



Read the following texts carefully, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET answer all the questions that follow. Your answer should be based on the article.

In England, almost 50% of school leavers go on to higher education. The figure has not always been as high as this. Twenty years ago, it was closer to 30%, and thirty years before that, it was only about 5%. **Another huge** change has been financial. Before 1998 CE, higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens. Since then, tuition fees have been introduced. Most students borrow this money from the government. They don't have to repay it immediately. Instead, they pay **it** back slowly out of future earnings.

Despite the high cost, most students choose to study away from home. A recent survey of 17,000 students revealed that only 7% wanted to stay at home while they studied for their degree. Of course for most young people, living away from home means borrowing even more money from the government. So why don't students choose to avoid debt by staying at home, where they don't have to pay rent? Most of them say that they want to move to the University their Choice, rather than the nearest one. Another strong motive is the desire to live in a new culture. Where do these students live? Many have rooms in halls of residence, especially in their first year; others rent flats or houses. A lucky minority live in property that their parents have bought for them.

Question Number One : Reading Comprehension (60 points)

- The text contains the phrase in **bold** "another huge change". What was the first huge change ?
 a-tuition fees have been introduced.
 b-the percentage of school leavers going on higher education has decreased greatly
 c-higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens.
 d-the percentage of school leavers going on higher education has increased greatly
- Which option most university students in England choose to study for their degree?
 a-staying home
 b- not borrowing from the government
 c-living away from home
 d-moving to the nearest university
- Find a word in the text which has the opposite of "**majority**"
 a- many
 b- **minority**
 c- property
 d- halls
- The underlined word "**it**" refers to :
 a-students
 b- government
 c-**money**
 d-tuition
- How are students able to afford to leave home ?
 a-**they borrow money from the government.**
 b- they borrow money from their parents
 c-they depend on their own earnings.
 d- they manage their money
- Which part of the text tells you that it is more expensive to go to university in England than it used to be ?
 a) Most students borrow this money from the government.
 b) Another huge change has been financial.
 c) Before 1998 CE, higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens.

d) Despite the high cost, most students choose to study away from home.

The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan's only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. It treats both adult and pediatric patients. As the population of the country increases, more and more families will have trust in the hospital for cancer treatment. Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as **they** are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.

In order to cope with the increase in demand for treatment, the KHCC has begun an expansion programme. Building started in 2011 CE. The hospital will have more than doubled its capacity by 2016 CE, increasing space for new cancer cases from 3,500 per year to 9,000.

By then, they will have added 182 extra beds, along with bigger units for different departments, including radiotherapy. New adult and pediatric wards will have opened. Additionally, they will have built a special ten-floor outpatients' building, with an education centre which will include teaching rooms and a library.

Many cancer patients live far away from Amman, where the KHCC is located, and the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult. For this reason, there are plans to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan.

7. The article states that patients from other countries visit the King Hussein Cancer Center for certain reasons. Write down these reasons.
- a- Its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.
 - b- Its excellent reputation and the population of the country increases.
 - c- It treats both adult and pediatric patients.
 - d- It is a comprehensive center and families have trust in the hospital
8. Why does the hospital need to expand?
- a- to treat both adult and pediatric patients
 - b- to cope with the increase in demand for treatment
 - c- to increase space for new cancer cases from Arab countries
 - d- to be an educational centre in the future.
9. Find a word in the text which means, "the act of making something bigger than usual."
- a- treatment
 - b- capacity
 - c- demand
 - d- expansion
10. Which part of the text tells you the disadvantage of the KHCC for patients who live far from Amman?
- a- For this reason, there are plans to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan
 - b- Many cancer patients live far away from Amman, where the KHCC is located, and the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult.
 - c- In the near future, King Abdullah University Hospital in Irbid hopes to set up radiotherapy machines.
 - d- so that cancer patients from northern Jordan will not have to go to Amman for radiotherapy treatment.
11. The text states two facilities that will be included to the education center of the hospital. What are these two facilities?
- a- extra beds and bigger units.
 - b- departments and outpatient building.

- c-new adult and pediatric wards. d-teaching rooms and a library
12.King Hussein Cancer center treats two groups of patients. who are they?
a-men and women b- adult and pediatric patients
a-girls and boys d- doctors and nurses

Question Number Two : Vocabulary & Derivation (50 points)

Choose the correct answer from those A,B,C or D to complete the following sentences.

- 13.Petra has a ----- as a fascinating place to visit.
a- tiny b- risk c- waterproof d- reputation
14-If you send money to charity , you will ----- a difference to a lot of people.
a- make b- do c- take d- earn
15-Modern computers can run a lot of ----- at the sane time.
a)programs b- calculations c- floppy disk d- models
16-When you talk about business and try to do a deal , you -----.
a-prepare b- join c- qualify d- negotiate
17-We learn about shapes , lines and angles when we study -----
a- geometry b- chemistry c- arithmetic d- philosophy
18-If you work hard , I am sure you will -----
a-success b- successful c-successfully d- succeed
19-In hot weather our bodies are in danger of -----
a- dehydrated b- dehydration c- dehydrate d- dehydrating
20-We should always be ready to listen to good -----
a-advise b- advised c- advice d- advising
21-The Middle East is famous for the -----of olives.
a- production b- produce c- productive d- produced
22-Don't talk to the driver. He must -----.
a- concentration b- concentrated c- concentrate d- concentrating

Question Number Three Grammar (75 points)

A. Choose the correct form of the verb from those A,B,C or D to complete each of the following sentences.

- 23-The newly- appointed teachers ----- teaching on the 19th of August.
a-starts b-will be started c- start d-are started
24-Marwan ----- what he has learnt to students of a similar age right now.
a- is emailing b-is being emailed c- have been emailing d-emails
25-Many guests ----- by Marwan last night.
a-were invited b-is invited c- invited d-are invited
26-Don't phone me at seven. I ----- dinner with my family.
a-will have b-was having c- will be having d-have
27-The books that you ordered ----- by the end of the week .
a-will not arrive b-is not arrived c-will not have arrived d- wouldn't arrive

B. Choose the sentence which is similar in meaning from those A,B, C, or D .

- 28-"I like Geography most of all.
a-The subject which I like most of all was Geography.
b-The subject which I like most of all is Geography.

- c-It was Geography that I like most of all.
 d-It is Geography where I like most of all.
- 29-It is normal for my grandfather to work hard.
 a-My father isn't used to working hard. b-My father didn't use to work hard.
 c-My father is used to working hard d-My father used to work hard
- 30-I think you should study Biology.
 a-If I were you , I would study Biology b-If I were you , I shall study Biology
 c- If I were you , I should study Biology d- If I were you , I will study Biology
- 31-Salwa isn't as creative as Tahany.
 a-Salwa is less creative than Tahany b-Salwa is the least creative
 c-Salwa is more creative than Tahany d-Salwa is as creative as Tahany
- 32-Experts have proved that learning foreign languages is good for the brain.
 a-learning foreign languages are proved to be good for the brain.
 b-learning foreign languages have been proved to be good for the brain.
 c-learning foreign languages is proved to be good for the brain.
 d-learning foreign languages has been proved to be good for the brain.

C. Choose the correct item from those from those A,B,C or D to complete each of the following sentences.

- 33-Are you ----- in Jordan yet? You have only been here for two months.
 a- use to live b- used to live c- used to living d- use to living
- 34-Neither English nor Arabic are ----- as Maths.
 a-as difficult b-difficult c-more difficult d-most difficult
- 35-The thing ----- made the journey unpleasant is the heat
 a-who b-whom c-which d-where
- 36-We didn't get up earlier and now we are late .If only we -----earlier
 a- has been b- had been c- was d-hadn't been
- 37-Muna didn't freeze the meat. She had it -----.
 a-freezed b- had freezed c- freeze d-freezing

Question Number four: Writing Skills (15 points)

A. Choose the correct item verb from those from those A,B,C or D to complete each of the following sentences.

- 38-If you have a ----- the best thing to do is to take some medicine.
 a-migrian b-megrain c- migraine d-megrean
- 39- "The world would be at your fingertips." The underlined expression is an example of
 a-metaphor b-personification
 c- simile d-onomatopoeia
- 40-The Sahara desert ---- which is in Africa ----- is very hot.
 . / , b- , / , c- . / . d- , / .

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