

شرح قواعد اللغة الإنجليزية المستوى الثالث للفروع الأكاديمية إعداد الأستاذ حسين أحمد الصفدي مدرسة حرثا اثنوية للبنين



مكتبة الأصدقاء

0775289409

Access	Find information on computer	دخول
blog	Personal website	مدونة
calculation	Using number	حساب
Computer chip	Small piece inside computer store information	رقاقة
Email exchange	Email between two or more people	تبادل الايميلات
Floppy disk	Flexible disk that store computer information	قرص مرن
ICT	Information and communication technology	تكنولوجيا المعلومات والاتصال
PC	Computer used by one person	حاسوب شخصي
post	Put message on the internet	منشور
Rely on	Trust in something or someone	يعتمد
Sat nav system	System tell you where you are	نظام الملاحة
Security setting	Protect your computer from viruses	اعدادات الامان
Smartphone	Phone with advanced technology	هواتف ذكية
Social media	Interaction between people on website	تواصل اجتماعي
Tablet computer	Mobile computer with touch screen	تابلت
whiteboard	Touch screen computer	لوح ذكي
World wide web	Known as the Internet	الشبكة العالمية العنكبوتية
acupuncture	Needle are inserted in the skin	وخز بالابر
ailment	Illness	وعكة
Allergy	Sensitive to something	حساسية
antibody	Substance that fight disease	مضاد حيوي
apparatus	Equipment	جهاز
appendage	Body part	طرف
arthritis	Disease causing painful of the joints	التهاب مفاصل
artificial	Produced by human beings	صناعي
Bounce back	Start to be successful again	النهوض
cancerous	Serious disease cause cancer	سرطان
Coma	Unconsciousness	غيبوبة
Commitment	Promise to do something	التزام
Complementary	Provides an alternative	تكميلي
conventional	Used for a long time	تقليدي
Cope with	Deal successful with situation	يتكيف مع
Cross	Angry	غضب
Decline	Decrease	ينخفض
Dementia	Mental illness	جنون
Drug	Substance used for making medicine	دواء
Expansion	Making something bigger	توسعة
Focus on	Direct your attention at something	يركز
Healthcare	Treatment of illness by doctor	رعاية صحية
Herbal remedy	Mixture of a plant used to prevent	المداواة بالاعشاب
homoeopathy	System of complementary medicine	الطب البديل
immunisation	Protected against an illness	التطعيم
Implant	Prosthetic device implanted in the body	زراعة
Life expectancy	The length of time that is expected to live	توقعات الحياة
Limb	Arm or leg of a person	طرف
Malaria	Dangerous disease by mosquitoes	ملاريا

Migraine	Very bad headache	صداع
Mortality	Death	وفيات
MRI	Magnetic Resonance Imaging	التصوير بالرنين المغناطيسي
Obese	Extremely fat	بدين
Optimistic	Believing that good things will happen	تفائل
Option	May be chosen	خيار
Outpatient	Someone who goes to a hospital	عيادات خارجية
Pediatric	Deals with children	اطفال
Pill	Small round piece of medicine	اقراص
Practitioner	Someone who practice a particular occupation	ممارس
Prosthetic	An artificial body part	صناعي
Radiotherapy	Radiation	العلاج بالاشعة
Raise	Bring up a problem	يزيد المشكلة
Reputation	Common opinion	سمعة
Scanner	Medical instrument produce images	ماسح
Skeptical	Having doubts	متشكك
Setback	Problem that delays or stop progress	انتكاسة
Side effect	Effect of medicine on your body	تأثيرات جانبية
Sponsor	Support a person or an event	يدعم
Strenuous	Needing a lot of effort	شديد
Stroke	Illness when a blood tube in your brain is blocked	صدمة
Symptom	Physical problem might indicate a disease	اعراض
Viable	Effective and able to be successful	قابل للتطبيق
Ward	A room in a hospital	اجنحة
Algebra	Type of mathematics system	علم الجبر
Arithmetic	The branch of mathematics with numerical	علم الحساب
Artificially-created	Not real	مصطنعة
Breathtaking	Wonderful	هانل
Carbon-neutral	Carbon dioxide	كربون
Composition	Piece of music	تأليف
Criticize	To judge	نقد
Desalination	Removing salt from sea water	محطة تحلية
Geometry	The branch of mathematics with properties	الهندسة
Grid	System of wires	خطوط كهرباء
Ground-breaking	New	جديد/ جذري
Inheritance	Money or things you get from someone	ميراث
Irrigate	Supply land with water	الري
Mathematician	Person study mathematics	علم الرياضيات
Megaproject	Very large, expensive project	مشاريع كبيرة
Harmony	Pleasant sound in music	العزف
Outweigh	To be more important than something else	يفوق
Pedestrian	Someone who is walking	المشاة
Philosopher	Someone who studies and write philosophy	فيلسوف
Physician	Someone qualified	طبيب
Polymath	Someone who has a lot of knowledge	متعدد الثقافات
Revolutionise	To change the way people do something	احداث ثورة/ طور
Sustainability	The state of being able to continue forever	مستدامة

Underline	To highlight	يؤكد
Vary	To differ	مختلف
Zero-waste	Producing no waste	خالٍ من الفضلات
Qualify	To be entitled	جودة
Restore	To repair a building	ترميم

الأزمنة/Tenses	الشكل Form	النفى Negative	السؤال Question
past simple الماضي البسيط past , yesterday , ago , last+وقت , (تاريخ ماضي) 2015	حالة الإثبات في الجملة نضع الفعل ما بين قوسين تصريف ثاني اذا كان الفعل غير منتظم واذا كان الفعل ما بين منتظم نضع ed قوسين	حالة النفي في الماضي البسيط نضع (كما هو Didn't + V1	حالة السؤال في الماضي البسيط نضع Did _____ + V1
Past perfect الماضي التام After , before , because	V2 ed didn't+V1	had + V3 hadn't + V3	ننظر للجملة في الماضي التام : الفعل كما في المربع الاول نضع الم يجب ان نضع بالفراغ الفع e had studied , we slept الجملة احتوت على V2 لذلك وضعنا شكل المربع الثاني had+V3
Past continuous الماضي المستمر When , while , as	V2 ed didn't+ v1	Was +ing Were+ing	ننظر للجملة في الماضي التام : اذا كان بها الفعل كما في المربع الاول نضع المربع الثاني والعكس يجب ان نضع بالفراغ الفعل الناقص When I studied , I was eating cake V2 الجملة احتوت was+ing لذلك وضعنا على المربع الثاني
Past perfect Continuous الماضي التام المستمر By + ماضي	حالة الإثبات نضع بالفراغ had + been + ing يمكن ان يأتي بعد تاريخ ماضي By فعل تصريف ثاني	حالة النفي نضع بالفراغ hadn't + been + ing • by the time we arrived, they hadn't been waiting us	حالة السؤال نضع بالفراغ Had + been + ing • Had you been waiting by 2015?

- she her last choice for them last week.
(gave , was giving , had given)
- we didn't bring them any product after they us to stop
working with them.
(told , had told , were telling)
- while they the class, teacher came.
(cleaned , had cleaned , were cleaning)

4. because she had told us the time of celebration, we
camera with us.
(**took** , **had been taking** , **was taking**)
5. While we were watching the show at festival, it(rain)
.
(**had rained** , **rained** , **had been raining**)
6. By 1988, the government (build) two
hospitals in our town.
(**built** , **had built** , **had been building**)

Answers : gave / had told / were cleaning / took / rained / had been building

5. Look! The young boy the lion.
a. feeding b. feeds c. is feeding
6. Jack, your report is O.K but it.....some necessary details.
a. lack b. is lacking c. lacks
7. The heart its rate of pumping according to activity.
a. alters b. alter c. is altering
8. The committee membersout since seven o'clock.
a. are b. have been c. has been
9. I with my grandmother at the moment.
a. stayed b. am staying c. stay
10. Johnon his thesis at the moment.
a. works b. has been working c. is working
11. He financial problems since last year.
a. faced b. was facing c. has been facing
12. Our neighbour sometimeshis house and goes to the country.
a. leave b. leaves c. left
13. Watch out! That blue car you.
a. approaches b. will approach c. is approaching
14. Nuhain England since 1999.
a. was b. had been c. has been
15. This coat is quite cheap. Ita lot of money.
a. not costs b. isn't cost c. doesn't cost
16. They in Chicago for 20 years
a. are b. have been c. is

Answers: consists / is typing / Does / are taking / plays / is feeding / lacks / alerts / have been / am staying / is working / has been facing / leaves / is approaching / has been / doesn't / have been.

الآزمنة Tenses	الشكل Form	النفى Negative	السؤال Question
Future simple المستقبل البسيط think , hope , maybe , possible , 2050 perhaps , tomorrow , , later , , next+وقت . predict , believe , sure , maybe , certain promise , plan , probable soon	في حال احتوت الجملة على will + V1 الدلائل السابقة نضع • I think people <u>will live</u> in the Mars.	حالة النفي دائما في المستقبل البسيط تكون won't + V1 • I <u>won't go</u> to Amman next week.	حالة السؤال عند وجود دلائل المستقبل البسيط Will + V1 • <u>Will you wait</u> me to marry you next year ?
Future continuous المستقبل المستمر in + 'times , exact ... , this time+time القرارات اثناء الحديث	في حال احتوت الجملة على will + be + ing الدلائل السابقة نضع • the phone is ringing I <u>will be answering</u>	حالة النفي دائما في المستقبل المستمر نضع won't + be + ing • in three week 'times , I <u>will be meeting</u> him	حالة السؤال عند وجود دلائل المستقبل المستمر Will + be + ing • <u>Will you be standing</u> here this time tomorrow
Future perfect المستقبل التام By + زمن مستقبل / V1 By 2022	في حال احتوت الجملة على Will + have + V3 الدلائل السابقة نضع	حالة النفي دائما في المستقبل التام won't + have + V3	حالة السؤال عند وجود دلائل المستقبل التام Will + have + V3

- I think, they..... Petra with the archeologists.
(will be visiting , will have visited , will visit)
 - by 2019, the new motorway.....
(will be opened , will have opened , will open)
 - whatwe..... (be, do) in ten years' time?
(will be doing , will have done , will do)
 - we're late, by the time we get to the station, the train.....
(will be going , will have gone , will go)
 - he the notes from his staff by the end of this year.
(will be receiving , will have received , will received)
 - This time next week we at the beach.
(will be sit , will have sat , will sits)
 - My father the newspaper at 8 a.m. tomorrow.
(will be read , will have reading , will read)
 - This time next year, they for their final exams.
(will be preparing , will have prepared , will prepare)
- Answers : will visit / will have opened / will be doing / will have gone / will have received / will have sat / will read / will be preparing**

Correct the verbs between brackets then Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET

- This time next year , students willfor their final exam .
(will prepare , will have prepared , will be preparing)
- The workers at the moment. They're on a break.
(aren't working , have worked , work)
- The government has lately to raise the citizen's awareness of human rights.
(been worked , works , been working)
- Next month , our family in this house for a year .

- (**will have lived** , **are living** , **have lived**)
5. The students in my class about their achievement in science when the bell suddenly rang.
(**had talked** , **were talking** , **talked**)
6. By the time we arrived , they for an hour .
(**had talked** , **had been talking** , **was talking**)
7. Next week , we for the final exams .
(**will be studying** , **are studying** , **have studied**)
8. Will you your homework by seven o'clock?
(**be doing** , **have done** , **do**)
9. Ali About his friend when he received an email from his son.
(**was thinking** , **has been thinking** , **thinks**)
10. Eid al-Adha is a celebration that On the 10 of Thu- Alhijja.
(**begin** , **begins** , **began**)
11. Ibn Rushed who in Cordoba is a famous Islamic polymath.
(**was born** , **had born** , **burns**)
12. In thirty years' time, scientists a cure for cancer.
(**found** , **find** , **will have found** , **were found**)
13.you ever a camel ?
(**Have-riden** , **Are-riding** , **Did-ride**)
14. . My father..... to work in his car every morning.
(**is going** - **goes** - **has gone**)
15. . I..... an English sentence now.
(**have read** - **was reading** - **am reading**)

Answers : will be preparing / aren't working / been working / will have lived / were talking / had been talking / will be studying / have done / was thinking / begins / was born / will have found / have-riden / goes / am reading

16. . He..... some money from the bank at this moment.
(**borrowed** - **is borrowing** - **has borrowed**)
17. The government..... already..... A new school in New Zarqa.
(**has-opened** - **was-opening** - **is opening**)
18. What time do you breakfast ?
(**had** - **have** - **had had**)
19. Salem ill since Christmas.
(**is** - **had** - **has been**)
20. Khalid always..... his hands before eating.
(**washes** , **is washing** , **has washed**)
21.she..... her room every morning ?
(**Is-cleaning** , **Has-cleaned** , **Does-clean**)
22.we this exercise now?
(**Are-writing** , **Have-written** , **Do-write**)
23. The cook..... anything yet.
(**hasn't-prepared** , **isn't preparing** , **doesn't-prepare**)
24. Ali his homework every day.
(**isn't doing** , **doesn't do** , **hasn't done**)
25. Sameer ever the Taj Mahal?
(**Has-seen** , **Is seeing** , **Does-see**)
26. it hard now

- (**Does-rain** , **Is-raining** , **Has-rained**)
27. I don't often coffee.
(**drink** , **drank** , **drunk**)
28. Everything is going well. We.....any problem so far .
(**don't have** , **aren't having** , **haven't had**)
29. Hurry Up! Everybody for you.
(**have waited** , **are waiting** , **wait**)
30. What..... you..... for last two hours ?
(**do-do** , **are-doing** , **have-done**)
31. They took their baby to the doctor because she.....all night
(**cry - cried - had cried - will cry**)
32. It is probably that the Banknew branches in the future.
(**open - opened - had opened - will open**)

Answers : is borrowing / has opened / have / has been / washes / does-clean / Are-writing / hasn't prepared / doesn't go /has-seen / is raining / drink / haven't had / are waiting / have-done / had cried / will open

33. By the year 2000s, peopleradios in different sizes.
(**buy - bought - had bought - were buying**)
34. The pilotall the flight system before he landed.
(**check - checked - had checked - was checking**)
35. This time tomorrow, weto work an hour later .
(**go - will go - will be going - had gone**)
36. By the end of this year, we.....here for ten years.
(**live - lived - will live - will have lived**)
37. Before she went to the library, Huda her mother to prepare lunch.
(**help - helped - had helped - will help**)
38. There a technological revolution since 1943 CE.
(**be - has been - will be - are being**)
39. Hind very hard for several weeks before she did her final exams.
(**work - worked - had worked - will work**)
40. I tennis at school every day.
(**am not playing - don't play - won't play – haven't played**)
41. She tennis every day.
(**isn't play - won't play - doesn't play - haven't played**)
42. What you right now?
(**did \ do - are \ doing - have \ done - will \ do**)
43. Look! The sun

(rise - will rise - is rising - have risen).

44. The children already the sandcastle on the beach.

(build - are building - have built - built)

45. Our neighbour recently to Aqaba.

(move - moved - are moving - has moved)

Answers : had bought / had checked / will be going / will have lived / had helped / has been / had worked / don't play / doesn't play / are doing / is rising / have built / has moved

46. The child hasall night.

(been sleeping - being sleep - are sleep - were sleep)

47. Children often..... computers better than their parents.

(use - are using - used - uses)

48. I'mfrom Ajloun, but I'm staying in Irbid for a few months. I will return to Ajloun in the spring.

(coming - come - came - will come)

49. Nadia has..... her homework for two hours!

(been doing - done - did - do)

50. She..... finished very soon.

(is - will be - was - been)

51. Ian email when my laptop switched itself off.

(was writing - wrote - have written - write)

Answers : been sleeping / use / coming / been doing / will be / was writing

(intend – plan – hope)

1. My friends plan to meet each other without me.

My friends

عند وجود كلمة plan / hope / intend نضع مكانها ونضع مكانها be going to ليصبح الحل :

My friends are going to meet each ...

2. Rana hopes to become a doctor in a big hospital

Rana

3. The government intends to make the Jerash camp's street bigger.

The government

4. The students are planning to download e-books from the internet.

The students

Answers :

1. Rana is going to become ...

2. The government is going to make ...

3. The students are going to download ...

Before / After (and then)

had

Rana ~~drank~~ milk with her brother and then she slept in her bed

After

حل جملة After :

قبل الحل يجب حذف and then ونضع مكانها فاصلة ووضع بعد الفاعل Rana فعل مساعد وهو had

ونتأكد ان الفعل بعد الفاعل V3

معلومة : الحل يكون من بداية الجملة

After Rana had drunk milk with her brother , she slept in her bed.

Rana drank milk with her brother and then she slept in her bed

Before.....

حل جملة Before :

قبل الحل يجب حذف and then ونضع مكانها فاصلة ووضع بعد الفاعل Rana فعل مساعد وهو had

ونتأكد ان الفعل بعد الفاعل V3

معلومة : يجب ان نبدأ الحل من بعد and then ونضع الضمير بأسم الفاعل

, she had drunk milk with her brother. Before Rana slept in her bed

5. My brother took his car to the garage and then the workers washed it.

After

Before

6. Mohammad had his dinner in the garden and then he went to his job.

After

Before

7. Amer got master's degree and then he moved to Canada.

After

Before

Answers : After my brother had taken his car to the garage, the workers washed it – before the workers washed my brother's car, my brother had taken it to the garage / After Mohammad had had his dinner in the garden, he went to his job – Before mohammad went to his job, he had had his dinner in the garden / After Amer had got master's degree, he moved to Canada – Before Amer moved to Canada, he had got master's degree.

Passive (المبنى للمجهول)

past Simple الماضي البسيط ed / V2 didn't	Form الشكل was / were + V3 wasn't / weren't + V3
present Simple المضارع البسيط s/es/مجرد don't doesn't	Form الشكل is / are + V3 isn't / aren't + V3
Past perfect الماضي التام had + V3	Form الشكل had + been + V3 hadn't + been + V3
Present perfect المضارع التام have/ has + V3	Form الشكل have / has + been + V3 haven't / hasn't + been + V3
Modals الأفعال الناقصة can/could/will/would/shall/ should/may/might/must/ have to / has to / had to / be going to	Form الشكل Modals + be + V3

نضع خط على الجملة المتكررة ومن ثم ننظر الي ما قبلها مباشرة ونحدد زمن الفعل ونتبع الخطوات كما في الجدول

- Ahmad **played** football
Football was played.
- They **didn't** buy a new cars
A new cars weren't bought.
- She **writes** an essay
An essay is written
- The workers **don't** build hotels
Hotels aren't built.
- They **had** won a prize
A prize had been won.
- She **hasn't** done the homework

The homework hasn't been done.

- She can't read the book.

The book can't be read

معلومة : يجب ان تميز ما have / has / had وما بين

بين

- Students must obey their teacher .
Their teacher.....
- Ali might build a new villa .
A new villa
- Jordan spends a lot of money on technology.
A lot of money
- I ate two apples yesterday .
Two apples
- The students have passed the exam.
The exam.....
- John had won two medals.
Two medals.....
- Somebody has stolen a bus from outside the school.
A Bus
- The boy writes poems
poems
- Westerns know Arabs for their goodness.
Arabs
- The girl drove the blue car.
The blue car
- The teacher may ask someone to open the window.
Someone
- They have to have some solutions.
Some solutions.....
- They have collected enough money.
Enough money
- They have moved Whole buildings to other places.
Whole buildings
- They will open a new restaurant.
A new restaurant
- The Government planned a new road near my house.
A new road
- The little boy can draw pictures.
Pictures
- The students didn't write the answers in inks.
The answers
- Nobody did the homework.
The homework
- The guard watched the prisoner.
The prisoner
- The employees have brought up this issue during the meeting.
This issue

22. They will not play soccer.
Soccer
23. They sent me some flowers.
Some flowers
24. She is going to give you a present.
A present
25. People saw smoke coming out of the forest.
Smoke
26. The government must save the historical sites.
The historical sites
27. The farmer must water the plants in order to grow.
The plants
28. Hatem should send the car to the garage.
The car
29. The patient must take the medicine on time.
The medicine
30. Samer must fill in the job application form.
The job application form
31. Everyone must save the natural resources.
The natural resources
32. Children mustn't leave bicycles in the driveway.
Bicycles
33. Many people begin new projects in January
new projects.....
34. You must wash that shirt for tonight's party.
That shirt
35. Mum is going to prepare the food.
The food.....
36. They make shoes in that factory.
Shoes
37. They had finished preparations by the time the guests arrived.
Preparations
38. The delegation will meet the visitors at the airport.
The visitors.....
39. We have produced skis here since 1964.
Skis
40. All workers will read the memo.
The memo.....
41. They also speak German at EU meetings.
German.....
42. Someone reads the newspaper to him every day.
The newspaper.....
43. The Chinese discovered acupuncture thousands of years ago.
Acupuncture.....
44. The police locked up the criminals.
The criminals

45. The robbers made up the story.
The story.....
46. The Browns have built the large house.
The large house.....
47. They gave her a nice present.
A nice Present.....
48. The storm destroyed the house.
The house.....
49. Ben will direct the show.
The show.....
50. The dog has broken the window pane.
The window.....
51. You must pay the bill first.
The bill
52. You shouldn't speak to your neighbor.
Your neighbor
53. Your impolite tone surprises my friends.
My friends.....
54. An unknown author wrote the book.
The book
55. They stole the money out of his dad's room.
The money.....
56. Nobody hasn't given out the news yet.
The news.....
57. The thieves had stolen all the gold.
All the gold.....
58. Edison didn't invent the gramophone.
The gramophone.....
59. They might take the old man to the hospital.
The old man.....
60. They could have kicked my mum out of the restaurant.
My mum.....

Answer

1. must be obeyed
2. might be built
3. are spent
4. were eaten
5. has been passed
6. had been won
7. has been stolen
8. are written
9. are known
10. was driven
11. may be asked
12. have to be had.
13. has been collected

14. have been moved
15. will be opened
16. was planned
17. can be drawn
18. weren't written
19. wasn't done
20. was watched
21. has been brought up
22. will not be played
23. were sent
24. is going to be given
25. was seen
26. must be saved
27. must be watered
28. should be sent
29. must be taken
30. must be filled
31. must be saved
32. mustn't be left
33. are begun
34. must be washed
35. is going to be prepared
36. are made
37. had been finished
38. will be met
39. has been produced
40. will be read
41. is spoken
42. is read
43. was discovered
44. were locked up
45. was made up
46. has been built
47. was given
48. was destroyed
49. will be directed
50. has been broken
51. must be paid
52. shouldn't be spoken
53. are surprised
54. was written
55. was stolen
56. haven't been given
57. had been stolen

58. wasn't invented
59. might be taken
60. could have been kicked

Verbs followed by “to infinitive” to + V1 الأفعال التي يتبعها	Verbs followed by “Gerund” ing الأفعال التي يتبعها
want , plan , hope , afford , intend ,	stop , start

ننظر الى ما قبل الفراغ ونحدد الفعل اذا كان يحتاج ing او اذا كان يحتاج الى to+V1

- 1- I want to get a apartment but I can't **afford** ___to borrow___ money at the moment.
(borrow)
- 2- Some parents **stop** ___dealing___(deal) with their children violently.
- 3- He stop _____(stay) in the house rather than going sightseeing.
- 4- Fatima want _____(be) with children very much.
- 5- Rakan plan _____(learn) Arabic at school.
- 6- 3-I stop _____(wait) for a bus but they wanted to walk.
- 7- He is hoping _____(study) medicine.
- 8- The car has run out of fuel. We should stop _____(fill) it with fuel.
- 9- I'm stopping _____(download) e-books from the internet.
- 10- We wanted _____(play) tennis, but it was rainy.
- 11- When I was younger, I started _____(ride) my bike.
- 12- He had a heart attack. He should stop _____(smoke) soon.
- 13- I'll intend _____(take) more books with me to study.
- 14- I stopped _____(run) because I was out of breath.
- 15- Stop _____(cry) and tell me what's the matter.

Answers :

staying - to be - to learn - waiting - to study - filling -
downloading - to play - ridding - smoking -
to take - running - crying

not allowed to = **mustn't**
 allowed to = **can**
 isn't necessary to = **don't have to**
 is necessary to = **have to**
 intend / plan / hope = **be going to + V1**

- They **aren't allowed to** wear this jacket

They mustn't wear this jacket.

1. It is necessary to write the answers in ink.
You
2. She is allowed to meet him in the boulevard.
She
3. He isn't allowed to travel abroad because he is wanted.
He
4. It isn't necessary to speak loudly in the mosque.
You
5. You aren't allowed to leave your car here .
You.....
6. It is necessary to study well for the exam .
You
7. It isn't necessary to come to school on Friday .
You
8. You aren't allowed to sleep late.
You.....
9. It is necessary to write the exam in pencil.
You.....
10. She allowed to wear a red jacket.
She.....

1. You have to write the answers in ink.
2. She can meet him in the boulevard.
3. He mustn't travel abroad because he is wanted.
4. You don't have to speak loudly in the mosque.
5. You mustn't leave your car here.
6. You have to study well for the exam
7. You don't have to come to school on Friday.
8. You can't sleep late.
9. You have to write the exam in pencil.
10. She can wear a red jacket

If conditionals

الجملة الشرطية

المضارع البسيط :

إذا كان قبل الفراغ فاعل مفرد نضيف
للفعل

s/es

وننفيه بـ doesn't+V1

إذا كان قبل الفراغ جمع يبقى الفعل
كما هو و ننفيه

don't+ V1

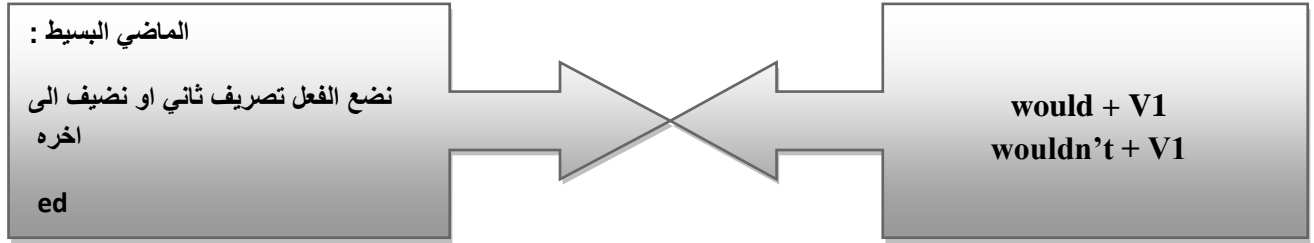
Will + V1

Wont + V1

ننظر للجملة المكتوبة : إذا كان بها if ننظر للفاعل ما بعد if ومن ثم نحدد الفعل بعده ويجب ان يكون الفعل مضارع بسيط كما هو مكتوب اعلاه حتى نضع بالفراغ will

- If you **forget** the book, I _____ you. (hit)
الجواب will + v1
- If he _____ hard, He **will pass** the exams. (study)
الجواب يكون studies

لان will موجودة لذلك ننظر ما قبل الفراغ والفاعل مفرد فنتبع قاعدة المضارع البسيط ولو كان نفي نضع doesn't + V1 لان المفرد بالمضارع البسيط ينفي بذلك وضعنا للفعل



- If you **forgot** the book, I _____ you. (hit)
الجواب **would + v1** يكون
- If he _____ hard, He **would pass** the exams. (study)
الجواب يكون **studied**

ed لان would موجودة لذلك ننظر ما قبل الفراغ والفاعل مفرد فنتبع قاعدة الماضي البسيط ولو كان نفي نضع didn't + V1 لان الماضي البسيط ينفي بذلك وضعنا

Correct the erbs between brackets.

1. If you..... computer games all day, you won't have time to study. (play)
2. If she to see us, we will go to the zoo. (come)
3. Would you mind if I the window? (open)
4. If I it, nobody would do it. (not, do)
5. If he hard, He will pass the exams. (study)
6. If I were you, I their invitation. (accept)
7. If the weather nice, we will go for a walk. (be)
8. If I had more time, I another language. (learn)
9. If Ali had his computer, heto use his friend's computer. (not, need)
10. If I had time, I (go) shopping with you.
11. If you..... (speak) English, you will get along with them perfectly.
12. My friend (meet) me at the station if he gets the afternoon off.
13. If my father (not /pick) me up, I'll take the bus home.
14. If we meet at 9:30, we..... (have) plenty of time.
15. Lisa would find the milk if she..... (look) in the fridge.
16. If you spoke louder, your classmates..... (understand) you.
17. Dan (arrive) safe if he drove slowly.
18. If Salma (swim) in this lake, she'll shiver from cold.
19. If I (be) rich, I would travel around the world.
20. If you press that button, the machine (work)
21. If Majed focuses on driving more, he..... any accidents. (not make)
22. If Hadeel..... (walk) faster, she won't be late.
23. Our team would win the match if they..... (play) enthusiastically.
24. If I..... (be) you, I would stay at home.
25. You won't finish on time if you..... (not work) harder.
26. I..... (not buy) these things if I were you.
27. If you go to Egypt, what..... (you visit) ?

28. What..... (you do) if you were me?
29. We will have to walk if we..... (run out) of petrol here.
30. I will send you a message if I..... (know) your email address.
31. If Hadeel eats too much chocolate, she..... (gain) weight fast.
32. If it is too cold, the river..... (freeze)
33. if I come to see you tomorrow, I..... (bring) the books.
34. if he..... (leave) school he will go to university.
35. We will come and visit you if it..... (rain).
36. If Ali runs all the way to the station, he..... (catch) the bus.
37. If I were you, I..... (take) care of my health.
38. We will come back if the storm..... (get) worse.
39. My mother..... (feel) sick if she eats fish.
40. if Rawan studies hard, she..... (pass) her exams.
41. if you keep silent, I..... (help) you.
42. You will make progress in English as long as you..... (study) every day.
43. Maha will not get better if she her medicines. (take)
44. if you offer him a good price, Ahmad..... (not sell) you his car.
45. Majed will get the job provided that he..... (do) well in the interview.
46. You would get a reward if you..... (do) well in the exam.
47. If you.....a high grade, you'll attend the university. (get)
48. If he.....me tonight, I'll have enough money for the tickets. (pay)
49. If he smokes so much, he.....rid of his cough. (not, get)
50. If theyhardworking, they'll get a good result. (be)
51. If this car costs too much money, I.....it. (not \ buy)
52. If the weathernice tomorrow, we will go on a picnic. (be)
53. If Ienough time tomorrow, I'll write to my parents. (have)
54. Ia tomato salad for the picnic tomorrow if the tomatoes in my garden are ripe. (make)

Answers

1. play
2. comes
3. opened
4. didn't do
5. studies
6. would accept
7. is
8. would learn
9. wouldn't need
10. would go
11. speak
12. will meet
13. doesn't pick
14. will have

15. looked
16. would understand
17. would arrive
18. swims
19. were
20. will works
21. won't make
22. walks
23. played
24. were
25. don't work
26. wouldn't buy
27. will you visit
28. would you do
29. run out
30. know
31. will gain
32. will freeze
33. will bring
34. leaves
35. rains
36. will catch
37. would take
38. gets
39. will feel
40. will pass
41. will help
42. study
43. takes
44. won't sell
45. does
46. did
47. get
48. pays
49. won't get
50. are
51. wont buy
52. is
53. have
54. will make

إعادة الصياغة بهذه القاعدة تكون على اعطاء النصيحة ...

كل ما عليك هو ان تحذف I think you should وتستبدلها بـ If I were you, I would ونكمل الجملة

- **I think you should** check the spelling of the new learnt words in the dictionary.
If I were you , I would check the spelling of the new learnt words in the dictionary.
 1. I think you should choose the perfect one .
If
 2. I think you should meet him to know that he was good person
If
 3. I think you should study hard to get high grade.
If
 4. I think you should learn a new language to learn more.
If
 5. I think you should talk to her in that moment.
If
 6. I think you should invent something that not exist.
If
 1. If I were you , I would choose the perfect one .
 2. If I were you , I would meet him to know that he was good person
 3. If I were you , I would study hard to get high grade.
 4. If I were you , I would learn a new language to learn more.
 5. If I were you , I would talk to her in that moment
 6. If I were you , I would invent something that not exist

to make

Heat the water to make to it boil.

If.....

في هذه الحالة نتبع هذه القواعد:

1. نحذف to make ووضع مكانها فاصلة
2. ما قبل الفاصلة يتم كتابته كما هو ولكن نضع بداية الجملة الاولى you
3. وبعد الفاصلة نضع للفعل s ويكون الفعل اخر الجملة

If you heat the water , it boils

Press that button to make the picture move.

If _____

If you press that button , the picture moves

Reported speech

الكلام المنقول

Present → past → past perfect (had+V3)

Will	would
Can	could
Shall	should
May	might
Must	Had to
Has/have	Had
Does/do	did
Did	Had done

is / am	Was
Are	Were
was/were	had been
don't/doesn't	didn't
didn't + V1	hadn't + V3

Yesterday	The day before
Last time	The time before
Tomorrow	The following day
Next time	The following time
Now	Then
This	That
These	Those
Here	There
Today	That day
Tonight	That night
At the moment	At that moment

I	He or she (المتكلم)
We	They
Me	Him or her (المتكلم)
us	Them
my	His , her (المتكلم)
our	Their
Your	Her, his, their.(المستمع)
فاعل You	She, he, they, (المستمع)
مفعول به You	Her, him, them (المستمع)

1. يحول الفعل المضارع الى ماضي والفعل الماضي الى ماضي تام.
2. دائما الفعل بعد الموديل وبعد to لااا يحوول
3. المتكلم : يعني الاسم الاول مثل : **Mohammad** told Abeer
4. المستمع : يعني الاسم الثاني : **Mohammad** told **Abeer**
5. You : فاعل دائما تقع قبل الفعل مثل : **you** send flower
6. You : مفعول به يقع بعد الفعل مثل : I will **wait** **you**

1. "I really enjoyed the book that I finished this morning."
Tariq said
2. "I love this town."
John said
3. "I can't drive a lorry."
He said
4. "I always wake up early,"
He said
5. "I saw Amy at the bank on Monday."
Manal said that.....
6. "I'm going to turn right at the traffic lights."
The driver said that
7. "I've returned the dictionary to the library".
Ayham said
8. "I'll send you the results as soon as they arrive."
Rawan told Rayan
9. "I'll lend you my grammar book if you think it will help."
Ahmad told Raneem
10. "I don't like chocolate"
Hamza told.....
11. "We went out last night"
Ali and Ahmad said
12. " I'm coming!"
She said that
13. "I was waiting for the bus when he arrived"
Suzan said that.....
14. "I didn't go to the party"
Sa'ed said
15. "He hasn't eaten breakfast"
She said that.....
16. "I do my homework carefully."
She told me
17. "I have never seen such a beautiful match."
He said that.....
18. Laila doesn't smoke a pipe.
Salma said that
19. "I hadn't travelled by underground before I came to London."
He said that
20. "Sara and Farah are living in Amman."
Lina told me that
21. "The engineers are going to design the new highway next month."
The manager said that

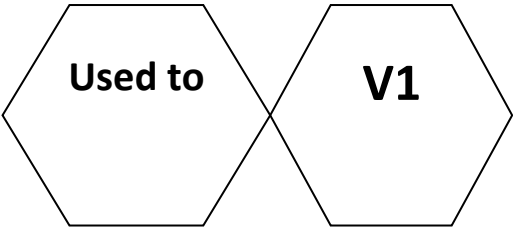
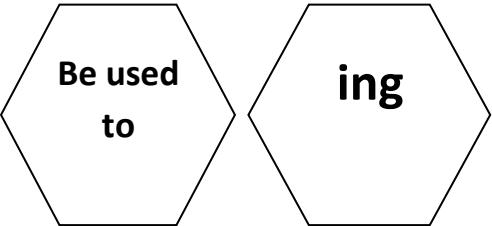
22. "My mother will celebrate her birthday next weekend."
Rami said that
23. 'I am studying English at the moment.'
He added that
24. "We will prepare a presentation about the usage of solar power in the area."
The students said
25. 'I'm sure the soup will be delicious.'
He said that
26. 'Mum , I was working on my application all evening.'
Mais told Mum that
27. ' We made a big party last week.'
Amro told Yaser that
28. 'Heba's taken my CD player.'
Hind told Eman that
29. 'We don't argue about anything. '
They said that
30. ' We are taking our grandchildren on holiday .'
They said they
31. " I don't make mistakes in the exams" .
Rana said that
32. We didn't fly to Aqaba last night .
The students said that
33. " My uncle saw a terrible accident yesterday "
Ahmed said that

Answer

1. he really had enjoyed the book that he had finished that morning.
2. he loved that town.
3. he couldn't drive a lorry.
4. he always woke up early,
5. she had seen Amy at the bank on Monday.
6. he was going to turn right at the traffic lights.
7. he had returned the dictionary to the library.
8. She would send him the results as soon as they arrive.
9. he would lend her his grammar book if she thought it would help.
10. he didn't like chocolate
11. they had gone out the night before
12. she was coming!
13. she had been waiting for the bus when he had arrived
14. he hadn't gone to the party
15. He hadn't eaten breakfast
16. she did her homework carefully.
17. he had never seen such a beautiful match.
18. Laila didn't smoke a pipe.
19. he hadn't travelled by underground before he had come to London.
20. Sara and Farah were living in Amman.
21. The engineers were going to design the new highway the following month .
22. My mother would celebrate her birthday the following weekend.
23. he was studying English at that moment.

24. they would prepare a presentation about the usage of solar power in the area.
25. He was sure the soup would be delicious.
26. Mum , she had been working on her application all evening.
27. they had made a big party the week before.
28. Heba was taken her CD player.
29. they didn't argue about anything.
30. they were taking their grandchildren on holiday .
31. she didn't make mistakes in the exams .
32. they hadn't flown to Aqaba the night before .
33. his uncle had seen a terrible accident the day before .

used to / be used to

<p>Used to + V1 didn't use to + V1</p>	<p>Be used to + ing Not be used to + ing</p>
<p>Used to : اعتدت على وهي تتحدث عن عادة في الماضي مثلاً : اعتدت على شرب القهوة</p> <p>I <u>used to drink</u> a coffee لو لاحظت ان الفعل بعد used to فعل مجرد لعدم وجود افعال be قبل used to</p> <p>My father _____ read. (<u>used to</u> , <u>is used to</u> , <u>use to</u>) لان بعد الفراغ الفعل مجرد نختار used to</p> <p>My father used to _____. (<u>read</u> , <u>reading</u> , <u>reads</u>) لان قبل الفراغ used to ولم تسبق بأفعال be نختار الكلمة التي تدل ع الفعل المجرد</p> <p>My children didn't _____. (<u>used to run</u> , <u>used to running</u> , <u>use to run</u>) لان قبل الفراغ اداة نفي didn't يجب ان نختار use to +V1</p>	<p>Be used to : اعتاد على وهي تتحدث عن عادة ملتزم بها بالوقت الحالي ومستمر عليها مثلاً : اعتاد على شرب القهوة</p> <p>I <u>am used to drinking</u> coffee لو لاحظت ان الفعل بعد am used to اخره ing وذلك لوجود افعال be قبل used to</p> <p>My father _____ reading. (<u>used to</u> , <u>is used to</u> , <u>use to</u>) لان بعد الفراغ الفعل ing نختار is used to</p> <p>My father is used to _____. (<u>read</u> , <u>reading</u> , <u>reads</u>) لان قبل الفراغ used to وسبقت بأفعال be نختار الكلمة التي اخرها ing</p> <p>My children aren't _____. (<u>used to run</u> , <u>used to running</u> , <u>use to running</u>) لان قبل الفراغ فعل be حتى لو كان منفي نختار الخيار used to + ing</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">  </p>	<p style="text-align: center;"> أفعال be : was - were - am - are - is  </p>

احيانا هذه القاعدة تأتي على إعادة الصياغة ونستدل عليها ببعض الكلمات مثل :

Normal / normal /usual / customary

Used to + V1	Be used to + ing
<p>It was normal for my dad to fix his car. My dad _____ اذا كان قبل normal كلمة was فإننا نتبع قاعدة used to + V1 ونكتب V1 بعد to في الجملة My dad used to fix his car.</p>	<p>It is normal for my dad to fix his car. My dad _____ اذا كان قبل normal كلمة is فإننا نتبع قاعدة be used to + ing ونكتب ing للكلمة بعد to في الجملة My dad is used to fixing his car. وضعنا is لان ما قبل الفراغ my dad مفرد</p>
<p>It wasn't normal for me to eat quickly. I _____ اذا كان قبل normal كلمة wasn't فإننا نتبع قاعدة didn't use to + V1 ونكتب V1 بعد to في الجملة I didn't use to eat quickly تذكر ان تكتب بعد didn't كلمة use</p>	<p>It isn't normal for me to eat quickly. I _____ اذا كان قبل normal كلمة isn't فإننا نتبع قاعدة (be) used to + ing بمعنى ان ننفي بأحد افعال be I am not used to eating quickly.</p>

جمل وزارية

1. It is normal for my friend now to send emails.
My friend is
 2. It is not normal for American people to eat steak for lunch and dinner every day. It is expensive.
American people
 3. It is not normal for my grandfather to have nothing to do all day .
My grandfather
1. My friend is used to sending emails
 2. American people aren't used to eating steak
 3. My grandfather isn't used to having nothing to do all day.

Complete each of the following sentences in a way it means the same as the sentence before it.

1. It was normal that she went to sleep at 9 p.m.
She _____.
2. It was normal for me to get up early.
I _____.
3. It is normal for my sisters now to get up early.
My sisters _____.
4. It is not normal any more for my friends to speak English.
My friends _____.
5. After a few months, it was not normal any more for me to speak English.
I _____.
6. It is normal for me now to write with my left hand.
I _____.
7. It is normal for my brother now to get up early to study.
My brother is _____.
8. I wasn't used to watching TV every morning , but now I often do .
I _____.
9. It isn't normal for my babies to drink natural milk.
My babies _____.
10. It wasn't normal for Arabs to defend of Palestinian issue.
Arabs _____.
11. It is normal for Abeer to wait her proposal for a long periods.
Abeer _____.
12. It was normal for my uncle to be fluent in many languages.
My uncle _____.

Answers :

1. She used to sleep at 9 p.m.
2. I used to get up early.
3. My sisters are used to getting up early.
4. My friends aren't used to speaking English.
5. I didn't use to speak English.
6. I am used to writing with my left hand.
7. My brother is used to getting up early to study.
8. I didn't use to watch TV every morning.
9. My babies aren't used to drinking natural milk.
10. Arabs didn't use to defend of Palestinian issue.
11. Abeer is used to waiting her proposal for a long periods.
12. My uncle used to be fluent in many languages.

1. Igo shopping in the local supermarket.
(used to - am used to - use - uses)
2. There..... be so much pollution, but these days it is a global problem.
(didn't use to - wasn't used to - aren't used to - use)
3. There..... be a lot more wild animals in the past, but they are becoming rare nowadays.
(was used to - used to - used - use)
4. Salma has been practising the oud really hard and she..... playing it.
(is now used to - now used to - used - use)
5. I understand English, but now I do.
(didn't use to - am used to - use - uses)
6. My family and I go camping once a month, but we stopped doing that when we moved to the city.
(used to - are used to - used - use)
7. Joining a gym can be very tiring at first if youdoing much exercise.
(didn't use to - aren't used to - used - use)
8. When I was young, I fishing with my dad every weekend.
(used to go - is used to going - used to going – use to go)
9. When we were younger, welive in a village.
(used to - are used to - used - use)
10. My grandparents didn't..... send emails when they were my age.
(use to - is used to - used - use)
11. We always go to the market across the street, so we..... eating fresh vegetables.
(used to - are used to - used - use)
12. Please slow down. Iwalking so fast!
(am not used to - is used to - didn't use to - use)
13. When you were younger, did youplay in the park?
(used to - is used to - used – use to)
14. When I was a student, I work very hard.
(used to - is used to - used - use)
15. Are you..... living in Jordan yet? You've only been here for two months.
(used to - use to - used to - use)

Answers : used to / didn't use to / used to / is now used to / didn't use to / used to / aren't used to / used to go / used to / use to / are used to / am not used to / use to / used to / used to

Relative pronouns

Who	للشخص العاقل بعدها فعل
Whose	للشخص العاقل بعدها اسم
When	للزمن او الوقت
Which / that	للأشياء الغير عاقل
Where	للأماكن

Fill in the blanks with the correct relative pronoun:

- Do you know anyone _____ could help me fix my computer?
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- A hammer is a tool _____ is used to knock nails into wood.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- This is the time of the year _____ many people suffer from hayfever.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- The shop _____ we usually buy our bread has closed down.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- The boy _____ dog was hit by a car has not been to school for 3 days.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- An orphanage is a place _____ children who have no parents can live
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- My friend, _____ doesn't have a cell phone, suddenly knocked on the door
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- I talked to the girl _____ car had broken down in front of the shop.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- Mr Richards, _____ is a taxi driver, lives on the corner.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- July and August are the months _____ most people go on holiday.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- We often visit our aunt in Norwich _____ is in East Anglia.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- This is the girl _____ comes from Spain.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- The restaurant _____ she works is very expensive.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- That's Peter, the boy _____ has just arrived at the airport.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- A boy _____ sister is in my class was in the bank at that time.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- Thank you very much for your e-mail _____ was very interesting.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- The day _____ I arrived was very nice.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- My brother lives in a small town _____ there is only one library.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- The man, _____ father is a professor, forgot his umbrella.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- The children, _____ shouted in the street, are not from our school.
(who - where - which - when - whose)
- The car, _____ driver is a young man, is from Ireland.

(who - where - which - when - whose)

22. My sister lives in a big city _____ has several libraries.

(who - where - which - when - whose)

23. What did you do with the money _____ your mother lent you?

(who - where - which - when - whose)

A woman _____ daughter was crying tried to calm her. (who

- where - which - when - whose)

Answers : who / which / when / where / whose / where / who / whose / who / when / which / who / where / who / whose / which / when / where / whose ; / who / which / which / which / whose

الجمل الجزئية

Cleft sentences

The person who الشخص الذي

The time / year when السنة / الوقت الذي

The thing which الشيء الذي

The place where المكان الذي

هذه الجمل تسمى الجمل الجزئية ويأتي السؤال عليه بالوزارة في إعادة الصياغة السؤال الثالث فرع B

Huda won a price last year in Amman

The person _____

هنا يطلب السؤال عن الشخص بالجملة وهي **هدى** لذلك نتبع الخطوات التالية :

1. نكتب الاسم الموصول للجملة المكتوبة فمثلا :

The person who - the place where - the time/year when - the thing which

2. ومن ثم نكتب الجملة من البداية ما عدا المقصودة فمثلا

في الجملة السابقة كانت المقصودة هدى لذلك نكتب الجملة كاملة من البداية ما عدا هدى

3. نكتب was / is

نحدد الجملة إذا كانت بالماضي ام بالمضارع وذلك من خلال اذا كان بها تاريخ ماضي او فعل تصريف ثاني

4. نكتب المقصودة

The person who won a prize last year in Amman was **Huda**

Huda won a price last year in Amman

The thing which Huda won last year in Amman was **a prize.**

The time when Huda won a prize in Amman was **last year.**

The place where Huda won a prize last year in was **Amman.**

هذه الجمل تسمى الجمل الجزئية ويأتي السؤال عليه بالوزارة في إعادة الصياغة السؤال الثالث فرع B

Huda won a price last year in Amman

It _____

هنا يطلب السؤال عن الجملة التي تحتها خط وهي **هدى** لذلك نتبع الخطوات التالية :

1. نكتب was / is

نحدد الجملة إذا كانت بالماضي ام بالمضارع وذلك من خلال اذا كان بها تاريخ ماضي او فعل تصريف ثاني

2. نكتب المقصودة

3. نكتب الاسم الموصول للجملة المكتوبة فمثلا لو كانت الكلمة التي تحتها خط عاقل نستخدم **who**

ولو كانت غير عاقل نستخدم **which** ولو كانت زمن او وقت نضع **where** ولو كانت مكان نضع **where**

4. ومن ثم نكتب الجملة من البداية ما عدا المقصودة فمثلا

في الجملة السابقة كانت المقصودة هدى لذلك نكتب الجملة كاملة من البداية ما عدا هدى

It was Huda who won a prize last year in Amman.

Huda won a price last year in Amman

It was a prize which Huda won last year in Amman.

It was last year when Huda won a prize in Amman

It was Amman where Huda won a prize last year.

1. I like **English** most of all .
The subject _____
2. Queen Rania opened the children's museum of Jordan in **2007 CE**
The year _____
3. Al- kindi is especially famous **for his work in Geometry** .
It is _____
4. The first athletic event for disabled athletes took place in 1948 CE .
The year _____
5. **Taha Hussein** is especially famous for his work in literature .
It is _____
6. **My neighbors' generosity** impresses me more than anything else.
The thing that _____
7. Petra was made a world heritage site in 1985 CE.
The year _____
8. I stopped working at **11 p.m.**
It was _____
9. **My father** has influenced me most.
The person _____
10. I like **Geography** most of all.
The subject _____
11. **The heat** made the journey unpleasant.
It was _____

12. **Al-Kindi** contributed to the invention of the oud.
The person who _____
13. Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in **Iraq**.
The country where _____
14. **Ali ibn Nafi** ' established the first music school in the world.
It was _____
15. **Jabir ibn Hayyan** also invented ink that can be read in the dark.
It was _____
16. The Egyptians built **the pyramids**.
It was the _____
17. Ghazal bought a new mobile last night.
The time _____
It _____
18. Zaid plays the piano in the café very well.
The place _____
It _____
19. My husband bought a new flat from our neighbour last Saturday
The thing _____
It _____

Answers :

1. The subject which I like most of all is English.
2. The year when Queen Rania opened the children's museum of Jordan in was 2007 CE
3. It is for his work in Geometry which Al- kindi is especially famous
4. The year when The first athletic event for disabled athletes took place in was 1948 CE
5. It is Taha Hussein who is especially famous for his work in literature .
6. The thing that impresses me more than anything else is my neighbors' generosity
7. The year when Petra was made a world heritage site in was 1985 CE.
8. It was at 11 p.m when I stopped working.
9. The person who has influenced me most is my father.
10. The subject which I like most of all is Geography.
11. It was The heat which made the journey unpleasant.
12. The person who contributed to the invention of the oud was Al-Kindi.
13. Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in was Iraq.
14. It was Ali ibn Nafi' who established the first music school in the world.
15. It was Jabir ibn Hayyan who invented ink that can be read in the dark.
16. It was the pyramids which The Egyptians built
17. The time when Ghazal bought a new mobile was last night
It was last night when Ghazal bought a new mobile.
18. The place where Zaid plays the piano in very well is the café.
It is in the café where zaid plays piano in very well.
19. The thing which my husband bought from our neighbour last Saturday was a new flat
It was a new flat which my husband bought from our neighbour last Saturday

Derivation

(Noun Verb Adverb Adjective Noun)

Noun	tion	ment	age	hood	ist	ity	ism	sion	Dom
	nce	ture	ness	Th	gy	ship	er	or	Ice
Adj	ous	ic	ful	ive	ent	ary	al	ant	Ble
	less	ish	ler	ed	ing				
Verb	ise	ize	ate	ify	eve	en			
Adv	ly								

ننظر الى ما قبل الفراغ وما بعده .

(الاسم) Noun	(أمثلة) Examples
<p>1. A/an/the دائما اذا كان قبل الفراغ اداة تعريف نختار الخيار الذي يدل ع الاسم لكن اذا جاء بعد الفراغ اسم نختار الخيار الذي يدل على الصفة.</p>	<p>1.He takes the to travel tomorrow . (decide, decision, decided)</p> <p>2.Ali is good at language and history but math is a (weak, weakness, weaken)</p> <p>3.An..... will be responsible for the preparations of the festival . (organize, organized, organization)</p>
<p>2. of, on, for, from, with, without, up, down, in, at, between, among, through, during, out, into, about, by قبل وبعد of</p>	<p>1. They must depend onto finish this task as soon as possible . (patient, patience, patiently)</p> <p>2.Her tendency to be untidy has led to an element of (disorganize , disorganized, disorganization)</p>
<p>3. his , her, my , its , our , your , their ('s / s')</p>	<p>1.Education is our country's in the future . (investment, invest, invested)</p> <p>2.My brother's in three languages enabled him to find a well-paid job. (fluent, fluently, fluency)</p>
<p>4. Noun + Verb اذا كان بعد الفراغ فعل نضع اسم</p>	<p>1..... must be encouraged at all levels . (Educate, education, educational)</p>
<p>5. (most / more) بعد الكلمات السابقة نضع اسم شرط ان لا تسبق بأفعال (is / are / am / was / were)</p>	<p>1. we need more in the school. (educate , education , educational) وجود more ولم تسبق بأحد افعال be</p>

<p>6. this, that , these , those</p>	<p>1.I am really interested in that ,it was actually great . (civilize, civilization, civilized) 2.This has been made by an earthquake (destroy, destruction, destructive)</p>
<p>7. Little /some/ many/few/much / most /other /another /any/ enough , no, all</p>	<p>1.Mothers need much in their working hours . (flexibility, flexible, flexible) 2. Is there any..... between them ? (differ, difference, different)</p>
<p>8. Adjective + Noun دائما بعد الصفات اسماء</p>	<p>1.We were completely amazed by his fantastic (succeed, successful, success) 2.She received an excellent (Educate, education, educational). 3. The earthquake caused enormous.....to a lot of cities and town. (destroy, destruction, destructive)</p>

1. Many instruments that are still used today in..... were designed by Arab scholars.
(operate, operative, operations)
2. Another craft practised in Madaba is the of ceramic items.
(creative, creatively, creation)
3. I will be going to university to continue my
(educate, educative, education)
4. Have you seen Nasser's..... of postcards? He's got hundreds!
(collection, collect, collective)
5. The Middle East is famous for the.....of olive oil.
(production, product, productive)
6. My father bought our house with an.....from his grandfather.
(inherit, inherited, inheritance)
7. Do you think the wheel was the most importantever?
(invent, invented, invention)
8. Al-Kindi made many important mathematical
(discover, discoveries, discovered)
9. In our Maths exam, we have to write down our..... as well as the answers.
(calculation, calculate, calculated)

Answers : operations / creation / education / collection / production / inheritance / invention / discoveries / calculation

(الصفة) Adjective	(أمثلة) Example
1. Adjective + noun دائما قبل الاسماء صفات	1.It was a attempt to climb Mount Everest. (succeed, successful, success) 2.The success of the 1960s and 1960s was funded by oil. (economy, economic, economically) 3.Doing lots of exercise won't keep you healthy if you don't eat food as well. (nutrients, nitrous, nutrition)
2. (is, are, am, was, were, been, being, be)	1.Prices in some shops are not (negotiate, negotiable, negotiation) 2.Fumes from cars areand can damage the environment. (poison, poisonous, poisonously)
3. be (very , so , quite , too,)	1.The graduation ceremony was a veryoccasion for everyone. (memory, memorable, memorize) 2.He is soEverybody believes what he says . (reliability, reliable, rely)
4. seem , look , appear , feel , get , become , find ,found , smell ,taste ,sound	1. Education has become for both boys and girls . (necessity, necessary, necessitate)
5. as as ,	1.Ahmad is as as Ali . (care, careful, carefully)
6. be (more / most) be شرط ان تسبق بأفعال	2. I think she is the mostplayer. (skillful, skill, skillfully)

- Petra is an important..... site.
(**archaeology, archaeological, archaeologically**)
- I will be going to university to continue my paths
(**educate, educative, education**)
- Scholars have discovered an.....document from the twelfth century.
(**origin, originate, original**)
- Who was the mostwriter of the twentieth century?
(**influence, influential, influentially**)
- Art, music and literature are all part of our life.
(**culture, cultural, culturally**)

Answers : archaeological / educational / original / influential / cultural

(فعل) Verb	(أمثلة) Examples
1. to	1.The teacher is going to.... us in this question (helpful, help, helped) 2. Parents try totheir children from danger as far as possible. (protection, protective, protect)
2. will , would , shall , should ,can ,could ,may , might , must, do ,does , did	1.If you work hard, I'm sure you will..... (success, successful, succeed) 2.They are identical .Do they from each other ? (difference, differ, different)
3. Noun + verb بعد الاسماء نضع فعل She , he , it , you , I , we , they	1. Many room of the hotelin size and cost. (different, differ, difference)

بعد الظرف	
اذ سبق بأفعال be	اذا لم يسبق بأفعال be
صفة	فعل

1. When do you..... to receive your test results?
(expectancy, expect, expected)
2. In our exam, we had to.....a text from Arabic into English.
(translation, translate, translated)
3. They are going to..... a new air conditioning unit in our flat.
(installation, installed, install)

Answers : expect / translate / install

دائما بعد الاسماء افعال لكن هناك حالات شاذة تسمى المتلازمات :

1. There are certain foods that can strengthen your.....system.

(immunize, immunization, immune)

في الجملة السابقة كان علينا اختيار خيار صفة لان ما بعد الفراغ اسم لكن هذه الحالة متلازمات نضع اسم

1. Immunization system
2. Infant mortality
3. Life expectancy
4. Irrigation system
5. Blood circulation
6. Revsion timetable
7. Brain development

Adverb (الظرف)	Examples (أمثلة)
1. , وجود فاصلة بعد الفراغ	1....., people bet married at the weekends . (Traditional, Traditionally, Tradition)
2. Noun Verb وجود قبل الفراغ اسم وبعد الفراغ فعل	1.My friend drove along the narrow road . (careful, care, carefully) 2.The boys..... responded to the teacher's order . (polite, politely)
3. is - are – am – was – were – do - did – does – have – has – had – will – would – can – could – shall – should – may – might إذا جاء قبل الفراغ فعل مساعد مثل الكلمات أعلاه وكان بعد الفراغ فعل نضع ظرف	1. Omar haspassed his driving test. (success, successfully, succeed) 2. They willmove all of them. (peace, peacefully, peaceful)
4. (very, too, so, quite) + adverb شرط ان يسبق هذه الكلمات فعل	1. Ali drives soin the city centre. (care, careful, carefully) 2. Rana spoke too in the meeting. (loud, loudly)
5. Verb + adverb بعد الأفعال دائما ظروف	1. The wind was blowing (violence, violent, violently)

1., the whole process is done by hand, from the washing of the wool to the finished article.

(Traditional, Tradition, Traditionally)

2. Markets have different types of food which areprepared from animal product.

(artificial, artificially, artifice)

Answers : traditionally / artificially

معلومات مهمة : عند وجود اي من دلائل الأسماء قبل الفراغ وكان بعد الفراغ اسم لا يجوز ان نضع اسم انما نختار صفة.

And / as well as / or هذه الكلمات تربط بين كلمتين نفس الاشتقاق

People love learning more if they are presented in beautiful **and** way.

(enjoyable , enjoy , enjoyment)

Complete the following sentences with the suitable words **derived** from the words in the box below and write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

2. On the tiny island of Arran in Scotland, the local people are bringing back an ancient

(tradition , traditional , traditionally)

3. When do youto receive your test results .

(expectancy , expectantly , expect)

4. My father bought our house with an from his grandfather.

(inherit , inheritance)

5. Who was the most writer of the twentieth century?
(**influence , influential , influentially**)
6. Thank you for your help, I really it.
(**appreciation , appreciate**)
7. We went to a concert yesterday. The music was written by a new young composer, so it was
(**contemporisation , contemporary**)
8. King Hussein was a world figure in the twentieth century.
(**mortality , mortal , mortally**)
9. Ali has done a and decided that he can buy his mother the larger bunch of flowers .
(**calculate , calculation , calculative**)
10. There is an interesting new video at the gallery in the city.
(**install , installation ,**)
11. Jordan's infant rates declined more rapidly than anywhere else in the world.
(**mortality , mortal , mortally**)
12. man proposes to a woman, not the other way round.
(**Traditional - Tradition - Traditionally**)
13. Photography and painting are two examples of the arts.
(**vision - visual - visually**)
14. Many candy advertisements are usually presented in an Manner in the TV .
(**attract , attraction , attractive**)
15. Markets have different types of food which are prepared from products.
(**artificial , artificially , artifice**)
16. The system must be linked with the requirement of social development for any country and economic.
(**educational education , , educate**)
17. Jordan has a of being a friendly and welcoming country It is one of the safest places to visit in the Middle East .
(**repute , reputation , reputational**)
18. The newly constructed project use recycled water which helps the.....of the environment
(**sustainability , sustainable , sustain**)
19. Taha Hussein is one if the most writers of the twentieth century
(**influence , influential , influentially**)
20. Imagination is the source of
(**create , creation , creative**)
21. Bank customers can their checking accounts instantly through the electronic system
(**accessible , access , accessibility**)
22. Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say ti is
(**viable , viably , viability**)
23. Most doctors used to be about the validity of homoeopathy.
(**skeptical , skeptic , skeptically**)

24. 20. Complementary medicine can never substitute for as it will not produce the antibodies.
(immunization , immune , immunize)
25. Athletes with legs can take part in the Paralympics.
(prosthetic, prosthesis , prosthetically)
26. plants are becoming a popular method of providing water for people living in areas that have little fresh water.
(Desalinate , Desalination , Desalinated)
27. There is a particular Bedouin style of weaving that buyers find very.....
(attraction , attractive , attract)
28. Scholars have discovered an document from the twelfth century.
(origin , originally , original)
29. Adeb rightly deserves his as one of the youngest inventors in the world.
(repute , reputation , reputed)
30. Many people expect instant cures, and prefer to get a
(prescribe , prescription , prescriptive)
31. Artists usually meet to discuss ideas and each other's work.
(criticize ,criticism , critic)
32. Beethoven classified as a symbol of art, unfortunately he is not a..... artist.
(contemporary , contemporize)
33. I think the hybrid car is the most important in this decade.
(invent , invention , inventor)
34. The Jordan Valley can.....sufficient food for Jordan.
(production, produce , productive)
35. By somes, the population in Jordan will reach 12 million soon.
(calculate, calculation , calculated)
36. It is widely believed that new technology is going to everything we do in our life.
(revolution, revolutionise, revolutionary)
37. Farmers use Fertilizers so that they can harvest their crops earlier.
(artifice , artificial , artificially)
38. The fast of cities can cause social and economic problems.
(expand, expansion, expandable)
39. Some people areto penicillin. It is very important to tell your doctor.
(allergy, allergic, allergies)
40. Most of the clinics of the Ministry of Health.....children against many dangerous diseases.
(inoculation, inoculate , inoculated)
41. One of the options to solve shortage of water is the.....of sea water.
(desalinate, desalination, desalinated)
42. Ibn Hiayan is.....supposed to be the father of Chemistry.
(tradition, traditional, traditionally)
43. The construction of a new dam is hoped that it will.....the area.
(irrigation , irrigate)
44. Al-Khwarizmi was a famous Arab..... .
(mathematics, mathematician, mathematical)
45. Unemployment, which is increasing year after year, needs a solution.

- (viability, viable, viably)
46. Eating wisely and taking regular exercise is very method of keeping fit and healthy.
- (rely, reliable , Reliance)
47. In Japan, after-school courses are usually
- (option, optional, optionally)
48. There are certain foods that can strengthen your.....system.
- (immunize, immunization, immune)
49. Computer hackers can your computer's hard drive and steal your personal information.
- (accessible , access, accessibly)
50. Our company has ato good quality and excellent customer service.
- (commit, commitment, committed)
51. Many people use herbs as a.....for various simple diseases.
- (remedial, remedially, remedy)
52. Scientists are cautiously about finding an effective cure for cancer in the near future.
- (optimism , optimistic, optimistically)
53. We should use the mass media extensively to.....about the danger of terrorism.
- (publicity, publicize, public)
54. I didn't trust the man. Indeed, I was very.....about his intentions.
- (skepticism, skeptical, skeptically)
55. Salem is going to buy a new house after he has got a big..... .
- (inherit, inheritance, inherited)
56. medicine is a wide variety of health care practices that may be used along with standard medical treatment.
- (complement, Complementary, complementation)
57. My grandfather was a very.....businessman.
- (success, successful, successfully)
58. With your talents and knowledge, you have a good potential for.....
- (success, successful, successfully)
59. You can'tresults before carrying out the experiment.
- (conclusion, conclude, Conclusive)
60. The detectives came to the.....that the criminal must have used a knife.
- (conclusion, conclude, Conclusive)
61. I think that you shouldn't..... everything you read on the Internet.
- (belief, believe, believable, believably)
62. There is a growing.....that the policies of the government won't succeed.
- (belief, believe, believable, believably)
63. We are looking for an experienced.....to stop the bleeding in the child's stomach.
- (surgeon, surgery, surgical)
64. Theof this programme is for young graduates who don't have work experience.
- (intend, intention, intentional, intentionally)
65. What do you.....to do after leaving school?
- (intend, intention, intentional, intentionally)
66. Exercise is said to improve and regulate blood..... .
- (circulate, circulation, circulated)

67. Basic education of ten years isin Jordan for all children.
(compel, compulsion , compulsory)
68. I have a terrible..... for names; it is so embarrassing.
(memorise, memory, memorial)
69. Walking can be obviously.....to your health.
(benefit, beneficially , beneficial)
70. In Jordan , is compulsory from age six to age sixteen.
(educate, education, educational)
71. Research has confirmed that brain.....is a lifelong process.
(develop, developed, development, developing)
72. It is improbable to succeed without good planning and..... .
(organize, organization, organised)
73. The police are still investigating to find out whether the killing was.....or not.
(intention, intend, intentional)
74. In Jordan, a lot of customers usually..... over prices.
(negotiation, negotiate, negotiable)
75. A good leader should be able to be flexible and.....with unexpected situations.
(adapt, adaptation, adaptable)
76. Rania is one of the most.....worker in the organisation.
(ambition, ambitious, ambitiously)
77. Mr. Ahmad is a very.....and hard-working teacher.
(conscientious, conscience, conscientiously)
78. Two letters of reference are..... in my application form.
(enclosed , encloses, enclose)
79. The boy wasn't really.....about doing his homework last night.
(enthusiasm, enthusiastic, enthusiastically)
80. The negotiations between the two leaders was carried out through an.....
(interpret, interpretation, interpreter)
81. You can't get a job in that corporation unless you have a good..... .
(refer, reference, referential)
82. Pollution is not aproblem; on the contrary, it can affect the whole world.
(region, regional, regionally)
83. The main objective of our.....is to protect wild life in Jordan.
(organise, organisation, organised)
84. Students who are hard working and do much practice usually.....high scores on their tests.
(achievement, achieve, achievable)
85. Having good nutrition and physical activity on daily basis is important for brain.....
(develop, development, developed)
86. You can.....on me to get the best offers in the market.
(depend, dependence, dependent)
87. is necessary for children to be able to memorise new vocabulary and grammar.
(Repeat, Repetition, Repeatedly)
88. Teachers consume a lot of time to.....their students' homework and exams
(correct, correction, correctly)
89. Upon my doctor's..... I stopped drinking tea after having a meal.

- (recommend, recommendation, recommended)
90. It is important to plan your time for revision before exams.
(particular, particularize, particularly)
91. The new generations have little.....of their past history.
(know, knowledge, knowledgeable)
92. We should improve our products regularly because of the.....market.
(compete, competition, competitive)
93. Dr. Hassan is a.....doctor. He has carried out very sensitive surgical operations.
(competently, competence, competent)
94. My father decided to go into..... despite the meager income.
(teach, teacher, teaching)
95. Special care should be given to.....children.
(create, creation, creative)
96. Scientists are looking for.....ways to generate energy.
(economy, economise, economical)
97. We should help students to develop theirthinking.
(criticise, criticism, critical)
98. Before you can get an admission in any German university, you need to prove a goodlevel in German.
(proficiency, proficient, proficiently)
99. The museum has anand amazing collection of modern art
(extend, extension, extensive)
100. Dr. Hassan was chosen to meet the French delegate as he could speak French..... .
(fluent, fluency, fluently)
101. I am so sorry that you felt offended; it was not
(intend, intention, intentional)

ANSWER :

Tradition	viable	traditionally	belief	regional
expect	skeptical	irrigate	surgeon	organization
inheritance	immunization	mathematician	intention	achieve
influential	prosthetic	viable	intend	develop
appreciate	Desalinated	reliable	circulate	depend
contemporary	attractive	optional	compulsory	Repetition
mortal	original	immune	memory	correct
calculation	reputation	access	beneficial	recommendation
install	prescription	commitment	education	particular
mortality	criticize	remedy	development	knowledge
Traditional	contemporary	optimistic	organised	competitive
visual	invention	publicize	intentional	competent
attractive	produce	skeptical	negotiate	teaching
artificially	calculation	inheritance	adaptable	creative
educational	revolutionise	Complementary	ambitious	economy
reputation	artificial	successful	conscientious	critical
sustainability	expansion	success	enclosed	proficiency
influential	allergic	conclude	enthusiastic	extensive
creation	inoculate	conclusion	interpretation	fluently
access	desalination	believe	reference	Intentional

تطبيقات شاملة لقواعد المستوى الثالث

Correct the verbs between brackets then Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET

1. This time next year , students willfor their final exam .
(prepare , have prepared , be preparing)
2. The workers at the moment. They're on a break.
(aren't working , haven't worked , didn't work)
3. The government hashardly to raise the citizen's awareness of human rights.
(been worked , works , been working)
4. The ruins by thousands of tourists every day.
(were viewed , have been viewed , are viewed)
5. Next month , our family in this house for a year .
(will have lived , are living , have lived)
6. The students in my class about their achievement in science when the bell suddenly rang.
(had talked , were talking , talked)
7. By the time we arrived , they for an hour .
(had talked , had been talking , was talking)
8. The bus is late. If itsoon, we will get a taxi.
(didn't arrive , don't arrive , doesn't arrive)
9. Next week , we for the final exams .
(will be studying , are studying , have studied)
10. I want to get a new apartment but I can't affordmoney at the moment.
(borrowing , borrow , to borrow)
11. Will you your homework by seven o'clock?
(be doing , have done , do)
12. Ali About his friend when he received an email from his son.
(was thinking , has been thinking , thinks)
13. If a city everything and doesn't throw anything away , it is zero waste.
(recycled , recycles , recycle)

Answers : be preparing aren't working been working
are viewed will have lived were talking had
been talking doesn't arrive will be studying
borrowing have done was thinking

14. Many Jordanian poems now into English , so that people can read them and translate them into English.
(are – translated , have – been translated , were – translated)
15. Eid al-Adha is a celebration that On the 10 of Thu- Alhijja.
(begin , begins , began)
16. Ibn Rushed who in Cordoba is a famous Islamic polymath.
(was born , had born , burns)
17. The prize huda won last year was for Arts.
(when , where , which , who)

18. In thirty years' time, scientists a cure for cancer.
(**found** , **find** , **will have found** , **were found**)
19.you ever a camel ?
(**Have-ridden** , **Are-riding** , **Did-ride**)
20. . My father..... to work in his car every morning.
(**is going** - **goes** - **has gone**)
21. . I..... an English sentence now.
(**have read** - **was reading** - **am reading**)
22. . He..... some money from the bank at this moment.
(**borrowed** - **is borrowing** - **has borrowed**)
23. A new school..... already..... in New Zarqa.
(**has-opened** - **was-opening** - **is opening**)
24. What time do you breakfast ?
(**had** - **have** - **had had**)
25. Salem ill since Christmas.
(**is** - **had** - **has been**)
26. Khalid always..... his hands before eating.
(**washes** , **is washing** , **has washed**)
27.she..... her room every morning ?
(**Is-cleaning** , **Has-cleaned** , **Does-cleaned**)
28.we this exercise now?
(**Are-writing** , **Have-written** , **Do-write**)
29. The cook..... anything yet.
(**hasn't-prepared** , **isn't preparing** , **doesn't-prepare**)

Answers:	are – translated	begins	was born	which
	will have found	Have-ridden	goes	am reading
	is borrowing	has-opened	have	has been
	washes	Does-cleaned	Are-writing	hasn't -prepared

30. Sameer ever the Taj Mahal?
(**Has-seen** , **Is seeing** , **Does-see**)
31. it hard now
(**Does-rain** , **Is-raining** , **Has-rained**)
32. I don't often coffee.
(**drink** , **drank** , **drunk**)
33. Everything is going well. We.....any problem so far .
(**don't have** , **aren't having** , **haven't had**)
34. Hurry Up! Everybody for you.
(**have waited** , **are waiting** , **wait**)
35. What..... you..... for last two hours ?
(**do-do** , **are-doing** , **have-done**)
36. They took their baby to the doctor because she.....all night.
(**cry - cried** - **had cried** - **will cry**)
37. It is probably that the Banknew branches in the future .
(**open - opened** - **had opened** - **will open**)

38. By the year 2000s, peopleradios in different sizes.
(buy – bought - had bought - were buying)
39. The pilotall the flight system before he landed.
(check - checked - had checked - was checking)
40. the manager intends hethe employees new benefits.
(grant - granted - had granted - is going to grant)
41. This time tomorrow, weto work an hour later .
(go - will go - will be going - had gone)
42. By the end of this year, we.....here for ten years.
(live - lived - will live - will have lived)
43. Where have you been? I for ages.
(wait - am waiting - have waited - will wait)
44. Before she went to the library, Huda her mother to prepare lunch.
(help - helped - had helped - will help)

Answers : has-seen / is-raining / drink / haven't had / are waiting / have done / had cried / will open / had bought / had checked / is going to grant / will be going / will have lived / have waited / had helped

45. We had the computer because it had stopped working.
(repair - repaired - repairing)
46. There a technological revolution since 1943 CE.
(be - has been - will be - are being)
47. Hind very hard for several weeks before she did her final exams.
(work - worked - had worked - will work)
48. I tennis at school every day.
(am not playing - don't play - won't play – haven't played)
49. She tennis every day.
(isn't play - won't play - doesn't play - haven't played)
50. The train at 8 am every morning.
(leave - left - is leaving - leaves)
51. I on the phone right now.
(talk - talked - am talking - had talked)
52. What you right now?
(did \ do - are \ doing - have \ done - will \ do)

53. I..... anything now.
(don't \ do - am not \ doing - hasn't \ done - didn't \ do)
54. Look! The sun
(rise - will rise - is rising - have risen).
55. The children already the sandcastle on the beach.
(build - are building - have built - built)
56. Our neighbor recently to Aqaba.
(move - moved - are moving - has moved)
57. The child hasall night.
(been sleeping - being sleep - are sleep - were sleep)

Answers : repaired / has been / had worked / don't play / doesn't play / leaves / am talking / are-doing / am not doing / is rising / have built / has moved / been sleeping

58. Children often..... computers better than their parents.
(use - are using - used - uses)
59. If youcomputer games all day, you won't have time to study.
(will play – play - played - are playing)
60. I want toa tablet, but I can't afford to buy one at the moment.
(get - getting - am detting - got)
61. 26.Look at the black sky! It's..... soon!
(raining - going to rain - rains - rain)
62. I'mfrom Ajloun, but I'm staying / stay in Irbid for a few months. I will return to Ajloun in the spring.
(coming - come - came - will come)
63. Nadia has..... her homework for two hours!
(been doing - done - did - do)
64. She..... finished very soon.
(is - will be - was - been)
65. If Ali..... his own computer, he wouldn't need to use his friend's computer.
(had - has - had had - have)
66. Ian email when my laptop switched itself off.
(was writing - wrote - have written - write)
67. Igo shopping in the local supermarket, but it closed two years ago, so now I have to drive into town to shop.
(used to - am used to - use - uses)
68. There..... be so much pollution, but these days it is a global problem.
(didn't use to - wasn't used to - aren't used to - use)
69. There..... be a lot more wild animals in the past, but they are becoming rare nowadays.
(was used to - used to - used - use)
70. Salma has been practising the oud really hard and she.....playing it.

(is now used to - now used to - used - use)

71. I understand English, but now I do.

(didn't use to - am used to - use - uses)

Answers : use / play / get / going to rain / coming / been doing / will be / had / was writing / used to / didn't use to / used to / is now used to / didn't use to

72. My family and I go camping once a month, but we stopped doing that when we moved to the city.

(used to - are used to - used - use)

73. Joining a gym can be very tiring at first if youdoing much exercise.

(didn't use to - aren't used to - used - use)

74. When I was young, I go fishing with my dad every weekend.

(used to - is used to - used - use)

75. When we were younger, welive in a village.

(used to - are used to - used - use)

76. By the end of this year, we..... here for ten years.

(will live - will be living - will have lived - live)

77. My grandparents didn't..... send emails when they were my age.

(use to - is used to - used - use)

78. Rashedgo swimming every morning, but now he doesn't.

(used to - is used to - used - use)

79. We always go to the market across the street, so we..... eating fresh vegetables.

(used to - are used to - used - use)

80. Please slow down. I..... walking so fast!

(am not used to - is used to - didn't use to - use)

81. When you were younger, did youplay in the park?

(used to - is used to - used - use)

82. I go shopping in the local supermarket, but it closed two years ago, so now I have to drive into town to shop.

(used to - am used to - used - use)

83. When I was a student, I work very hard.

(used to - is used to - used - use)

Answers : used to / aren't used to / used to / used to / will have lived / use to / used to / are used to / am not used to / use to / used to / used to

84. In three years' time, my brother..... graduated from university.
(has - will have - is going to - will)

85. Where did they..... to school?
(used to going - used to go - use to go - use going)

86. Children often computers better than their parents.
(used to - are used to - used - use)

87. Does your brother intend hethe army next year?
(joins - joined - will join - has joined)

88. I've lived here for ten years now so I'm used to in the city.
(drive - drone - will drive - driving)

89. In the 1950s, technologyenough for inventors
(develop - had developed - will develop - is developing)

90. I intend Medicine at university.
(to study - study - studying)

91. She ----- tennis everyday.
(aren't play doesn't play isn't play don't play)

92. Every twelve months, the Earth ----- around the sun.
(circle circled circles has circled)

93. He -----never ----- his wallet.
(forget forgot forgets has forgotten)

94. ----- Salem visit Ali every day ?
(Do Did Is Does)

95. We ----- always listen to music.
(don't doesn't aren't haven't)

96. I ----- the present continuous now.
(study studying am studying have studied)

97. I ----- my father tomorrow.
(will meet meet am meeting will be meeting)

Answers : will have / use to go / use / will join / driving / had developed / to study / doesn't play / circles / has forgotten / Does / don't / am studying / will meet

98. They have ----- the law.
(broke break breaking broken)

99. She ----- for two hours.
(had talked talked will talk has been talking)

100. The police ----- people all week.
(interviewed have been interviewing will interview have interviewed)

101. I ----- a movie yesterday.
(saw have seen see have been seen)

102. I always ----- every morning when I was a student.
(exercise exercised exercising was exercising)

103. I ----- French when I was a child.
(was studying study have studied studied)

104. I ----- TV when she called
(was watching watched were watching have watched)
105. While she ----- a letter the phone rang.
(wrote has written had written was writing)
106. I ----- TV yesterday in the evening.
(was watching watched were watching have watched)
107. By 1860, two men ----- climbing two mountains.
(will have finished has finished had finished finished)
108. By the time the bus arrived, we ----- for an hour.
(had waited had been waiting will have waited waited)
109. The year 2029 ----- a very interesting year.
(will has been had been will be)
110. She ----- probably come back tomorrow.
(is will be has will)
111. I think Brazil ----- the World Cup.
(have won won is going to win will win)
112. She said that she ----- to the National gallery the week before.
(went will go had gone gone)
113. An introductory grammar of Jordanian sign language----- in 2004.
(published was published had been published publishing)
114. The television ----- by John loggie Baird.
(invented was invented is invented d- will be invented)

Answers : broken / has been talking / have been interviewing / saw / exercise / was studying / was watching / was writing / watched / had finished / had been waiting / will be / will / will win / had gone / was published / was invented

115. A new vocational school ----- recently in my area.
(built was built has been built is built)
116. Different goods among the countries can be ----- by traders.
(transporting transport transported transports)
117. If you boil water, it ----- .
(will evaporate evaporate would evaporate evaporates)
118. If Sami studies hard, he ----- all his exams.
(pass passes will pass would pass)
119. If I ----- you, I would send a text message .
(was were am had)
120. I had my computer ----- .
(fix fixes fixing fixed)
121. I intend ----- English language.
(learn learns to learn learning)
122. I want ----- a tablet.
(to get getting will get get)
123. I can't afford ----- a computer at the moment.
(to buy buying must buy going to buy)
124. If Ali ----- his own computer, he wouldn't need to use his friend's computer.
(has have had had had)

125. Are you planning ----- shopping tomorrow ?
(to go going will go goes)
126. 53 . My grandparents didn't -----emails when they were my age.
(used to send use to send used to send use to sending)
127. We always go to the market across the street, so we ----- fresh vegetables.
(are used to eating are use to eat used to eat use to eating)
128. This time next month, my parents ----- for twenty years.
(will marry will have married are going to marry marry)

Answers : has been built / transported / will wvaporate / will pass / were / fixed / to learn / to get / to buy / had / to go / use to send / are used to eating / will have finished /

Complete each of the following items so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it , and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

1. My neighbors' generosity impresses me more than anything else.
The thing that
2. It is not normal for American people to eat steak for lunch and dinner every day. It is expensive.
American people
3. Tala took three English courses in the British Council and then she went to Britain to study medicine .
Before Tala
4. . Taha Hussein is especially famous for his work in literature .
It is
5. I think you should check the spelling of the new learnt words in the dictionary.
If I
6. My parents have saved enough money to fund our university courses .
Enough money
7. "We will prepare a presentation about the usage of solar power in the area ."
The students said
8. It is normal for my friend now to send emails. **My friend is**
9. The first athletic event for disabled athletes took place in 1948 CE .
The year
10. Safwan usually discharges my laptop .
My laptop
11. It is not normal for my grandfather to have nothing to do all day .
My grandfather
12. Petra was made a world heritage site in 1985 CE.
The year
13. Schools provided children with basic education.
Safwan said
14. It is normal for my younger brother to use his electronic dictionary.
My younger brother
15. The second world war ended in 1945 in Europe.
The year
16. Ghazal bought a new mobile last night
The time
17. Tolai plays the piano in the cafe very well.
The place.....
18. My husband bought a new flat from our neighbor last Saturday
The thing
19. Yesterday I bought all the ingredients for a chocolate cake.
Huda told me
20. Somebody has found my missing laptop.

- My missing laptop**
21. It is normal for me now to get up early to study.
I am
22. The Egyptians built **the pyramids**.
It was
23. **Queen Rania** opened the Children’s Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE.
It was
24. Perhaps Issa’s phone is broken.
Issa’s phone
25. It isn’t necessary to switch off the screen.
You
26. You are not allowed to touch this machine.
You
27. I think you should send a text message.
If
28. Ibn Sina was a polymath and is also known as Avicenna.
The person who
29. He has written many books, but **his final book** made him famous all over the world.
He has written many books, but it
30. Ali intends to finish his project tonight.
Ali is
31. Mohammad checked his emails, and then he started work.
Before Mohammad
32. Nobody invited Sameer to the party.
Sameer
33. Our teacher told us that we should prepare well for the final exams".
Rahaf said that
34. It is not necessary to watch the game tonight.
You
35. Laila checked her spelling, and then she gave the treatise to her teacher.
After
36. It is normal for me to run between 4to 5 km.
I
37. “I shouldn’t waste my time arguing with stupid people.
Manal told me.....
38. “The doctor detected a strange virus in my blood yesterday.
” **Hani said that**
39. Jordan has signed free trade agreements with the USA and Japan.
Free trade agreements.....
40. You are not allowed to tell anybody about this discovery.
You
41. Perhaps Nawal is studying in the library now.
Nawal.....
42. It is normal now for us to eat frozen meat.
We are.....
43. My uncle spent most of his life in Spain.
The place
44. Najwa annoys her neighbors with her drum.
The person

45. Neil Armstrong was the first man to step on the moon in 1969.
It was.....
46. Neil Armstrong stepped on the moon in 1969.
The year.....
47. “I didn’t understand what you have just said.”
Majed told Huda.....
48. You are not allowed to use a calculator in the exam.
You mustn’t.....
49. It was a normal habit that I went to sleep at 9 p.m, but now I don’t.
I.....
50. It wasn’t a normal habit for me to get up early
I.....
51. It is not normal any more for me to speak English. .
I am.....
52. After a few months, it was not normal any more for me to speak English.
I.....
53. Mohammad studied several books. Later, he wrote the research paper.
Before.....
54. They ate fish at the restaurant. Then, they began to feel sick.
After.....
55. The company had sent the new employees on a training course.
The new employees.....
56. The earthquake has killed several people.
Several people.....
57. Rami found it was normal to work at night.
Rami.....
58. It is not normal for me to spend Fridays at home.
I am.....
59. “You have taught me very important things in life.”
Amira told her father that.....
60. The police stopped two men last night for being suspects of the crime.
Two men.....
61. It was a normal for me to wake up early when I was a child.
I used to.....
62. It was not normal for me to wake up early.
I.....
63. Ali won the world heavyweight championship in 1964.
The person.....
64. Henry Ford produced inexpensive cars for all people.
It was Henry Ford.....
65. My uncle visited Paris in 2008.
It was 2008.....
66. Our teacher told us about the dangers of the Internet yesterday.
Farida said.....
67. My father used to play football when he was young.
My father didn’t.....
68. It is normal for Salma to play the oud now.
Salma is.....

69. I just got glasses this week. It is not normal for me to wear them, so I'm still having difficulty.
I am not..... .
70. Amer hopes to become a teacher one day.
Amer is..... .
71. Do you intend to buy tickets for the play?
Are you?
72. The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE.
The year..... .
73. Al-Jazari invented the mechanical clock in the twelfth century.
The thing..... .
74. Jabir bin Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in Iraq.
The country
75. **The heat** made the journey unpleasant.
It was
76. Perhaps Manal is not happy with her new job. (might)
Manal..... .
77. It isn't necessary to bring your passport. (have)
You..... .
78. You are not allowed to open this file. (must)
You..... .
79. I think you should revise well for your exams. (would)
If
80. Rami sent me a message, then he visited me. (before)
Before Rami
81. Sami studied Physics at the University of Jordan. (who)
It
82. I was born in 1997. (when)
The year..... .
83. The Second World War ended in 1945. (when)
It
84. We buy all our needs from Mecca Mall. (where)
It..... .
85. Manal met her husband in France. (where).
The place..... .
86. It is normal for me now to live in such a hot weather. (used to)
I am..... .
87. I think you should look for a new job. (would)
If I..... .
88. Our teacher explained the grammatical rule, then he gave us a quiz. (before)
Our teacher had
89. It is possible that Sami is in the library now. (might)
Sami..... .
90. Someone broke the window of my car last night. (was)
The window of my car
91. It is not necessary to wear a suit for the meeting. (have)
You..... .
92. You aren't allowed to enter this room. (must)
You..... .
93. My mother made a delicious cake for us last night.

- The person**..... .
94. My mother made a **delicious cake** for us last night.
It
95. Sami uses the Internet to find information about anything.
The thing.....
96. Sami uses the Internet to find information about anything.
It..... .
97. Ahmad’s car was stolen **yesterday**.
It..... .
98. **Ahmad’s car** was stolen yesterday.
It..... .
99. Ahmad doesn’t speak Chinese well.
The language..... .
100. My parents arrived in London on Friday.
The day..... .
101. “I can install this condition in a suitable place.”
The technician man told me..... .
102. “My husband has been helping me to overcome the problem.”
The woman said that..... .
103. “ It is likely that all aspects of everyday life will rely on a computer program.”
He said that.....
104. “I connected to the Internet last night and communicated with my friends.
Firas told me that.....
105. “We are planning to introduce computer technology in the classroom.”
The Minister said that..... .
106. “ We are going to Ajloun to visit its castle.”
I told my father that..... .
107. “People must turn on privacy settings on social media.”
A computer expert said that..... .
108. “I’m making a trip to Wadi Rum next week.”
Rawan said that.....
109. “I never give out personal information on the Internet.”
Amer told me..... .

Answers

1. **The thing that** impresses me more than anything else is My neighbors' generosity.
2. **American people** aren't used to eating steak for lunch and dinner every day. It is expensive
3. **Before Tala** went to Britain to study medicine, she had taken English courses in the British Council
4. **It is** Taha Hussein who is especially famous for his work in literature .
5. **If I** were you , I would check the spelling of the new learnt words in the dictionary.
6. **Enough money** has been saved
7. **The students said** They would prepare a presentation about the usage of solar power in the area .
8. **My friend is** used to sending emails.

9. **The year** when The first athletic event for disabled athletes took place in was 1948 CE .
10. **My laptop** is discharged
11. **My grandfather** is used to having nothing to do all day
12. **The year** when Petra was made a world heritage site in was 1985 CE.
13. **Safwan said** Schools had provided children with basic education.
14. **My younger brother** is used to using his electronic dictionary.
15. **The year** when The second world war ended in was 1945 in Europe.
16. **The time** when Ghazal bought a new mobile was last night
17. **The place** where Tolai plays the piano very well is in the cafe.
18. **The thing** which My husband bought from our neighbor last Saturday was a new flat
19. **Huda told me** The day before she had bought all the ingredients for a chocolate cake.
20. **My missing laptop** has been found
21. **I am** used to getting. up early to study.
22. **It was** the pyramids which The Egyptians built.
23. **It was** Queen Rania who opened the Children’s Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE.
24. **Issa’s phone** might be broken
25. **You** don’t have to switch off the screen.
26. **You** mustn’t touch this machine.
27. **If I were you** , I would send a text message.
28. **The person who** was a polymath and is also known as Avicenna was Ibn Sina
29. **He has written many books, but it** his final book which made him famous all over the world.
30. **Ali is** going to finish his project tonight.
31. **Before Mohammad** started work he had checked his emails
32. **Sameer** wasn’t invented
33. **Rahaf said that** their teacher had told them that they should prepare well for the final exams".
34. **You** don’t have to watch the game tonight
35. **After** Laila had checked her spelling, she gave the treatise to her teacher.
36. **I am** used to running between 4to 5 km
37. **Manal told me** she shouldn’t waste her time arguing with stupid people.
38. **Hani said that** the doctor had detected a strange virus in his blood the day before.
39. **Free trade agreements** have been signed
40. **You** mustn’t tell anybody about this discovery..
41. **Nawal** might be studying in the library now..
42. **We are** used to eating frozen meat.
43. **The place** when My uncle spent most of his life in was Spain.
44. **The person** who annoys her neighbors with her drum is Najwa.
45. **It was** Neil Armstrong who was the first man to step on the moon in 1969.
46. **The year** when Neil Armstrong stepped on the moon in was 1969.
47. **Majed told Huda** he didn’t understand what she had just had said.”
48. **You mustn’t** use a calculator in the exam.
49. **I** used to sleep at 9 p.m, but now I don’t..
50. **I** didn’t use to get up early
51. **I am** used to speaking English. .
52. **I** didn’t use to speak English.

53. **Before** Mohammad wrote the research paper, he had studied several books.
54. **After** they had eaten fish at the restaurant, they began to feel sick.
55. **The new employees** had been sent.
56. **Several people** have been killed
57. **Rami** used to work at night.
58. **I am** used to spending Fridays at home..
59. **Amira told her father that** he have taught her very important things in life.”
60. **Two men** were stopped.
61. **I used to** wake up early when I was a child.
62. **I didn't** use to wake up early.
63. **The person** who won the world heavyweight championship in 1964 was Ali
64. **It was Henry Ford** who produced inexpensive cars for all people.
65. **It was 2008** when My uncle visited Paris in was 2008.
66. **Farida said** their teacher had told them about the dangers of the Internet the day before.
67. **My father didn't** use to play football when he was young..
68. **Salma is** used to plaing the oud now
69. **I am not** used to wearing them so I'm still having difficulty..
70. **Amer is** going to become a teacher one day.
71. **Are you** going to buy tickets for the play?
72. **The year** when The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in was 784 CE.
73. **The thing** which Al-Jazari invented in the twelfth century was the mechanical clock.
74. **The country** where Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in was Iraq.
75. **It was** The heat which made the journey unpleasant.
76. **Manal** might not be happy with her new job..
77. **You** don't have to bring your passport..
78. **You** mustn't open this file.
79. **If I were you** , I would revise well for your exams.
80. **Before Rami** . visited me, he had sent me a message
81. **It was Sami** who studied Physics at the University of Jordan.
82. **The year** when I was born in was 1997
83. **It was 1945** when The Second World War ended in..
84. **It is Mecca Mall** where We buy all our needs from.
85. **The place** where Manal met her husband in was France.
86. **I am** used to living in such a hot weather.
87. **If I were you** , I would look for a new job..
88. **Our teacher had** explained the grammatical rule before he gave us a quiz
89. **Sami** might be in the library now.
90. **The window of my car** was broken.
91. **You** don't have to wear a suit for the meeting.
92. **You** mustn't enter this room..
93. **The person** who made a delicious cake for us last night was My mother
94. **It was a delicious cake** which my mother made for us last night.
95. **The thing** which Sami uses to find information about anything is the Internet.
96. **It is Sami** who uses the Internet to find information about anything.
97. **It was yesterday** when Ahmad's car was stolen.
98. **It was Ahmad's car** which was stolen yesterday.
99. **The language** which Ahmad doesn't speak well is Chinese.

100. **The day** when My parents arrived in London on was Friday.
101. **The technician man told me** he could install that condition in a suitable place.”
102. **The woman said that** her husband had been helping her to overcome the problem.”
103. **He said that** It was likely that all aspects of everyday life would rely on a computer program.”
104. **Firas told me that** he had connected to the Internet the night before and had communicated with his friends.
105. **The Minister said that** they were planning to introduce computer technology in the classroom.”
106. **I told my father that** they were going to Ajloun to visit its castle.”
107. **A computer expert said that** People had to turn on privacy settings on social media.”
108. **Rawan said that** she was making a trip to Wadi Rum the week after.”
109. **Amer told me** he never gave out personal information on the Internet.”