

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

English Language

COVID 19 / 2020

جيل التحدي والظروف الصعبة



عمر خالد عواد

0789000196



الأستاذ عمر خالد عواد "مدرس اللغة الانجليزية"

Section One : Reading comprehension

In the 1940s, technology had developed enough for inventors to make the first generation of modern computers. One such model was so large that it needed a room that was 167 square metres to accommodate it. During that decade, scientists in England developed the first computer program. It took 25 minutes to complete one calculation. In 1958 CE, the computer chip was developed.

1. In the 1940s, inventors were able to develop.....

- A. the first generation of modern computers and the computer chip.
- B. the first computer program and the computer chip.
- C. the first generation of modern computers and the first computer program.
- D. The first computer program and the first mouse.

The first computer game was produced in 1962 CE, followed two years later by the computer mouse. In 1971 CE, the floppy disk was invented, which meant that information could be shared between computers. The first PC (personal computer) was produced in 1974 CE, so people could buy computers to use at home.

2. The above paragraph states that

- A. the computer mouse was produced and then the first game.
- B. the first game was produced and then the first mouse.
- C. the floppy disk was produced and then the first computer game.
- D. the first PC was produced and then the mouse.

3. The above paragraph states that the first computer mouse was produced in

- A. 1971.
- B. 1962.
- C. 1974.
- D. 1964.

Most young people communicate through social media, by which they send each other photos and messages via the Internet. Some students like to send messages that are under 140 letters for anyone to read. Teachers can ask students to summarize information about what they have learnt in class in the same way. If students learn to summarize quickly, they will be able to use this skill in the future.

4. According to the above paragraph, teachers can make use of social media to teach the students the skill of

- A. summarizing quickly.
- B. sending messages.
- C. using the computer.
- D. communicating with each other.

Students often use computers at home if they have them. Students can use social media on their computers to help them with their studies, including asking other students to check and compare their work, asking questions and sharing ideas.

5. Students can use social media on their computers to

- A. check and compare their work.
- B. ask questions.
- C. share ideas.
- D. all of the above.

6. The underlined word in the above paragraph refers to.....

- A. students.
- B. computers.
- C. home.
- D. studies.

Many people are excited about the 'Internet of Things'. For them, a dream is coming true. They say that our lives will be easier and more comfortable. However, others are not so sure. They want to keep control of their own lives and their own things. In addition, they wonder what would happen if criminals managed to access their passwords and security settings. The dream could easily become a nightmare!

7. The word which means "to find information, especially on a computer" in the above paragraph is

- A. security setting.
- B. nightmare.
- C. comfortable.
- D. access.

At a surgery in London, 70 per cent of patients who were offered the choice between a herbal or a conventional medicine for common complaints such as insomnia, arthritis and migraines chose the herbal remedy. Fifty per cent of patients then said that the treatment helped. One doctor said, "I now consider homoeopathy to be a viable option for many different conditions, including anxiety, depression and certain allergies.

8. In the above paragraph, two types of complementary medicine are mentioned which are....

- A. insomnia and migraine.
- B. anxiety and depression.
- C. herbal remedy and homoeopathy.
- D. homoeopathy and conventional medicine.

9. The above paragraph states that

- A. most Londoners prefer herbal remedy to conventional medicine.
- B. most Londoners prefer conventional medicine to herbal remedy.
- C. half Londoners prefer herbal remedy to conventional medicine.
- D. half Londoners prefer homoeopathy to herbal remedy.

However, complementary medicine cannot be used for all medical treatments. It can never substitute for immunizations as it will not produce the antibodies needed to protect against childhood diseases. It also cannot be used to protect against malaria.

10. According to the above paragraph, complementary medicine

- A. is useful in treating dangerous diseases like Malaria.
- B. can produce antibodies which fight childhood diseases.
- C. provides the body with the necessary immunization.
- D. cannot treat all medical conditions.

11. The word which means "a substance produced by the body to fight disease" in the above paragraph is

- A. immunization
- B. complementary medicine.
- C. malaria
- D. antibody

The low infant mortality rate, as well as the excellent healthcare system, have been contributing factors to Jordan's healthy population growth, which will result in a strong work force with economic benefits for the whole country.

12. According to the above paragraph, two reasons have contributed to Jordan's healthy population growth. They are

- A. the low infant mortality rate and the excellent healthcare system.
- B. a strong work force and the economic benefits.
- C. the healthy population growth and the strong work force.
- D. the low infant mortality rate as well as the healthy population growth.

These should include moderate exercise, such as fast walking and more **strenuous** exercise, like running.

13. The word "strenuous" in the above sentence means

- A. mediocre
- B. easy
- C. relaxing
- D. tiring

In many countries, an increasing number of young people and adults are overweight or even obese. One reason for this is the growing popularity of fast food, which didn't use to be as common as it is now. Another big factor is the lack of exercise.

14. The above paragraph states that

- B. fast food is not as common as it used to be.
- C. obesity is the result of lack of exercise and fast food.
- D. fast food isn't as popular as it used to be.
- E. obesity is the result of increasing the number of adults and young people.

The boy caught Sheikh Hamdan's attention with his invention – a prosthetic limb for his father. The Sheikh has taken a special interest in the boy, and hopes the tour that he is sponsoring for Adeb will give the young inventor more self-confidence and inspire other young Emirati inventors.

15. The opposite of the word "natural" in the above paragraph is.....

- A. attention B. prosthetic C. interest D. self-confidence

A new cancer drug is being trialed in Plymouth, UK, which doctors hope will extend the lives of cancer patients and reduce their symptoms overnight. It is taken as a single pill every morning, and so far patients have shown none of the usual side effects such as the sickness and hair loss that are experienced when undergoing other forms of cancer treatment.

16. According to the above paragraph, the new cancer drug

- A. has the usual side effects that other drugs have.
B. has some side effects like sickness and hair loss.
C. is expected to extend cancer patients' lives and reduce their symptoms.
D. has been approved and is being sold in pharmacies.

The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan's only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. It treats both adults and pediatric patients. Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as they are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.

17. Two factors have attracted patients from other countries to the KHCC. They are.....

- o the excellent reputation and the lower costs.**
- o it treats both adults and pediatric patients.**
- o the KHCC is a comprehensive cancer treatment centre.**
- o patients come from Jordan and from other countries in the region**

The new hand, which was developed by Swiss and Italian scientists, was a huge improvement. With it, Sorensen could not only pick up and manipulate objects, but he could also feel them.

18. The underlined word 'them' in the above lines refers to

- A. Objects
B. Scientists
C. Sorenson
D. Improvement

Megaprojects are extremely large investment projects, which are designed to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities. Although megaprojects vary in terms of size and cost, they are all, by definition, expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage. Projects range from motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes.

19. Megaprojects differ in two things which are.....

- A. cost and media coverage.
- B. interest and media coverage.
- C. growth and benefits.
- D. size and cost.

20. some examples on megaprojects are.....

- A. airports and stations.
- B. tunnels and bridges.
- C. motorways and city complexes.
- D. all of the above.

Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer who lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh century. He worked in the court of Al-Ma'mun, who was the King of Toledo. His great passions were botany, which is the study of plants, and agriculture.

21. Ibn Bassal was interested in two subjects. They are

- A. botany and agriculture.
- B. botany and plants.
- C. Al-Andalus and Toledo
- D. Al-Ma'mun and Toledo

Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer – a true **polymath**.

22. The underlined word means.....

- A. someone who has knowledge about different subjects.
- B. someone who writes about the meaning of life.
- C. someone who knows about the stars.
- D. someone who diagnoses treatments.

This was because it was found that secondary school students in the USA and the UK were spending the least time at school, with an average school year of 187 days. The typical Jordanian school year is longer than this. However, none of these are nearly as long as the school year in countries like Japan and South Korea. South Koreans attend school for 220 days per year, and in Japan, the school year numbers 243 days.

23. According to the paragraph, the countries that have the least schooling time are

- A. Jordan and the USA.
- B. the USA and the UK.
- C. Japan and South Korea.
- D. Jordan and the UK.

I'm very familiar with colloquial Arabic, which is what my family speaks and understands. The Arabic class, in Modern Standard Arabic, was challenging, especially the grammar.

24. The word which means "an informal language' in the above lines is.....

- A. colloquial
- B. standard
- C. challenging
- D. familiar

In England, almost 50% of school leavers go on to higher education. The figure has not always been as high as this. Twenty years ago, it was closer to 30%, and thirty years before that, it was only about 5%. Another huge change has been financial. Before 1998 CE, higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens. Since then, tuition fees have been introduced.

25. According to the above paragraph, school leavers in the UK

- A. go on to higher education for free.
- B. have decreased in the last 30 years.
- C. have to pay now for their higher education.
- D. are not as high as they used to be.

26. The above paragraph states that

- A. The percentage of students who go on to higher education has decreased.
- B. The percentage of students who go on to higher education has increased.
- C. All school leavers in England go on to higher education.
- D. None of the school leavers in England go on to higher education.

The earlier you start in the morning, the more beneficial your revision will be, because that's when you feel most awake and your memory is at its best.

27. The underlined pronoun refers to

- A. Morning
- B. Memory
- C. Revision
- D. You

It has been proved that multilingual people are able to switch easily between completely different tasks. One experiment required participants to operate a driving simulator while carrying out separate tasks at the same time. The experiment showed that multilingual participants were less distracted by the other tasks and therefore made fewer driving errors.

28. According to the experiment mentioned in the above paragraph, multilingual people

- A. were able to concentrate more on both tasks.
- B. were able to concentrate less on both tasks.
- C. were more distracted by other tasks.
- D. were well-qualified to operate a driving simulator.

29. The word which means "speaking more than two languages" is

- A. participants
- B. simulator
- C. multilingual
- D. errors

Our country has a high standard of education. This is mainly due to the fact that the government considers education a necessity. All schools, from kindergarten to secondary, are the responsibility of the Ministry of Education (MOE). Pre-school and kindergarten education is optional, followed by ten years of free, compulsory education. For higher education, students enter university, either for academic or vocational courses.

30. According to the above paragraph, there are two optional stages at school which are...

- A. compulsory and optional.
- B. academic and vocational.
- C. pre-school and kindergarten.
- D. secondary and compulsory.

Students can attend one of ten public universities, or one of nineteen private universities. A large number of Jordanian students choose to study at these institutions, as well as foreign students from all over the world. These are undergraduates studying for a first degree, or postgraduates studying for a Master's degree, a PhD or a higher diploma.

31. According to the above paragraph, a student attending university for a first degree is called.....

- A. a master's degree student.
- B. a postgraduate student.
- C. an undergraduate student.
- D. a PhD student.

Now let's look at imports. Unlike some other countries in the Middle East, Jordan does not have large oil or gas reserves. For that reason, Jordan has to import oil and gas for its energy needs. Its other main imports are cars, medicines and wheat. In 2013 CE, 23.6% of Jordan's imports were from Saudi Arabia. This was followed by the EU, with 17.6% of its imports. Other imports have come from China and the United States.

32. According to the above paragraph, most of Jordan's imports come from two countries which are.....

- A. China and the United States.
- B. the EU and the United States.
- C. China and the Saudi Arabia.
- D. Saudi Arabia and the EU

33. The above paragraph states that Jordan

- A. has a large oil and gas reserves.
- B. does not have a large oil and gas reserves.
- C. exports gas and oil.
- D. is like other countries in the Middle East with regard to gas and oil.

Of course! I arrived on time. You must not arrive late, as this shows disrespect. Then, when I met the company director, I shook hands with him gently. I began the meeting by making small talk about my interesting experiences in China. During the meeting, I made sure that my voice and body language were calm and controlled. I never told a joke, as this may not be translated correctly or could cause offence.'

34. the above paragraph states that.....

- A. telling jokes is not recommended during the meeting.
- B. arriving late shows respect.
- C. causing offence is correct
- D. translating jokes causes offence.

Section Two : Vocabulary and derivation القسم الثاني من الامتحان : المفردات والاشتقاق

A. Choose the best answer from those given to fill in the blanks:

1. Math is a _____ subject. You have to do it.
(A. optional B. compulsory C. dementia D. coma)
2. Homoeopathy cannot produce _____ needed to protect against childhood diseases.
(A. mortality B. zero-waste C. antibodies D. ailments)
3. If a city recycles everything and doesn't throw anything away, it is _____.
(A. biological waste B. carbon footprint C. solar power D. carbon neutral)
4. Infant _____ rate in Jordan declined more rapidly than anywhere in the world.
(A. reputation B. mortality C. circulation D. polymath)
5. I need to organize my time better. I think I'll _____ a timetable.
(A. draw B. take C. shake D. fund)
6. Some _____ can be treated effectively with homoeopathic remedies.
(A. vocational B. conventional C. ailments D. programs)
7. Elderly people often suffer from _____ which is difficult to treat.
(A. dementia B. proficiency C. calculations D. prospects)
8. Studying _____ lets me focus on my love of language in an analytical way.
(A. Linguistics B. History C. Science D. Dentistry)
9. When you _____, your blood pressure is raised and you can suffer from headaches, sleep problems and digestive problems.
(A. give the green light B. feel blue C. see red D. out of the blue)
10. Before the boys go climbing, they will go to a special shop to buy all the _____ that they need.
(A. equipment B. geometry C. smartphones D. dehydration)
11. My parents have saved enough money to _____ our university courses.
(A. fund B. take C. draw D. earn)
12. The boy caught the Sheikh Hamdan's _____ with his invention.
(A. interest B. attention C. course D. idea)

13. Many young people _____ much interest in information technology.
(A. take B. attend C. spend D. catch)
14. Pollution has some serious _____ on the environment, such as the death of wildlife and plant life.
(A. negative effects B. economic growth C. urban planning D. public transport)
15. Don't sit still for too long – move around frequently to increase your blood _____.
(A. proficiency B. revenue C. nutrition D. circulation)
16. My father bought our house with an _____ from his grandfather.
(A. inheritance B. dehydration C. apparatus D. physician)
17. I don't think I'd be a very good accountant. I don't really
- (A. get cold feet B. have a head for figures C. play it by ear D. get it off my chest)
18. By working hard, you will _____ of your boss.
(A. earn the respect B. join a company C. cause offence D. make a difference)
19. Ramzi is very good with numbers and calculations. He always scores high in _____.
(A. medicine B. geometry C. arithmetic D. geology)
20. If you are polite, you won't _____ offence or upset anybody.
(A. cause B. make C. shake D. join)

B. Complete the following sentences with the suitable item from those between brackets.

الفرع الثاني : اكمل الجمل بمشتقة مناسبة من الكلمة بين الاقواس (اختيار من متعدد)

1. One of the most important things that we give children is a good _____.

(educate, education, educational, educationally)

2. Congratulations! Not many people _____ such high marks.

(achievement, achieve, achievable, achievably)

3. Amazing _____ advances are constantly taking place in these days.

(medicine, medical, medically, medication)

4. Could you give me some _____, please?

(advice, advise, advisable, advisably)

5. It is worth remembering that our immune system can fight _____ .

(infection, infectious, infect, infected)

6. Congratulations on a very _____ business deal.

(successfully, success, successful, succeed)

7. What they all had in common was a strong _____ that they will succeed.

(believe, belief, believed, believable)

8. Scholars have discovered an _____ document from the twelfth century.

(origin, original, originate, originally)

9. Before you apply for a job, check that you have the correct _____.

(qualify, qualifying, qualification, qualified)

10. Have you seen Nasser's _____ of postcards? He's got hundreds!

(collect, collection, collectively, collective)

11. _____ should be made a priority of existing cities.

(sustain, sustainable, sustainably, sustainability)

12. How quickly does blood _____ round the body?

(circulatory, circulate, circulation, circulated)

13. Thank you for your help, I really _____ it.

(appreciatively, appreciation, appreciative, appreciate)

14. Do you think the wheel was the most important _____ ever?
(invention, inventive, invent, inventively)
15. Masdar city is the world's first _____ - created city.
(artificially, artifice, artificial, art)
16. This survey had limited _____ .
(conclude, conclusion, conclusive, conclusively)
17. Were you sure that what they were doing would be _____
(succeed, success, successful, successfully)
18. Learning a foreign language can improve your ability to use your mother tongue more _____ .
(effective, effectiveness, effectively, effect)
19. Language proficiency is becoming _____ important for anyone who wants to travel or work abroad.
(increasingly, increasing, increase, increased)
20. European countries are more advanced _____ and socially from Middle Eastern countries.
(economy, economically, economic, economize)
21. Olives which are grown in the world , have been cultivated for over 6000 years .
(extend –extensive – extensively – extension)
22. Collage courses have beentaught utilizing the lecture method.
(traditionally, tradition, traditional)
23. The Middle East is famous for theof olive oil.
(produce, production, productive, productively)
- 23 . Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say it is
(viable – viably – viability)
24. With children , it is important to the right balance between love and discipline .
(achieve – achieved – achievable)

Section Three : Grammar

A. Put the verb between brackets in the correct form:

1. People have been using smartphones since they _____ in the early 2000s.
(are invented, was invented, were invented, has invented)
2. In 2010, the first tablet computer _____ .
(were produced, produced, is produced, was produced)
3. By the end of 2010 CE, companies _____ more smartphones than PCs for the first time.
(will sell, had sold, sells, are selling)
4. Now, about one billion smartphones _____ around the world each year.
(has sold, are sold, is sold, were sold)
5. It has _____ that multilinguals are able to switch between different tasks.
(proving, proved, being proved, been proved)
6. It is probable that this market _____ in the future.
(expand, will expand, expanded, have expanded)
7. Since 1943, there _____ a technological revolution.
(has been, have been, will be, would be)
8. These days, millions of families _____ at least one computer at home.
(has, is having, had, have)
9. Children often _____ computers better than their parents.
(uses, use, is using, have used)
10. If you _____ computer games all day, you won't have time to study.
(plays, play, played, will play)
11. I want to _____ a tablet, but I can't afford to buy one at the moment.
(got, getting, get, gets)
12. It is _____ that we only use a small percentage of our brains.
(thinking, think, thought, thinks)

13. Nadia _____ doing her homework for two hours! She will be finished very soon.

(has been, would be , have been)

14. If Ali has his own computer, he _____ to use his friend's computer.

(didn't need, wouldn't have needed, wouldn't need, won't need)

15. I _____ an email when my laptop switched itself off.

(was writing, write, am writing, has written)

16. Hind _____ very hard for several weeks before she did her final exams.

(have been working, has been working, had been working, will be working)

17. When the results were published, she was delighted to learn that she _____ .

(has passed, had passed, will pass, have passed)

18. Can I call you tonight after 6 pm, or will you _____ dinner with your family then?

(be having, would have , be had, been having)

19. My mum _____ dinner at six tonight, because we usually eat at about 7 pm.

(would prepare, had prepared, prepared, will be preparing)

20. It's a very long course, so I will still _____ in seven years' time!

(have studied, studied, be studying, studies)

21. This time next month, my parents _____ married for twenty years.

(would be, were going to be, will have been, had been)

22. Next month, we _____ in this house for a year. Let's celebrate!

(will have lived , will be lived , have lived, were going to live)

23. Next Monday, I _____ working in my new job.

(had been, will be, would be, have been)

24. Will you _____ all your homework by eight o'clock?

(be done, have been done, have done, doing)

25. Before Ali _____ work, he had checked his emails.

(started, starts, will start, has started)

26. I intend to _____ for a job when I finish university.

(apply, applying, applied, applies)

27. Many hospitals plan _____ robots to help nurses in the future.
(to using, to use, used, using)
28. My father had his car _____ in a new garage.
(fix, fixes, fixed, fixing)
29. Mahmoud was walking home when the rain _____.
(started, will start, has started, starts)
30. If I were you, I _____ a text message.
(will send, send, sent, would send)
31. I felt tired because Ihard all day .
(had been working, work, have been working, will work)
32. While Fadia, she listened to music.
(were cooking, is cooking, is going to cook, was cooking)
33. I believe Mohammad from college next month.
(was going to graduate, would graduate, graduates, will graduate)
34. By 2025, the company12,000 cars.
(will have produced, has produced, produced, produce)
35. By 7 o'clock tonight. I doing homework.
(finished, will have finished, have finished, finish)
36. Weto a new house by the end of this week.
(will have moved, are moving, would move, moved)
37. Fatima in Iraq, 1997.
(was born, is born, were born, are born)

B. Rewrite the following sentences so that the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before it:

1. The doctor has explained the symptoms of coronavirus to the audience.

The symptoms of coronavirus

- A. has been explained to the audience.
- B. was explained to the audience.
- C. were explained to the audience.
- D. have been explained to the audience.

2. Please help me to plan my revision.

Do you mind _____

- A. if you helping me to plan my revision?
- B. if you please help me to plan my revision?
- C. helping me to plan my revision?
- D. to planning my revision?

3. His final book made him famous all over the world.

It was

- A. his final book who made him famous all over the world.
- B. his final book that made him famous all over the world.
- C. all over the world which his final book made him famous.
- D. him famous all over the world that his final book made.

4. I like Geography most of all.

The subject

- A. that I like most of all is Geography.
- B. Geography that I like most of all.
- C. that I Geography like most of all is.
- D. is Geography which I like most of all.

5. People believe that solving puzzles keeps the brain active.

Solving puzzles

- A. are believed to keep the brain active.
- B. was believed to keep the brain active.
- C. is believed to keep the brain active.
- D. were believed to keep the brain active.
- E.

6. Huda won the prize for Art last year.

The person

- A. Who won the prize for Art last year is Huda
- B. When won the prize for Art last year was Huda
- C. Who won the prize for Art last year was Huda
- D. Which Huda won last year was the prize for Art.

7. Neither Maths nor Science are as popular as English.

English _____

- A. isn't as popular as Math and Science.
- B. is less popular than Maths and Science.
- C. is more popular than Maths and Science.
- D. is the least popular subject.

8. Experts have proved that exercise is good for concentration.

Exercise _____

- A. has been proved to be good for concentration.
- B. has been proved to have been good for concentration.
- C. was proved to have been good for concentration.
- D. was proved to be good for concentration.

9. His rudeness is the most annoying of all other things.

It

- A. is his rudeness which is the most annoying of all other things.
- B. is his rudeness who is the most annoying of all other things.
- C. was his rudeness which is the most annoying of all other things
- D. has been his rudeness which is the most annoying of all other things

10. It is normal for Jordanians to eat fresh fruit and vegetables.

Jordanians.....

- A. are used to eating fresh fruit and vegetables.
- B. are used to eat fresh fruit and vegetables.
- C. used to eat fresh fruit and vegetables.
- D. used to eating fresh fruit and vegetables.

11. Who is the Arabic teacher?

Could you tell me _____

- A. who is the Arabic teacher?
- B. who the Arabic teacher is?
- C. who is the Arabic teacher.
- D. who the Arabic teacher is.

12. Our team didn't play very well yesterday.

If only _____

- A. they didn't play better.
- B. they played better.
- C. they had played better.
- D. they hadn't played better.

13. I think you should revise well before exams.

If

- A. I was you, I would revise well before exams.
- B. I were you, I would revise well before exams
- C. I were you, I would revised well before exams
- D. I were you, I will revise well before exams

14. Nahla could not find her way round the city very easily.

Nahla wishes _____

- A. she hadn't found a map.
- B. she found a map.
- C. she had found a map.
- D. she didn't find a map.

15. Somebody has found my missing laptop.

My missing laptop.....

- A. was found by somebody.
- B. is found by somebody.
- C. have been found by somebody.
- D. has been found by somebody.

16. I have lived in Amman for six years.

Sami said

- A. he lived in Amman for six years.
- B. he had lived in Amman for six years.
- C. he had been living in Amman for six years.
- D. he was living in Amman for six years.
- E.

17. Samia regrets being angry at breakfast time.

She wishes _____

- A. she hadn't been angry.
- B. she had been angry.
- C. she wasn't angry.
- D. she was angry.

18. Can you suggest a healthy breakfast?

Do you mind _____

- A. suggesting you a healthy breakfast?
- B. if you can suggest a healthy breakfast?
- C. suggesting a healthy breakfast?
- D. suggesting a healthy breakfast.

19. I have to write an essay about it tonight.

Rami said

- A. he had to write an essay about it that night.
- B. he had written an essay about it that night.
- C. he has to write an essay about it that night.
- D. he would have written an essay about it that night.

20. You aren't allowed to touch this machine.

You this machine

- A. must touch B. mustn't touch C. can touch D. don't have to touch

21. It isn't necessary to switch off the screen. You to switch off the screen.

- A. don't have B. doesn't have C. must D. mustn't

22. Perhaps Issa's phone is broken. Issa'a phone

- A. might have been broken
- B. might have broken
- C. might be broken
- D. might break

C. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences.

الفرع الثالث : اختر الاجابة المناسبة لتكمل الجمل الاتية

1. I used to up very early and study alone before my lectures.
(get , got , getting, gets)
2. Jaber isn't old enough to drive a car. He wishes he _____ older.
(was, be, is, are)
3. I feel ill. If only I _____ so many sweets.
(hadn't eaten, won't eat, didn't eat)
4. The _____ thing in the menu is orange juice.
(cheap, the cheap, cheaper, cheapest)
5. Are you used to in Jordan yet? You've only been here for two months.
(live, living, lived, lives)
6. When to school?
(did they used to going, did they used to go, did they use to go, were they use to go)
7. My cousin has lived in Lebanon for a year. He says he there now.
(used to live, is used to living, was used to live, used to living)
8. Tamer has been reported to have _____ the accident.
(cause, caused, causing, to cause)
9. I haven't got _____ homework _____ my brother.
(as much/ as, as many/ as, less / than, more/ than)
10. There are also about twenty-three stables horses may have been kept.
(when, which, where, that)
11. I'm cold. If only I _____ a coat.
(can bring, have brought, had brought, bring)
12. English is the _____ studied subject.
(most, more, less, much)
13. There isn't as _____ information on the website _____ there is in the book.
(much/than, many/as, less/than, much/as)

14. Ibn Sina, is also known as Avicenna, was a polymath
(which, whose, who, that)
15. It is _____ that we only use a small percentage of our brains.
(thinking, think, thought, thinks)
16. I didn't enjoy the book. In fact it was the _____ interesting book I've ever read.
(least, less, much, more)
17. It was the month of Ramadan Ibn Sina died, in June 1037 CE.
(when, that, who, which)
18. Do you mind _____ why the sky sometimes looks red?
(to explain, explain, explained, explaining)
19. I'm tired today because I went to bed _____ usual last night.
(later than, late than, latest than, the later)
20. The Sahara Desert, is in Africa, is very hot.
(when, that, which, where)
21. We are going to Aqaba again the summer.
(into, on, in , at)
22. Despite the recent advances in technology, it is still unreliable and very inconvenient.
The underlined word in the above sentence indicates.....
(consequence, opposition, conclusion, addition)
23. Life is a journey. The rhetorical device in the previous sentence is
(simile, personification, metaphor, onomatopoeia)
24. I was shocked when I heard the news. It came completely out of the
(red, white, blue, green)
25. His friends, were worried about his health, advised him to relax.
(that, whose, who, when)
26. The meeting wasn't successful. If only I _____ better.
(prepare, prepared, had prepared, will prepare)
27. I regret _____ to bed late last night.
(going, gone, do, went)

28. London was the place the Olympic games were held in 2012.
(which, when, where, who)
29. He wrote on early Islamic philosophy, included many subjects.
(who, when, which, that)
30. The _____ studied subjects are Music and Art.
(less, more, the more, least)
31. Samia regrets _____ angry.
(be, being, been, to being)
32. If only I _____ lost my ticket.
(haven't, didn't, hadn't, won't)
33. Ibrahim was right and I was wrong. I wish I _____ listened to him.
(have, has, had, will)
34. My cousins don't live near here. I wish they _____ live so far away.
(didn't, won't, hadn't, weren't)
- 35 . Students don't like doing Music and Art as _____ as they like doing Maths.
(much, many, less, more)

Section Four : Writing and editing

القسم الرابع من الامتحان :

1. However___ complementary medicine cannot be used for all medical treatments.
(A. . B. ? C. , D. !)
2. The idea of complementary treatments is no longer an _____ concept.
(A. alien B. alian C. allien B. alien)
3. The life _____ figures show that Jordan's healthcare system is successful.
(A. expektancy B. expectency C. expectancy D. expectancy)
4. Before the Internet was invented_____ nobody had dreamt of online shopping.
(A. , B. . C. ? D. !)
5. Adeb got the idea for a special kind of _____ leg.
(A. prosthetic B. prosthetik C. prasthetic D. prosthatic)
6. How will humans benefit from this research _____
(A. . B. , C. ! D. ?)
7. The new treatment works by blocking protein which causes _____ cells to grow.
(A. canserous A. canceraus C. cancerous D. cancarous)
8. Ibn Hayyan built a set of scales which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory_____ his scales could weigh items over 6,000 times smaller than a kilogram.
(A. ? B. ! C. : D. ,)
9. The benefits of Masdar City for the community and the environment greatly _____ any disadvantages.
(A. outweigh B. autweigh C. outwaigh D. outwiegh)
10. His great passions were botany ___ which is the study of plants ___ and agriculture.
(A. ,/, B. ,/. C. ,/! D. ./?)
11. Despite the high cost_____ most students choose to study away from home.
(A. , B. . C. ? D. !)
12. _____ is very important.
(A. nutritson B. notrition C. nutretion D. nutrition)
13. For higher education, students enter university, either for _____ or vocational courses.
(A. academic B. akademik C. akademik D. academec)

14. Keep your presentation short and simple _____ with some friendly comments.
(A. . Start B. , start C. ? Start D. . start)
16. Lights will go off automatically. _____, we will save energy.
(A. However B. Although C. In this way D. On the other hand)
17. _____ the Internet of things is exciting, we should be careful.
(A. Although B. However C. As a result D. Despite)
18. _____, the more quickly and conveniently we communicate, the more likely misunderstanding will happen.
(A. Despite B. Although C. Whereas D. Therefore)
19. _____ the recent advances in technology, it is still unreliable and inconvenient.
(A. Although B. Despite C. However D. therefore)
20. Driverless cars would make travelling simple. _____, if they went wrong, they could be very dangerous.
(A. However B. Therefore C. Despite D. Consequently)

عزيزي الطالب : الرجاء اختبر نفسك بحل النماذج التالية

THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN – MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
GENERAL SECONDARY CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION-2020 DATE :
SATURDAY 5TH OF JULY, 2020 **TIME : 1 HOUR AND A HALF**

Many classrooms now use a whiteboard as a computer screen. As a consequence, teachers can show websites on the board in front of the class. Teachers can then use the Internet to show educational programmes, play educational games, music, recordings of languages, and so on. In some countries, tablet computers are available for students to use in class. Therefore, students can use the tablets to do tasks such as showing photographs, researching information, recording interviews and creating diagrams. Tablets are ideal for pair and group work.

Most young people communicate through social media, by which they send each other photos and messages via the Internet. Some students like to send messages that are under 140 letters for anyone to read. Teachers can ask students to summarise information about what they have learnt in class in the same way. If students learn to summarise quickly, they will be able to use this skill in future.

Email exchanges are very useful in the classroom. Teachers can ask students to email what they have learnt to students of a similar age at another school. They could even email students in another country. As a result, students can then share information and help each other with tasks. Another way of communicating with other schools is through talking to people over the computer.

1- More than one student can use one tablet in the classroom (True , False)

2- Students cannot share information with students in other countries (True, False)

3- Students can use tablets to do different works and duties , one of them is ..

a. playing games b. researching information c. paying pills d. repairing websites

4- Choose the suggested way to communicate with people .

a. Email exchanges b. face to face c. classroom d. educational games

5- The underlined pronoun "they" refers to

a. Students b. teachers c. tablets d. Email exchanges

In England, almost 50% (half) of school leavers go on to higher education. The figure has not always been as high as this. Twenty years ago, it was closer to 30%, and thirty years before that, it was only about 5%. Another huge change has been financial. Before 1998 CE, higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens. Since then(1998 CE), tuition fees have been introduced. Most students borrow this money from the government. They don't have to repay it immediately. Instead, they pay it back slowly out of future earnings.

Where do these students live? Many have rooms in halls of residence, especially in their first year; others rent flats or houses. A lucky minority live in property that their(A lucky minority/ students) parents have bought for them. Most of them need to learn to cook, do their own washing and manage their time and money.

6- The second change in the education system in England is related to

a. Schools b. universities c. financial d. accommodation

7- The percentage of school leavers who go to higher education is

a. decreased b. increased c. controlled d. stable

8- students who study abroad have to learn to

a. Study b. speak languages c. manage time and money d. swim

QUESTION TWO :

A: Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences:

9- language -----is becoming important for anyone who wants to travel

- a. Linguistics b. geometry c. proficiency d. apparatus

10- Zainab listens to music while she's working. It helps her-----

- a. ground-breaking b. Concentration c. keep her chin up d. Academic

11- If you are polite, you won't -----or upset anybody.

- a. cause offence b. track record c. vocational d. Physics

12- Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say it is -----

- a. complementary b. viable c. symptoms d. physician

B: choose the correct item derived from the words in brackets.

13- The Middle East is famous for the -----of olive oil.

- (a. produce b. production c. productive)

14- Al-Kindi made many important mathematical -----.

- (a. Discover b. discoveries c. discovered)

15- One of the most important things that we give children is a good.....

- (a. Educate b. educational c. education)

16- The ----- systems that Ibn Bassal put in place are still in evidence in Spain.

- (a. Irrigation b. irrigate c. irrigated)

Question number three

Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences. Write down the answers on your ANSWER SHEET.

17- Does Ammar come late ? could you tell me if Ammarlate

- a. Came b . come c. comes d. did come

18- She thinks that the weather is warm . The weather is thought warm

- (a. to be b. was c. have been d. to have)

19- students are nowearly in exam days

- (a. used to get up b. used to got c. used to getting up d. use to getup)

20- Will you ----- all your homework by eight o'clock?

- (a. have do b. have done c. doing d. have be)

21- "Students share ideas on social media" she said studentsideas on social media

- (a. had shared b. would share c. shared d. have shared)

22- Many people ----- smartphones and tablets with them everywhere.

(a. has carried b. carries c. carried d. carry)

23- I intend ----- medicine at university.

(a. study b. to study c. studying c. studied)

24- Since 2019, there ----- a technological revolution.

(a. has been b. has be c. have been d. will be)

25- Ali will -----for the interview in the morning

(a. prepared b. preparing c. be preparing d. have prepare)

26- The farmer ----- the lands since 4 a.m.

a. have been irrigating b. will irrigate c. has been irrigating d. are irrigating

27- We had the computer ----- because it had stopped working.

(a. repair b. repaired c. repairs d. repairing)

28- Students ----- study English tonight, they have an exam tomorrow.

(a. will have b. is going to c. are going to d. will be)

29- Somebody has found my missing laptop. My missing laptop -----

(a. has be finding b. have found c. found d . has been found)

30- Hind ----- very hard for several weeks before she did her final exams.

(a. have worked b. worked c. will be working d. had been working)

31- The person who studied Arabic -----Anita

(a. is b. was c. were d. are)

32- Jordan is the country -----people come to get medical treatment

(a. which b.when c. where d. whose)

33- When Samir -----, his brothers were watching the movie

(a. was arriving b . arrived c. have arrived d. arrives)

34- He does not understand the Chinese businessman. If only he ----- Chinese.

(a. spoke b. is speaking c. had spoken d. has spoken)

35- Choose the correctly spelt word to complete the sentence

- Homoeopathy and -----are forms of conventional treatment

(a. aceupuncture b. acupancture c. acupuncture d. aceubuncture)

36- You are not allowed to touch this machine. You ----- this machine

(a. mustn't touch b. has to touch c. will touch d. touch

37- French is not as popular as English . English is French

(a. less popular than b. more popular than c. as popular as d. popular)

Question four

Complete the following items so that the new one has a similar meaning to the one before it:

38- Coffee is less beneficial than tea. Coffee is-----

- a. Coffee is more beneficial than tea b. Coffee is as beneficial as tea
c. Tea is not as beneficial as coffee d. Coffee is not as beneficial as tea

39- Perhaps Issa's phone is broken. Issa's phone -----

- a. Issa's phone might be broken b. Issa's phone might have broken
c. Issa's phone must be broken d. Issa's phone can't be broken

40- People believe that solving puzzles keeps the brain refreshed

- a. It was believed that solving puzzles keeps the brain refreshed
b. It is believed that solving puzzles keeps the brain refreshed
c. It believes that solving puzzles keeps the brain refreshed
d. It has been believed that solving puzzles keeps the brain refreshed

41- It was not normal for boys to waste time

- a. Boys are not used to wasting time
b. Boys are used to wasting time
c. Boys were used to wasting time
d. Boys were not used to wasting time

Question five

A: Imagine you are an editor in the Jordan Times. You are asked to fill the following lines that have four gap

(42)is very important. You should(43)to eat as much fresh fruit and vegetables as you can. It's essential not to become(44), so drink lots of water. (45)....., students should avoid noisy places to do their best.

- 42- (a. nutrision b. nutration c. Nutrition d. Nutrision)
43- (a. trying b. have tried c. tries d. try)
44- (a. Dehydrated b. dehydrated c. dehidrate d. dyhydrated)
45- (a. And b. But c. As result d. However

B: Read the information in the table below then, complete three sentences about Al-kindī Use the appropriate linking words

Name: AL-Kindi
Date: (born and died) 805 CE – 873 CE
Professions: a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist
Legacy : made ground-breaking discoveries in many fields

46- AL-Kindi.....from 805CE to 873CE

(a. lives b. lived c. was live)

47- AL-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematicianchemist

(a. but b. or c. and)

48-Al-kindī's legacy is distinguished , he is not well-known in modern books

(a. Consequently b. Although c. In addition)

C. FREE WRITING (WRITING SKILLS)

49- **Despite** the recent advances in technology, it is still unreliable and very inconvenient. The function of using despite in the above sentence is

(a. opposition b. consequence c. metaphor)

50- **In this report**, different species of animals will be examined in terms of many things, starting from their origin reaching their reasons of death. The function of the previous sentence is -----

(a. opposition b. consequence c. Introduction of the report)

The end

THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN – MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
GENERAL SECONDARY CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION-2020 DATE :
SATURDAY 5TH OF JULY, 2020 **TIME : 1 HOUR AND A HALF**

PART ONE : READING COMPREHENSION :

Read the following text carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answer should be based on the text.

Health in Jordan

Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. This is largely due to the country's commitment to making healthcare for all a top priority. Advances in education, economic conditions, sanitation, clean water, diet and housing have made our community healthier.

As a result of careful planning, the number of healthcare services has been increasing rapidly over the past years. More than 800 different kinds of healthcare centres have been built as well as 188 dental clinics. In 2012 CE, 98 percent of Jordanian children were fully immunised, thanks immunisation teams that had been working towards this goal for several years. Although there were remote areas of the country where people had been without consistent access to electricity and safe water, almost 99 percent of the country's population now has access.

The low infant mortality rate, as well as the excellent healthcare system, have been contributing factors to Jordan's healthy population growth, which will result in a strong work force with economic benefits for the whole country.

Education in Jordan

Our country has a high standard of education. This is mainly due to the fact that the government considers education a necessity . All schools, from kindergarten to secondary, are the responsibility of the Ministry of Education (MOE). Pre-school and kindergarten education is optional, followed by ten years of free, compulsory education. For higher education, students enter university, either for academic or vocational education. Students can attend one of ten public universities. A large number of Jordanian students choose to study at these institutions, as well as foreign students from all over the world. These are undergraduates studying for a first degree, or postgraduate studying for a Master's degree, a PhD or a higher diploma.

The three universities with the most undergraduates are the University of Jordan in Amman, Yarmuk University in Irbid and Al Balqa Applied University in Salt. These are all public universities. An example a newer university is German - Jordanian University in Amman, which was set up in 2005 CE. **It** is a collaboration between the MOHE and Germany's Federal Ministry of Education and Research, and it follows Germany's model of education in applied sciences.

Question Number One : Reading Comprehension .

(40 points)

1. The sentence which indicates the reason to the high standard of education in Jordan is -----

- A. Our country has a high standard of education.
- B. This is mainly due to the fact that the government considers education a necessity .
- C. The government considers education a necessity .
- D. For higher education, students enter university, either for academic or vocational education.

2. The text states two factors that have been contributing to Jordan's healthy population growth are -----

- A. A strong work force with economic benefits for the whole country.
- B. Health conditions and the country's commitment to making healthcare for all a top priority.
- C. The low infant mortality rate, as well as the excellent healthcare system.
- D. Careful planning and the number of healthcare services.

3. The phrase "death among babies" in the text (Health in Jordan) means -----.

- A. a promise to do something
- B. treatment of illness by doctors
- C. prevention against diseases by giving treatments by needles.
- D. infant mortality

4. What does the underlined pronoun "It" refer to ?

- A. The University of Jordan in Amman
- B. The German-Jordanian University in Amman.
- C. Al Balqa Applied University in Salt.
- D. Yarmuk University in Irbid.

5. The period of compulsory and free education in Jordan is ----- .

- A. Nine years. B. Four years. C. Three years . D. Ten years .

6. Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in The Middle East because of -----.

- A. The country's commitment to making healthcare for all a top priority.
- B. The increase in the infant mortality rate.
- C. The low economic benefits.
- D. The lack of electricity.

7. The text states many factors that have made Jordan community healthier . Choose the correct two of them .

- A. Electricity and safe water.
- B. Immunisation and safe water.
- C. Economic conditions and sanitation.
- D. Immunisation and electricity.

8. The text states two kinds of courses for higher education . What are they ?

- A. Pre-school and kindergarten.
- B. Academic and vocational .
- C. optional and compulsory.
- D. Free and compulsory.

Question Number Two : Vocabulary

(20 points)

A. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences :

9. Medicines that are not the normal, traditionally accepted treatments are known as -----.

- a. complementary b. dehydration c. exports d. regional

10. It's important to encourage young people and help them develop -----.

- a. do exercise b. dehydration c. exports d. self-confidence

11. It's important to drink a lot of water in order to avoid ----- .

- a. complementary b. dehydration c. vocational d. concentration)

12. If you want to lose weight, you should----- every day.

- a. do exercise b. make a mistake c. earn the respect d. make small talk)

13. The best way to aquire language is to ----- yourself into it.

- a. collect b. circulate c. concentrate d. immerse

B. Study the following sentences and choose the correct option :

14. Choose the correct colour- idiom to replace the underlined misused one .

- Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is a red handed

- a. out of the blue b. see red c. white elephant d. feel a bit blue

15. Choose the correct body idiom to replace the underlined phrase which has the same meaning .

- Majed is too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think he will lose his confidence at the last minute

- a. put his back into it b. play it by ear c. get it of his chest d. get cold feet

16. Choose the correct collocation to replace the underlined misused one :.

If you send money to a charity, you will do exercise to a lot of lives.

- a. draw up a timetable b. shake hands c. do a subject d. make a difference

17. Choose the correct word to replace the underlined misused one to make the correct collocation.

- You look tired. Why don't you make a break

- a. earn b. take c. do d. cause

A. Question Number Three : Derivation

(20 points)

18- -----, a man proposes to a woman, not the other way round.

- a. Traditional b. Tradition c. Traditionally d. Traditions

19. If you work hard , I am sure you will----- .

- a. successful b. success c. succeed d. successfully

20. It's necessary to ----- all children in Jordan.

- a. immunisation b. immunise c. immune d. immuned

21. Photography and painting are two examples of the ----- arts.

- a. vision b. visual c. visually d. visions

22. Don't talk to the driver. He must-----.

- a. concentrate b. concentration c. concentrating

Question Number Four : A. Choose the correct form of the verbs in brackets.:

(20 points)

23. Before Huda went to the library, she----- her mother for an hour.

- a. helped b. had been helping c. will have helped d. had helped

24. Next month, we ----- in this house for a year. Let's celebrate.

- a. will live b. are going to live c. will have lived d. had lived

25. If Ali ----- hard for his exams , he won't fail.

- a. study b. studies c. studied d. is studying

26. Last night, many students ----- in the English club.

- a. elected b. was elected c. were elected d. had been elected

27. Ali is late. If only he ----- earlier.

- a. gets up b. get up c. had got up d. hadn't got up

28. Will you ----- your homework by seven o'clock ?

- a. do b. did c. has done d. have done

29. The police ----- people all week.

- a. interviewed b. have been interviewing c. will interview d. have interviewed

30. By the time the bus arrived, we ----- for an hour.

- a. had waited b. had been waiting c. will have waited d. waited

Question Number Five :

(40 points)

B. Choose the correct sentence so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it.

31. He has written many books , but his final book made him famous all over the world .

- A. He has written many books, but it is his final book that made him famous all over the world .
 B. He has written many books, but it was his final book that made him famous all over the world .
 C. He has written many books, but it was his final book that makes him famous all over the world .
 D. He has written many books, but it is his final book that makes him famous all over the world .

32. He started studying at 5:00 pm. It's 10:00 pm, and he's still studying.

- A. He has studied since 5:00 p.m.
 B. He has been studying since 5:00 p.m.
 C. He had studied since 5:00 p.m.
 D. He had been studying since 5:00 p.m.

33. It is not normal for me now to get up early to study.

- A. I am not used to get up early to study .
 B. I didn't use to get up early to study .
 C. I am not used to getting up early to study .
 D. I am not used to get up early to study .

34. Mohammad checked his emails, and then he started work.

- A. After Mohammad had checked his emails. He started work.
 B. After Mohammad checked his emails. He had started work.
 C. Before Mohammad checked his emails. He had started work.
 D. Before Mohammad had checked his emails. He started work.

35. Queen Rania opened the Children's Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE.

- A. The year when Queen Rania opened the Children's Museum of Jordan was 2007 CE.
- B. The year when Queen Rania opened the Children's Museum of Jordan is 2007 CE.
- C. The year where Queen Rania opened the Children's Museum of Jordan was 2007 CE.
- D. The year when Queen Rania opened the Children's Museum of Jordan was in 2007 CE.

36. Experts think that students have to take regular breaks while studying .

- A. Students are thought to have to take regular breaks while studying.
- B. Students are thought to have take regular breaks while studying.
- C. Students are thought to take regular breaks while studying.
- D. Students are thought to have take regular breaks while studying.

37. What was the most important invention in the 20 century?

- A. Can you tell me what was the most important invention in the 20th century .
- B. Can you tell me what was the most important invention in the 20th century ?
- C. Can you tell me what the most important invention in the 20th century was ?
- D. Can you tell me what was the most important invention in the 20th century .

38. Ahmad should have done his homework better .

- A. Ahmad wishes he hadn't done his homework better.
- B. Ahmad wishes he has done his homework better.
- C. Ahmad wishes he has done his homework better.
- D. Ahmad wishes he had done his homework better.

39. The new theory has proved that doing exercises refreshes the brain .

- A. Doing exercises have proved to refresh the brain.
- B. Doing exercises have been proved to refresh the brain.
- C. Doing exercises has been proved to refresh the brain.
- D. Doing exercises has proved to refresh the brain.

40. I think you should study hard for the final exams.

- A. If I were you , I would study hard for the exam.
- B. If I was you , I would study hard for the exam.
- C. If I were you , I should study hard for the exam.
- D. If I was you , I should study hard for the exam.

C. Choose the suitable items from those given

41. Amman is the city ----- I was born.

- a. who
- b. when
- c. where
- d. which

42. Alia is very good at Maths. I think ----- performance in the exam will be great .

- a. she
- b. her
- c. them
- d. they

43. If you press this button , the picture -----.

- a. move
- b. is moving
- c. will move
- d. moves

44. I ----- understand English, but now I do .

- a. used to b. am used to c. didn't use to d. am not used to

45. My sister doesn't eat as much as I do . She always puts ----- on her plate than I do.

- a. more b. less c. much d. many

46. Do you mind ----- a healthy breakfast ?

- a. suggest b. to suggest c. suggests d. suggesting

Question Number Six : Writing skills :

(30 points)

47. The underlined word in the following sentence is spelt wrongly . The correct spelling for the word is --

- A devise inside the eye picks up an image from a small camera attached to a pair of sunglasses and sends it to the brain

- a. divice b. device c. devise d. devece

48. The correct spelling for the underlined word in the following sentence is -----.

- In the near future, a new 'bionic eye' will help people with failing eyesite to see again.

- a. eyesit b. eyesyte c. eyesight d. eyesigt

49. In the UK, there is a central government, but there are also ----- councils around the country.

- a. rigional b. reginial c. regional d. rigonal)

50. Scientists say that exercise is not only important for general fitness? but that it is also good for the brain.

- The correct punctuation mark for the underlined misused one is -----.

- (a. ! b. : c. . d. ,)

51. London ----- which is the capital of the UK, is a huge city .

- (a. ! b. ; c. . d. ,)

51. Lights will go on and off automatically. Therefore, we will save energy.

The function of using "Therefore" is to express -----.

- (a. consequence b. contrast c. addition d. recommendation)

52. Although, the internet of things will make our life easier, it will make many problems to privacy.

The function of using "Although" in the above sentence is to express -----

- a. consequence b. contrast c. addition d. recommendation

The End

THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN – MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
GENERAL SECONDARY CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION-2020 DATE :
Saturday 5TH OF JULY, 2020 **TIME : 1 HOUR AND A HALF**

Q1/ A. Read the text carefully ,and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

The Arab world has many famous chemists in its history, but the person who is known as the founder of chemistry is probably Jabir Ibn Hayyan. He is most well- known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid. He also built a set of scales, which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory: his scales could weigh items over 6,000 times smaller than a kilogram.

1-There were achievements made by Jabir Ibn Hayyan. They were :- (5 points)

A- Music schools B- Building a university C- sulphuric acid D- Algebra

2- The underlined pronoun “its” refers to : (5 points)

A- Chemists B- the Arab world C- Habir Ibn Hayyan D- a set of scales.

With the new prosthetic hand, Sorensen could not only pick up and manipulate objects, but he could also feel them. ‘When I held an object, I could feel if it was soft or hard, round or square,’ he explained. He said that the sensations were almost the same as the ones he felt with his other hand.

3- Dennis Sorensen could do things with the new prosthetic hand. (5 points)

A- Reading newspapers B- pick up objects C- swimming D- writing

The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan’s only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. It treats both adult and paediatric patients. As the population of the country increases , more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment. Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as they are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.

4- One of the factors that encourage foreign patients come to take health cares in The King Hussein Cancer Center is :- (5 points)

A- Cheap prices B- good weather C- not far D- tourism

5- The phrasal verb “rely on” means:- (5 points)

A- To start to be successful B- to relax C- to have trust in D- to deal successfully with

Students can attend of public universities, or universities. A large number of Jordanian students choose to study at these institutions, as well as foreign students from all over the world. These are undergraduates studying for a first degree, or postgraduates studying for a Master’s degree, a PhD or a higher diploma.

6- Students can attend one of the postgraduate degrees. (5 points)

A- Kindergarten B- Secondary school C- Preschool D- a PhD

SEE PAGE TWO.....

Section Two

A. Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. (30 points)

7- Hospitals need to dispose of a lot ofwaste, and it should be carefully managed because it can be dangerous.

- A. rural B. biological C. negative D. contradictory

8- When my grandfather had a heart attack, the doctors attached a special to his chest.

- A. monitor B. prosthetic hand C. helmet D. bionic

9- In business, when you meet someone for the first time, it's polite to..... .

- A. make a difference B. take a break C. shake hands D. make a start

10- Pollution has some seriouseffects on the environment, such as the death of wildlife and plant life.

- A. urban B. rural C. dental D. negative

11- I used to eat too much junk food, but now I have a much healthier

- A. diet B. reputation C. polymath D. laboratory

12 - Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is red- handed. The underlined misused colour idiom can be replaced with:-

- A- feel blue B- a white elephant C- see red D- out of the blue

B. Complete the following sentences with suitable words derived from the words in brackets. (20 points)

13. The picture was drawn by the Artist.

- A. success B. successful C. succeed D. successfully

14- Scholars have discovered an..... document from the twelfth century.

- A. origin B. original C. originally D. regionalise

15. Have you had any..... of learning another language?

- A. experienced B. experience C. expire D. expired

16- Al-Farabi is an Islamic in Cordoba, he wrote many logical texts.

- A. philosopher B. philosophise C. philosophical D. philosophized

Section Three (40 points)

A. Choose the correct form of the verbs from those given below to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your BOOKLET. (25 points)

17- In 2007, the first smartphone by The Apple Company.

- A. produce B. was produced C. is produced D. produced

18- I think you to switch off the screen.

- A. has B. doesn't have C. don't have D. must

19- Next month, we in this house for a year. Let's celebrate!

- A. will have lived B. is living C. believed D. was living

20- People smartphones since they were invented in the early 2000s.

- A. has been using B. is using C. have been using D. is using

21- The salesman the customer when the thief came into the store.

- A. will help B. helps C. have been helping D. was helping

B. Choose the correct answer so that the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before it. (25 points)

22- "My favourite subject this year is Chemistry'.

Hussein told me

- A- that his favourite subject that year was Chemistry.
B- that her favourite subject that year was Chemistry.
C- that his favourite subject that year were Chemistry.
D- that his favourite subject that year has been Chemistry

23- Al-Jazari invented the mechanical clock in the twelfth century.

The thing

- A- when Al-Jazari invented in the twelfth century was the mechanical clock.
B- where Al-Jazari invented in the twelfth century was the mechanical clock.
C- that Al-Jazari invented in the twelfth century was the mechanical clock.
D- that Al-Jazari invented in the twelfth century are the mechanical clock.

24. We all believe that careless drivers are extremely dangerous on the society.

Careless drivers

- A- is believed to be extremely dangerous on the society.
B- are believe to be extremely dangerous on the society.
C- are believed to be extremely dangerous on the society.
D- are believed to being extremely dangerous on the society.

25. " Where does the English teacher live?

Could you tell me

- A- where the English teacher living?
B- where the English teacher lives?
C- where the English teacher lives.
D- why the English teacher lives?

26- Mars is more distant than the Earth from the Sun.

The Earth.....

- A- is fewer distant than Mars from the Sun.
B- is many distant than Mars from the Sun.
C- is much distant than Mars from the Sun.
D- is less distant than Mars from the Sun.

Section Four (30 points)

A- Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences. (30 points)

27- There are also about twenty-three stableshorses may have been kept.

- A. when B. where C. that D. whom

28- Most Jordaniansthe hot weather that we have in summer.

- A. use to B. are used to C. used to D. were using

29 – Mr. Haddad didn't understand the Chinese businessman. If only he.....Chinese.

- A. speak B. speaking C. had spoken D. spoken

30 -My sister doesn't eat asas I do. She always puts less on her plate than I do.

- A. many B. more C. much D. little

31 -Rami on the phone at the moment.

- A. are talking B. will talk C. is talking D. was talking

32- She at that company for three years when it went out of business

- A. have been working B. will be working C. had been working D. were working

Section Five: (30 points) Choose the correct answer:-

33- It.....the time when Arab and Islamic rulers established one of the largest empires in history. A. was

- B- were C- have D- will

34-Unfortunately..... Sorensen was only taking part in trials, and the equipment is not ready for general use yet.

- A- ? B- . C- , D- !

35- There were many achievements in the Islamic world such as philosophy, science , literature, music and the arts.

- A- inokulations B- inoculations C- inoculasions D- unoculations

36- In some operations, scanners are used to locate these cells, and these locations are sent directly to the robot surgeon.

- A- canserous B- kanserous C- canserous D- cancerous

37- In this way, technology makes communication more convenient. The function of the underlined phrase is

- A- Reason B- simile C- consequence D- opposition

38- It appears that Jordan has well qualified doctors in all medical fields. The function of the underlined phrase is

- A- Conclusion B- metaphor C- Simile D- opposition

The End

طلابي الأعزاء: اتمنى لكم النجاح والتفوق الباهر
جيل 2002 جيل الكورونا فايروس / جيل التحدي
سامحوني على التقصير معكم