

**Unit Six : Comparison and Superlative**

	Short adjectives	Long adjectives
<b>Comparison</b> نستخدمها عند المقارنة بين طرفين فقط.	N.1 be – modal <b>adj. (er) than</b> N.2 1. She is .....than her brother. ( smart ) 2. Some books are .....than others. ( cheap)	N.1 be – modal <b>more / less adj. than</b> N.2 1. She is .....than her brother. (creative) 2. Some books are .....than others. ( boring )
<b>Superlative</b> نستخدمها لتفضيل طرف على مجموعة.	N. be – modal <b>the adj. (est )</b> C. 1. She is the .....in the class. ( smart ) 2. bicycles are the.....among vehicles. ( cheap)	N.1 be – modal <b>the most / the least adj.</b> C. 1. She is the.....pupil at class. (creative) 2. comics are the.....books. ( boring )
<b>Unequal comp.</b> نستخدمها عندما لا يتساوى او يتساوى طرفين في الصفة.	N.1 be – modal <b>as adj. as</b> N.2 1. She is not as .....as her brother. ( smart ) 2. History books are as .....as philosophy books. ( books )	

**ملاحظات مهمة:**

1. الصفات القصيرة الشاذة في اللغة الانجليزية هي :

Adjective as .....as	Comparison .....than	Superlative the .....
good	better	the best
bad	worse	the worst
little	less	the least
much / many	more	the most
far	farther / further	the farthest / the furthest

1. She is .....than me at Maths.  
( good , better , the best )  
2. They are the .....team in soccer.  
( bad , worse , worst )  
3. She is as .....as her dad in Maths.  
( good , better , the best )

2. نستخدم العبارات التالية في المقارنة وهي :

as many + اسم معدود جمع + as	1. Not as .....students study Maths as science. ( much , more , less , many )
as much + اسم غير معدود + as	2. My sister always puts as .....food as mine in her plate. ( much , more , less , many )

وزاريات	
2016	1. Neither Maths nor Science are as popular as English. English .....
2017	2. Jordanian children start school a year later than English children. English children .....
2017	3. Studying Physics is not as popular as studying Biology in Britain. Studying Biology .....
2018	4. The electronic newspapers are not as acceptable as the old ones. The old newspapers .....
2018	5. These new shoes are not as comfortable as my old ones. My old shoes .....
2019	6. Manar is not as active as Khaleda. Khaleda .....
2019	7. Reading a novel is not as interesting as watching a movie. Watching a movie .....
2019	8. Learning Chinese is more difficult than learning English. Learning English .....
اضافيات	9. Neither Music nor Arts are as popular as Science. Science ..... 10. Studying Maths is more popular than studying Arts in Britain. Studying Arts ..... 11. Portuguese children attend school for longer than Japanese children. Japanese children ..... 12. Jordanian children leave school one year earlier than British children. British children ..... 13. Computers contain more information than books. Books .....
دائرة	14. Some people believe that learning Arabic is .....difficult than learning English. ( more , as much , the least , the most ) 15. Learners need to get .....information as they need. ( more , less , as many , as much ) 16. You can find .....books as you need at public libraries. ( as much , as many , more , the most ) 17. In fact, she needs as .....help as you need. ( much , many , more , less )
قوانين الحل	more / less .....than = as .....as as .....as = more / less .....than -er .....than = as .....as as صفة قصيرة as = - er .....than

**Unit Seven**

**A. Indirect Questions**

مفاتيح الحل: Keys

- Could you explain.....
- Could you tell me .....
- Do you know .....
- Do you mind telling me ..... / Do you mind .....
- I wonder .....

مع الاسئلة الطويلة Wh . auxiliary / modal S. V. O. C. ? Key wh. S. auxiliary / modal V. O. C. ?	مع الاسئلة القصيرة auxiliary / modal S. V. O. C. ? Key if / whether auxiliary / modal V. O. C. ?
1. Where will you take these old files ? Could you explain.....?	1. Does the school open at Fridays or not ? Do you know.....?
2. What time has he left this week to Dubai? Do you know.....?	2. Do all the kids arrive the class early ? I wonder .....
3. How does he manage such a big project? I wonder .....	3. Did the wedding cost a lot of money? Could you tell me.....?
4. How much time do they need to finish task? Do you know.....?	4. Are we allowed to navigate the internet at exams? Do you know.....?
5. When did the doctor leave the hospital? Do you mind.....?	5. Can you give me some advice about diet? Do you mind.....

ملاحظات هامة : 1. حذف الفعل المساعد does والفعل يأخذ s / es . 2. حذف الفعل المساعد do و تنزل بقية الجملة كما هي.  
3. حذف الفعل المساعد did والفعل يصبح V.2. 4. يجب ان نضع telling me مع البداية Do you mind .  
5. اذا بدأ السؤال القصير بـ ( Can you / Please ) وكانت البداية الوزارية هي Do you mind نحذف Can you / Please و يتم اضافة ing للفعل و تنزل بقية الجملة كما هي.

وزاريات	
2016	1. How can I get to Queen Alia airport by public transport? Could you tell me .....
	2. Is there a connection between the amount of T.V people watch and how fit they are? Do you know.....?
2017	3. Are students allowed to navigate the internet during the open exam? Do you know.....?
	4. Does the bell ring at eight or half past eight? Do you know.....?
2018	5. What can't we bring onto the plane? Could you tell me.....?
	6. How can I fix this smartphone? Could you tell me.....?
2019	7. How much sleep do teenagers of our age need? Could you tell me.....?
	8. How much this cotton shirt cost? Could you tell me.....?
	9. Did she attend the meeting yesterday? Could you tell me.....?

**B. Impersonal Passive**

**Keys ( Reporting Verbs )**

مفاتيح الحل لهذه القاعدة هي افعال النقل الخاصة التالية:

	V.1	V.2	V.3	للقاعدة ثلاثة اشكال وهي :
1	say	said	said	الشكل الأول : وضع الضمير It في بداية الجملة و تكون قاعدته كالتالي : S. <u>V.1</u> that = It <u>is</u> V.3 that ..... S. <u>V.2</u> that = It <u>was</u> V.3 that ..... S. <u>has / have</u> V.3 that = It <u>has been</u> V.3 that ..... S. <u>used to</u> V.1 that = It <u>used to be</u> V.3 that..... الشكل الثاني: وضع الفاعل بعد that في بداية الجملة و تكون قاعدته : S. <u>V.1</u> that = S. <u>is / are</u> V.3 to V.1..... S. <u>V.2</u> that = S. <u>was / were</u> V.3 to V.1..... S. <u>has / have</u> V.3 that = S. <u>has been/have been</u> V.3 to V.1.. S. <u>used to</u> V.1 that = S. <u>used to be</u> V.3 to V.1 .....
2	tell	told	told	
3	think	thought	thought	
4	know	knew	known	
5	prove	proved	proved	
6	expect	expected	expected	
7	believe	believed	believed	
8	consider	considered	considered	
9	claim	claimed	claimed	
10	assume	assumed	assumed	
11	rumor	rumored	rumored	

وزاريات	
2016	1. People believe that eating almonds reduces the risk of heart disease. Eating almonds ..... 2. Doing regular exercise is believed to reduce the risk of several diseases. People believe that .....
2017	3.They assumed that the last Olympic games were a great success. It ..... 4. Experts have proved that eating fresh vegetables is good for the stomach. Eating fresh vegetables .....
2018	5. My teacher says that English clubs are essential for learning English well. English clubs..... 6. Linguists have proved that learning some languages is helpful for learners. Learning some languages .....
2019	7. Teachers believe that working in groups improves students' awareness. Working in groups..... 8. People believe that the heavy rainfall caused the destruction of the dam. The heavy rainfall..... 9. People think that success comes from hard work and learning from failure. Success.....
اضافيات	10. Doctors used to say that eating fish strengthens the bones. Eating fish..... 11. Some health experts have proved that modern technology caused obesity. Modern technology..... 12. Drinking orange juice is believed to be good to reduce stress. Experts believe ..... 13. Researchers claimed that a long school day increases students' achievements. A long school day ..... 14. Our teacher thinks that solving puzzles is good for the brain. Solving puzzles.....

**THE END**