

THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN-MINISTRY OF EDUCATION GENERAL SECONDARY CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION 2019 GENERAL ENGLISH

DATE: June 22nd / 2019

TIME: TWO HOURS

اجب عن جميع الأسئلة وعددها خمسة وعدد الصفحات أربعة

لجميع الفروع المهنية

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answer should be based on the text.

In this report, we will look at the countries that Jordan trades with and what goods it exports and imports. First, let's look at exports. Jordan is rich in potash and phosphate, and the extraction industry for these minerals is one of the largest in the world. Not surprisingly, two of Jordan's largest exports are chemicals and fertilisers. Pharmaceuticals and other industries represent 30% of Jordan's Gross Domestic Product (GDP), and 75% of Jordan's pharmaceuticals are exported. However, the majority (65%) of the economy is dominated by services, mostly travel and tourism. Most of Jordan's exports go to Iraq, the USA, India and Saudi Arabia.

Now let's look at imports. Unlike some other countries in the Middle East, Jordan does not have large oil or gas reserves. For that reason, Jordan has to import oil and gas for its energy needs. Its other main imports are cars, medicines and wheat. In 2013 CE, 23.6% of Jordan's imports were from Saudi Arabia. This was followed by the EU, with 17.6% of its imports. Other imports have come from China and the United States.

Jordan has more free trade agreements than any other Arab country, and <u>it</u> trades freely with many countries, including the USA, Canada and Malaysia. Which other areas are important for Jordan's trade? Jordan first signed a trade agreement with the EU in 1997 CE. It signed a free trade agreement with Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia in 2004 CE. In 2011 CE, another trade agreement was made with the EU, Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia. Trade with the EU and North Africa in particular is likely to grow.

Question Number One: (60 points)

- 1. Jordan is rich in many different minerals. Write down two minerals of them.
- 2. Jordan imports many goods from other countries. Write down two countries of them.
- 3. Find a word that means, "to be the most important feature of something".
- 4. What does the underlined word" **it**" refer to?
- 5. Jordan imports many goods from other countries. Write down two countries of them.
- 6. Quote a sentence which shows country supplies Jordan with most of its imports.
- 7. Why does Jordan have to import a big amount of oil and gas?

TEXT B:

Ali ibn Nafi ' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of his beautiful voice). He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad, and it was his talent for music that led him to Cordoba in the ninth century CE. He was the guest of the Umayyad ruler there. He is the person who established the first music school in the world in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, teaching musical harmony and composition. He revolutionised musical theory, and is also the person who introduced the oud to Europe.

Fatima al-Fihri was the daughter of a wealthy businessman. She used her father's inheritance to build a learning centre in Fez, Morocco. This learning centre became Morocco's top university, and it is where many students from all over the world come to study. Moreover, it was Fatima's sister, Mariam, **who** supervised the building of the Andalus Mosque, which was not far from the learning centre.

Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer - a true polymath. He made ground-breaking discoveries in many of these fields, but it is probably his work in arithmetic and geometry that has made him most famous.

- 1. The writer states that Al-Kindi was a polymath. Give examples of his areas of knowledge.
- 2. Ali ibn Nafi 'was called 'Blackbird'. Write down the reason for that.
- 3. What does the underlined word" **who**" refer to?
- 4. Find a word that means "money or things that you get from someone after they die ".
- 5. Ali ibn Nafi established the first music school in the world teaching many subjects. Write down two of them.

Question Number Two

A: Choose the best answer from those given to complete each of the following items. Then write down your answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (20 points)

	imported,	waste,	seminar,	public,	urban planning	
,	If we take result in clean	-		, there will b	e fewer cars on the roads	, which will
,	Jordan has sol EU even before	•		• •	act, itmany products.	lucts to the
	Hospitals need because it can	-		logical	, and it should be carefu	ılly managed
	The need for r like traffic.	nore effective	ve is e	vident when	we consider modern day	problems
	Study the follo	0	•	nswer the qu	estion that follows. Write	the answer

If you are polite, you won't **make** offence or upset anybody.

Replace the misused verb in the sentence with the correct one to form the appropriate collocation.

B. Choose the best answer from those given to complete each of the following items. Then write down your answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (15 points)
1. Ibn Sina wrotetextbooks.
(medicine, medically, medical)
2. When do you to receive your test results?
(expectancy, expect, expectable)
3. Art, music and literature are all part of our life.
(cultural, culture, culturally)
Question Number Four:
A: Correct the verb between brackets and write your answer. Write the answer in your
ANSWER BOOKLET. (15 points)
 You can play in the living room as long as you
3. If youthe course, you would have had enough experience to apply for the job. (have done, are doing, had done, do)
b: Rewrite the following sentences so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it. Write the answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (15 points)
1. Jabir ibn Hayyan is known as the founder of chemistry.
The person who
2. We stopped working at 11 p.m.
It was
3. Sultan forgot to do his Science homework.
Sultan wishes
C: Read the following situations and rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets.
4. I didn't know your phone number, so I wasn't able to contact you. (if, could)
5. I had a headache yesterday, and I didn't do well in the Math test. (if, might)
Choose the suitable from those given to complete the following sentences. Write the answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (30 points) 1. London was the place the Olympic Games were held in 2012 CE.
(when, who, which, where)
2. It was Queen Rania opened the Children's Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE.
(who, whose, which, where)

3. If Huda		ill yesterday,	she wou	ldn't have missed the exam.						
(was not, h	nas not,	had not,	is not)							
4. You will not pass your examsyou study hard.										
(unless, provided that, as long as, when)										
5. My sister is really good drawing and painting.										
(about, as, at, on)										
6. I wish Ithese shoes. They hurt my feet.										
(haven't boug	ht, don't b	ouy, hadn't	bought,	buy)						

Question Number Five (40 POINTS)

A: You are asked to edit the following lines. While reading the text, you found four mistakes. Correct the mistakes. Write the answer in your ANSWER BOOKLET. (5 points)

In the near future, a new 'bionic eye' will help people with failing <u>eyesite</u> to see again? A device inside the eye <u>pick</u> up an image from a small camera attached to a pair of sunglasses and sends it to the <u>braen</u>, which interprets it as <u>vesion</u>.

B: GUIDED WRITING (10points)

B: Read the information in the table below then, write two sentences about ways to improve your English language. (10 points)

- -read English newspapers
- -listen to English programs
- -join English courses regularly
- -use English every day

C: Write a composition of about 80 words on one of the following: (25points)

- 1. Write a four-paragraph essay agreeing or disagreeing with the statement below. 'Large-scale building projects are certainly a necessity in the development of the modern world.'
- 2. Write a three-paragraph essay discussing the advantages and disadvantages of using the Internet.

The End مع اطيب امنياتي لكم بالنجاح والتوفيق الأستاذ: يوسف رياض غوادرة