

TAGARUBITHOOLI

الازمنة TENSES

مدارس تقارب

ملخص الازمنة الوحدة الاولى/ والثانية/ والثالثة

1. Simple present المضارع البسيط

*Subject +I, we, you, they, +verb (base مجرد) + complement (متممه) + complement (متممه). Negative منفي Negative (متممة).

ملاحظة: ننفي المضارع البسيط للفاعل الجمع باستخدام don't وبعدها الفعل مجرد

Keywords الدلائل الزمنية (Always/ usually/ sometimes/ often/ frequently/ seldom/ twice/ every/ daily/ weekly/ monthly/ yearly/ rarely once a day/ twice a day /three times a week /five times a day.)

ملاحظة: الاكثر تكرارا في اسئلة الوزارة والكتاب every, usually, always, often

- **1** Children often use / are using computers better than their parents.
- 2 I usually will play / play computer games every day but only for an hour.

2019 اسئلة الوزارة.a trip to Europe **every year**

(plans, would plan, was planning, is planned)

ملحوظة مهمة: لاحظ هذا الجدول

He, she, it, Arslan, Aseel	s/es/ies يضاف للفعل Is/ has/ does/ plays/ washes/ studies
They ,we, you, boys	Are/ have/ do /play والفعل مجرد خال من الزيادة

المضارع المستمر 2. Present Continuous

- 1. Subject (He, She, It) + is + verb + ing + complement.
- 2. Subject (They, We, You) + <u>are</u> + verb + ing + complement.
- 3. Subject (I) + \underline{am} + verb + ing + complement.

Keywords الدلائل الزمنية (now, look! , at the moment , hurry up, be careful , listen! , right now ,look out, these days , today, be quiet, watch out)

ملاحظة: الاكثر تكرارا في اسئلة الوزارة والكتاب , look! , at the moment, right now

- 1. I'm **coming** / **come** from Ajloun, but I'm **staying** / **stay** in Irbid for a few months. I will return to Ajloun in the spring.
- I want to **get / getting** a tablet, but I can't afford **to buy / buying** one **at the moment.**

ملاحظة: رغم وجود الدليل at the moment. لكن الاجابة تختلف وهي afford, want, plan, intend, hope, try

The workers........ <u>at the moment</u>. They're on a break.(not, work) <u>aren't working</u> 2019اسئلة الوزارة

المضارع التام البسيط 3. Present Perfect Simple

- 1. Subject (I, We, They, You) + have + past participle + complement.
- 2. Subject (He, She, It) + has + past participle + complement.

Keywords الدلائل الزمنية already, yet, just, since, for, lately, recently, ever, so far, up to now, up till now, still, so (he) can,

recently, since, for, so (he) can, <u>ملاحظة</u>: الاكثر تكرارا في اسئلة الوزارة والكتاب He was wrong! **Since** then, there a technological revolution. (be)

اسئلة وزارية سابقة على هذا النوع من الزمن من2011 / 2016 المنهاج القديم

- 1. Maher his driving tests, so he can borrow his father's car next week. (pass)2011
- 2. The childrenrecently..... the sand castle on the beach.(build)2012
- 3. Our neighbors<u>recently</u>..... to Aqaba. (move)2013
- 4. Lailarecently.....learning English. (start)2013
- 5. Zaidthe champion, so he can participate in it again. (win) 2014
- 6. The government<u>recently</u>..... the new rules to try to reduce the crime rate in the country.(announced) 2014

Answers has passed/ have built/ have moved/ has started/ has won/ has announced

- 1. Subject (I, They, We, You) + have + been + base verb + ing + complement.
- 2. Subject (He, She, It) + has + been + base verb + ing + complement.

(اخر الجملة) for, how long, – since, all+ time, recently الدلائل الزمنية Keywords

ملاحظة: الاكثر تكرارا في اسئلة الوزارة والكتاب since, for, all ملاحظة غالبا ما تحتوى الحملة على صفات دالة على هيئة

wet, dry, dirty, tired, exhausted, paint, pale, busy, excited,......etc.

I've been painting the house. That's why I have some $\underline{\textbf{paint}}$ on my clothes.

اسئلة وزارية سابقة على هذا النوع من الزمن من2011 / 2016 المنهاج القديم

- 1. Noor anessay all morning. (be, write)
- 2. Maher looks very tired. Hedoing his science project all night.(be, do)
- 3. The detectivesall week. (be, interview)
- 4. The child has all night. (be, sleep)
- 5. Jamal and Fawaz have evening courses for few weeks now. (be, take)
- 6. Hatem looks very pale. He haswell recently.(not, be, sleep)

اسئلة وزارية سابقة على هذا النوع من الزمن من 2021/2016 المنهاج الجديد

- 1. I..... the house. That's why I have some **paint** on my clothes.(2020)
- A) have been painted B) has been painting C) have been painting D) has been painted 2. Students in my countrytheir chances online since last summer. (2021)
- A) are attended B) has been attending C) would attend D) have been attending

3. Nada her homework for two hours. (2019) (have done, have been doing, has been doing, had been done)

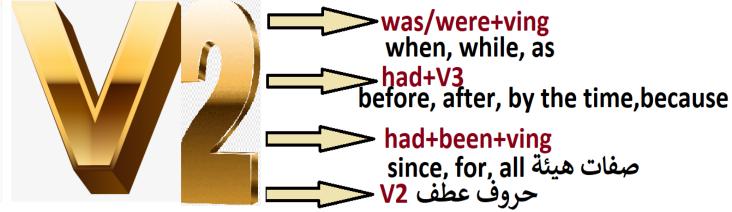
مثال الكتاب الموجود في المراجعة A SB ص 42

He started studying at 5 p.m. It's 10 p.m., and he's <u>still studying</u>. He **since** 5 p.m. **has been studying**

Past Simple الماضي البسيط
1- Subject + (I, We, They, You, He, She, It) + past verb + complement.
2- Subject + (I, We, They, You, He, She, It) + didn't + base verb+ complement.
ملاحظة ننفي الماضي البسيط باستخدام didn′t وبعدها الفعل مجرد
Keywords الدلائل الزمنية Yesterday , last + time, time + ago , in 2009 , once , finally , at that
time, the day before, at last, on + 26, Augest in 1999)
ملاحظة: الاكثر تكرارا في اسئلة الوزارة والكتاب Yesterday , last + time, time + ago , in 2009
Activity Book, page 7, exercises 4
In 1943 CE, the chairman of a business machine company (1)(say) that the world
only(2)(need) two or three computers. He (3)(be) wrong!
1 said 2 needed 3 was
أسئلة وزارية سابقة على هذا الزمن الدورة التكميلية من 2011 الى2014
1. Fatima her homework three hours ago . (finish) finished
2. The plane few minutes ago . (land) landed
3. Sultan The book of mine yesterday .(borrow) borrowed
4. After we had finished our dinner, weinto the garden. (go) went
ملاحظة يمكن لهذا الزمن ان ياتي مشتركا مع زمن اخر هو الماضي المستمر في السؤال الوزاري
1. I <u>was writing</u> / wrote an email <u>when</u> my laptop was switching / <u>switched</u> itself off.(2020)
2. I <u>was driving</u> to work <u>when</u> the engine working. (2019)
(stops, were stopping, is stopped, stopped)
Past continuous الماضي المستمر
التحدث عن شيء استمر وقوعه قبل أو بعد فعل أخر في الماضي.
Subject + was (He, She, It) were (I, They, We, You)+ verb+ ing, subject + V2.
Subject + V2, Subject + was(He, She, It) were (I, They, We, You) + V+ ing.
Voyavords & total ISV II When I shout action (Boot Simple) II
نستخدم when بالمدة القصيرة (Past Simple) الدلائل الزمنية When + short action (Past Simple) للمدة القصيرة (While As + long action (Past Continuous)
While/As + long action (Past Continuous) نستخدم while للمدة الطويلة ملاحظة ياتي مشتركا مع زمن اخر هو الماضي البسيط في السؤال الوزاري
1. I <u>was writing</u> / wrote an email when my laptop was switching / <u>switched</u> itself off.(2020)
السئلة وزارية سابقة على هذا النوع من الزمن من 2021/2016 المنهاج الجديد
1. Ghina her bedroom <u>when</u> her friends arrived to her house. (2021)
A) is cleaning B) were cleaning C) was cleaning D) will be cleaning
2. Salam her report when the light in her room switched itself off. (2020)
A) was typing B) is typing C) types D) was typed
3. I was driving to work when the engine working. (2019)
(stops, were stopping, is stopped, stopped)
4. While my fathera book, our neighbor came to visit us. (2019)
(is read, reads, was reading, is being read)

Past perfect الماضي المستمر
Subject + had+ verb3+ , subject + V2.
Subject + V2, Subject + had+ verb3.
Keywords الدلائل الزمنية after, before, by the time, because, by + past time
ملاحظة ياتي مشتركا مع زمن اخر هو الماضي البسيط في السؤال الوزاري
<u>اسئلة وزارية سابقة 2011 2015</u>
1. Maher <u>felt</u> nervous <u>because</u> heneverin the Dead Sea before. <u>Had swum</u>
2. My father last year. He had worked for the same company all his life. (retire)retired
3. After we had finished our dinner, weinto the garden. (go)2014
4. Hatem had saved his document <u>before</u> viruseshis computer. (crash)2012
5. Hassan's parents bought him a bicycle <u>after</u> he good grades in his exams. (get) 2014
Answers Had/ swum, retired, went, crashed, got/gotten
ملاحظة ياتي مشتركا مع الجملة الشرطية النوع الثالث في السؤال الوزاري
If I had played well, I would have won the match.
اسئلة وزارية سابقة على هذا النوع من الزمن من 2021/2016 المنهاج الجديد
The kidsfootball in the park <u>before</u> it started to rain. (2021)
A) have played B) are playing C) play D) had played
الماضي المستمر Past perfect continuous
وهو فعل بدأ في ألماضي وإستمر لمدة حتى حصول فعل اخر في ألماضي.
They had been talking for over an hour before Arslan arrived.
Keywords الدلائل الزمنية for, how long, – since, all+ time, recently (اخر الجملة)
ملاحظة: الاكثر تكرارا في اسئلة الوزارة والكتاب since, for, all
ملاحظة غالبا ما تحتوي الجملة على صفات دالة على هيئة
wet, dry, dirty, tired, exhausted, paint, pale, busy, excited, delightedetc.
امثلة الكتاب المدرسي
1. Hind (1) has / had been working very hard for several weeks before she did her final exams.
2. For several weeks, her parents (6) planned / had been planning a special weekend away to the
Jerash Festival.
Jerash Festival.
Jerash Festival. 3. They (8) were / had been using the family computer to make all the arrangements! Hind was delighted . 1 A: When I saw you yesterday, you looked really tired .
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اسئلة وزارية سابقة على الأزمنة من2011الي 2016 1. When Mr Mahmoud arrived , he was exhausted. He for five days. (be, climb) 2. Aisha received an email from Tahani yesterday, she to write **since** June. (be, promise) 3. We hadwith each other **for** a long time. (be, communicate) 4. Omar passed all his exams. Henon-stop **for** a month. (be, revise) 5. By the time we arrived, they had **for** an hour. (be, talk) اسئلة وزارية سابقة على هذا النوع من الزمن من 2021/2016 المنهاج الجديد 1. My sister was very busy yesterday as shefor a special occasion. (2021) B) prepares A) had been preparing C) has been preparing D) is preparing 2. My mother was very tired; she all afternoon for a special family dinner. (2020) B) has been cooking A) is cooking C) cooks D) had been cooking 3. By the time we arrived, they hadfor an hour. (be, talk) (2016) was/were+ving when, while, as



المستقبل البسيط Simple future

1. Subject+ will + base+ complement. Subject+ won't + base+ complement.

بمكننا استخدامه مع

- we can use it with imagine, perhaps, probably, maybe, think and hope.
- 2. Subject +is/am/are + going to + base + complement.

| next week/ month/ year/etc, in / on + future date, tomorrow, weeketc / the coming Saturday / weeketc, in the future, soon, then, ملاحظة: الاكثر تكرارا في اسئلة الوزارة والكتاب tomorrow, soon, next week+ time اسئلة وزارية سابقة على هذا النوع من الزمن من 2021/2016 المنهاج الجديد

- تارىخ لم ىأتى بعد .to Mars in **2070** عادىخ لم يأتى بعد ... (will travel, would travel, was going to travel, is traveled)
- 2. **Look** at the black sky! It.....to rain. مبنى على دليل

(qo, is going, was going)

3. according to Kate's schedule, sheher business partner **next Tuesday**.

(would meet, will be met, was going to meet, is going to meet