

طلبة
أ. حسين الصفدي

MASA

اسئلة ضع دائرة

مادة الحفظ - القواعد - مهارات الكتابة

مركز يبلا الثقافي

مدرسة حرثا الثانوية

الامتحان المطول لمادة اللغة الانجليزية

الأستاذ

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1. Have you heard the good news ? We'veto go ahead with our project !
(see red - feel a bit blue - the green light -)
2. Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was caught
(see red - feel a bit blue - the green light - red-handed)
3. I was shocked when I heard the news. It came completely
(see red - - out of the blue - a white elephant)
4. Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is a
(see red - feel a bit blue - a white elephant)
5. It's normal to from time to time .
(anger - feel a bit blue - the green light -)
6. When you , your blood pressure is raised.
(see red - sadness - the green light)
7. Have you heard the good news ? We've got theto go ahead with our project !
(permission - unexpectedly -in the act of doing something wrong)
8. Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was caught
(unexpectedly - a useless possession - in the act of doing something wrong)
9. I was shocked when I heard the news. It came completely
(become angry - become sad - permission - unexpectedly)
10. Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is a
(become angry -a useless possession - in the act of doing something wrong)
11. It's normal to from time to time .
(become angry - become sad - permission)
12. When you , your blood pressure is raised.
(become angry - become sad - permission)
13. I'm too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think that I'll ----- at the last moment.
(get it off your chest - get cold feet - keep your chin up - have a head for figures - put my back into it)
14. If you've got a problem, talk to someone about it. It helps to ----- .
(get it off your chest - get cold feet - play it by ear - keep your chin up)
15. I don't think I would be a very good accountant. I don't really -----.
(get it off your chest - have a head for figures - put my back into it)
16. -----! I'm sure everything will be fine in the end.
(Get it off your chest - Get cold feet - Keep your chin up - Have a head for figures)
17. I'm not sure if it'll be warm enough to have a barbecue. We'll have to -----.
(play it by ear - keep your chin up - have a head for figures - put my back into it)
18. Even if things have been difficult for you, always -----, everything will be normal soon.
(get it off your chest - get cold feet - play it by ear - keep your chin up)
19. Studying English is too difficult. I will ----- to get top grades.
(keep your chin up - have a head for figures - put my back into it)
20. his confidence at the last minute lose. Majed is too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think he will 20
21. Choose the correct body idiom to replace the underlined phrase
(get it off your chest - get cold feet - play it by ear - keep your chin up)
22. Brilliant students always ----- their teachers' attention with their remarkable answers.
(attend - catch - take - spend - get)
23. Fatima plans to ----- several courses on prosthetic with specialized people.
(attend - catch - take - spend - get)
24. Choose the appropriate collocation to replace the underlined misused verb :
time learning foreign languages . attend I like to
(attend - catch - take - spend - get)
25. If you want to lose weight, you should ----- everyday.
(do exercise - do a subject - take a break)

25. The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done everything yet. You really must ----- .
 (**do exercise - make a start - make a difference - draw up a timetable**)
26. If you send money to charity, you will ----- to a lot of lives.
 (**do exercise - make a difference - draw up a timetable**)
27. You look tired. Why don't you ----- ?
 (**do exercise - do a subject - take a break**)
28. I need to organize my time better. I think I'll ----- .
 (**make a start - make a difference - draw up a timetable**)
29. Taha's organized participation in the seminar ----- and activates everyone there.
 (**do a subject - make a start - make a difference - draw up a timetable**)
30. If you send money to charity , you will do exercise a lot of live
Replace the underlined misused collocation in the following sentence with the correct one :
 (**make a start - make a difference - draw up a timetable**)
31. If you want to lose weight, you should ----- everyday.
 (**keep fit - study - write a schedule**)
32. The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done everything yet. You really must
 (**keep fit - study - relax - begin - change something - write a schedule**)
33. If you send money to charity, you will ----- to a lot of lives.
 (**keep fit - study - relax - begin - change something - write a schedule**)
34. You look tired. Why don't you ----- ?
 (**keep fit - study - relax - begin - change something - write a schedule**)
35. I need to organize my time better. I think I'll ----- .
 (**keep fit - study - relax - begin - change something - write a schedule**)
36. Taha's organized participation in the seminar ----- and activates everyone there.
 (**study - relax - begin - change something**)
37. do exercise on send money to a charity, you will If y .
Replace the underlined misused collocation in the following sentence with the correct word or phrase :
 (**keep fit - change something - write a schedule**)
38. Be very careful when you answer the questions, and try not to ----- .
 (**make a mistake - ask questions - shake hands – make small talk**)
39. If you are polite, you won't -----or upset anybody.
 (**make a mistake - ask questions - cause offense – make small talk**)
40. Before the serious discussion starts, we always ----- ; it's often about the weather!
 (**make a mistake - ask questions - make small talk**)
41. Nasser has applied to ----- the ----- where his father works.
 (**earn / respect - join /company - cause offense – make small talk**)
42. In business, when you meet someone for the first time, it's polite to----- .
 (**make a mistake - ask questions - shake hands**)
43. After the talk, there will be a chance for you to----- about anything you don't understand.
 (**make a mistake - join /company - cause offense – make small talk**)
44. By working hard, you will----- the -----of your boss.
 (**earn / respect - join /company - cause offense – make small talk**)
- 46 . Tell me about the novel you're reading. Where does the story ?
 (**wake up – take place – settle down – look around – meet up – get started**)
47. I'm sorry I'm late. I didn't ----- early enough.
 (**wake up – take place – settle down – look around – meet up – get started**)
48. When I graduate from university, I would like to buy a house and
 (**wake up – take place – settle down – look around – meet up – get started**)

49. If you're free at the weekend, let's and go shopping together.
(**wake up – take place – settle down – look around – meet up – get started**)
50. I've never visited that museum. I'd like to go in and
(**wake up – take place – settle down – look around – meet up – get started**)
51. I've got a lot of homework, so I think I should right now!
(**wake up – take place – settle down – look around – meet up – get started**)
52. The phrase which have the same meaning as “give your ideas to others” is
(**create a website – compare ideas – share ideas – contribute to a website**)
53. The phrase which have the same meaning as “ make a new website ” is
(**create a website – contribute to a website – talk to people – send photos**)
54. The phrase which have the same meaning as “ make a new website ” is
(**create a website – contribute to a website – talk to people – send photos**)
55. The phrase which have the same meaning as “ an informal discussion ” is
(**contribute to a website – talk to people – send photos**)
56. The phrase which have the same meaning as “ post photos to someone ” is
(**create a website – contribute to a website – talk to people – send photos**)
57. Lights will go on and off automatically. **Therefore** we will save energy.
(**consequence – contrast – addition – recommendation – conclusion – stress - simile**)

كلمات الربط : 58 +59+60+61+62

63. Do you mind telling me why the train is late ?
The function of the indirect question in this sentence is -----
a. To ask questions in a polite, formal way c. To express wishes about the present
b. To express regrets about the past d. To make comparison
65. I wish I knew the answer. **The function of using “wish” in this sentence is** -----
a. To ask questions in a polite, formal way c. To express wishes about the present
b. To express regrets about the past d. To make comparison
66. I play tennis everyday. **The function of using “the Present Simple ” in this sentence is** -----
a . To talk about something that is true in the present. c. To talk about scheduled or fixed events in the future .
b. To talk about general truth d. To describe something temporary
67. The Earth circles the sun. **The function of using “the Present Simple ” in this sentence is** -----

a . To talk about something that is true in the present. c. To talk about scheduled or fixed events in the future .
b. To talk about general truth d. To describe something temporary
68. The Earth circles the sun. **The function of using “the Present Simple ” in this sentence is** -----
a . To talk about something that is true in the present. b. To talk about scheduled or fixed events in the future
c. To talk about general truth d. To describe something temporary
69. The train leaves tonight at 6 pm. **The function of using “the Present Simple ” in this sentence is** -----
a . To talk about something that is true in the present. c. To talk about scheduled or fixed events in the future .
b. To talk about general truth d. To describe something temporary
70. We are used to the traffic. **The function of using “be used to ” in this sentence is** -----
a . To describe past habits c. To describe things that are familiar or customary.
b. To express spontaneous decision d. To emphasize certain pieces of information .

Derivation

71. The Middle East is famous for **the** ----- of olive oil.
(**produce - productive - production**)
72. Ibn Sina wrote ----- **textbooks**.
(**medicine - medical - medically**)
73. Fatima al-Fihri was born in **the** ----- **century**.
(**nine - ninth**)
74. My father bought our house with **an** ----- from his grandfather.
(**inherit - inherited - inheritance**)
75. Scholars have discovered **an** ----- document from the twelfth century.
(**origin - original - originally**)
76. Do you think the wheel was the most important ----- ever?
(**invention - invented - invent**)
77. Al-Kindi made many important mathematical -----.
(**discover - discoveries - discoverer**)
78. Who was the **most** ----- **writer** of the twentieth century?
(**influence - influent - influential**)
79. The Giralda Tower **was** ----- a minaret.
(**origin - original - originally**)
80. **The** ----- of oil made some countries rich.
(**discover - discovery - discoverer**)
81. Sheep's wool, and goat and camel hair are used by Bedouin tribes **to** ----- rugs.
(**produce - production - productive**)
82. There is a particular Bedouin style of -----.
(**weave - weaver - weaving**)
83. There is a particular Bedouin style of weaving that buyers **find** very -----.
(**attraction - attractive - attract**)
84. Many instruments that are still today **in** ----- were designed by Arab scholars.
(**operational / operate / operations**)
85. When **do you** ----- to receive your test results? –
(**expect / expectedly / expectancy**)
86. One of the most important things that we give children is a **good** -----.
(**educate - education - educational - educationally**)
87. If you work hard, I'm sure you **will** -----.
(**success - succeed - successful - successfully**)
88. My father works for **an** ----- that helps to protect the environment.
(**organize - organization - organised**)
89. We should always be ready to listen to **good** -----.
(**advise - advice - advisable**)
90. Nuts contain **useful** ----- such as oils and fats.
(**nutritious - nutrition - nutrients**)
91. In hot weather our bodies are in danger of -----.
(**dehydrate - dehydration - dehydrated**)
92. Don't talk to the driver. He **must** -----.
(**concentration - concentrate - concentrated**)
93. How quickly **does blood** ----- round the body?
(**circulation - circulate - circulated**)

94. Children often ----- computers better than their parents.
(used - are using - use - uses)
95. She ----- tennis everyday.
d- don't play c. isn't play b- doesn't play a. aren't play
96. Every twelve months, the Earth ----- around the sun.
a- circle b- circled c- circles d- has circled
96. The train ----- tonight at 6.00 pm.
a- is going to leave b- will leave c- will be living d- leaves
96. He never ----- his wallet.
a- forget b- forgot c- forgets d- has forgotten
97. ----- Salem visit Ali everyday ?
a- Do b- Did c- Is d- Does
98. We ----- always listen to music.
a- don't b- doesn't c- aren't d- haven't
99. I ----- the present continuous now.
a- study b- studying c- am studying d- have studied
100. She comes from Ajloun. She ----- with her friend in Amman for a week. She will return to Ajloun in the Spring.
a- stay b- is staying c- stayed d- will stay
101. You are always ----- your keys.
a- lose b- lost c- losing d- will lose
102. I ----- my father tomorrow.
a- will meet b- meet c- am meeting d- will be meeting
103. They have ----- the law.
a- broke b- break c- breaking d- broken
104. I ----- my driving test , so I can borrow his car next week.
a- have passed b- passed c- have been passing d- will pass
105. She ----- lunch today.
a- had b- has c- has had d- will have
106. We ----- Sami this week.
a- saw b- have seen c- had seen d- see
107. She ----- for two hours.
a- has talked b- talked c- will talk d- has been talking
108. The police ----- people all week.
a- interviewed b- have been interviewing c- will interview d- have interviewed
109. I ----- a movie yesterday.
a- saw b- have seen c- see d- have been seen
110. I always ----- every morning when I was a student.
a- exercise b- exercised c- exercising d- was exercising
111. I ----- French when I was a child.
a- was studying b- study c- have studied d- studied
112. I ----- TV when she called
a- was watching b- watched c- were watching d- have watched
113. While she ----- a letter the phone rang.
a- wrote b- has written c- had written d- was writing
114. I ----- TV yesterday in the evening.
a- was watching b- watched c- were watching d- have watched
115. By the time Alex ----- his studies, he had been in London for over eight years.
a- finishing b- has finished c- was finishing d- finished
116. By 1860, two men ----- climbing two mountains.

117. By the time the bus arrived, we ----- for an hour.
a- will have finished b- has finished c- had finished d- finished
118. After Ali ----- at home for 10 hours, he went to his uncle's house.
a- had waited b- had been waiting c- will have waited d- waited
119. The year 2019 ----- a very interesting year.
a- had been being b- has been c- was d- had been
120. A: the phone is ringing. B: I ----- answer it .
a- will b- has been c- had been d- will be
121. She ----- probably come back tomorrow.
a- will b- will be c- answer d- answered
122. I think Brazil ----- the World Cup.
a- is b- will be c- has d- will
123. He ----- his vacation in Aqaba.
a- have won b- won c- is going to win d- will win
124. The clouds are dark. It ----- any minute.
a- will spend b- is going to spend c- had spent d- spending
125. Salma ----- a new baby.
a- rains b- rained c- is going to rain d- rain
126. She said that she ----- to the National gallery the week before.
a- went b- will go c- had gone d- gone
127. He said he ----- a teacher.
a- is b- has been c- will be d- was
128. An introductory grammar of Jordanian sign language ----- in 2004.
a- published b- was published c- had been published d- publishing
129. At the moment , a lot of research into the language -----.
a- was done b- is being done c- had been done d- were done
130. The television ----- by John loggie Baird.
a- invented b- was invented c- is invented d- will be invented
131. A place where no cars ----- is a car free zone.
a- are allowed b- is allowed c- allowed d- was allowed
132. A new vocational school ----- recently in my area.
a- built b- was built c- has been built d- is built
133. Different goods among the countries can be ----- by traders.
a- transporting b- transport c- transported d- transports
134. If you boil water, it ----- .
a- will evaportae b- evaporate c- would evaporate d- evaporates
135. If Sami studies hard, he ----- all his exams.
a- pass b- passes c- will pass d- would pass
136. If I ----- you, I would send a text message .
a- was b- were c- am d- had
137. I had my computer ----- .
a- fix b- fixes c- fixing d- fixed
138. I intend ----- English language.
a- learn b- learns c- to learn d- learning
139. I want ----- a tablet.
a- to get b- getting c- will get d- get
140. I can't afford ----- a computer at the moment.
a- to buy b- buying c- must buy d- going to buy

141. If Ali ----- his own computer, he wouldn't need to use his friend's computer.
a- has b- have c- had had d- had
142. Many Jordanian poems ----- into English now.
a- translates b- are translating c- are being translated d- have been translated
143. Are you planning ----- shopping tomorrow ?
a- to go b- going c- will go d- goes
144. I ----- understand English, but now I do .
a- used to b- am used to c- didn't use to d- am not used to
145. My grandparents didn't -----emails when they were my age.
a- used to send b- use to send c- used to send d- use to sending
146. We always go to the market across the street, so we ----- fresh vegetables.
a- are used to b- are use to c- used to d- use to
147. Will it still ----- this evening ?
a- rain b- raining c- have rained d- be raining
148. Don't phone me at seven. I ----- dinner with my family.
a- will have b- will be having c- am going to have d- will have had
149. This time next month, my parents ----- for twenty years.
a- will marry b- will have married c- are going to marry d- marry
150. You can borrow this book tomorrow. I ----- it by then .
a- will have finished b- will be finishing c- will finish d- am going to finish
151. Perhaps Issa's phone is broken. Issa's phone might -----.
a- broke b- be broke c- break d- be broken
152. ----- the "Internet of Things" will make our life easier, it will make many problems to privacy.
a- Therefore b- However c- Although d- In addition
153. On the one hand, life would be easier. -----, we will have less privacy and security.
a- Therefore b- However c- Although d- On the other hand
- 154.** Lights will go on and off automatically. -----, we will save energy.
a- Therefore b- However c- Although d- On the other hand
155. I told you about the man ----- lives next door.
a- who b- which c- where d- whose
156. Do you see the tiger ----- is lying on the roof ?
a- who b- which c- where d- whose
157. The city ----- we met Ali is very beautiful.
a- who b- which c- where d- whose
158. I live in the city ----- is surrounded by many mountains .
a- who b- which c- where d- whose
159. I know the minister ----- brother is my friend .
a- who b- which c- where d- whose
160. I can't run as -----as you .
d- the fastest c. faster than b- fast a. faster
161. I haven't got as much homework ----- my brother.
a- so b- than c- as d- like
162. Do you think Geography is more interesting than History, or ----- interesting ?
a- little b- much c- most d- less
163. I don't like running as ----- as I like swimming.
a- many b- more c- often d- much
164. We practice our English as ----- as possible .
a- many b- more c- often d- much
165. My sister doesn't eat as much as I do . She always puts ----- on her plate than I do.
a- more b- less c- much d- many

166. I didn't enjoy the book. In fact it was the ----- interesting story I've ever read .

a- less b- more c- least d- most

167. The bus is late. We have to wait a little -----.

a- earlier b- faster c- longer d- better

168. The ----- thing on the menu is orange juice.

a- less cheap b- least cheap c- cheapest d- expensive

169. There isn't as ----- information on the website than in the book.

a- many b- more c- much d- few

170. Do you mind ----- why the train is late ?

a- explain b- explains c- explaining d- explained

171. Do you know ----- I've passed my exams or not ?

a- if b- whether c- where d- when

172. Do you mind telling me ----- the library is ?

a- if b- whether c- where d- when

173. Could you explain ----- I can solve this Maths problem ?

a- if b- whether c- how d- why

174. Do you know ----- we will know our results ?

a- when b- where c- if d- who

175. Could you possibly tell me ----- the Arabic teacher is ?

a- when b- where c- if d- who

176. Children are -----to be afraid of ghosts.

a- say b- says c- saying d- said

177. When Omar gave a speech, the class looked at ----- in admiration.

a- he b- his c- him d- them

178. Did you leave Fatima out ? Remember, ----- is invited .

a- he b- her c- she d- them

179. If I were you, I ----- study harder

a- will b- would have c- would be d- would

180. Jordanian sign language is the sign language that ----- in Jordan.

a- used b- is used c- use d- using

181. Ali did not pass his exams. If only he ----- harder last year.

a- studied b- studies c- has studied d- had studied

182. It was too hot to go to the beach yesterday. If only it ----- cooler.

a- were b- was c- had been d- has been

183. I feel ill. I wish I ----- so many sweets!

a- had eaten b- hadn't eaten c- ate d- didn't eat

184. Ziad is not very good at basketball. He wishes he ----- taller!

a- is b- was c- were d- weren't

185. I can't do this exercise. I wish I ----- it.

a- understood b- understand c- understanding d- understands

186. Mr Haddad does not understand the Chinese businessman. If only he ----- Chinese.

a- speak b- spoke c- had spoken d- speaks

187. A new vocational school ----- recently in my area.

a- built b- was built c- has been built d- is built

188. I always have to get home early. I wish my parents ----- me stay out later.

a- let's b- won't let c- would let d- will let

189. If only I ----- lost my ticket!

a- haven't b- didn't c- hadn't d- weren't

190. If you -----to learn a new language, you need to be motivated.

a- will want b- want c- wanted d- would want

191. Jaber isn't old enough to drive a car. He wishes he ----- older .
a- was b- were c- had been d- had
192. My cousins don't live near here. I wish they ----- so far away.
a- were b- weren't c- had been d- hadn't been
193. Would you like to work ----- a teacher in a big school?
a- about b- on c- as d- into
194. We need to decide ----- a place to meet.
a- into b- on c- at d- about
195. Can you translate this Arabic ----- English for me, please?
a- into b- on c- at d- about
196. I'd like to talk _____ the film I've just seen; it was brilliant!
a- into b- on c- at d- about
197. The teacher asked us ----- our favourite books.
a- into b- on c- at d- about
198. My sister is really good ----- drawing and painting.
a- on b- at c- into d- about
199. Plants die if they ----- enough sunlight.
a- don't get b- didn't get c- doesn't get d- aren't
200. Water ----- to ice if the temperature falls below zero.
a- turn b- turning c- turned d- turns
201. If you get an interview for a job, you -----to show that you have good listening skills.
a- will need b- would need c- will d- would
202. She worked hard; -----, she did very well in her exams.
a- since b- so c- consequently d- due to
203. ----- you heat water to 100°C, it boils.
a- when b- unless c- provided that d- even if
204. We were caught in traffic, ----- we missed the start of the play.
a- since b- as c- therefore d- due to
205. We couldn't go to the stadium ----- there weren't any tickets left
a- since b- so c- therefore d- due to
206. ----- I was tired, I went to bed
a- As b- So c- Therefore d- Due to
207. We were late ----- the traffic
a- since b- so c- therefore d- due to
208. According to Kate's schedule, she ----- her business partner next Tuesday.
a. would be met b. will be met c. was going to meet d. is going to meet
209. Nadia ----- her homework for two hours .
(have done – have been doing – has been doing – had been done)
210. While my father ----- a book , our neighbour came to visit us .
(is read – reads – was reading – is being read)
211. I was driving to work when the engine -----.
(stops – were stopping – is stopped – stopped)
212. My uncle ----- working at the company for five years when he got a promotion.
(is – have been – had been – will be)
213. I think humans ----- to Mars in 2070 .
(will travel – were going to travel – have travelled – had been travelled)
214. Look at the black sky. It ----- to rain.
(go - is going - was going - goes)
215. In thirty years' time , scientists ----- a cure for cancer.
(found - find - will have found – were finding)

216. When I was young, I ----- on foot to my school .
 (are used to going – used to go – use to go – am used to going)
217. Rashid ----- swimming every morning , but now he doesn't.
 (are used to going – used to go – use to go – am used to going)
218. My friend has lived in Egypt for a year. She says she ----- living there now.
 (is used to - used to - didn't use to - am not used to)
219. Ali ----- the duck in the park with his father when he was young.
 (is used to feeding - used to feed - am used to feeding - are used to feeding)
220. I had my new apartment ----- before my birthday party.
 (had decorated – decorating – decorated – decorates)
221. I had my phone ----- after I dropped it.
 (repaired – had repaired – repair – repairing)
222. I want to get a new apartment but I can't afford ----- money at the moment.
 (borrow - to borrow - borrowing - borrows)
223. My friend stopped ----- when the teacher came.
 (talk - to talk - talks - talking)
224. Last night, many students ----- in the English club.
 (was elected - were elected - are elected)
225. I am afraid that my laptop ----- by somebody else yesterday.
 (was used - are used - will use)
226. Three of my articles ----- last month in the local newspaper.
 (have published – have been published – will be published – were published)
227. Many gallons of fresh milk ----- everyday.
 (are drunk - is drinking - drank – are drinking)
228. If one presses the button , the picture ----- .
 (moved - moves - would move)
229. I would have done things differently if I ----- the manager of the factory.
 (had been - am - has been – have been)
230. The students ----- cleaned the street are from our school.
 (which - who - when - whose)
231. The prize ----- Huda won last year was for Art .
 (when - where - which - who)
232. The person ----- has influenced me most is my father.
 (when - where - which - who)
233. I always go to the supermarket ----- sells organic vegetables.
 (who - which - whose - whom)
234. Plastic is the material ----- causes a lot of pollution.
 (whose - who - where - which)
- 235. How much sleep do teenagers of our age need ?**
 a. Do you know how much sleep do teenagers of our age need ?
 b. Do you know how much sleep teenagers of our age needs ?
 c. Do you know how much sleep teenagers of our age need ?
 d. Do you know how much sleep teenagers of our age needed ?
- 236. Is it possible to improve your memory ?**
 a. Do you know if is it possible to improve your memory ?
 b. Do you know if it is possible to improve your memory ?
 c. Do you know it is possible to improve your memory ?
 d. Do you know if it possible to improve your memory ?
- 237. Can you suggest a healthy breakfast ?**

- a. Do you mind if you can suggest a healthy breakfast ?
- b. Do you mind if you could suggest a healthy breakfast ?
- c. Do you mind suggesting a healthy breakfast ?
- d. Do you mind if can you suggest a healthy breakfast ?

238. Please help me to plan my revision.

- a. Do you mind help me to plan my revision ?
- b. Do you mind helping me to plan my revision ?
- c. Do you mind to help me to plan my revision ?
- d. Do you mind please help me to plan my revision ?

239. Does the exam start at ten or half past ten ?

- a. Do you know whether the exam start at ten or half past ten ?
- b. Do you know whether the exam starting at ten or half past ten ?
- c. Do you know whether the exam starts at ten or half past ten ?
- d. Do you know whether the exam will start at ten or half past ten ?

240. Speaking a foreign language, ----- , improves the functionality of your brain.

(claim – is claim – is claimed – it is claimed)

241. People believe that language learning can also improve your decision-making skills.

- a. Language learning is believed to can also improve your decision-making skills.
- b. Language learning is believe to improve your decision-making skills.
- c. Language learning is believed to improve your decision-making skills.
- d. Language learning is believe to improve your decision-making skills.

242. People believe that solving puzzles keeps the brain active.

- a. Solving puzzles are believed to keep the brain active .
- b. Solving puzzles is believed to keeps the brain active .
- c. Solving puzzles is believed to keep the brain active .
- d. Solving puzzles are believed to keeps the brain active .

243. Experts have proved that exercise is good for concentration.

- a. Exercise have proved to be good for concentration .
- b. Exercise has proved to be good for concentration .
- c. Exercise have been proved to be good for concentration .
- d. Exercise has been proved to be good for concentration .

244. Scientists proved that making exercise doesn't make people feel sad .

- a. Making exercise is proved not to make people feel sad.
- b. Making exercise was proved not to make people feel sad.
- c. Making exercise are proved not to make people feel sad.
- d. Making exercise were proved not to make people feel sad.

245. People believe that eating almonds reduces the risk of heart disease .

- a. Eating almonds are believed to reduce the risk of heart disease .
- b. Eating almonds is believed to reduce the risk of heart disease .
- c. Eating almonds is believed to reduces the risk of heart disease .
- d. Eating almonds are believed to reduces the risk of heart disease .

246. Doing regular exercise is believed to reduce the risk of several diseases.

- a. People believe that doing regular exercise reduce the risk of several disease .
- a. People believe that doing regular exercise reduces the risk of several disease .
- a. People believed that doing regular exercise reduces the risk of several disease .
- a. People have believed that doing regular exercise reduce the risk of several disease .

247. They assumed that the last Olympic Games were a great success.

- a. It is assumed that the last Olympic Games were a great success.
- a. It was assumed that the last Olympic Games were a great success.
- a. It has been assumed that the last Olympic Games were a great success.

a. It is assume that the last Olympic Games were a great success.

248. People believe that the heavy rainfall caused the devastating of the dam.

a. The heavy rainfall is believed to caused the devastating of the dam.

a. The heavy rainfall is believed to cause the devastating of the dam.

a. The heavy rainfall is believed to have caused the devastating of the dam.

a. The heavy rainfall is believed to causes the devastating of the dam.

249. Ali did not pass his exams. If only he ----- harder last year.

(**study – studied – had studied – hadn't studied**)

250. Our flat is very small. If only we ----- in a big house.

(**live – had lived – lived – hadn't lived**)

251. Jaber isn't old enough to drive a car. He wishes he ----- older.

(**is – were – isn't – weren't**)

252. I regret that I made an accident. I wish I ----- fast.

(**drove – didn't drive – had driven – hadn't driven**)

253. Our team didn't play very well yesterday. If only they ----- better.

(**played – play – had played – hadn't played**)

254. I regret going to bed late last night. I wish I -----earlier.

(**went – had gone – hadn't gone – didn't go**)

255. Nader should have been more careful with his essay. He didn't get a good mark.

Nader wishes he -----more careful.

(**were – was – had been – hadn't been**)

256. Ziad is not very good at basketball. He wishes he ----- taller!

(**is / were / was / are**)

257. I can't do this exercise. I wish I ----- it.

(**understood / understand / understanding / understands**)

258. Mr Haddad does not understand the Chinese businessman. If only he ----- Chinese.

(**speak / spoke / had spoken / speaks**)

259. I didn't wake up early and I missed my bus. I wish I ----- early.

(**wake up / wakes up / had waken up / have waken up**)

260. Rami didn't play basketball very well. He wishes he ----- a professional player.

(**becomes - will become - become – had become**)

261. I'm sorry I made you angry last night. I wish I ----- at you.

(**hadn't shouted - hasn't shouted - am not shouting – don't shout**)

262. There is less information on the website than in the book.

a. There isn't as much information on the website as in the book.

b. There is as much information on the website as in the book.

c. There is more information on the website than in the book.

d. There isn't as many information on the website as in the book.

263. The cheapest thing on the menu is orange juice.

a. The least expensive thing on the menu is orange juice.

b. The most expensive thing on the menu is orange juice.

c. The less expensive thing on the menu is orange juice.

d. The more expensive thing on the menu is orange juice.

264. Neither Maths nor Science are as popular as English.

- a. English is more popular than Maths nor Science.
- b. English is the most popular.
- c. English is more popular than Maths and Science.
- d. English is less popular than Maths than Science.

265. Jordanian children start school a year later than English children.

- a. English children start school a year earlier than Jordanian children.
- b. English children don't start school a year earlier than Jordanian children.
- c. English children start school a year later than Jordanian children.
- d. Jordanian children start school a year earlier than English children.

266. They want to interview as ----- candidates as possible for the new position.

(much - many - the most - more)

267. I am not interested in football as ----- as you.

(many - more - much - less)

1. My grandfather has ___ in his fingers, so he finds it difficult to write.
(arthritis, acupuncture, homoeopathy, ailment)
 2. _____ to nuts and milk are becoming more common.
(malaria, allergies, migraine, ailment)
 3. Many serious diseases can be prevented by _____, which helps the body to build antibodies.
(immunisation, acupuncture, homoeopathy, ailment)
 4. If you have a _____, the best thing to do is take some medicine and rest somewhere quiet.
(optional, acupuncture, homoeopathy, migraine)
 5. I don't really believe that story – I'm very _____.
(viable, alien, conventional, sceptical)
 6. Doctors often treat infections with antibiotics; that is the _____ approach.
(alien, conventional, sceptical, complementary)
 7. Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say it is _____.
(viable, alien, conventional, complementary)
 8. If something seems very strange, we sometimes say it is _____.
(viable, alien, conventional, complementary)
 9. You can wear your watch when you go swimming if it's _____.
(inspire, monitor, reputation, waterproof)
 10. It's amazing how huge trees grow from _____ seeds.
(seat belt, self-confidence, tiny, waterproof)
 11. The Olympic Games often _____ young people to take up a sport.
(helmet, inspire, monitor, reputation).
- Please hurry up. Let's not _____ missing the bus.
(monitor, reputation, risk, seat belt)
13. You must always wear a _____ in a car, whether you're the driver or a passenger.
(monitor, reputation, risk, seat belt)
 14. When my grandfather had a heart attack, the doctors attached a special _____ to his chest.
(helmet, inspire, monitor, reputation)
 15. It's important to encourage young people and help them develop _____.
(seat belt, self-confidence, tiny, waterproof)
 16. Petra has a _____ as a fascinating place to visit.
(inspire, monitor, reputation, risk)
 17. My father teaches Maths. He's a _____.
(chemist, geometry, mathematician, physician)
 18. You must not take in medicine without consulting a _____.
(Philosopher, arithmetic, polymath, physician)
 19. We learn about shapes, lines and angles when we study _____.
(geometry, arithmetic, polymath, physician)
 20. Mr Shahin is a true _____, working in all kinds of creative and scientific fields.
(arithmetic, polymath, chemist, geometry)
 21. Ramzi is very good with numbers and calculations. He always scores high in _____.

- (arithmetic, polymath, chemist , geometry)
22. A ____ is someone who thinks and writes about the meaning of life.
(philosopher, arithmetic, polymath, geometry)
23. In hot countries, solar _____ is an important source of energy.
(neutral, pedestrian, power, renewable)
24. 'Green' projects are environmentally _____ .
(friendly, neutral, pedestrian, power)
25. Wind _____ are an example of energy.
(benefit, farms, footprint, free)
26. If a city recycles everything and doesn't throw anything away, it is zero-_____.
(pedestrian, power, renewable, waste)
27. We burn carbon whenever we use oil, coal or gas. This is known as our carbon _____
(benefit, farms, footprint, free)
28. A ____ is a country that's economically and socially advanced.
(compulsory, contradictory, developed nation, tuition)
29. You don't have to stay after school for the chess club – it's _____.
(contradictory, developed nation, tuition, optional)
30. If you want to lose weight, you should _____ exercise every day.
(take, get, do, make)
31. The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done anything yet! You really must _____ a time table .
(make, catch, draw, do)
32. If you send money to charity, you will _____ to a lot of lives.
(take a break, do exercise, make a difference, make a mistake)
33. You look tired. Why don't you _____ ?
(take a break, do exercise, make a difference, make a mistake)
34. I need to organise my time better. I think I'll _____ a time table.
(make, catch, draw, do)

SECTION ONE : READING (40 POINTS)

PART ONE : READING COMPREHENSION :

Read the following paragraph carefully, and then choose the correct answers :

In England, almost 50% of school leavers go on to higher education. The figure has not always been as high as this. **Another huge change** was only about 5%. **It** Twenty years ago, it was closer to 30%, and thirty years before that, financial. Before 1998 CE, higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens. Since then, tuition fees have been introduced. Most students borrow this money from the government. They don't have to repay it immediately. Instead, they pay it back slowly out of future earnings.

1. The word 'it' in bold refers to :

- a. The percentage of school leavers who go on to a higher education.
- b. Another huge change.
- c. Higher education.
- d. The government.

2. The previous paragraph contains the phrase in bold 'another huge change'. What was the first huge change?

- a. The percentage of school leavers who go on to a higher education.
- b. The change of school leavers go on to a higher education over 50 years from 5% to 30 % . .
- c. The change of school leavers go on to a higher education over 50 years from 5% to 50 % .
- d. The change of school leavers go on to a higher education over 50 years from 5% to 20 % .

Despite the high cost, most students choose to study away from home. A recent survey of 17,000 students revealed that only 7% wanted to stay at home while they studied for their degree. Of course for most young people, living away from home means borrowing even more money from the government. So why don't students choose to avoid debt by staying at home, where they don't have to pay rent? Most of them say that they want to move to the university of their choice, rather than the nearest one. Another strong motive is the desire to live in a new culture.

3. Students don't choose to avoid debt by staying at home for the following two reasons :

- a. They want to borrow money and they don't want to avoid debt.
- b. They want to move to the university of their choice and the desire to live in a new culture.
- c. They want to move to the university of their choice and choose to study away from home.
- d. They don't have to pay rent and the desire to live in a new culture.

Where do these students live? Many have rooms in halls of residence, especially in their first year; others rent flats or houses. A lucky minority live in property that their parents have bought for them. Most of them need to learn to cook, do their own washing and manage their time and money.

4. The sentence which indicates the tasks that students have to do while living in a new culture.

- a. A lucky minority live in property that their parents have bought for them.
- b. Most of them need to learn to cook, do their own washing and manage their time and money.
- c. Many have rooms in halls of residence, especially in their first year;
- d. Others rent flats or houses.

Many classrooms now use a whiteboard as a computer screen. As a consequence, teachers can show websites on the board in front of the class. Teachers can then use the internet to show educational programmes, play educational games, music, recording of languages, and so on. In some countries, tablet computers are available for students to use in class. Therefore, students can use the tablets to tasks such as showing photographs, researching information, recording interviews, and creating diagrams. Tablets are ideal for pair and group work.

5. The tasks which students can do using the tablets are :

- a. show websites and use the internet
- b. show educational programmes , play educational games , play music and recording of languages.
- c. showing photographs ,researching information ,recording interviews and creating diagrams.
- d. pair and group work.

Teachers can perhaps ask their students to start writing a blog (an online diary), either about their own lives or as if they were someone famous. They can also create a website for the classroom. Students can contribute to the website, so for example they can post work, photos and messages.

6. Students can write a blog about the following things :

- a. Create a website and contribute to the website.
- b. Students and the classroom.
- c. Their own lives or as if they were some one famous.
- d. post work, photos and messages.

We all like to send emails, don't we ? Email exchanges are very useful in the classroom. Teachers can ask students to email what they have learnt to students of a similar age at another school. They could even email students in another country. As a result, students can then share information and help each other with tasks.

7. The benefits of using email exchange in the process of learning are :

- a. another school and another country.
- b. share information and help each other with tasks.
- c. share information and email students.
- d. email students and help each other with tasks.

Students often use computers at home if they have them. Students can use social media on their computer to help them with their studies, including asking other students to check and compare their work, asking questions and sharing ideas. The teacher must be part of the group, too, to monitor what is happening. Thank you for listening . Does any one have any questions ?

8. The advantages of using social media by students are :

- a. using computers and social media.
- b. listening and monitoring what is happening.
- c. using computers and monitoring what is happening.
- d. checking and comparing work

Question Number Two : Vocabulary

A. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences :

9. In order to work in finance, you need to be a very ----- person.
a. neutral b. renewable c. responsible d. cultural
10. Your job ----- will be better if you study in space schools.
a. pedestrian b. prospects c. mortality d. prosthetic
11. Homoeopathy cannot produce ----- needed to protect against childhood diseases.
a. antibodies b. reputation c. helmet d. footprint
12. It's important to drink a lot of water in order to avoid -----.
a. nutrition b. circulation c. concentration d. dehydration
13. Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was caught ----- .
a. white elephant b. anger c. red-handed d. out of the blue

B. Study the following sentences and choose the correct option :

14. **Choose the correct body - idiom to replace the underlined misused one .**
If you've got a problem, talk to someone about put my back into it .
a. get cold feet b. play it by ear c. have a head for figures d. get it off your chest
15. **Choose the correct word to replace the underlined misused one to make the correct collocation.**
I need to organize my time better. I think I'll **cause offence**
a. earn a respect b. draw up a timetable c. spend time d. catch attention

Question Number Three : Derivation

16. **One of the most important things that we give children is a good -----.**
a. educate b. educational c. education d. educationally
17. **If you work hard, I'm sure you will ----- .**
a. success b. succeed c. successful d. successfully
18. **The Middle East is famous for the ----- of olive oil.**
a. produce b. productive c. productively d. production
19. **New graduate students should ----- their skills to find jobs easily. .**
a. develop b. development c. developed d. developing
20. **There is a particular Bedouin style of weaving that buyers find very ----- .**
a. attract b. attractive c. attarcation d. attractively

Question Number Four :

21. **Every year , lots of advanced smartphones ----- all over the world.**
a. are made b. were made c. have been made d. was made
22. **If everyone ----- hard, we'll all pass our exams.**
a. work b. working c. is working d. works
23. **By 2025, I ----- my study in Britain.**
a. will finish b. had finished c. will have finished d. finish
24. **Fadi has lost his wallet. I wish he ----- more careful .**
a. has been b. had been c. hadn't been d. have been
25. **The clouds are dark. It ----- any minute.**
a. will rain b. is going to rain c. will be raining d. rains
26. **Rashid ----- swimming every morning , but now he doesn't.**
a. are used to going b. used to go c. use to go d. am used to going

Question Number Four

Choose the correct sentence so that the new item has a similar meaning :

27. Experts have proved that eating fresh vegetables is good for the stomach.

- a. Eating fresh vegetables have been proved to be good for the stomach.
- b. Eating fresh vegetables have proved to be good for the stomach.
- c. Eating fresh vegetables has proved to be good for the stomach.
- d. Eating fresh vegetables has been proved to be good for the stomach.

28. Is it possible to improve your memory ?

- a. Do you know it is possible to improve your memory ?
- b. Do you know if it is possible to improve your memory ?
- c. Do you know if it was possible to improve your memory ?
- d. Do you know if it is possible to improve your memory ?

29. Biology isn't as popular as Visual Arts .

- a. Visual Arts is less popular than Biology.
- b. Visual Arts isn't as popular as Biology.
- c. Visual Arts is more popular than Biology.
- d. Visual Arts isn't more popular than Biology.

30. Mohammad expressed his opinion clearly.

- a. The person who expressed his opinion clearly was Mohammad.
- b. The person who expressed his opinion clearly is Mohammad.
- c. The person whose expressed his opinion clearly is Mohammad.
- d. The person which expressed his opinion clearly was Mohammad.

31. It's normal for my father to work 12 hours a day .

- a. My father used to work 12 hours a day .
- b. My father is used to work 12 hours a day .
- c. My father is used to working 12 hours a day .
- d. My father used to working 12 hours a day .

C. Choose the suitable items from those given to complete each of the following sentences

32. I regret going to bed late last night. I wish I ----- earlier.

- a. hadn't gone b. went c. had gone d. have gone

33. It was the month of Ramadan ----- Ibn Sina died, I June 1937 CE.

- a. which b. who c. whose d. when

34. There isn't as ----- information on the website as in the books.

- a. many b. more c. less d. much

35. Do you mind ----- a healthy breakfast ?

- a. suggest b. suggests c. suggesting d. to suggest

Question Number Five :

Writing skills

2016 is when you feel most awake. **That** The best time to study is early in the morning.

What is the function of using the pronoun that in the above sentence ? -----
People - things – ideas

consequence	In this way, As a consequence, Therefore, As a result, Thus, In consequence , For this , that reason
Opposition	In spite of , However, On the contrary , Whereas , conversely, despite , On the other hand / On one hand , although
continuation	Furthermore, In addition , Likewise, Also, One reason for this, Moreover
Recommendations	It is recommended that ... / The best course of action would be to.....
Conclusion	appears that ... / This results in
Introduction	The aim of this report is to / This report examines..... / In this report will be examined
Reporting information	There are more than ----- / Almost ----- / The number of -----has declined / increased

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اتمنى لكم التوفيق والنجاح لجميع طلبتي الرائعين