



# مكتف الأستاذ أنس البلوي المستوى الثالث

2020 (يشمل المعيدين والنظاميين)

للاستفادة من هذا المكتف  
عليك متابعة فيديو هات نشمي  
اكاديمي  
ويوتيوب

هاتف 0789077686  

7/5/2020

الأستاذ أنس البلوي  
العميد

هذا المكثف تفاعلي يلزم لك  
الانضمام على فيسبوك جروب  
(طلاب الاستاذ انس البلوي  
توجيهي انجليزي)  
للحصول على تمارين اوراق عمل  
او بث اسئلة واستفسارات

هاتف 0789077686 📞📞📞📞📞

هاتف الدعم الفني مؤسسات ومراكز العميد

0789077686 📞



*The grammar*

*the present tenses*

الازمان المضارعة

*present simple* المضارع البسيط

*The function : to talk about events that happen regularly*

*keywords : every-always-often-sometimes - never-seldom-once-twice*

*form : she -he -it = vs/es they we you =v1*

*negative : she-he-it =doesn't + v1 they we you = don't +v1*

*present continuous* المضارع المستمر

*the function : to talk about event that are happening at the moment of*

*speaking*

*keywords : now-at the moment -look!-listen!- watch out !*

*form : she -he -it =is + ving you we they are +ving*

*negative : she he it isn't +ving they we you aren't +ving*

*present perfect*

*the function : to talk about achievements*

*keywords : since -for -already -recently -yet -never -many times -just*

*form : she he it +has+v3 they we you I +have +v3*

*negative : she he it +hasn't +v3 they we you +haven't +v3*

*the present perfect continuous*

*the function : to talk about an activity which continues over a length of*

*time للتعبير عن نشاط بدأ في الماضي واستمر في الحدوث لمدة زمنية طويلة*

*keywords : since - for -all -how long ? وعادة يكون قبل الفراغ*

*has or have*

*form: she he it +has been +ving they we you +have +been +ving*

*negative : she he it +hasn't +been +ving they we you +have +been +ving*

*the past tenses*

*الأزمان الماضية*

*the past simple الماضي البسيط*

*the function: to talk about something that started and finished in the past*

*form : s+v2 / s+did not +v1*

*keywords : last-yesterday-ago-in past history*

*الاستاذ انس البلوي*

*the present continuous : الماضي المستمر*

*the function : to talk about activities that continued for some time in the past*

*form = s+was/were v ing*

اقوى نظام تدريس

*keywords : as while when*

*the past perfect : الماضي التام*

*the function : to talk about events in the past which happened before other past events*

*form s+had +v3*

كبرى المؤسسات

*key words : before after by+اي اشارة ماضية*

*the past perfect continuous : الماضي التام المستمر*

*the function : The past perfect continuous corresponds to the present perfect continuous, but with reference to a time earlier than 'before now'. As with the present perfect continuous, we are more interested in the process.*

*form = s+had +been +ving*

*key words : when for because looked seemed by the time before وعادة قبل الفراغ*

*had*

تابع قناة الاستاذ انس البلوي على يوتيوب احصل على اماكن الشروحات الاحترافية

لمادة اللغة الانجليزية

تسهيل لقواعد الازمان

When -while-as إذا وجدتها ابحت	before – by the time -after -because = had +v3 إذا كانت موجودة انزل
Was /were +ving إذا لم تكن موجودة انزلها اذا وجدت انزل	last ago yesterday -past history = v2 /didn't +v1
V2 إذا وجدت	since for yet just already recently = has/have +v3
	daily sometimes usual weekly often always = v1/ vs
	now look! Watch out ! listen ! at this moment =is/are+ving
	قبل الفراغ اذا وجدت هاد او هاف او هاز دون النظر للكلمات الدالة لهذه الدورة حصرا انزل
	Been + ving



ياالله عالقاعدة الثانية الحاب احكي فيها بدي اشرحها عمثال الكتاب لانها قاعده بتوخذ وقت وطويلة واصولها تعود للاول ... ثانوي بس انا بدي ابسطها على قدر الحاجة

مثال الكتاب

*I asked someone to fix my car*

*I had my car fixed*

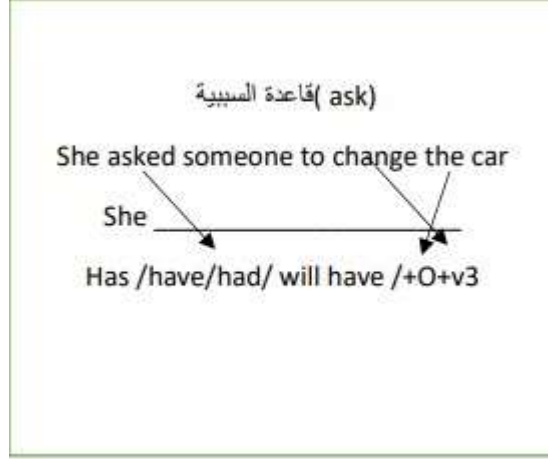
1-استبدال ask بصورة من صور have حسب الجدول

Ask	asked	will ask
has/have	had	will have

2-إنزال المفعول به .. آخر اسم في جملة الكتاب

3-وضع التصريف الثالث للفعل الموجود بعد to

## تسهيل



## Speculation

*I'm sure it's raining outside .*

*It must be raining outside.*

*perhaps Sami's phone is broken .*

*Sami's phone could be broken .*

جملة احتمالية واضحة ما في كلام لسبيين الاول وجود الدلائل هاي

Must	sure-know-certain
could	unsure -think-uncertain-perhaps

اولا احذف الدليل والقبله

ثانيا نزل الموديل الذي استدليت عليه من الدالة

تحويل الفعل وتجريده *was /were=have been* *is/are = be*



perhaps Sami's phone is broken .

Sami's phone could be broken .

جملة احتمالية واضحه ما في كلام لسببين الاول وجود الدلائل هاي

اولا احذف الدليل والقبليه

نزل الموديل الذي استكثرت عليه من الدالة

was were = have been / is are = be شفت

must	sure-know-certain
could	unsure -think-uncertain- perhaps

كمل الجملة .. وخلصت فكت

# obligation

## Obligations

<i>It's necessary to</i>	<i>have to</i>
<i>It isn't necessary to</i>	<i>don't have to</i>
<i>you are allowed to</i>	<i>can</i>
<i>you aren't allowed to</i>	<i>mustn't</i>

*should*

*If I were you , I would*



احذف

اضيف

It's necessary to	have to
It isn't necessary to	don't have to
you are allowed to	Can
you aren't allowed to	mustn't
should رخصي هالنصيحة معهم	If I were you , I would

you are allowed to move.

### If clause

If + S + simple present ..., S + simple present = type zero

If + S + simple present ..., S + will + base = type one

If + S + simple past ..., S + would + base = type two



### The reported speech

احنا شرحناها باحترافية عالية بالمراكز بس هان ما في مجال اشعبك المادة ركز ... بدي

احكي معك عقد الامتحان الجايك خذ هالعلامة وطير. العميد اقوى نظام تدريس

I = he or she / we they / me him or her / us them / my his , her / our their

am \ is was / are were / was \ were had been / play Played / Played had played / will Would

can could / has \ have had / don't \ doesn't

*didn't / didn't – base hadn't + p.p*

*Adverbs =yesterday the day before / tomorrow the day after /next week  
the week after/ last week the week before/ now Then /tonight that night/  
at the moment at that moment*

1." I don't make mistakes in the exams" .

Rana said that .....

2 . We didn't fly to Aqaba last night .

The students said that .....

3. " My uncle saw a terrible accident yesterday " .

Ahmed said that .....

4 . " It was raining heavily this time yesterday " .

He said that .....

## تسهيل



تميز قاعدة الكلام المنقول من خلال وجود جملة علوية وجملة سفلية وتكون موجودة كلمة

<p>I = he /she My = his / her Me = him /her We= they Our =their Us = them</p>	<p>يتم الرجوع من المضارع اليسيط للماضي باليسيط والى الماضي التام v1 → v2 v2 → had+ v3</p>
<p>لغة the car /+O+v3</p>	<p>Is-was-had been Are – were -had been Am – was – had been Has /have- had Will -would Can – could Shall – should May – might Must -had to</p>

V1/vs = is /are + v3  
 V2 = was /were + v3  
 Has /have +v3 = has  
 /have +been + v3  
 Had +v3 = had been v3  
 Is are +ving + is /are  
 +being +v3

Passive voice

He spoke English  
 English was spoken

*Used to*

علامة الدوائر

<b>BE USED TO</b>	<b>USED TO</b>
<b>IS ARE AM +USED TO +N/P/V</b>	<b>S+USED TO+V1</b>
<b>WAS WERE +USED TO +V/N/P</b>	<b>S+DIDN'T +USE TO +V1</b>

*She was used to \_\_\_\_\_ English*

1- speaking 2- speak 3- spoke

اما عن حل جملة اعد الكتابة كلمات دالة مستمرة

normal customary accustomed usual familiar habitual

Its

كلمة مستمرة

she he it +is+used to +ving

they we you +are +used +to +ving

فالحل it was

كلمة مستمرة + it was

she he I it +was+used to +ving

they we you +were +used to +ving

Its normal for Ali to speak English.

Ali is used to speaking .

أما عن القاعدة المنقطعة

used to

(past habit , when ,former , but now )

1 - Its + كلمة منقطعة

S+used to + v1

2 - it isn't + كلمة منقطعة

S+ didn't + use to + v1

تسهيل

## اهم اسئلة اعادة الكتابة

Normal		
Familiar	it is + كلمة مستمرة من الكلمات السابقة + for +S +to+v1	هذه كلمات منقطعة تنل على
Customary	S + is / are + used to + ving .	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> when –past habit  former but now  Used to /didn't use to </div>
Habitual	it was + كلمة دالة مستمرة سابقة + for +S+to + v1	
Accustomed	S + was / were + used to + ving	

## cleft sentences

الجملة الجزئية نستخدمها للتركيز على جزء من الجملة .. تستخدم فيها تراكيب عديدة أولها هو أن تبدأ الوزارة ب it

Ali spoke English yesterday

It \_\_\_\_\_

1- إذا كان الزمن من تراكيب الماضي نضع was

إذا كان تركيبا مضارعا نضع is

2- انزال المراد التركيز عليه وهو غالبا وحسب النمط الوزاري يكون الفاعل

3- وضع أداة الوصل that

4- إنزال كل شيء عدا ما تم التركيز عليه

was Ali that spoke ENGLISH YESTERDAY

أما الصيغة الثانية المهمة جدا فهي على النحو التالي

هذا مثال شامل ونريد حله على كل الطرق

*Jack played football in the garden yesterday to be better*

<b>THE PERSON WHO</b>	<i>played football in the garden yesterday to better was jack</i>
<b>THE TIME WHEN</b>	<i>jack played football in the garden to be better was yesterday</i>
<b>THE PLACE WHERE</b>	<i>jack played football to be better yesterday was the garden</i>
<b>THE THING WHICH</b>	<i>which jack played yesterday to be better was football</i>
<b>THE REASON WHY</b>	<i>jack played football yesterday in the garden was to be better</i>

## (Non-definite clause)

تعطينا المزيد من المعلومات عن شخص أو شيء ما. عادة تقع جملة

الوصل غير المحددة بين قواصل. ادرس المثال التالي:

• Children, **who like sweets so much**, often have problems with their teeth.

هذه الجملة تعني: جميع الأطفال يحبون الحلويات، وجميعهم لديهم مشاكل في أسنانهم. هنا لم يحدد أي أطفال بل قصد جميع (all) الأطفال يحبون الحلويات

**Who** (الذي/التي/الذين...)= وتستعمل مع الأشخاص

• I know the **man who** bought your car.

أعرف الرجل (شخص) الذي اشترى سيارتك.

• The **players who** have joined the team lately are good.

اللاعبين (أشخاص) الذين انضموا للفريق مؤخر

**Which** (...الذي/التي/الذين...)= وتستعمل مع الأشياء / أو غير العاقل

• Majeda read the **book which** I gave to her.

قرأت ماجدة الكتاب (شيء/أو غير عاقل) الذي أعطيتها إياها.

• Huda liked the **cars which** she saw yesterday.

**Whose** (الذي يملك/له)=

وتستعمل عندما نريد أن نوضح ملكية شخص أو شيء ما أو أنه على صلة به.

The **woman, whose** bag was stolen, is a doctor.

المرأة، التي حقيبتها (شيئا تملكه) سرقت، طبيبة.

I met the **doctor whose** son is my friend.

قابلت الطبيب الذي ابنه (له صلة به) صديقي.

**Where** (حيث)= وتستعمل مع المكان

• There is a big **market where** you can buy anything you want.

هناك سوق (مكان) كبير حيث تستطيع أن تشتري أي شيء تريده.

**that:** (الذي/التي)= وتستعمل مع الأشخاص والأشياء

• The **man that** is standing there is my father.

• The **jacket that** I bought yesterday is expensive.

الجاكيت (شيء/أو غير عاقل) الذي اشتريته غالي الثمن.

الضمائر الموصولة والجملة المنقسمة

1 The Egyptians built the pyramids.

It was the .....

2 London is a huge city. It's the capital of the UK.

London, .....

3 The boy broke the window. He ran away.

The boy.....

نقل للاهمية h.a.s

*The Future Continuous* مستقبل مستمر

S+ will + be +v(ing)

Who will+be + v(ing).....?

Will + s + be +v(ing)...? -

*This time next year, they will be preparing for their final exams.*

- *What will we be doing in ten years' time?*

- I will be having a bath when you call me tomorrow.
- I will not (won't) be having a bath when you call me tomorrow. The Future Perfect

مستقبل تام مستقبل تام

will have +v3

Wh + will +s +have+ v3....?

Will + s + have + v3.....?

- By 2019 CE, the new motorway will have opened.
- we're late! By the time we get to the station, the train will have gone.
- 1. This time tomorrow, we'll be celebrating because we ..... our exams.

(finish)

2. This time next month, my parents ..... married for twenty years. (be)

3. The books that you ordered ..... by the end of the week (not arrive)

4. By the next year..... you ..... England? (visit)

1. will have finished 2. will have been v3. will not have arrived 4. Will, have visited

Past Perfect Continuous الماضي التام المستمر القاعدة :

S+ Had been +v(ing)

1. I ..... for five hours by 5am this morning. (sleep)
2. By the time I was ten, I ..... the piano for four years. (play)
3. By the time my friend ..... me, I had been studying for three hours.

(phone)

-By the time .....v2 ..... , ....had + v3.....

-By the time .....v2 ..... , ....had + been +v(ing)..... /for

-By the time .....v1 ..... , ....will + have + v3 .....



Gerund and infinitive

Want/ wanted Afford Plan ..... =to+v1

Hope Intend **هـام جدا**

تم عرض النصوص على طريقة سؤال جواب لضمان التوفيق ان شاء الله

## النصوص texts



### THE HISTORY OF COMPUTERS

1. Who developed the world wide web? **مين طور أول شبكة**
2. There are two machines can do the same work as mobile phones . Write them down.  
**الات بتسوي عمل التلفون اذكر نتنين**
3. There are two invention were completed in 1940s. write down these two inventions.  
**الاختراعات المكتملة بتاريخ الف وتسعمية واربعين**
4. Write down the sentence which indicates that the size of the first generation of the modern computers was so large. **اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه حجم اول كمبيوتر ضخم**
5. Quote the sentence which indicates that the first computer program was very slow  
**اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه اول برنامج بطيئ**
6. What does the underlined phrasal verb “rely on” mean ?  
**شو معنى يعتمد على**

7. Find a compound noun in the third paragraph which means 'a flexible, removable magnetic disk that stores computer information'

8. What do the underlined words (pronouns) refer to?

ضمائر كاملة

9. The writer states that the World Wide Web was developed in 1990. Explain this statement

mentioning three benefits of using it.

هات فوائدھا شبكة الانترنت يعني 1990 الكاتب حكى انه الشبة تطورت بال

10. We rely more and more on computer technology. Think of this statement and ,in two sentences , write down your point of

view. نحن نعتمد على التكنولوجيا فكر واعط رايك بجملتان

الاجابات

1. The British scientist Tim Berners Lee. العالم البريطاني تيم

2. Watches and glasses. ساعات ونظارات.

3. the first generation of modern computers and the first computer program. اول جيل من الحواسيب

4. One such model was so large it needed a room that was 167 square metres to put it in. ذلك النموذج كان ضخم.

5. It took 25 minutes to complete one calculation. ياخذ 25 دقيقة

6. to have trust or confidence in something or someone ثقة

7. floppy disk قرص مرن

8. it : a computer / their : most people / which : watches

Critical thinking :

1. People use mobile phones every day for many purposes such as calling, internet taking photos,

watching films and listening to music.

2. I think that we rely more on computer technology . For example, computers have enabled us to

*do many great things, but becoming overly reliant on technology is not a positive aspect of this development*



*Using technology in class*

1. *There are many purposes for using the Internet in the classroom by teachers. Write down two of these purposes.* هات هدفين من استخدا النت في الصف للاستاد
2. *Write down the sentence which indicates that it is necessary for the teacher to be a part of the group of learning.* اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه ضروري يكون المعلم جزء من مجموعات التعلم
3. *There are two benefits of exchanging emails in education. Write down these two benefits.* فوائد تبادل الايميلات شو هي
4. *Students can communicate with other schools by many ways. Mention two of them* الطلاب بتواصلوا بطرق هات طريقتين من خلالها بتاصل مع المدارس
5. *Find a word in the fourth paragraph which means 'a regularly updated personal website or web page usually written in an informal style'* جد كلمة في النص
6. *What does the underlined phrase 'social media' mean?*
7. *What do the underlined pronouns refer to?*
8. *Quote the sentence which shows the various benefits of using tablets.* اقتبس الجملة التي تبين انه في فوائد كثيرة للجهاز اللوحي

9. The writer states that digital information can be used to educate people .Explain this statement , suggesting three ways in which people can benefit from this kind of technology.

10.Young people love learning. Think of this statement and , in two sentences , write down your point of view.

#### اجاباتAnswers

1. to show educational programmes - to play educational games عرض البرامج والالعاب التعليمية

2. The teacher must be part of the group, too, to monitor what is happening يجب على المعلم ان يكون جزء من المجموعة.

3. Students can then share information and help each other with tasks. الطلاب يستطيعون مشاركة المعلومات

4. They can exchange emails and talk to people over the computer using cameras

5. مدونة blog

6. social interaction between people and communities on websites or blogs.

7. they : young people / their : teachers / who : students / them : computers.

8. Therefore, students can use the tablets to do tasks such as showing photographs, researching information, recording interviews and creating diagrams.

9. Digital information can be used to educate people in a variety of ways. For example, you can listen to podcasts and lectures online, or use apps on a tablet to learn languages. You can also use the Internet to find information on what you are studying.

10. I think that young people love learning.

For example , large proportion of young people are students so we should encourage them to keep going by introducing advance technology in our schools and get rid of old methods .



10. Technology is a way to keep our bodies fit. Think of this statement and , in two sentences , write down your point of view.

Answers 1. As a consequence, computers will increasingly run our lives for us. نتيجة لذلك

الحواسيب ستزيد في ادارة حياتنا

2. Your fridge will know when you need more milk and add it to your online shopping list. الثلاجة ستعلم عندما نحتاج حليباً أكثر وتضيفه للشراء الإلكتروني

3. Your watch will record your heart rate and email your doctor.

الساعة تسجل نبض القلب وتراسل الطبيب

4. Many people are excited about the 'Internet of Things'.

عديد الناس متحمسون حول انترنت الاشياء

5. Criminals managed to access their passwords and security settings.

المجرمون يخططون للوصول للحسابات السرية واعدادت الحماية

6. it : the Internet / them : many people / their : others ' other people '

7. security settings

8. I agree with this quotation because Bill Gates refers to technology as a 'tool' in this quotation because he is emphasising that it is a useful and effective way of involving children. However, in terms of actually making sure children learn, or of ensuring

children's social development, teachers cannot be replaced. They are the most important contributors to a person's education, but of course they can use technology to help!

9. We can use technology wisely in different ways . For example, we can depend more on our mental skills and raise awareness among people about how to use technology. Also, we can enhance the activities which depend on human not technology .

10. I think that technology is a way to keep our bodies fit. For example , smartphone apps can be used to monitor how much exercise we need to do and how many calories we burn . Also, interactive video games can be used to help us to keep fit. They are used indoors and provide a healthy, active alternative to watching television.

Complementary medicine: is it really a solution?

1. There are many forms of complementary medicine. Write down two of them.

هات انواع الطب التكميلي

2. Write down the sentence which indicates that many doctors study complementary forms of treatment.

اقتبس الجملة الي تشير الي انه كثير اطباء يدرسون الطب التكميلي

3. Non-conventional medicine cannot work as a replacement for some treatments. Write down two of them.

العلاج التكميلي لا يمكن أن يحل محل العلاج التقليدي لمعالجة بعض الظروف الصحية زي شو

4. Doctors always turn to conventional treatment first. Why do they do that?

الطبيب رح يتوجه للطب التقليدي اولاً ليش

5. Quote the sentence which indicates that people didn't use to study complementary medicine formally.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الي انه الناس لم يعتادوا دراسة الطب التكميلي رسمياً

6. Find a word in the text which means "illness".

7. What does the underlined word in the second paragraph "arthritis" mean?

8. What do the underlined words ( pronouns ) refer to ?

9. Some people believe that homoeopathy is not a valid alternative to conventional Medicine and it can't be effective . Explain this statement , suggesting three bad effects for this kind of treatment.

10. Complementary medicine can't replace modern medicine. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

الاجابات Answers

1. homoeopathy, acupuncture والعلاج المثالي والوخز بالابر

2. These days, many family doctors study complementary medicine alongside conventional treatments, and many complementary medicine consultants also have medical degrees.

هذه الايام الاطباء يدرسون الطب التكميلي بجانب الطب التقليد وياخذون شهادات بها

3. It can never substitute for immunisations as it will not produce the antibodies needed to protect against childhood diseases. It also cannot be used to protect against malaria.

لا يحل محل المطاعيم ولا يحمي ضد امراض الطفولة

4. to ensure that no underlying condition is missed.

للتأكد من سلامة الظروف كافة

5. If patients wanted to receive this kind of nonconventional treatment, they used to have to consult a private practitioner who was likely not to have a medical degree.

إذا أراد المريض تلقي العلاج التكميلي يستشير ممارس خاص لا يملك شهادة طبية

6. ailment

7. A disease causing painful inflammation and stiffness of the joints.

8. they : patients / who : 70 percent of patients / it : homoeopathy

9. There are many bad effects for this kind of treatment such as wasting time and money

Also , some kinds of homoeopathy have dangerous effects on patients . Another thing is that practitioners don't have medical degrees.

10. I think that complementary medicine can't replace modern medicine. For example , it cannot be used for all medical treatments and can never substitute for immunisations as it will not produce the antibodies needed to protect against childhood diseases.

Also, it cannot be used to protect against malaria.

HEALTHY BODY  
HEALTHY MIND  
HEALTHY SPIRIT

Are happier people healthier – and, if so, why?

1. We can improve our children's overall in the future in two ways . Write them down.

ممکن نحسن حالة اطفالنا بشغلتين شو همم ششو لازم نعلمهم

2. There are some possible effects of anger on someone's health. Write down two of these effects.



### شو اثار الفضب عالصحة

3. Write down the sentence which indicates that scientists didn't do any research to find any relation between feelings and health in the past.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه لم يجري العلماء أي بحث لايجاد العلاقة بين المشاعر الجيده والصحة زمان

4. Some scientists believe that bad lifestyle choices affect health negatively. Write down two of these choices.

بعض العلماء يؤمن انه انماط الحياه السيئة تؤثر على الصحة سلبا اذكر لنا هاهي الانماط

5. Replace the underlined phrase with a suitable phrasal verb that has a similar meaning to it.

6. Find a word in the text which means "believing that good things will happen in the future"

7. What do the underlined words ( pronouns ) refer to ?

8. Write three things ,mentioned in the article , that improve health .

9. The writer thinks that happiness affects health . Explain this statement , suggesting three benefits of happiness on health.

10. "He who has health has hope; and he who has hope, has everything" ,by Thomas Carlyle. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

### الاجابات Answers

1. teach children to develop positive thinking, and to 'bounce back' after a setback, تعليم الاطفال لتطوير تفكير ايجابي واستعادة التوازن بعد النكسات

2. your blood pressure is raised and you can suffer from headaches, sleep problems and digestive problems.

3. Until recently, scientists had not investigated whether there is a link between positive feelings and good health.

4. smoking or lack of exercise 5. bounce back. 6. optimistic

7. who : the children / it : to live without worry / they : The researchers.

8. positivity, a supportive network of family and friends and an optimistic outlook on life.

9. There are many benefits of happiness on health like having a better perspective on life Also, choosing to eat well and exercise more often.

10. I think that's right because it is possible to feel optimistic about the future when one is healthy. Hope for the future and a positive attitude are seen as, overall, the most important things in life

### Get Moving!

1. An increasing number of young people and adults are overweight or obese because of many factors. Write down two of them.

#### اسباب السمنة

2. There are two types of the exercise. Write them down.

#### انواع رياضية

3. Write down the sentence which indicates that physical exercise help in treating stress.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه الرياضة بتعالج الضغط

4. What does the underlined word "obese" in the first paragraph, mean?

5. What do the underlined words "pronoun" refer to?

6. Quote the sentence which indicates that you can buy things while lying on the couch?

اقتبس الجملة التي بتحكي الى انه رح تشتري وانت قاعد بالدار

7. What do girls usually refuse and what does that lead to?

شو برفض البنات وشو رح يؤدي هذا

8. Replace the underlined phrase deal successfully with with suitable phrasal verb that has a similar meaning to it .

9. The writer states that an increasing number of young people and adults are overweight or even obese. Explain this statement , suggesting three ways to overcome this problem.

10. Fitness leads

to health. Think of this statement and , in two sentences , write down your point of view.

### اجابات

1. the growing popularity of fast food, which didn't use to be as common as it is now.

Another big factor is lack of exercise.

نمو شعبية الطعام السريع ونقص الرياضة

2. Fast walking, and more strenuous exercise, like running.

المشي وتمارين الجهد العضلي والتحمل كالمشي

3. In addition, exercise is a great way to cope with stress.

التمرين طريقة رائعة للتعامل مع الضغط

4. extremely fat, in a way that is dangerous to your health.

السمنة

5. which : fast food / they : school children / They : Experts.

6. Before the Internet was invented, nobody had dreamt of online shopping, but now we can buy almost anything without leaving the sofa.

قبل اختراع النت لا احد حلم بالتسوق عن بعد

7. Girls in particular often dislike PE. This can lead to serious health problems.

الفتيات عادة يكرهون حصص الرياضة

8. cope with

9. There are many ways to overcome this problem such as doing more exercise and avoiding fast food. Also, regulate the time of the meals.

10. I think that fitness leads to health . For example , if we do regular exercise and take

care of our food , we can avoid the overweight which can lead to serious health problems

. Also, it is very important to have enough hours of sleep every day to be able to do our daily tasks effectively

### Health in Jordan: A report

1. There are many factors that made Jordanians healthier. Write down two of them.

عوامل تجعل الاردنيين اكثر صحة

2. Write down the sentence which indicates that most of Jordanian villages were supplied with electricity and water.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه تم تزويد القرى النائية بالماء

3. There are two factors have been contributing to Jordan's healthy population growth.

Write them down.

عوامل ساهمت بجعل تعداد السكان ينمو

4. What kind of medical operation has Jordan made the most success?

شو اسسم العملية الناجحه في الاردن

5. What was the life expectancy in Jordan in 1965 and 2012?

كم كنا نعيش وقديش صرنا نعيش كاردنيين

6. Quote the sentence which indicates that Jordanian doctors have been well-known in the region .

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه الاردنيين الاطباء معروفين

7. Find a word in the report which means “ decreased in quantity or importance”

8. What do the underlined words ( pronouns) refer to ?

9.The writer states that children in Jordan are vaccinated against many illnesses. Explain this statement , mentioning three kinds of these illnesses.

10. Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. Explain this statement and , in two sentences , write down your point of view.

اجابات Answers

1. Advances in education, economic conditions والتعليم والاقتصاد التقدم في

2. Although there were remote areas of the country where people had been without consistent access to electricity and safe water, almost 99 per cent of the country's population now has access.

بالرغم من وجود مناطق نائية الا انها الان تمت تغطية معظمها بالكهرباء والماء

3. The low infant mortality rate, as well as the excellent healthcare system.

معدل الوفيات المنخفض والنظام الصحي الممتاز

4. open heart surgery

عملية القلب المفتوح

5. In 1965 CE, the average Jordanian's life expectancy was age 50. In 2012 CE, this average life expectancy had risen to 73.5.

6. The reputation of Jordanian doctors has spread in the region, and now many more patients come to Jordan for open heart surgery.

سمعة الاطباء انتشرت ومرضى اكثر ياتون للاردن لعملية القلب المفتوح

7. decline.

8. where : remote areas of the country/ its : the country.

9. There are many kinds of these illnesses like tetanus , polio and measles. Also , they are vaccinated against smallpox.

10. I think that Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. This because the country's commitment to make healthcare for all a top priority. The number of healthcare services has been increasing rapidly over the past years and 98 percent of Jordanian children were fully immunized. Life expectancy had risen to 73.5 and infant mortality rates have fallen down

الاستاذ انس البلوي اقوى نظام تدريس في عمان



In the future

1. Scientists have developed brain implants for two purposes. Write them down.

العلماء طوروا زراعة الدماغ لهدفان شو همهم

2. Write down the sentence which indicates that experts are carrying out tests on a new cancer drug that may saves lives of patients.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى الاطباء كانوا يدرون تجارب على علاج السرطان الجديد

3. Usual cancer treatment has had some side effects . Write down two of them.

؟ اعراض علاج السرطان التقليدي ما هي

4. There are three reasons mentioned in the text that damage brain. Write them down .

هنالك اسباب تؤذي الدماغ ما هي

5. Find a word in the text which means "a medicine or a substance used for making medicines"

6. What does the underlined word “ pill “ in the last paragraph mean ?

7. Why do neuroscientists use a special brain scanner called “ MRI”

لماذا علماء الاعصاب يستخدمون ماسح خاص للدماغ

8. What do the underlined words “ pronouns “ refer to ?

9. The writer states that there will be many implications for the world if people live longer due to improving life expectancy. Explain this statement , mentioning three bad consequences for the increasing number of population.

10. Patients who suffer from cancer will agree to undergo new types of treatment . Think of this statement and , in two sentences, write down your point of view.

الاجابات Answers

1. To improve vision or allow disabled people to use their thoughts in order to control prosthetic limbs like arms, legs or hands, or operate a wheelchair.

تحسين الرؤية والسماح لذوي الاحتياجات الخاصة لاستخدام افكارهم لتحكم باطراف صناعية كاليادي والاقدام

2. A new cancer drug is being trialed in Plymouth, UK, which doctors hope will extend the lives of cancer patients and reduce their symptoms overnight.

علاج جديد يتم تجربته في بريطانيا ياملون ان هذه العلاج سيمدد حياة المرضى وتقليل الاعراض الليلية

3. sickness and hair loss.

الغثيان وخسران الشعر

4. dementia, a stroke or other brain injuries.

الخرف والجلطة

5. drug.

6. a small round piece of medicine to be swallowed whole.

7. to communicate with some patients in a coma

8. that : brain implants/ their : disabled people / they : neuroscientists/ which : New cancer drug.

9. There are many bad consequences for the increasing number of population like increasing demand on food , water and natural resources. Also, greater pressure on education and health care.

10. I think that patients who suffer from cancer will agree to undergo new types of treatment because they have suffered from the side effects of old kinds of treatment such as sickness and hair loss. Also, they believe that new types of treatment may help them .

### The King Hussein Cancer Center

1. Patients from other countries visit the KHCC for many reasons. Write down two of them.

المرضى من البلاد ياتون لمستشفى الملك الحسين لماذا

2. Write down the sentence which indicates that The KHCC treats people from all ages.

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه مستشفى الملك الحسين للسرطان يعالج كل الاعمار

3. How many cancer cases is the hospital expected to treat after completion of its expansion?

كم عدد الحالات المتوقع أن يعالجها المشفى حال اكتماله

4. What is the main difficulty do cancer patients who live outside Amman face?

ما هي الصعوبة الرئيسية التي يواجهها مرضى السرطان

5. Read the quotation. "Wherever the art of Medicine is loved, there is also a love of Humanity. Hippocrates (460 BCE–370 BCE) Do you agree with it? Why/Why not?

6. Write down the sentence which indicates that Jordan has one cancer centre.

7. What do the underlined words ( pronouns ) refer to ?

8. What does the underlined word expansion in the second paragraph mean?

9. The writer states that Jordan has a great reputation in the area of medicine. Explain this statement , mentioning three reasons why health conditions in Jordan are advanced

10. The King Hussein Cancer Center is an important facility that contributes to medical tourism . Think of this statement and , in two sentences, write down your point of view.

الاجابات answer

1. Patients are attracted by its its excellent reputation, lower costs.

المرضى يجذبون بواسطة السمعة والمصروف المنخفض

2. It treats both adult and paediatric patients.

يعالج كلا الاطفال والبالغين

3.9,000 cases per a year.

4. the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult .

### الرحلة صعبة

5. Yes, I agree with this quotation because doctors depend on love to strengthen their relationships with their patients and that is so helpful in curing diseases.

6. The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan's only comprehensive cancer treatment centre.

7. it :The King Hussein Cancer Center / where : Amman / which : educational centre.

8. the act of making something bigger 9. There are many reasons why health conditions in Jordan are advanced like the commitment of the country to make health care a top priority and advances in many areas like education , technology . Also, Jordanian doctors are among the best in the Arab world. 10. I think that The King Hussein Cancer Center is an important facility that contributes to medical tourism because of its highly reputation and reasonable cost . These qualities encourage patients from other countries to come and stay in Jordan for treatment.

### Accident victim tests first artificial limb

1. Dennis Sorensen could do two things by using the new prosthetic hand. Write them down. **استطيع سورينسن ان يفعل شيان بيده الجديده ما هما**

2. Quote the sentence which indicates the nationalities of the two scientists who developed the new prosthetic hand. **اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى جنسية العلماء**

3. How does the newly -invented prosthetic hand differ from old ones? **كيف تختلف اليد القديمة عن الجديدة**

4. Write down the sentence which indicates that in the near future, there is a plan to replace old prosthetic limbs with new developed ones. **اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه سيتم تطوير**

### هذه الايدي قريبا

5. Why had Sorensen been using artificial limb? **لماذا اصلا يستخدم سورينسن يد صناعية**

6. Find a word in the first paragraph that means an artificial body part .

7. Why can't Sorensen wear his new hand now ? **لماذا لا يستطيع ارتداؤها الان**

8. What do the underlined words ( pronouns) refer to ?



9. The writer thinks that scientists have developed many new important medical inventions. Explain this statement , mentioning three new inventions that have influenced the patient's' life .

10. The new inventions can improve someone's life . Think of this statement and , in two sentences, write down your point of view.

Answer اجابات

1. Sorensen could pick up and manipulate objects, he could also feel them. يلتقط ويتحكم

بها

2. The new hand, which was developed by Swiss and Italian scientists, was a huge improvement. اليد طورت بواسطة الطليان والسويسريين

3. It is with a sense of touch. احساس اللمس

4. It is possible that, in the not-too-distant future, similar artificial arms and legs will have taken the place of today's prosthetic limbs.

مستقبلا سيتم تطويرها

5. He lost his left hand in an accident.

في حادث

6. an artificial body part

### The importance of Islamic achievements in history

1. There were many achievements that Jabir ibn Hayyan made. Write down two of them.

هنالك انجازات لجابر ابن حيان ما هي

2. Al-Kindi made his fame by working in two main fields . Write them down. الكندي صنع

شهرته عبر حقلان ما هما

3. why was Ali bin nafi' called the "Black bird" ? لم لقب ابن نافع بزرياب

4. Write down the sentence which indicates that Fatima's learning centre is very successful. اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه فاطمة امتلكت افضل مركز تعلم

5. Fatima built a learning centre in Fez. How did she manage to do that? فاطمة بنت هذو

الصرح التعليمي كيف ومن اين جلبت الدعم

6. What does the underlined word "mathematician" in the last paragraph, mean?

7. Find a word in the text which means “someone who has a lot of knowledge about many different subjects”

8. What do the underlined words ( pronouns) refer to?

9. The writer states that Muslim scientists made many great achievements . Explain this statement , mentioning three fields that Muslim scientists influenced greatly in them.

10. In ancient times, reaching such high levels of achievements in comparison with the present days is more difficult. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

### الاجابات

1. He is most well known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid. He also built a set of scales which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory .

بدا انتاج حامض الكبريت وبنى مجموعة من الموازين

2. arithmetic and geometry.

علم الحساب والهندسة

3. Because of his beautiful voice.

صوته جميل

4. This learning centre became Morocco’s top university, and it is where many students from all over the world come to study.

افضل جامعة مغربية هي من بنتها

5. She used her father’s inheritance to build a learning centre in Fez, Morocco.

استخدمت ميراث ابوها لبناء لهذا المعهد

6. a person who studies Mathematics to a very complex level.

7. polymath

8. there : Cordoba /which : the building of the Andalus Mosque/his : Al-Kindi Critical Thinking :

1. There are many fields that Muslim scientists influenced greatly in them like medicine and geography . Also, they had influence on the area of farming.

2. I think that in ancient times, reaching such high levels of achievements in comparison with the present days is more difficult because there was great difficulty to access

information. Also, if someone wanted to innovate something he had to make hard efforts to achieve his ambition .

Masdar City – a positive step?

1. Megaprojects are designed for two certain purposes. Write down these two purposes.

صممت هذه المدينة لههدفان ما هما

2. Write down the sentence which indicates that not all Megaprojects are similar.

اقتبس الجملة الجملة التي تشير الى انه هذه المشاريع متنوعة

3. There are many types of megaprojects. Write down two of them. هت انواع المشاريع العملاقة

هنالك

4. Because Masdar city will be a car-free city, the city has been designed to have different types of transportation. Write down two of them. هت مواصلاتها

5. Masdar city has a unique quality that makes it the first city of its kind. Write down that quality. لماذا تعتبر ميزة هذه المدينة quality.

6. Who are the current residents of Masdar city?

من سكانها

7. Find a word in the text which means “ judged (something) with disapproval; evaluated or analysed”.

8. What do the underlined words ( pronouns) refer to?

9. The writer thinks that mega projects should have many purposes in order to be attractive and popular. Explain this statement, suggesting three purposes of such projects.

10. Masdar city is a beneficial project for the community and environment. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

الاجابات Answers

Answers 1. to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities.

تشجيع الاقتصاد وجلب منافع اقتصادية

2. Although mega projects vary in terms of size and cost, they are all, by definition, expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage.

بالرغم من انه المشاريع منوعة بالحجم والمصروف الا انها تتماثل بالتكلفة وجذب التغطية الاعلامية

3. motorways, airports مطارات وطرق سريعة

4. *Electric, driverless cars and cycling* المركبات الكهربائية والسيارات دون سائق

5. *Masdar City, which began its development in 2006 CE, will be the world's first carbon neutral, zero-waste artificially-created city.*

بداية مدينة مصدر سيتي بال 2006 وهي اول مدينة متعادلة كربونيا

6. *students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology.*

طلاب المؤسسة العلمية والتكنولوجية

7. *criticised*

8. *they : megaprojects /whose : a university / It : the city (Masdar City) Critical Thinking :*

الاجابات

1. *There are many purposes of such projects. For example, they can be popular attraction and combines educational value with scientific interest. Also, they can be centres for research and experiments.*

2. *I think that Masdar city is a beneficial project for the community and environment. For example, it will depend on renewable resources and will reduce carbon footprint . Eventually , this will save natural resources and keep the environment zero-waste*

*A founding father of farming*

1. *Ibn Bassal was specialized in two fields . Write them down ?*

بم اختص ابن بصال

2. *Where can Ibn Bassal achievements be seen today?*

اين نرى انجازاته

3. *Ibn Bassal used many ways to irrigate the land. Write down two of them.*

كيف روى الارض

4. *Write down the sentence which indicates that Ibn Bassal was a polymath.*

اقتبس الجملة التي تشير الى انه علامه

5. *Quote the sentence which shows the most important part of Ibn Bassam's book.*

اقتبس اهم جزء من كتابه

6. *What does the underlined phrase hands on mean?*

7. *What do the underlined words ( pronouns) refer to?*

8. *Ibn Bassal explained how to grow many types of trees and plants. Write down two of them.*

9. The writer states that when farmers followed Ibn Bassal's instructions and advice the land produced enough food for the fast-growing population. Explain this sentence, suggesting three ways in which farmers can increase the productivity of the land in Jordan.

10. The area around Toledo had a fast-growing population . Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

1. botany and agriculture. اساليب الزراعة.

2. In Spain. اسبانيا

3. finding underground water and digging wells

ايجاد المياه الجوفية بحفر الابار

4. Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer who lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh

century CE.

كاتب عالم ومهندس

5. Perhaps the most famous chapter of all was the one that described how to treat different types of soil.

ربما اشهر فصوله الذي يتحدث عن انواع التربة المختلفة

6. field working / working by hand.

7. who: Al-Ma'mun / which : sixteen chapters/ that : The irrigation systems

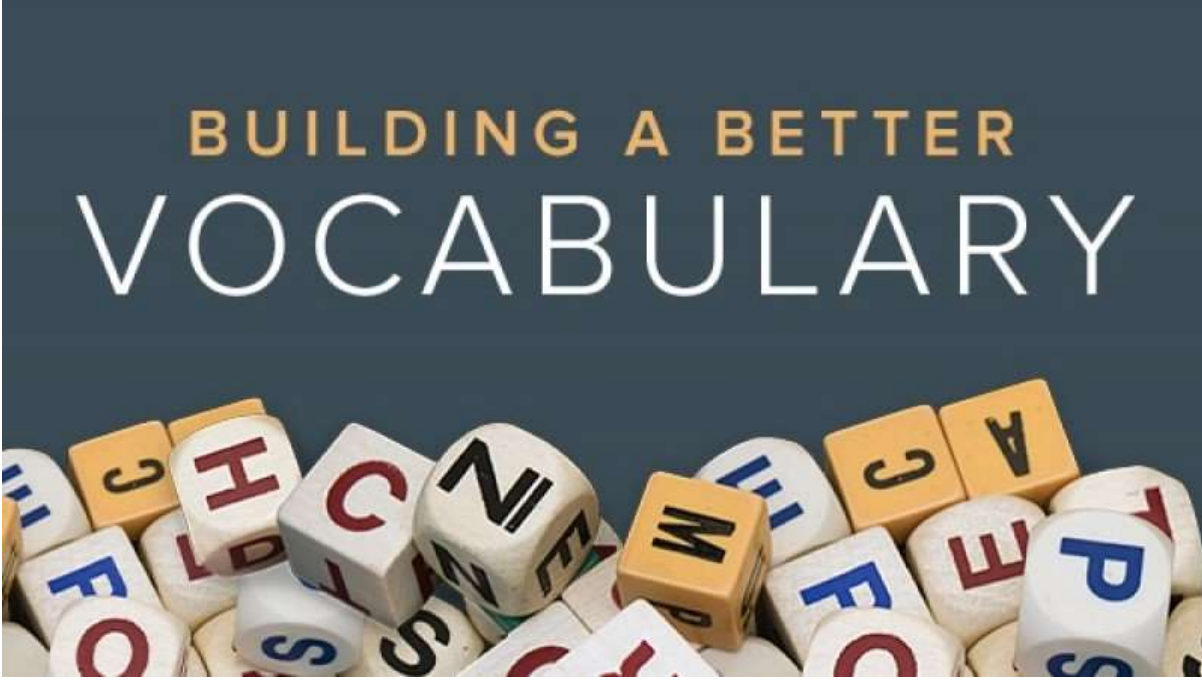
8. herbs and sweet-smelling flowers. الاعشاب والازهار

Critical Thinking :

1. There are many three ways in which farmers can increase the productivity of the land in Jordan like providing advance irrigation systems and using modern methods of farming. Also, they can avoid over cultivation in order not to exhaust the soil.

2. I think that The area around Toledo had a fast-growing population because it was very prosperous place producing a lot of food as a result of Ibn Bassal's irrigation systems. As a result , people could be healthier and more able to provide healthy atmosphere to their children.

## المصطلحات الوزارية



مهم جدا

1. *rely on* : *to have trust or confidence in something or someone* يعتمد على
2. *bounce back*: *to start to be successful again after a difficult time*  
يستعيد توازن
3. *cope with* : *to deal successfully with, or handle, a situation*  
يتعامل مع
4. *focus on* : *to direct your attention or effort at something specific* يركز على
5. *Communicate with* : *speak to* يتواصل مع
7. *Take place*: *happen / occur* يحدث
8. *Wake up*: *cause to become awake* يستيقظ
9. *Settle down*: *live orderly life* يستقر
10. *Meet up*: *to get together with somebody* تقابل
- 11.11. *Look around*: *to look in several direction* بحث

12. *Get started: begin doing something* بدأ

مهم جدا مصطلحات الألوان

1. *feel blue: feel sad* جزن

2. *see red: get angry* غضب

3. *the green light: permission* موافقة

4. *red-handed: in the act of doing something wrong* يفلت من عقاب

5. *out of the blue: unexpectedly* غير متوقع

6. *a white elephant: a useless possession* ملكية غير نافعة

ضروري معرفة الفروقات بين المصطلحين

1. *share ideas : . give ideas to others*

*compare ideas : show differences* between ideas

2. *create a website : construct a new website contribute to a website : offer things to a website*

3. *research information : find information needed present information : give info in a presentation*

4. *monitor what is happening : watch closely what is happening*

*find out what is happening : .discover what is happening*

5. *to give a talk to people:give a speech to people*

*talk to people :discuss things with people .*

6. *show photo :display photos*

*send photos :post photos*

1- *Replace the underlined words with a suitable idiom from the box.*

استبدل الكلمات التي تحتها خط باستعمال مصطلح مناسب من الصندوق

*feel blue/ see red the green light /red-handed /out of the blue /a white elephant*

1. The child felt sad when he learned his parents had canceled the holiday to Egypt.

2. The man was caught inside the jewellery shop in the act of doing something wrong.

3. The new dam cost a lot of money, but it will become a useless possession because of its location.

4. You can't start construction until you get a permission from the municipality.

5. When anybody search my smartphone, I get angry.

6. Then unexpectedly, a lion appeared coming out of the bushes.

### الإجابات النموذجية

1. felt blue 2. red-handed 3. a white elephant 4. the green light 5. see red 6. out of the blue

### Phrasal Verbs

	phrasal verb	المعنى
1	fill in	يعين المعلومات
2	give out	يعطي (معلومات)
3	turn on	يشغل (يجعل الشيء يعمل)
4	connect with	يتواصل مع
5	know about	يعرف عن / يتعلم عن
6	get started	يبدأ / ينطلق
7	look around	يلقي نظرة
8	meet up	يلتقي
9	settle down	يستقر
10	take place	يحدث
11	wake up	يستيقظ

Circle the correct verb to complete the collocations.

1. catch / take someone's attention
2. get / catch an idea
3. take / get an interest in something/ somebody
4. spend / do time doing something
5. make / attend a course

الأستاذ انس البلوي

	collocation	المعنى
1.	catch (someone's) attention	يحظى بإنتباه شخص ما
2.	get an idea	تخطر له فكرة
3.	take interest	يهتم بشخص أو شيء
4.	spend time	يقضي وقت
5.	attend a course	يلتحق بدورة

## المترادفات مهم

apparatus	equipment	جهاز
artificial	Prosthetic	صناعي
appendage	Limb	طرف
Sponsor	Fund	ممول



2-Complete the following sentences by using the most suitable word from the box. There is one more word that you don't need.

web hosting استضافة, identity fraud هوية شخصية بانتحال, post نشر, compare ideas مقارنة  
وصول, مساهمة, مستخدمي, الافكار

1. You need a.....service so that your website could be accessible by other people.

2. The crime of using someone's else personal data is called..... .

3. I don't allow others to.....on my Facebook page.

4. The website is very easy for ..... to interact with each other.

5. Students can ..... to the website, so for example they can post work, photos and messages.

6. Many bank customers now..... their accounts using the internet?

1 - hosting web 2- identity fraud 3- post

4-users 5- contribute 6-access

### هام جدا جدا التمرين الثالث

1. You are advised not to give out personal information on the Internet.

2. Fill in the application form and sent it on our email address.

3. If you want to protect your system, turn on your computer's firewall.

4. A good manager should know everything about the organisation.

5. You need to download a messenger to connect with your relatives and friends.

### التمرين الرابع

viable قابل alien غريب conventional تقليدي sceptical متشكك

complementary تكميلي

1. Acupuncture and herbal treatment are parts of -----medicine.

2. Solar power is one of the -----solutions to reduce pollution.

3. Some scientists are-----of the claims of Darwin's theory of evolution.

4. When I first visited Paris, I felt it so-----to me.

5. It is -----in Jordan to serve Mansaf in wedding parties and other social occasions.

1. complementary: 4. alien 2. viable 5. conventional: 3. sceptical

### التمرين الخامس

media, exchange, blog, calculation, floppy

1. You should design and create your ..... carefully so that you can attract more readers and visitors.
2. Although social.....has brought millions of people together, people are getting more and more feeling of isolation.
3. Until the invention of the ..... disk , it had not been possible to transfer data between computers.
4. Communication for personal and business purposes has become easy through email

.....

1. blog 2. media 3. floppy 4. exchange

### التمرين السادس

calculation, عملية حسابية settings اعدادات, blog مدونة, whiteboard مخطط, وصول access

1. You should post interesting topics so that people will come again and again to visit your----- .
2. My bank has installed a new system that made it easier to-----the money in my bank account.
3. You can control what information you want others to see via adjusting your security -------.
4. The computer can do millions of -----s each second

1. blog: 2. access 3. settings:(security settings ) 4. calculation

### التمرين السابع

Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

gallery, talent, apparatus, red-handed , biological waste

1. Nawa showed a ----- for music and playing the piano at an early age.

2. Some-----is contaminated and dangerous for human's health.

3. A good Gym should have special exercise-----.

4. You can see many of the most famous paintings in an art.....in Paris

1. talent 2. biological waste 3. apparatus 4. gallery

### التمرين السابع

Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

waterproof, out of the blue, strenuous, dental, attending

1. ....care, such as teeth whitening, is not generally covered.

2. My father has decided,....., to travel to Saudi Arabia to look for a job.

3. It rains a lot in that area, so you'd better take a.....coat.

4. I am thinking of ..... a course on computer science to improve my skills.

1. Dental 2. out of the blue 3. waterproof 4. attending

### التمرين الثامن

Complete the following sentences by using the most suitable word from the box. There is one more word that you don't need.

share, create, contribute, solar, floppy

1. Communicating through the Internet has helped many people to \_\_\_\_\_ ideas.

2. When was the last time that you used a \_\_\_\_\_ disk to store some data?

3. Our school decided to \_\_\_\_\_ a school website. I think it is a great idea.

4. Because of the high costs of oil and gas, a lot of people will turn to \_\_\_\_\_ energy.

### الإجابات النموذجية

1. share: 2. floppy 3. create: 4. solar: )



## الاشتقاق

### اولا اشتقاق الاسم

اسم انس شب او بنت تودي هود ايتي بشلن يوري اور انجي دوم  
(ism- ance ship or ment tude hood ity tion ure or doom )

<p>1. بعد ادوات المعرفة و النكرة) ( the / a / an ) بشرط أن يتبع الفراغ اسم.</p>	<p>2. ايضا ان جاء الفراغ بين أدوات النكرة و المعرفة من جهة و حرف الجر من جهة أخرى.</p>
<p>يقع الاسم بعد حروف الجر وهي: ( in, on, at, with, without, ) about, from, of, by, against, (into, for</p>	<p>يقع الاسم بعد صفات الملكية و كذا her, their, your, its</p>

يأتي الـ اسم بعد أسماء الإشارة و هي <i>this , that , these , those :</i>	إذا سبق الفراغ صفة
إذا كان الفراغ معطوفا على اسم <i>and</i>	بعد محددات الكمية مثل: ( <i>little , much , few , some , many , a lot of , no, lots</i>
الاستاذ انس البلوي	تابع صفحتي على فيسبوك
عمان	اقوى نظام تدريس توجيهي
0789077686	

### متى نضع الصفة

ابل اوس فل لسهه انجي ايدي ال في انت ار اري

- ent / ant : / - able / ible : / - ful : - ous : - ive : - ic : - al : - less : -  
ary : - ory : - an : - ect : - ed : in / - ing

تستخدم الصفة أيضا بعد الأفعال <i>appear, look , seem, ( التالية: feel, become, get, sound , grow, find</i>	بعد أفعال الكينونة ( <i>be to</i> ) وهي : <i>is, am, are, was, were, be, ( been, being</i>
بعد المعززات المنتهية بـ <i>ly</i> مثل : { <i>extremely , completely ,</i>	تقع الصفة بعد المعززات التالية بشرط أن يسبقها احد افعال { <i>be:</i>

<i>scientifically</i>	<i>quite , very , too, so</i>
تقع الصفة قبل السماء بشرط أن يتبع الفراغ اسم:	تقع الصفة أيضا ان جاء الفراغ بين أدوات المقارنة مثل : More / less ..... than As ..... As The most / least ..... thing

### الظرف ly

يقع الظرف أيضا في نهاية الجملة مكتملة العناصر لبيان الحال أو الكيفية	إذا جاء الفراغ في بداية الجملة متبوعا بفاصلة
إذا جاء الفراغ واقعا بين الفعل المساعد والفعل الرئيسي مثل	يقع الظرف كذلك أن جاء الفراغ بين افعال <i>be</i> من جهة و الصفة من جهة أخرى
إذا جاء الفراغ أيضا معطوفا على	

ظرف بـ *and*

## الفعل

عادة أقصر خيار

*ate - isel : / - ify : - en : - ide : - ieve :*

بعد الفعال الشكلية التي تسمى ( *can, could , } : مثل ( modals shall, should , may , might , will , would, must, used to , have to, has to, had to, be { going to, ought to*

يقع الفعل أيضا بعد *to* المصدرية

يقع الفعل كذلك بعد الظروف التكرارية مثل: *usually , sometimes , often , normally , always*

يقع الفعل أيضا بعد الفاعل مباشرة سواء كان اسم او ضمير

يقع الفعل أيضا بعد الفعل *do* في جميع حالاتها الإثبات و النفي والسؤال

# GUIDED WRITING

## Guided Writing

Read the information in the table below, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET , write two sentences about - Use the appropriate linking words such as: and, too, also, etc

### Ways to reduce water usage

- take shorter showers
- wash your fruits and vegetables in a pan
- turn off the water tap while you wash your hands

**There are many** ways to reduce water usages **such as taking** shorter showers **and washing** your fruits and vegetables in a pan, **too**. **Also, another thing is turning** off the water tap while you wash your hands

### Reasons that make people leave their home countries

- seek better life
- complete education
- find better jobs
- learn about different cultures

**There are many** reasons that make people leave their home countries **such as seeking** better life **and completing** their education. **Also, another reason is finding** better jobs and learning about different cultures.

### What should happen to motorists who break the speed limits ?

- Ban from driving
- Fine for driving fast
- Put in prison

**There are many things** that **should** happen to motorists who break the speed limits **such as banning** them from driving **and fining** them for driving fast. **Also, another thing is putting** them in prison.

### How to improve your English language ?

- Listen to English programs
- Read English newspapers and magazines
- Join English courses regularly



**There are many ways** to improve your English language **such as listening** to English programs **and reading** newspapers and magazines. Also, another way is joining English courses regularly to improve your English language.

Successful people
-work hard
-communicate openly
-welcome change
-learn new skills

There are many qualities for successful people such as working hard , communicating openly and welcoming change ,too . Another quality is learning new skills as well. / **Successful people** work hard, communicate openly and welcome change, too. ----

Why do people use the internet websites ?
Buy goods
Book holidays
Pay bills

1. There are many reasons why people use the internet websites such as buying books and booking holidays . Another thing is paying bills.
2. People use the internet websites to buy goods and book holidays as well. Also, they use them to pay bills.
3. There are many **reasons that make** people use the internet websites such as buying goods and booking holidays. Also, another reason is paying bills.

## حفظ الوظائف اللغوية

### Language Functions

	word / phrase	function
1	In this way As a consequence Therefore On one hand, ... On the other hand, ... / In spite of this, ... / On the contrary, ... / Conversely, ...	Indicating / expressing consequence
2	However Whereas Despite	Indicating opposition
3	The aim of this report is to ... / This report examines ... / In this report, [...] will be examined.	Introduction Introducing ideas
4	There are more than [...] well-equipped health centres in [name of town]. Almost three-quarters of the population are regular users of ... The number of [...] has declined/increased since [date].	Reporting information
5	It appears that ... / This results in ... / It is recommended that ... / The best course of action would be to ...	Talking about Conclusion / Recommendations