

مكثف الأستاذ انس البلوي لغة انجليزية مستوى ثالث الذي يرتب لديك عزيزي الطالب أفكار بدقة و وضوح وشمولية منقطعة النظير ....



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## The grammar the present tenses الازمان المضارعة

### present simple المضارع البسيط

The function : to talk about events that happen regularly

keywords : every-always-often-sometimes - never-seldom-once-twice

form : she -he -it = vs/les they we you = v1

negative : she-he-it = doesn't + v1 they we you = don't + v1

### present continuous المضارع المستمر

the function : to talk about event that are happening at the moment of speaking

keywords : now-at the moment -look!-listen!- watch out !

form : she -he -it =is + ving you we they are +ving

negative : she he it isn't +ving they we you aren't +ving

### present perfect

the function : to talk about achievements

keywords : since -for -already -recently -yet -never -many times -just

form : she he it +has+v3 they we you I +have +v3

negative : she he it +hasn't +v3 they we you +haven't +v3

### the present perfect continuous

the function : to talk about an activity which continues over a length of time للتعبير عن نشاط بدأ في الماضي واستمر في الحدوث لمدة زمنية طويلة

keywords : since - for -all -how long ؟ وعادة يكون قبل الفراغ

has or have

form: she he it +has been +ving they we you +have +been +ving

negative : she he it +hasn't +been +ving they we you +have +been +ving

## the past tenses الأزمان الماضية

<p><i>the past simple الماضي البسيط</i>  <i>the function: to talk about something that started and finished in the past</i>  <i>form : s+v2 / s+did not +v1</i>  <i>keywords : last-yesterday-ago-in past history</i></p>	<p>الاستاذ انس البلوي</p>
<p><i>the present continuous : الماضي المستمر</i>  <i>the function : to talk about activities that continued for some time in the past</i>  <i>form = s+was/were v ing</i>  <i>keywords : as while when</i></p>	<p>اقوى نظام تدريس</p>
<p><i>the past perfect : الماضي التام</i>  <i>the function : to talk about events in the past which happened before other past events</i>  <i>form s+had +v3</i>  <i>key words : before after by+ماضية</i></p>	<p>كبرى المؤسسات</p>
<p><i>the past perfect continuous : الماضي التام المستمر</i>  <i>the function : The past perfect continuous corresponds to the present perfect continuous, but with reference to a time earlier than 'before now'. As with the present perfect continuous, we are more interested in the process.</i>  <i>form = s+had +been +ving</i>  <i>key words : when for because looked seemed by the time before</i></p>	<p>وعادة قبل الفراغ</p>



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التحميلات ▶ تشغيل الكل



تابعوا عدا على قناتي اليبدأ بشرح فقرات الوحدة الثانية مستوى رابع



شرح كامل لفقره How to revise for exams المستوى الرابع الوحدة الثانية



تمرين هام جدا متوقع وزاري مصطلحات الوحدة الثانية المستوى الرابع

تابع قناة الاستاذ انس البلوي على يوتيوب احصل على اماكن الشروحات الاحترافية لمادة اللغة الانجليزية



## Causative Verbs

يا الله عالقاعدة الثانية الحاب احكي فيها بدي اشرحها عمثال الكتاب لانها قاعده بتوخذ وقت وطويلة واصولها تعود للاول ... ثانوي بس انا بدي ابسطها على قدر الحاجة

مثال الكتاب

*I asked someone to fix my car*

*I had my car fixed*

1-استبدال ask بصورة من صور have حسب الجدول

ask	asked	will ask
has/have	had	will have

2-إنزال المفعول به .. آخر اسم في جملة الكتاب

3-وضع التصريف الثالث للفعل الموجود بعد to

### Speculation

*I'm sure it's raining outside .*

*It must be raining outside.*

*perhaps Sami's phone is broken .*

*Sami's phone could be broken .*

جملة احتمالية واضحة ما في كلام لسبيين الاول وجود الدلائل هاي

must	sure-know-certain
could	unsure -think-uncertain-perhaps

اولا احذف الدليل والقبله

ثانيا نزل الموديل الذي استدلتي عليه من الدالة

*is/are = be*

تحويل الفعل وتجريده *was /were=have been*

# obligation

## Obligations

<i>It's necessary to</i>	<i>have to</i>
<i>It isn't necessary to</i>	<i>don't have to</i>
<i>you are allowed to</i>	<i>can</i>
<i>you aren't allowed to</i>	<i>mustn't</i>

*should*

*If I were you , I would*

## If clause

*If + S + simple present ..., S + simple present = type zero*

*If + S + simple present ..., S + will + base = type one*

*If + S + simple past ..., S + would + base = type two*



### The reported speech

احنا شرحناها باحترافية عالية بالمراكز بس هان ما في مجال اشعبك الماده ركز ...  
 بدي احكي معك عقد الامتحان الجايلك خذ هالعلامة وطير. العميد اقوى نظام  
 تدريس

I = he or she / we they / me him or her / us them / my his , her / our their

am \ is Was / are were / was \ were had been / play Played / Played had  
 played / will Would

can could / has \ have had / don't \ doesn't  
 didn't / didn't – base hadn't + p.p

Adverbs = yesterday the day before / tomorrow the day after / next week  
 the week after / last week the week before / now Then / tonight that night /  
 at the moment at that moment

1. " I don't make mistakes in the exams" .

Rana said that .....

2 . We didn't fly to Aqaba last night .

The students said that .....

3. " My uncle saw a terrible accident yesterday " .

Ahmed said that .....

4 . " It was raining heavily this time yesterday " .

He said that .....

*Used to*  
علامة الدوائر

BE USED TO	USED TO
IS ARE AM +USED TO +N/P/V	S+USED TO+V1
WAS WERE +USED TO +V/N/P	S+DIDN'T +USE TO +V1

*She was used to \_\_\_\_ English*  
1- speaking 2- speak 3- spoke

اما عن حل جملة اعد الكتابة كلمات دالة مستمرة  
*normal customary accustomed usual familiar habitual*  
*Its*

كلمة مستمرة  
*she he it +is+used to +ving*  
*they we you +are +used +to +ving*

فالحل *it was*

*it was + كلمة مستمرة*  
*she he I it +was+used to +ving*  
*they we you +were +used to +ving*

*Its normal for Ali to speak English.*  
*Ali is used to speaking .*  
أما عن القاعدة المنقطعة  
*used to*  
(past habit , when ,former , but now )

1 - *Its + كلمة منقطعة*  
*S+used to + v1*

2 - *it isn't + كلمة منقطعة*  
*S+ didn't + use to + v1*



### *cleft sentences*

الجملة الجزئية نستخدمها للتركيز على جزء من الجملة .. تستخدم فيها تراكيب عديدة أولها هو أن تبدأ الـ *it* بـ

*Ali spoke English yesterday*  
*It -----*

1- إذا كان الزمن من تراكيب الماضي نضع *was*  
إذا كان تركيبا مضارعا نضع *is*

2- إنزال المراد التركيز عليه وهو غالبا وحسب النمط الوزاري يكون الفاعل  
3- وضع أداة الوصل *that*

4- إنزال كل شيء عدا ما تم التركيز عليه

*was Ali that spoke ENGLISH YESTERDAY*

أما الصيغة الثانية المهمة جدا فهي على النحو التالي

هذا مثال شامل ونريد حله على كل الطرق  
*Jack played football in the garden yesterday to be better*

THE PERSON WHO	<i>played football in the garden yesterday to be better was jack</i>
THE TIME WHEN	<i>jack played football in the garden to be better was yesterday</i>
THE PLACE WHERE	<i>jack played football to be better yesterday was the garden</i>
THE THING WHICH	<i>which jack played yesterday to be better was football</i>
THE REASON WHY	<i>jack played football yesterday in the garden was to be better</i>

### (Non-definite clause)

تعطينا المزيد من المعلومات عن شخص أو شيء ما. عادة تقع جملة

الوصل غير المحددة بين فواصل. ادرس المثال التالي:

• Children, **who like sweets so much**, often have problems with their teeth.

هذه الجملة تعني: جميع الأطفال يحبون الحلويات، وجميعهم لديهم مشاكل في أسنانهم. هنا لم يحدد أي أطفال بل قصد جميع (all) الأطفال يحبون الحلويات

**Who** (الذي/التي/الذين/اللاتي) = وتستعمل مع الأشخاص

• I know the **man who** bought your car.

أعرف الرجل (شخص) الذي اشترى سيارتك.

• The **players who** have joined the team lately are good.

اللاعبين (أشخاص) الذين انضموا للفريق مؤخر

**Which** (الذي/التي/الذين/اللاتي) = وتستعمل مع الأشياء / أو غير العاقل

• Majeda read the **book which** I gave to her.

قرأت ماجدة الكتاب (شيء/أو غير عاقل) الذي أعطيتها إياها.

• Huda liked the **cars which** she saw yesterday.

**Whose** (الذي يملك/له) =

وتستعمل عندما نريد أن نوضح ملكية شخص أو شيء ما أو أنه على صلة به.

The **woman, whose** bag was stolen, is a doctor.

المرأة، التي حقبتها (شيئاً تملكه) سرقت، طبيبة.

I met the **doctor whose** son is my friend.

قابلت الطبيب الذي ابنه (له صلة به) صديقي.

**Where** (حيث) = وتستعمل مع المكان

• There is a big **market where** you can buy anything you want.

هناك سوق (مكان) كبير حيث تستطيع أن تشتري أي شيء تريده.

**that:** (الذي/التي) = وتستعمل مع الأشخاص والأشياء

• The **man that** is standing there is my father.

• The **jacket that** I bought yesterday is expensive.

الجاكيت (شيء/أو غير عاقل) الذي اشتريته غالي الثمن.

### الضمائر الموصولة والجملة المنقسمة

1 The Egyptians built the pyramids.

It was the .....

2 London is a huge city. It's the capital of the UK.

London, .....

3 The boy broke the window. He ran away.

The boy.....

نقل للاهمية h.a.s

مستقبل مستمر The Future Continuous

S+ will + be +v(ing)

Who will+be + v(ing).....?

Will + s + be +v(ing)...? -

This time next year, they will be preparing for their final exams.

- What will we be doing in ten years' time?

- I will be having a bath when you call me tomorrow.

- I will not (won't) be having a bath when you call me tomorrow. The Future

Perfect مستقبل تام

will have +v3

Wh + will +s +have+ v3....?

Will + s + have + v3.....?

- By 2019 CE, the new motorway will have opened.

- we're late! By the time we get to the station, the train will have gone.

1. This time tomorrow, we'll be celebrating because we ..... our exams.  
(finish)

2. This time next month, my parents ..... married for twenty years. (be)

3. The books that you ordered ..... by the end of the week (not arrive)

4. By the next year..... you ..... England? (visit)

1. will have finished 2. will have been v3. will not have arrived 4. Will, have visited

Past Perfect Continuous الماضي التام المستمر القاعدة :

S+ Had been +v(ing)

1. I ..... for five hours by 5am this morning. (sleep)

2. By the time I was ten, I ..... the piano for four years. (play)

3. By the time my friend ..... me, I had been studying for three hours.  
(phone)

-By the time .....v2 ..... , ....had + v3.....

-By the time .....v2 ..... , ....had + been +v(ing)..... /for

-By the time .....v1 ..... , ....will + have + v3 .....

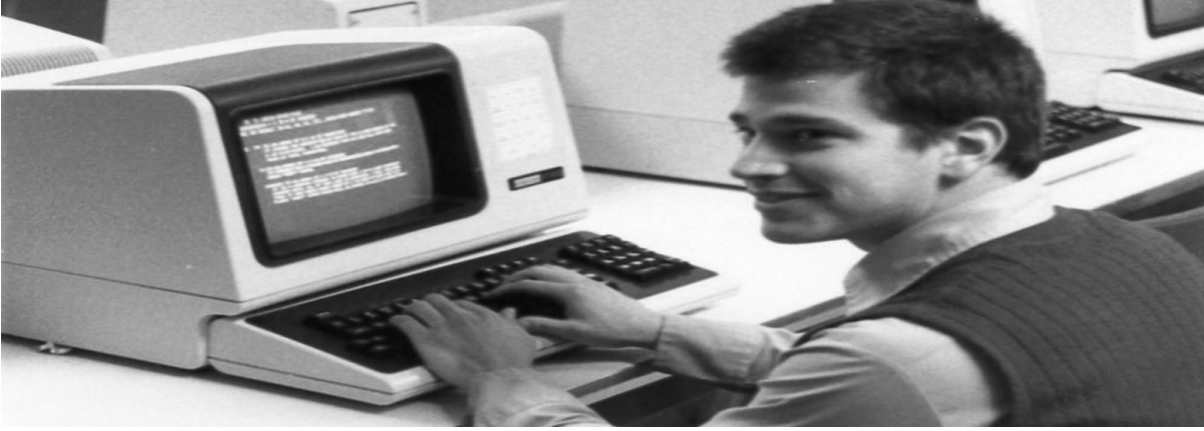
Gerund and infinitive

Want/ wanted Afford Plan ..... to+v1

Hope Intend هـام جـدا



## النصوص texts



### THE HISTORY OF COMPUTERS

1. Who developed the world wide web? مين طور أول شبكة
2. There are two machines can do the same work as mobile phones . Write them down. آلات بتسوي عمل التلفون اذكر تنتين
3. There are two invention were completed in 1940s. write down these two inventions. الاختراعات المكتملة بتاريخ الف وتسعمية واربعين
4. Write down the sentence which indicates that the size of the first generation of the modern computers was so large. اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه حجم اول كمبيوتر ضخم
5. Quote the sentence which indicates that the first computer program was very slow اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه أول برنامج بطيء
6. What does the underlined phrasal verb “rely on” mean ? شو معنى يعتمد على
7. Find a compound noun in the third paragraph which means ‘a flexible, removable magnetic disk that stores computer information’
8. What do the underlined words (pronouns) refer to? ضمائر كاملة

9. The writer states that the World Wide Web was developed in 1990. Explain this statement mentioning three benefits of using it.

هات فوائدھا شبكة الانترنت يعني 1990 الكاتب حكي انه الشبكة تطورت بال

10. We rely more and more on computer technology. Think of this statement and ,in two sentences , write down your point of view.

1. The British scientist Tim Berners Lee.

2. Watches and glasses.

3. the first generation of modern computers and the first computer program.

4. One such model was so large it needed a room that was 167 square metres to put it in.

5. It took 25 minutes to complete one calculation.

6. to have trust or confidence in something or someone

7. floppy disk

8. it : a computer / their : most people / which : watches

Critical thinking :

1. People use mobile phones every day for many purposes such as calling, internet taking photos, watching films and listening to music.

2. I think that we rely more on computer technology . For example, computers have enabled us to do many great things, but becoming overly reliant on technology is not a positive aspect of this development



### Using technology in class

1. There are many purposes for using the Internet in the classroom by teachers. Write down two of these purposes. هات

هدفين من استخدا النت في الصف للاستاذ

2. Write down the sentence which indicates that it is necessary for the teacher to be a part of the group of learning. اقتبس

الجملة التي تشير الى انه ضروري يكون المعلم جزء من مجموعات التعلم

3. There are two benefits of exchanging emails in education.

Write down these two benefits. فوائد تبادل الايميلات شو هي

4. Students can communicate with other schools by many ways.

Mention two of them

الطلاب بتواصلوا بطرق هات طريقتين من خلالها بتاصل مع المدارس

5. Find a word in the fourth paragraph which means ' a regularly updated personal website or web page usually written in an informal style'

6. What does the underlined phrase ' social media ' mean?

7. What do the underlined pronouns refer to?

8. Quote the sentence which shows the various benefits of using tablets.

اقتبس الجملة التي تبين انه في فوائد كثيرة للجهاز اللوحي

9. The writer states that digital information can be used to educate people .Explain this statement , suggesting three ways in which people can benefit from this kind of technology.

10.Young people love learning. Think of this statement and , in two sentences , write down your point of view.



### *Answers*

- 1. to show educational programmes - to play educational games*
  - 2. The teacher must be part of the group, too, to monitor what is happening.*
  - 3. Students can then share information and help each other with tasks.*
  - 4. They can exchange emails and talk to people over the computer using cameras.*
  - 5. blog*
  - 6. social interaction between people and communities on websites or blogs.*
  - 7. they : young people / their : teachers / who : students / them : computers.*
  - 8. Therefore, students can use the tablets to do tasks such as showing photographs, researching information, recording interviews and creating diagrams.*
  - 9. Digital information can be used to educate people in a variety of ways. For example, you can listen to podcasts and lectures online, or use apps on a tablet to learn languages. You can also use the Internet to find information on what you are studying.*
  - 10. I think that young people love learning.*
- For example , large proportion of young people are students so we should encourage them to keep going by introducing advance technology in our schools and get rid of old methods .*





9. The writer states that it is recommended to use technology wisely. Explain this statement, suggesting three ways in which we can use it perfectly.

10. Technology is a way to keep our bodies fit. Think of this statement and , in two sentences , write down your point of view.

Answers 1. As a consequence, computers will increasingly run our lives for us.

2. Your fridge will know when you need more milk and add it to your online shopping list.

3. Your watch will record your heart rate and email your doctor.

4. Many people are excited about the 'Internet of Things'.

5. Criminals managed to access their passwords and security settings.

6. it : the Internet / them : many people / their : others ' other people '

7. security settings

8. I agree with this quotation because Bill Gates refers to technology as a 'tool' in this quotation because he is emphasising that it is a useful and effective way of involving children. However, in terms of actually making sure children learn, or of ensuring children's social development, teachers cannot be replaced. They are the most important contributors to a person's education, but of course they can use technology to help!

9. We can use technology wisely in different ways . For example, we can depend more on our mental skills and raise awareness among people about how to use technology. Also, we can enhance the activities which depend on human not technology .

10. I think that technology is a way to keep our bodies fit. For example , smartphone apps can be used to monitor how much exercise we need to do and how many calories we burn . Also, interactive video games can be used to help us to keep fit. They are used indoors and provide a healthy, active alternative to watching television.

Complementary medicine: is it really a solution?

1. There are many forms of complementary medicine. Write down two of them.

هات انواع الطب التكميلي

2. Write down the sentence which indicates that many doctors study complementary forms of treatment.

اقتبس الجملة الي تشير الى انه كثير اطباء بدرسوا الطب التكميلي

3. Non-conventional medicine cannot work as a replacement for some treatments. Write down two of them.

العلاج التكميلي لا يمكن أن يحل محل العلاج التقليدي لمعالجة بعض الظروف الصحية زي شو

4. Doctors always turn to conventional treatment first. Why do they do that?

الطبيب رح يتوجه للطب التقليدي اولاً ليش

5. Quote the sentence which indicates that people didn't use to study complementary medicine formally.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه الناس لم يعتادوا دراسة الطب التكميلي رسمياً

6. Find a word in the text which means "illness".

7. What does the underlined word in the second paragraph "arthritis" mean?

8. What do the underlined words ( pronouns ) refer to ?

9. Some people believe that homoeopathy is not a valid alternative to conventional Medicine and it can't be effective .

Explain this statement , suggesting three bad effects for this kind of treatment.

10. Complementary medicine can't replace modern medicine. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

Answers

1. homoeopathy, acupuncture

2. These days, many family doctors study complementary medicine alongside conventional treatments, and many

*complementary medicine consultants also have medical degrees.*

*3.It can never substitute for immunisations as it will not produce the antibodies needed to protect against childhood diseases. It also cannot be used to protect against malaria.*

*4. to ensure that no underlying condition is missed.*

*5. If patients wanted to receive this kind of nonconventional treatment, they used to have to consult a private practitioner who was likely not to have a medical degree.*

*6.ailment*

*7. A disease causing painful inflammation and stiffness of the joints.*

*8. they : patients / who : 70 percent of patients / it :  
homoeopathy*

*9.There are many bad effects for this kind of treatment such as  
wasting time and money .*

*Also , some kinds of homoeopathy have dangerous effects on  
patients . Another thing is that practitioners don't have medical  
degrees.*

*10.I think that complementary medicine can't replace modern  
medicine. For example , it cannot be used for all medical  
treatments and can never substitute for immunisations as it  
will not produce the antibodies needed to protect against  
childhood diseases.*

*Also, it cannot be used to protect against malaria.*

HEALTHY BODY

HEALTHY MIND

HEALTHY SPIRIT

Are happier people healthier – and, if so, why?

1. We can improve our children's overall in the future in two ways . Write them down.

ممکن نحسن حالة اطفالنا بشفتين شو همم ششو لازم نعلمهم

2. There are some possible effects of anger on someone's health. Write down two of these effects.

شو اثار الغضب عالصة

3. Write down the sentence which indicates that scientists didn't do any research to find any relation between feelings and health in the past.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه لم يجري العلماء أي بحث لايجاد العلاقة بين المشاعر الجيده والصحة زمان

4. Some scientists believe that bad lifestyle choices affect health negatively. Write down two of these choices.

بعض العلماء يؤمن انه انماط الحياه السيئة تؤثر على الصحة سلبا اذكر النماط الهاي الانماط

5. Replace the underlined phrase with a suitable phrasal verb that has a similar meaning to it.

6. Find a word in the text which means "believing that good things will happen in the future"

7 . What do the underlined words ( pronouns ) refer to ?

8. Write three things ,mentioned in the article , that improve health .

9. The writer thinks that happiness affects health . Explain this statement , suggesting three benefits of happiness on health.

10. "He who has health has hope; and he who has hope, has everything" ,by Thomas Carlyle. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

#### Answers

1. teach children to develop positive thinking, and to 'bounce back' after a setback,

2. your blood pressure is raised and you can suffer from headaches, sleep problems and digestive problems.

3. Until recently, scientists had not investigated whether there is a link between positive feelings and good health.

4. smoking or lack of exercise 5. bounce back. 6. optimistic
7. who : the children / it : to live without worry / they : The researchers.
8. positivity, a supportive network of family and friends and an optimistic outlook on life.
9. There are many benefits of happiness on health like having a better perspective on life Also, choosing to eat well and exercise more often.
10. I think that's right because it is possible to feel optimistic about the future when one is healthy. Hope for the future and a positive attitude are seen as, overall, the most important things in life

### Get Moving!

1. An increasing number of young people and adults are overweight or obese because of many factors. Write down two of them.

اسباب السمنة ؟

2. There are two types of the exercise. Write them down.

انواع رياضية ؟

3. Write down the sentence which indicates that physical exercise help in treating stress.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه الرياضة بتعالج الضغط

4. What does the underlined word "obese" in the first paragraph, mean?

5. What do the underlined words "pronoun" refer to?

6. Quote the sentence which indicates that you can buy things while lying on the couch?

اقتبس الجملة التي بتحكي الى انه رح تشتري وانت قاعد بالدار

7. What do girls usually refuse and what does that lead to?

شو برفض البنات وشو رح يؤدى هذا ؟

8. Replace the underlined phrase deal successfully with with suitable phrasal verb that has a similar meaning to it .

9. The writer states that an increasing number of young people and adults are overweight or even obese. Explain this statement , suggesting three ways to overcome this problem. 10.

Fitness leads

to health. Think of this statement and , in two sentences , write down your point of view.

Answers

1. the growing popularity of fast food, which didn't use to be as common as it is now. Another big factor is lack of exercise. 2. Fast walking, and more strenuous exercise, like running. 3. In addition, exercise is a great way to cope with stress. 4. extremely fat, in a way that is dangerous to your health. 5. which : fast food / they : school children / They : Experts. 6. Before the Internet was invented, nobody had dreamt of online shopping, but now we can buy almost anything without leaving the sofa. 7. Girls in particular often dislike PE. This can lead to serious health problems. 8. cope with 9. There are many ways to overcome this problem such as doing more exercise and avoiding fast food. Also, regulate the time of the meals. 10. I think that fitness leads to health . For example , if we do regular exercise and take care of our food , we can avoid the overweight which can lead to serious health problems . Also, it is very important to have enough hours of sleep every day to be able to do our daily tasks effectively

Health in Jordan: A report

1. There are many factors that made Jordanians healthier. Write down two of them.

عوامل تجعل الاردنيين اكثر صحة ؟

2. Write down the sentence which indicates that most of Jordanian villages were supplied with electricity and water.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه تم تزويد القرى النائية بالماء

3. There are two factors have been contributing to Jordan's healthy population growth. Write them down.  
عوامل ساهمت بجعل تعداد السكان ينمو
4. What kind of medical operation has Jordan made the most success?  
شو اسسم العملية الناجحه في الاردن
5. What was the life expectancy in Jordan in 1965 and 2012?  
كم كنا نعيش وقديش صرنا نعيش كاردنيين
6. Quote the sentence which indicates that Jordanian doctors have been well-known in the region .  
اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه الاردنيين الاطباء معروفين
7. Find a word in the report which means “ decreased in quantity or importance”
8. What do the underlined words ( pronouns) refer to ?
9. The writer states that children in Jordan are vaccinated against many illnesses. Explain this statement , mentioning three kinds of these illnesses.
10. Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. Explain this statement and , in two sentences , write down your point of view.

#### Answers

1. Advances in education, economic conditions 2. Although there were remote areas of the country where people had been without consistent access to electricity and safe water, almost 99 per cent of the country's population now has access. 3. The low infant mortality rate, as well as the excellent healthcare system. 4. open heart surgery 5. In 1965 CE, the average Jordanian's life expectancy was age 50. In 2012 CE, this average life expectancy had risen to 73.5. 6. The reputation of Jordanian doctors has spread in the region, and now many more patients come to Jordan for open heart surgery. 7. decline. 8. where : remote areas of the country/ its : the country. 9. There are many kinds of these illnesses like tetanus , polio and measles. Also , they are vaccinated against smallpox. 10. I think that Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East.

*This because the country's commitment to make healthcare for all a top priority. The number of healthcare services has been increasing rapidly over the past years and 98 percent of Jordanian children were fully immunized. Life expectancy had risen to 73.5 and infant mortality rates have fallen down*

الاستاذ انس البلوي اقوى نظام تدريس في عمان



*In the future*

1. Scientists have developed brain implants for two purposes.  
Write them down.

العلماء طوروا زراعة الدماغ لهدفان شو همم

2. Write down the sentence which indicates that experts are carrying out tests on a new cancer drug that may saves lives of patients.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى الاطباء كانوا يدرّون تجارب على علاج السرطان الجديد

3. Usual cancer treatment has had some side effects . Write down two of them.

اعراض علاج السرطان التقليدي ما هي ؟

4. There are three reasons mentioned in the text that damage brain. Write them down .

هنالك اسباب تؤذي الدماغ ما هي



5. Find a word in the text which means “a medicine or a substance used for making medicines”

6. What does the underlined word “ pill “ in the last paragraph

mean ? 7. Why do neuroscientists use a special brain scanner

called “ MRI” 8. What do the underlined words “ pronouns “ refer to ?

9. The writer states that there will be many implications for the world if people live longer due to improving life expectancy.

Explain this statement , mentioning three bad consequences for the increasing number of population.

10. Patients who suffer from cancer will agree to undergo new types of treatment . Think of this statement and , in two sentences, write down your point of view.

#### Answers

1. To improve vision or allow disabled people to use their thoughts in order to control prosthetic limbs like arms, legs or hands, or operate a wheelchair. 2. A new cancer drug is being trialed in Plymouth, UK, which doctors hope will extend the lives of cancer patients and reduce their symptoms overnight.

3. sickness and hair loss. 4. dementia, a stroke or other brain injuries. 5. drug. 6. a small round piece of medicine to be

swallowed whole. 7. to communicate with some patients in a coma 8. that : brain implants/ their : disabled people / they :

neuroscientists/ which : New cancer drug. 9. There are many

bad consequences for the increasing number of population like increasing demand on food , water and natural resources. Also, greater pressure on education and health care. 10. I think that

patients who suffer from cancer will agree to undergo new

types of treatment because they have suffered from the side

effects of old kinds of treatment such as sickness and hair loss.

Also, they believe that new types of treatment may help them .

### The King Hussein Cancer Center

1. Patients from other countries visit the KHCC for many reasons. Write down two of them. المرضى من البلاد يأتون لمستشفى الملك الحسين لماذا
2. Write down the sentence which indicates that The KHCC treats people from all ages. اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه مستشفى الملك الحسين للسرطان يعالج كل الاعمار
3. How many cancer cases is the hospital expected to treat after completion of its expansion? كم عدد الحالات المتوقعة أن يعالجها المستشفى حال اكتماله
4. What is the main difficulty do cancer patients who live outside Amman face? ما هي الصعوبة الرئيسية التي يواجهها مرضى السرطان ؟
5. Read the quotation. "Wherever the art of Medicine is loved, there is also a love of Humanity. Hippocrates (460 BCE-370 BCE) Do you agree with it? Why/Why not?
6. Write down the sentence which indicates that Jordan has one cancer centre.
7. What do the underlined words ( pronouns ) refer to ?
8. What does the underlined word expansion in the second paragraph mean?
9. The writer states that Jordan has a great reputation in the area of medicine. Explain this statement , mentioning three reasons why health conditions in Jordan are advanced .
10. The King Hussein Cancer Center is an important facility that contributes to medical tourism . Think of this statement and , in two sentences, write down your point of view.

#### answer

1. Patients are attracted by its its excellent reputation, lower costs. 2. It treats both adult and paediatric patients. 3. 9,000 cases per a year. 4. the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult . 5. Yes, I agree with this quotation because doctors depend on love to strengthen their relationships with their patients and that is so helpful in curing diseases. 6. The

King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan's only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. 7. it :The King Hussein Cancer Center / where : Amman / which : educational centre. 8. the act of making something bigger 9. There are many reasons why health conditions in Jordan are advanced like the commitment of the country to make health care a top priority and advances in many areas like education , technology . Also, Jordanian doctors are among the best in the Arab world. 10. I think that The King Hussein Cancer Center is an important facility that contributes to medical tourism because of its highly reputation and reasonable cost . These qualities encourage patients from other countries to come and stay in Jordan for treatment.

#### Accident victim tests first artificial limb

1. Dennis Sorensen could do two things by using the new prosthetic hand. Write them down. يستطيع سورينسين ان يفعل شيئان بيده الجديدة ما هما
2. Quote the sentence which indicates the nationalities of the two scientists who developed the new prosthetic hand. اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى جنسية العلماء
3. How does the newly –invented prosthetic hand differ from old ones? كيف تختلف اليد القديمة عن الجديدة
4. Write down the sentence which indicates that in the near future, there is a plan to replace old prosthetic limbs with new developed ones. اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه سيتم تطوير هذه الايدي قريبا
5. Why had Sorensen been using artificial limb? لماذا اصلا يستخدم سورينسن يد صناعية
6. Find a word in the first paragraph that means an artificial body part .
7. Why can't Sorensen wear his new hand now ? لماذا لا يستطيع ارتداؤها الان
8. What do the underlined words ( pronouns) refer to ?

9. The writer thinks that scientists have developed many new important medical inventions. Explain this statement , mentioning three new inventions that have influenced the patient's' life .

10. The new inventions can improve someone's life . Think of this statement and , in two sentences, write down your point of view.

Answer

1. Sorensen could pick up and manipulate objects, he could also feel them.

2. The new hand, which was developed by Swiss and Italian scientists, was a huge improvement.

3. It is with a sense of touch.

4. It is possible that, in the not-too-distant future, similar artificial arms and legs will have taken the place of today's prosthetic limbs.

5. He lost his left hand in an accident.

6. an artificial body part

The importance of Islamic achievements in history

1. There were many achievements that Jabir ibn Hayyan made.

Write down two of them.

هنالك انجازات لجابر ابن حيان ما هي

2. Al-Kindi made his fame by working in two main fields . Write them down. الكندي صنع شهرته عبر حقلان ما هما

3. why was Ali bin nafi' called the "Black bird" ? لم لقب ابن نافع بـ "الطائر الأسود" ؟

4. Write down the sentence which indicates that Fatima's learning centre is very successful. اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه فاطمة امتلكت افضل مركز تعلم

5. Fatima built a learning centre in Fez. How did she manage to do that? فاطمة بنت هذه الصرح التعليمي كيف ومن اين جلبت الدعم

6. What does the underlined word "mathematician" in the last paragraph, mean?

7. Find a word in the text which means "someone who has a lot of knowledge about many different subjects"

8. What do the underlined words ( pronouns) refer to?

9. The writer states that Muslim scientists made many great achievements . Explain this statement , mentioning three fields that Muslim scientists influenced greatly in them.

10. In ancient times, reaching such high levels of achievements in comparison with the present days is more difficult. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

1. He is most well known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid. He also built a set of scales which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory .

2. arithmetic and geometry.

3. Because of his beautiful voice.

4. This learning centre became Morocco's top university, and it is where many students from all over the world come to study.

5. She used her father's inheritance to build a learning centre in Fez, Morocco.

6. a person who studies Mathematics to a very complex level.

7. polymath

8. there : Cordoba /which : the building of the Andalus Mosque/his : Al-Kindi Critical Thinking :

1. There are many fields that Muslim scientists influenced greatly in them like medicine and geography . Also, they had influence on the area of farming.

2. I think that in ancient times, reaching such high levels of achievements in comparison with the present days is more difficult because there was great difficulty to access information. Also, if someone wanted to innovate something he had to make hard efforts to achieve his ambition .

Masdar City – a positive step?

1. Megaprojects are designed for two certain purposes. Write down these two purposes. صممت هذه المدينة لهذين الهدفين ما هما

2. Write down the sentence which indicates that not all Megaprojects are similar.

اقتبس الجملة الجملة التي تشير الى انه هذه المشاريع متنوعة

3. There are many types of megaprojects. Write down two of them. هت انواع المشاريع العملاقة هنالك
4. Because Masdar city will be a car-free city, the city has been designed to have different types of transportation. Write down two of them. هت مواصلاتها
5. Masdar city has a unique quality that makes it the first city of its kind. Write down that quality. لماذا تعتبر ميزة هذه المدينة
6. Who are the current residents of Masdar city? من سكانها
7. Find a word in the text which means “judged (something) with disapproval; evaluated or analysed”.
8. What do the underlined words (pronouns) refer to?
9. The writer thinks that mega projects should have many purposes in order to be attractive and popular. Explain this statement, suggesting three purposes of such projects.
10. Masdar city is a beneficial project for the community and environment. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

### Answers

Answers 1. to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities. 2. Although mega projects vary in terms of size and cost, they are all, by definition, expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage. 3. motorways, airports 4. Electric, driverless cars and cycling 5. Masdar City, which began its development in 2006 CE, will be the world's first carbon neutral, zero-waste artificially-created city. 6. students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology. 7. criticised 8. they : megaprojects /whose : a university / It : the city (Masdar City) Critical Thinking : 1. There are many purposes of such projects. For example, they can be popular attraction and combines educational value with scientific interest. Also, they can be centres for research and experiments. 2. I think that Masdar city is a beneficial project for the community and environment. For example, it will depend on renewable resources and will reduce carbon

footprint . Eventually , this will save natural resources and keep the environment zero-waste

A founding father of farming

1. Ibn Bassal was specialized in two fields . Write them down ?  
بم اختص ابن بصال
2. Where can Ibn Bassal achievements be seen today?  
اين نرى انجازاته
3. Ibn Bassal used many ways to irrigate the land. Write down two of them.  
كيف روى الارض
4. Write down the sentence which indicates that Ibn Bassal was a polymath.  
اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه علامه
5. Quote the sentence which shows the most important part of Ibn Bassam's book.  
اقتبس اهم جزء من كتابه
6. What does the underlined phrase hands on mean?
7. What do the underlined words ( pronouns) refer to?
8. Ibn Bassal explained how to grow many types of trees and plants. Write down two of them.
9. The writer states that when farmers followed Ibn Bassal's instructions and advice the land produced enough food for the fast-growing population. Explain this sentence, suggesting three ways in which farmers can increase the productivity of the land in Jordan.
10. The area around Toledo had a fast-growing population . Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.
  1. botany and agriculture.
  2. In Spain.
  3. finding underground water and digging wells
4. Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer who lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh century CE.

5. Perhaps the most famous chapter of all was the one that described how to treat different types of soil.

6. field working / working by hand.

7. who: Al-Ma'mun / which : sixteen chapters/ that : The irrigation systems

8. herbs and sweet-smelling flowers.

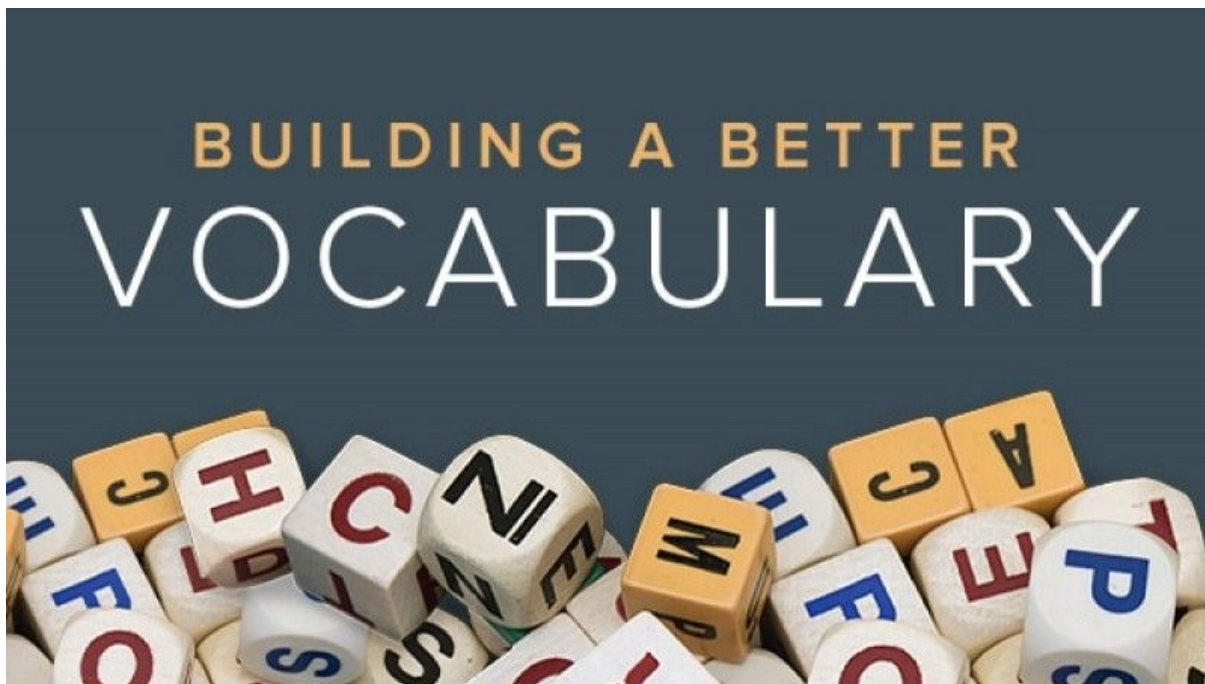
*Critical Thinking :*

1. There are many three ways in which farmers can increase the productivity of the land in Jordan like providing advance irrigation systems and using modern methods of farming. Also, they can avoid over cultivation in order not to exhaust the soil.

2. I think that The area around Toledo had a fast-growing population because it was very prosperous place producing a lot of food as a result of Ibn Bassal's irrigation systems.

As a result , people could be healthier and more able to provide healthy atmosphere to their children.

### المصطلحات الوزارية





1. rely on :to have trust or confidence in something or someone
2. bounce back: to start to be successful again after a difficult time
3. cope with : to deal successfully with, or handle, a situation
4. focus on : to direct your attention or effort at something specific
5. Communicate with :speak to

7. Take place: happen / occur
8. Wake up: cause to become awake
9. Settle down: live orderly life
10. Meet up: to get together with somebody
- 11.11. Look around: to look in several direction
12. Get started: begin doing something بدأ

مهم جدا مصطلحات الألوان

1. feel blue: feel sad
2. see red: get angry
3. the green light: permission
4. red-handed: in the act of doing something wrong /
5. out of the blue: unexpectedly
6. a white elephant: a useless possession

ضروري معرفة الفروقات بين المصطلحين

1. share ideas : . give ideas to others  
compare ideas : show differences
2. create a website : construct a new website contribute to a website : offer things to a website
3. research information : find information needed present information : give info in a presentation
4. monitor what is happening : watch closely what is happening  
find out what is happening : .discover what is happening
5. to give a talk to people:give a speech to people  
talk to people :discuss things with people .
6. show photo :display photos

send photos :post photos

1- Replace the underlined words with a suitable idiom from the box.

استبدل الكلمات التي تحتها خط باستعمال مصطلح مناسب من الصندوق.

feel blue/ see red the green light /red-handed /out of the blue /a white elephant

1. The child felt sad when he learned his parents had canceled the holiday to Egypt.

2. The man was caught inside the jewellery shop in the act of doing something wrong.

3. The new dam cost a lot of money, but it will become a useless possession because of its location.

4. You can't start construction until you get a permission from the municipality.

5. When anybody search my smartphone, I get angry.

6. Then unexpectedly, a lion appeared coming out of the bushes.

الإجابات النموذجية

1. .out of the blue 2. red-handed 3. a white elephant 4. the green light 5. angry 6. unexpectedly

2-Complete the following sentences by using the most suitable word from the box. There is one more word that you don't need.

web hosting, identity fraud, post , compare ideas, users, contribute, access

1. You need a.....service so that your website could be accessible by other people.
2. The crime of using someone's else personal data is called..... .
3. I don't allow others to.....on my Facebook page.
4. The website is very easy for ..... to interact with each other.
5. Students can ..... to the website, so for example they can post work, photos and messages.
6. Many bank customers now..... their accounts using the internet?

1 - hosting web 2- identity fraud 3- post  
4-users 5- contribute 6-access

### هام جدا جدا التمرين الثالث

1. You are advised not to give out personal information on the Internet.
2. Fill in the application form and sent it on our email address.
3. If you want to protect your system, turn on your computer's firewall.
4. A good manager should know everything about the organisation.
5. You need to download a messenger to connect with your relatives and friends.

### التمرين الرابع

viable                      alien                      conventional  
sceptical                      complementary

1. Acupuncture and herbal treatment are parts of  
-----medicine.

2. Solar power is one of the -----solutions to reduce  
pollution.

3. Some scientists are-----of the claims of Darwin's  
theory of evolution.

4. When I first visited Paris, I felt it so-----to me.

5. It is -----in Jordan to serve Mansaf in wedding parties  
and other social occasions.

1. complementary: 4. alien 2. viable 5. conventional: 3.  
sceptical

### التمرين الخامس

media, exchange, blog, calculation, floppy

1. You should design and create your ..... carefully so that you  
can attract more readers and visitors.

2. Although social.....has brought millions of people together,  
people are getting more and more feeling of isolation.

3. Until the invention of the ..... disk , it had not been possible  
to transfer data between computers.

4. Communication for personal and business purposes has  
become easy through email .....

1. blog 2. media 3. floppy 4. exchange

### التمرين السادس

calculation, settings, blog, whiteboard, access

1. You should post interesting topics so that people will come again and again to visit your----- .
  2. My bank has installed a new system that made it easier to-----the money in my bank account.
  3. You can control what information you want others to see via adjusting your security -----.
  4. The computer can do millions of -----s each second
1. blog: 2. access 3. settings:(security settings ) 4. calculation

### التمرين السابع

Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET

gallery, talent, apparatus, red-handed , biological waste

1. Nawa showed a ----- for music and playing the piano at an early age.
2. Some-----is contaminated and dangerous for human's health.
3. A good Gym should have special exercise-----.
4. You can see many of the most famous paintings in an art.....in Paris

1. talent 2. biological waste 3. apparatus 4. gallery

### التمرين السابع

Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

waterproof, out of the blue, strenuous, dental, attending

1. ....care, such as teeth whitening, is not generally covered.

2. My father has decided,....., to travel to Saudi Arabia to look for a job.

3. It rains a lot in that area, so you'd better take a.....coat.

4. I am thinking of ..... a course on computer science to improve my skills.

1. Dental 2. out of the blue 3. waterproof 4. attending

### التمرين الثامن

Complete the following sentences by using the most suitable word from the box. There is one more word that you don't need.  
share, create, contribute, solar, floppy

1. Communicating through the Internet has helped many people to \_\_\_\_\_ ideas. 2. When was the last time that you used a \_\_\_\_\_ disk to store some data? 3. Our school decided to \_\_\_\_\_ a school website. I think it is a great idea. 4. Because of the high costs of oil and gas, a lot of people will turn to \_\_\_\_\_ energy.

### الإجابات النموذجية

1. share: 2. floppy 3. create: 4. solar: )



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متى نضع الصفة

- ent / ant : / - able / ible : / - ful : - ous : - ive : - ic : - al : - less : -  
 ary : - ory : - an : - ect : - ed : in / - ing

تستخدم الصفة أيضا بعد الأفعال <i>appear, look , seem, ( التالية :        feel, become, get, sound ,        grow, find</i>	بعد أفعال الكينونة ( be to ) وهي <i>is, am, are, was, were, be, ( :        been, being</i>
بعد المعززات المنتهية بـ <i>يا</i> مثل : } <i>extremely , completely ,        scientifically</i>	تقع الصفة بعد المعززات التالية بشرط أن يسبقها احد أفعال { be : <i>quite , very , too, so</i>
تقع الصفة قبل السماء بشرط أن يتبع الفراغ اسم:	تقع الصفة أيضا ان جاء الفراغ بين أدوات المقارنة مثل <i>More / less ..... than As :        ..... AS        The most / least .....        thing</i>



## الظرف

يقع الظرف أيضا في نهاية الجملة مكتملة العناصر لبيان الحال أو الكيفية	إذا جاء الفراغ في بداية الجملة متبوعا بفاصلة
إذا جاء الفراغ واقعا بين الفعل المساعد والفعل الرئيسي مثل	يقع الظرف كذلك أن جاء الفراغ بين أفعال <i>be</i> من جهة و الصفة من جهة أخرى
إذا جاء الفراغ أيضا معطوفا على ظرف بـ <i>and</i>	

## الفعل

ate - isel : / - ify : - en : - ide : - ieve :

يقع الفعل أيضا بعد <i>to</i> المصدرية	بعد الفاعل الشكلية التي تسمى ( <i>can, could, shall, should, may, might, will, would, must, used to, have to, has to, had to, be { going to, ought to</i> ) مثل: {
يقع الفعل أيضا بعد الفاعل مباشرة سواء كان اسم أو ضمير	يقع الفعل كذلك بعد الظروف التكرارية مثل: { <i>usually, sometimes, often, normally, always</i>
يقع الفعل أيضا بعد الفعل <i>do</i> في جميع حالاتها الإثبات و النفي والسؤال	

شرح الاشتقاق بطريقة ليس لها مثيل على قناتي على اليوتيوب  
+ الأمثلة

# GUIDED WRITING

1

## *How to communicate effectively*

- *listen carefully to others.*
- *build on others ideas.*
- *pay attention to nonverbal case.*
- *think before responding.*

*to communicate effectively you should listen carefully, build on others ideas and pay attention to nonverbal case.*

*Also, you should think before responding.*

2

## *Why do people leave abroad*

- *complete education.*
- *find a better life.*
  - *get jobs.*
  - *see places.*

*people leave abroad to complete education, finding a better life and getting jobs.*

*Also, people leave abroad to see places .*

### 3

#### Compulsory education in

Jordan 6-15  
England 5-15  
Turkey 6-18  
Japan 5-18

الرقم الثاني + + but it is , الرقم الاول + is الدولة الاولى + العنوان \*  
الدولة الثانية . in +  
الرقم الرابع + and + الدولة الثالثة in + الرقم الثالث + However , it is  
الدولة الرابعة

إذا طلب منك كتابة جملتين مقارنة على الجدول في الأعلى فإننا نكتب  
جملة على أكثر دولة وجملة على أقل . دولة فيها تعليم اجباري فإننا  
نتبع هذه الطريقة:

موضوع العنوان فقط . + has + the most + الدولة الأكبر عدد \*  
موضوع العنوان . + has + the least + الدولة الأقل عدد , While  
فقط

### 4

#### People in the future

-live in smart houses.  
- treated by robot doctors.  
-study at smart houses.  
-do online jobs.

\* (verb+ing.....) and will be (v3.....) . العنوان + will be  
( verb+ing.....) and ( verb+ing.....) also will be العنوان

Name	Edison
Date of birth and death	1847 - 1931
Profession	American inventor
Achievement	The electric light

تاريخ + and died in + تاريخ الولادة + , who was born in + الاسم  
 المهنة . + an / was a , الوفاة  
 الانجاز . + was one of his achievements

Ali Ibn Nafi (Ziryab)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-be a talented musician.</li> <li>-establish the first music school.</li> <li>-teach musical harmony.</li> <li>-introduce the oud to the world</li> </ul>

\* الاسم + verb 2 ..... , verb 2 ..... and verb 2 ..... .  
 Also, he /she + verb 2 ..... .

Wind energy	Solar energy
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Use wind turbines.</li> <li>-Work only when there is wind.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Work only when there is wind.</li> <li>-not experience after installation.</li> </ul>

\* العنوان الاول + ( base +s/es) or (base) ..... and + ( base +s/es) or (base)..... .

On the other hand, + العنوان الثاني ( base +s/es) or (base).....  
 and + ( base +s/es) or (base).....

### *Function*

#### *Showing reason*

1- *because / since / as / because of / due to*  
*result showing*

1- *therefore / so / as a result / consequently / because of that -*  
*We couldn't go to the stadium because there weren't any*  
*tickets left.*

*What is the function of the underlined word in the sentence*  
*above?*

*Answer: showing reason*

*- She worked hard; consequently , she did very well in her*  
*exams.*

*What is the function of the underlined word in the sentence*  
*above?*

*Answer: showing result*

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#### *giving advice*

- 1- *Have you thought about ...?*
- 2- *You should ..., no doubt about it.*
- 3- *If I were .... I would ...*
- 4- *My main recommendation is that you ...*

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#### *Comparison*

- 1- *However* 2- *whereas* 3- *although*

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#### *Consequence*

- 1- *As a result of*

*Study the following sentence and answer the question that*  
*follows*

1- *Ahmed: I'm going to stay with a host family could you tell*  
*me what I should do?*

*Rakan: If I were you, I would learn a little about their tradition*  
*first.*

*What is the function of Rakan's statement?*

*Answer: giving advice*

2- Whereas English speakers might say, 'John broke the vase', Spanish or Japanese speakers would use a passive form. What is the function of using whereas in the above sentence.

Answer: comparison

3- As a result of these studies, they have come up with some interesting results. What is the function of using as a result of in the above sentence. Answer: consequence

4- However, an email is quicker and cheaper than a letter. What is the function of using however in the above sentence?

Answer: comparison

### VOCABULARY ( ENGLISH – ENGLISH )

setback	a problem that delays or stops progress	اخفاق
raise	a question to bring up a problem	يسال
optimistic	believing that good things will happen in the future	تفائل
outpatient	someone who goes to a hospital for treatment but does not stay for the night	مريض غير مقيم
expansion	the act of making something bigger	توسع
radiotherapy	the use of controlled amounts of radiation to treat disease	علاج اشعاعي

<i>cancerous</i>	<i>something that has or can cause cancer</i>	سرطاني
<i>ward</i>	<i>a room in a hospital</i>	جناح
<i>paediatric</i>	<i>the area of medicine that deals with children and their illnesses</i>	متعلق بطب الاطفال