

Body Idioms (verb phrase):

مصطلحات الجسم

body idiom	English Meaning	Arabic meaning
play it by ear	decide how to deal with a situation as it develops	أن تقرر كيفية التعامل مع وضع حسب تطوره
get cold feet	lose your confidence in something at the last minute	ان تفقد ثقتك في شيء ما في اللحظة الأخيرة
get it off (your) chest	tell someone about something that has been worrying you	ان تخبر شخص ما عن ما يقلقك همومك
keep your chin up (w/2016)	remain cheerful in difficult situations; an expression of encouragement	أن تبقى مبتهيج في المواقف الصعبة. ويستعمل هذا التعبير للتشجيع
put (my) back into it	put a lot of effort into something	يجتهد في شيء ما
have a head for figures	have a natural mental ability for maths and numbers	ان تملك القدرة العقلية الطبيعية في (الرياضيات , الأرقام والموسيقى)

- 1- I'm too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think that I'll at the last minute.
انا متوتر جدا من القيام بالقفز من المظلة اعتقد انني سوف أخاف فجأة في اللحظة الأخيرة
- 2- If you've got a problem, talk to someone about it. It helps to
اذا لديك مشكلة ما. تحدث الى شخص ما عن ذلك. فهو يساعد على ازاحة الهم عن صدرك
- 3- I don't think I'd be a very good accountant. I don't really
انا لا اعتقد انني سأكون محاسبا جيد جدا. انا حقا لا أملك قدرة عقلية للتعامل مع الأرقام
- 4- ! I'm sure everything will be fine in the end.
كن متفائلا او شجاعا ! انا متأكد من ان كل شيء سيكون على ما يرام في النهاية
- 5- I'm not sure if it'll be warm enough to have a barbecue. We'll have to
انا لست متأكد مما اذا كان الجو سيكون دافئا بما فيه الكفاية لعمل شوي. سنضطر ان نتعامل حسب الظروف
- 6-(w/2016)- Even if things have been difficult for you, always, everything will be normal soon.
- 7- I could solve this problem in an afternoon if I really

إجابة مقترحة

get cold feet 2- get it off your chest 3- have a head for figures 4- Keep your chin up 5- play it by ear 6- keep your chin up 7- put my back into it.

Collocating Phrases

متلازمات الأفعال

Collocation	Meaning	بالعربي
Draw up a timetable	write a schedule	يرسم/يكتب/يضع جدولا
do exercise	keep fit	يقوم بالتمارين
make a start	begin	يبدأ
take a break	relax	يأخذ استراحة
do a subject	study	يدرس
make a difference	Change something	يغير شيء

1. If you want to lose weight, you should **do exercise** every day.
2. The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done anything yet! You really must.....
3. If you send money to charity, you will to a lot of lives.
4. You look tired. Why don't you
5. I need to organise my time better. I think I'll.....

إجابة مقترحة

1.do exercise 2. make a start 3. make a difference 4. take a break 5. draw up a timetable

1. make a **mistake**
2. ask **questions**
3. Shake **hands**
4. earn **respect**
5. join a **company**
6. cause **offence**
7. Make **small talk**

Complete the sentences with collocations from exercise 1.

1. Be very careful when you answer the questions, and try not to
2. If you are polite, you won't or upset anybody.
3. Before the serious discussion starts, we always it's often about the weather.
4. Nasser has applied to the where his father works.
5. In business, when you meet someone for the first time, it's polite to
6. After the talk, there will be a chance for you to about anything you don't understand.
7. By working hard, you will the of your boss.

Colour idioms

مصطلحات الألوان

feel blue	Sadness حزين
see red	angry غضبان
white elephant	useless possession بلا فائدة
the green light	give permission /say yes / agree يعطى الاذن
red-handed	in the act of doing something wrong. يرتكب خطأ
out of the blue	unexpectedly فجأة

What do the following colour idioms in brackets mean?
 جمل مهمة لتصحيح
 المصطلح اللون الخطأ

1. Have you heard the good news? We've got **the green light** to go ahead with our project!

هل سمعت الخبر السار؟ لقد حصلنا على الموافقة بالاستمرار بمشروعنا

2. the police arrived and the thief was caught **red-handed**. لحسن الحظ اتت الشرطة وقبضت على اللص متلبسا وزارة.

3. I was shocked when I heard the news. It came completely **out of the blue**. لقد صدمت عندما سمعت الخبر جاء فجأة.

4. Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is **a white elephant**.

لا أحد يذهب الى النادي الرياضي الخاص الجديد المبني غير مجدي

***Collocations with adjectives**

متلازمات الصفات

- 1-economic growth نمو اقتصادي
- 2- negative effects تأثير سلبي
- 3- carbon footprint اثر الكربون
- 4- public transport مواصلات عامة
- 5- biological waste مخلفات حيوية
- 6- urban planning تخطيط عمراني

1 When people talk about, they can mean either an improvement in the average standard of living, or an increase in the **value of a country's products**.

2 Pollution has some serious, on the environment, such as the death of wildlife and plant life.

3 We can all work hard to reduce our, by living a more environmentally-friendly lifestyle.

4 If we take, more often, there will be fewer cars on the roads, which will result in cleaner air in our cities.

5 Hospitals need to dispose of a lot of, and it should be carefully managed because it can be dangerous.

6 The need for more effective is evident when we consider modern day problems like traffic.

متوقع ان تأتي في سؤال تصحيح المتلازمة الخطأ بالصحيحة

حروف الجر Prepositions

know about : يعرف عن – يعلم عن
connect with : يتواصل مع
turn on : يشغل
give out : يعطي – يقدم معلومات
fill in : يملأ – يعبئ

- 1 to know..... dangers of the Internet .
- 2 to connect..... people on the Internet.
- 3 to turn..... privacy settings.
- 4 to give..... personal information.
- 5 to fill..... a form.

المترادفات Synonyms:

Artificial صناعي	Prosthetic
Apparatus اداة	Equipment
Fund يمول	Sponsor

describes an object that is manufactured by humans tools or machines

pay for

متضادات opposites :

tiny صغير	huge كبير
artificial صناعي	natural طبيعي

الأفعال الظرفية prefixes والبواقي suffixes واللواحق phrasal verbs

Phrasal verb	English	Arabic
focus on	to direct your attention or effort at something	يركز على
bounce back	to start to be successful again after a difficult time	يسترد نشاطه
setback	a problem that delays or stops progress, or makes a situation worse.	إنتكاسة
cope with	to deal with a situation / handle a situation	يتعامل مع
rely on	to have trust or confidence in something or someone	يعتمد على
pay for	fund / sponsor	يمول
Hands on	Working by hand	عمل يدوي
proof	provide protection against	ضد
Semi	half	شبه

التفريق بين معاني الكلمات التالية :

Explain the difference in meaning between these phrases from the article.
مطلوب منك هو التفريق في المعنى بين العبارات التالية المأخوذة من النص.

1.share ideas يشارك الأفكار	to give your ideas to another person or to a group يتشارك الأفكار مع شخص أو مجموعة من الأشخاص
compare ideas يقارن الأفكار	where two or more people consider how their ideas are similar or different يقارن أفكار مع أفكار شخص آخر لمعرفة الاختلاف والتشابه
2.create to a website ينشئ موقع إلكتروني	to construct a website that currently does not exist ينشئ موقع إلكتروني (الموقع لم يكن موجوداً اصلاً)
contribute to a website يساهم في الموقع الإلكتروني	offer your writing and work to the website يساهم عن طريق عرض كتابات والأعمال ليتم نشرها في الموقع
3.research information يبحث عن المعلومات	to use a variety of sources to find the information you need معرفة المعلومة التي تحتاجها عن طريق استخدام مصادر متنوعة
present information يقدم المعلومات	to give the results of your research in a presentation يعطي نتائج الأبحاث التي توصل إليها من خلال البحث
4.monitor what is happening يراقب ويشرف على ما يحدث	you know what is happening and you are following the developments أنت تعرف ما الذي يجري وتتابع تطوّر الأحداث
find out what is happening يكتشف ما الذي يجري	you don't know what is happening and you want to discover it أنت لا تعرف ماذا يحدث وتحاول معرفة ذلك
5.give a talk to people يخطب بالناس	you have prepared a speech and you are giving this speech to a group of people who are expecting it يجهّز ويحضّر كلاماً لإلقائه أمام مجموعة من الناس اللذين ينتظرون ذلك
talk to people يتحدث مع الناس	an informal discussion نقاش وكلام غير رسمي
6.show photos يظهر تصوره عن شخص	you show people photos that you have in person يظهر للناس تصوره وانطباعه عن شخص معين
send photos يرسل الصور لشخص آخر	you send photos to someone over the Internet or by post يرسل صوراً لشخص معين عن طريق الإنترنت أو نشرها

<p>ادوات البلاغة rhetorical device</p> <p>1.simile : التشبيه</p> <p>2.Metaphor : الاستعارة</p> <p>3.Onomatopoeia : محاكاة صوتيه</p> <p>4.Personification : التجسيد</p>	<p>1. Some robots will look and sound very like humans. <i>What rhetorical device is used in the above sentence?</i> Answer: simile</p> <p>2. The world will be at your fingertips. <i>What rhetorical device is used in the above sentence?</i> Answer: metaphor</p> <p>3. Everywhere we go we will hear the constant buzzand humof technology. <i>What rhetorical device is used in the above sentence?</i> Answer: onomatopoeia</p> <p>4. Our computers and mobile phones will take care of us, by telling uswhen to wake up, eat and sleep. <i>What rhetorical device is used in the above sentence?</i> Answer: personification</p>
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Transcribe the following words phonetically using the IPA system. (1 point)

1. technology .../tek'nɒlədʒi/ / ɪm'pɔ:təns / 2. Importance.....

*Same meaning : نفس المعنى

Replace the underlined words and phrases with its meaning. استبدال الكلمات التي تحتها خط بكلمة مناسبة لها بالمعنى

- 1- Doctors look at the signs of illness before they decide how to treat the patient.
 2- Before doctors prescribe drugs to patients, scientists perform special tests to make sure the drugs are safe.
 3- After Ali's accident, he lay in an unconscious state for two weeks.
 4- My grandfather has to take a lot of medicine – he takes six different tablets every day.

1 Symptoms أعراض 2. Medical tests اختبارات طبية 3. Coma غيبوبة 4. Pills أقراص الدواء

Useful language

لغة مفيدة

Introduction مقدمة

The aim of this report is to ... / This report examines ... / In this report, [...] will be examined.

Reporting information معلومات التقرير

There are more than [...] well-equipped health centres in [name of town].

Almost three-quarters of the population are regular users of

... The number of [...] has declined/increased since [date].

Conclusion/Recommendations الخلاصة \ توصيات

It appears that ... / This results in ... / It is recommended that ... / The best course of action would be to ...