helping)**

Answer : hadn't been / provided that / unless / when / unless / even if / when / unless / even if / if / Provided that / into / about / at / lived / were / got / who / leaves / had cleaned / had been studying / will be having / are going to hurt / have done / was produced / was listening / will be doing / have visited / isn't used to / had been studying / out / have done / leaves / been sleeping / had / is visited / was helping

## تحرير الاخطاء Editing

Imagine you are an editor in the Jordan times. You are asked to edit the following lines that have four mistakes (one grammatical mistake, one punctuation mistake and two spelling mistakes). find out these four mistakes and correct them. write the correct answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

تصور بأنك محرر في صحيفة الجوردان تايمز .ويطلب منك تحرير الاسطر التالية والتي فيها . خطأ ترقيم واحد وخطأين املائية .(استخرج الاخطاء الاربعة وصحهن .اكتب الاجابة الصحيحة في دفتر الاجابة ، يأتي نص من فقرات القطع في الكتاب.

- يجب على الطالب كتابة الكلمة التي تأتي بعد او قبل الخطأ ليتسنى للمصحح معرفة المقصود من الطالب في الخطا تستبدل النقطة بالفاصلة فقط بل اكتب ما قبلها او ما بعدها

**Grammar mistakes** الاخطاء القواعدية : قواعد الكتاب فقط

**Spelling mistakes** الاخطاء الاملائية : الأحرف الكبيرة - بداية اسماء الأشخاص والمؤسسات والمدن والدول

بعد النقطة وشارة الاستفهام ، - بداية كل فقرة - the USA / The Jordan National Gallery الاختصارات  
واسماء المؤسسات - ايام الاسبوع والاشهر - Doctor / Mr/ الالقاب يتم كتابة خطأ لفظي بحرف مشابه له في  
اللفظ مثل ( / e - l / f - ph / g - j / k - ch ) ( / c - k ) ( / b - p / c - s ) / a -- o / au - ou / ai -- ia  
O - au, ou / q - k / s - z / sh - tion, ssion , tia , cia, sia / ch - ture / u - a / u - o / v - f / w -  
o / y - i / z - s

**Punctuation mistakes** : اخطاء ترقيم

الفاصلة في الاختصارات- تأتي الفاصلة بين جملتين - I've / it's / they're / I'll حيث يتم حذف الفاصلة  
When/while/before/after/if ..... S + V تربطهما اداة ربط في بداية الجملة وتنتهي الجملة الثانية بنقطة 2  
Anyway, ..... / تقع الفاصلة بعد الظروف وبعض المصطلحات في بداية الجملة 3 - S + V ..... ,  
Firstly, ...../ For example, ..... /

**Edit the following text. There are three grammar mistakes, one spelling mistake and one punctuation mistake. Find and correct them.**

It is **believe** that when you learn a **forein** language, it helps to use the language as much as you can. You should take every opportunity to engage in the **confersation** with a native speaker. Reading English books    or magazines also helps.

Answer : believed / foreign / conversation / books or

## GUIDED WRITING الكتابة المقيّدة

Read the information in the table below , and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET ,write two sentences using all given notes below about the reasons that make people leave their home countries .Use the appropriate linking words.

### Reasons that make people leave their home countries

- ✚ seek a better life
- ✚ complete education
- ✚ find better jobs
- ✚ learn about different cultures

### The advantages of recycling waste materials

- ✚ Save energy.
- ✚ Protect natural resources.
- ✚ Reduce air and water pollution.
- ✚ Limit waste in landfills

### The King Hussein Cancer Centre

- ✚ Location : Amman
- ✚ Year of foundation : 1997 CE
- ✚ Founded by : Late King Hussein
- ✚ Purpose of foundation : Treating adult and pediatric cancer patients

- ✚ Name: Ali ibn Nafi ' (Ziryab)
- ✚ Date of birth: (born 789 CE, died 857 CE)
- ✚ Professions: musician
- ✚ Achievements: established the first music school in the world, introduced the oud to Europe

### New technology

#### Advantages

- ✚ monitor health and activity
- ✚ traffic controlled more efficiently

#### Disadvantages

- ✚ criminals could get control of your personal information
- ✚ many thousands of jobs are lost

### Why do we use tablets ...

- + show photographs.
- + research information.
- + record interviews.
- + create diagrams.

### What to do in your free time?

- + visit relatives.
- + do shopping.
- + watch movies.
- + play cards.

### How to benefit from reading more books ...

- + develop verbal abilities.
- + increase focus and concentration.
- + refresh memory.
- + improve imagination skills.

Read the information in the table below then, in your ANSWER BOOKLET, write two sentences about the roles of Robots in the future.

- + do more and more jobs in hospitals.
- + interact with patients after they've had operations.
- + collect drugs from the hospital pharmacy.
- + visit patients in the ward when the doctor is not available.

Read the information below then, and write two sentences about advantages of megaprojects to people and the environment.

- + bring new economic growth and benefits to cities.
- + provide jobs opportunities.
- + add benefit the budget.
- + support the factories.

Read the information in the table below then, in your ANSWER BOOKLET, write two sentences about how to live in the future. Use appropriate linking words such as : and, also, but..... etc.

- + People will work in virtual offices.
- + people will travel by flying cars.
- + people will use robots as servants.
- + people will study by internet.

**Answers:**

1. There are many Reasons that make people leave their home countries such as seeking a better life and completing education. Also, finding better jobs as well as learning about different cultures
2. There are many advantages of recycling waste materials such as Saving energy and Protecting natural resources. Also, Reducing air and water pollution as well as Limiting waste in landfills
3. The King Hussein Cancer Centre which is located in Amman , was build in 1997 CE by late king Hussein for Treating adult and pediatric cancer patients
4. Ali ibn Nafi ' (Ziryab) , who was born in 789 CE and died in 857 CE , was musician. His Achievements were established the first music school in the world, introduced the oud to Europe
5. On one hand, there are many Advantages of new technology such as monitoring health and activity and traffic controlled more efficiently. In the other hand, there are many Disadvantages of new technology such as criminals could get control of your personal information and many thousands of jobs are lost
6. There are many reason to use tablets such as showing photographs and researching information. Also, recording interviews as well as creating diagrams.

- 7. There are many things to do in your free time such as visiting relatives and doing shopping. Also, watching movies as well as playing cards.**
- 8. There are many ways to benefit from reading more books such as developing verbal abilities and increase focus and concentration. Also, refreshing memory as well as improving imagination skills.**
- 9. There are many roles of Robots in the future such as doing more and more jobs in hospitals and interacting with patients after they've had operations. Also, collecting drugs from the hospital pharmacy as well as visiting patients in the ward when the doctor is not available.**
- 10. There are many advantages of megaprojects to people and the environment such as bringing new economic growth and benefits to cities and providing jobs opportunities. Also, adding benefit the budget as well as support the factories.**
- 11. There are many ways to live in the future such as People will work in virtual offices and people will travel by flying cars. Also, people will use robots as servants as well as people will study by internet.**

## مواضيع تعبر من المحتمل ان تأتي بالامتحان

### **technology**

Technology is one of the areas of great and remarkable development. Technology is defined as the process of applying knowledge and science in various fields to meet the needs of individuals and communities.

But the development accompanied by pros and cons, and the wisdom of human is caution of those negatives and benefit from the positive as much as possible, in this article we will talk about the most important pros and cons of modern technology.

### **Health**

Health is the blessing of God's many blessings upon us, which enables man to live a normal life, and enable him to enjoy his life.

It is necessary to maintain the health of the person, by moving away from all the effects that cause damage and harm to his health, such as cold, and neglect the preventive measures of many diseases, as well as the practice of some bad habits that lead to the destruction of health.

### **Education**

Education is one of the most important things that a person needs, because it meets all the basic needs that seek behind.

Education is a lighthouse that guides people to the right path they will take in this life, In addition, education is the cause of appearance, progress and elevation, not only at the individual level but also at the level of States.

The state that maintains its educational system is the state that excels in all fields at all levels, whether social, cultural, economic or military, and in all other fields. That is why education is essential for any nation that pursues the well-being and growth of its people.

### **University**

Once you enter the university you begin to live in a new world. This is a completely different stage from all previous levels, where you will feel lost at the beginning, but you will learn how to love it with time.

You should know that there are many differences in the university. But most important is that you will have more freedoms, but at the same time more responsibilities, and therefore you will be treated as an adult. You will no longer have a teacher who can help you to be unique or encourage you to study more, From now on, the study will be entirely and exclusively your responsibility.

### **The advantages and disadvantages of internet**

With the development of technology and the massive need of the internet. The internet became an essential element in our daily life. The internet could affect our life in many different ways because all our needs depend on the internet. Everyone needs the internet in his work like doctors, engineers, teachers and students. Using the internet has many advantages. It makes us able to collect information about any subject in a simple and a

convenient way. It could make people communicate with other people from different countries easily. In addition, it made great contributions in medicine and enables doctors to make surgeries online. Moreover, it made the students able to attend classes and conferences held in other countries from the place where they live. However, the internet has some disadvantages because it affected the relationships between relatives badly. Moreover, the number of serious crimes is increasing dramatically which made many of us live in fear and agony. The internet will always be a good invention if it is used for the prosperity of our future.

### الامثال والحكم الشعبية المستوى الرابع

**Live as if you were to die tomorrow. Learn as if you were to live forever.**

Yes, I agree with the writer because good things have positive effects on people life forever and we should learn everything to have better life.

**Anyone who stops learning is old, whether at twenty or eighty. Anyone who keeps learning stays young.**

Learning is for all ages .So we must learn everything in our life and we mustn't let the age to stop us.

**The limits of my language are the limits of my world.**

if you know more words for a language, you understand the world around you more.

**Unless the exchange be in love and kindly justice, it will but lead some to greed and others to hunger.**

Gibran is talking about trade and respect other people to make exchange between people better

**I've learned that making a living is not the same thing as making a life.**

'making a life' is not totally dependent on the money you earn but it also depends on your friends and family