مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني) القطعة الأولى القطعة الأولى

pioneering	introducing new and better methods or ideas for the first time ریادیة	
Qualifications	official record of achievement	مؤ هلات
tailor made	<u>custom-made</u> ; made to fit exactly	مصمم خصيصا
Astrophysics	chemical study of the stars	فيزياء فلكية
undertake	to commit yourself to do something and to	يتعهد <u>start to </u> do it
tutorial	a period of intensive teaching to student	درس

Studio schools are pioneering schools **which** receive (funding as well as support from private businesses,)

and **which** <u>seek</u> (to encourage young people to undertake a less conventional form of secondary education).

These schools often specialize in one specific area, whilst understanding that (the same broad range of skills and qualifications should be made available to all young people.)

One such school has recently opened to <u>educate</u>(fourteen-to eighteen-year-olds who have a special interest in working in the space industry.)

Students follow <u>a tailor-made curriculum at the school</u>, including **subjects** such as (*Astronomy and Astrophysics*.)

Lessons are(a mixture of small-class tutorials, with projects supervised by leading companies in both the space and technology industries.)

(Prominent scientists and engineers) are brought in as **guest lecturers**, with students **aiming to** (achieve top grades in **their** Maths and Science exams.)

When **they** leave schools, **they** will be well-placed to take any number of different career paths. '**They** don't have to become astronauts'! says a spokesperson for the school. 'Excellent grades in science and technology subjects can open any doors and lead to a variety of career opportunities.'

1.Studio schools receive two things from private businesses. write them down?

- 2. Two things that should be made available to all young people in space studio. Write them down?
- 3. Space Schools teach their students special subjects related to space. Mention two examples?
- **4**. Space school focus on type of student who have certain qualities .Write them down?
- **5**. What kind of curriculm do student at studio school study?
- **6.** The article states two groups of people involved in space schools. Write them down

7.Two groups of people are brought in as guest lecturers. Write them down?

- **8**. How are the leading companies in the space and technology industries involved in space schools?
- **9** .How are the prominent scientists and engineers involved in space schools?
- **10.** Studio school provide student with two kind of lesson?
- **11.** What is the seek /purpose of Studio schools?
- 12-Ouote the sentence which gives the age range of students who can join Studio Schools?
- **13.Quote the sentence which shows that** it isn't necessary for students who leave school to be astronauts?

14.Quote the sentence which shows that student follow a custom -made curriculum?

القطعة الثانية

word	meaning	
Dementia	a mental illness with memory problems خرف	
Drug	a medicine or a substance used for making medicines علاج	
Implant	a piece of tissue implanted in the body نراعه	
medical trial	special tests on medications تجربه طبية	
pill	Tablet حبة	
Scanner	a medical instrument that uses radiography	
side effect	تأثیر جانبی Un expected results	
Stroke	blocking of blood tube in brain جلطة دماغية	
symptom	sign of illness أعراض	
Coma	unconscious state غيبوبة	

Scientists have already developed brain implants that improve vision or allow disabled people to use *their* thoughts in order to control prosthetic limbs like arms, legs or hands, or operate a wheelchair. In 2012 CE, research on monkeys showed that a brain implant improved their decision-making abilities. How will humans benefit from this research? Scientists hope to develop a similar device to help people who have been affected by brain damage, which could be caused by dementia, a stroke or other brain injuries.

In 2010 CE, neuroscientists confirmed that it was possible to communicate with some patients in a coma, by using a special brain scanner called an MRI. They suggested that, in the future, more meaningful dialogue with patients in a coma would be possible. Two years later, it has finally happened. The scanner, used on a man who has been in a coma for more than twelve years, proves that he has a conscious, thinking mind - a fact that had previously been disputed by many.

Doctors plan to use similar brain-scanning techniques in the future to find out whether patients are in pain, or what they would like to be done in order to improve their quality of life.

A new cancer drug is being trialled in Plymouth, UK, which doctors hope will extend the lives of cancer patients and reduce their symptoms overnight. It is taken as a single pill every morning, and so far patients have shown none of the usual side effects such as the sickness and hair loss that are experienced when undergoing other forms of treatment. The new treatment works by blocking a protein which causes cancerous cells to grow. It will improve patients' life expectancy and quality of life much more quickly than any other treatment. The patients were interviewed a year after starting the treatment and are fit and well, saying that they are definitely going to continue the trial. They have every reason to believe the new drug is going to work. Doctors at Plymouth Hospital hope that it will help patients from all over the world.

- 1. Thoughts that are improved by brain implant can help disabled people in two ways. Write them down?.
- 2. Brain damage can be caused by different causes .Write down two of them?
- 3. Brain implants can be beneficial to people in two ways. Write them down?
- **4.** There were two positive consequences on the patients who tried the new treatment .Write them down.?
- **5**. How could neuroscientists communicate with patients in comma?
- **6.**Doctors plan to use similar brain-scanning techniques in the future to find out two things?
- 7. When were neuroscientists able to actually communicate with patients with coma?
- 8. The trial cancer drug can help patients in two ways. Write them down?
- 9.Most cancer drugs can have two side effects. Write them down?
- 10. The patients were interviewed a year after starting the treatment have two qualities?
- 11. Write down the sentence which indicates how does the new cancer drug work?.

القطعة الثالثة

مالي :- relating to money

2.halls of residence :- accommodation provided by a university or college سكن جامعي

3.motive :- <u>reason</u> for doing something

4.minority :- not many ,the opposite of majority

دين <u>money you owe</u> دين 6.fees :- <u>costs</u> ,charges

7.degreea :- qualification that is given to you when you have completed a course of study

(In England, almost 50% of school <u>leavers go on to higher education</u>. The figure has not always percentage

been as high as <u>this</u>. Twenty years ago, <u>it</u> was closer to 30%, and thirty years before that, <u>it</u> was only about 5%. Another huge change has been financial.)

Before 1998 CE, higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens.

Since then, tuition fees have been introduced.

(Most students borrow this money from the government.) They (don't have to repay it immediately. Instead, they pay it back slowly out of future earnings.)

Despite the high cost, most students choose to study away from home.

A recent survey of 17,000 students revealed that only 7% wanted to stay at home while they studied for their degree.

Of course for most young people, living away from home means borrowing even more money from the government. So why don't students choose to avoid debt by staying at home, where **they** don't have to pay rent?

(Most of them say that <u>they</u> want to move to the university of their choice, rather than the nearest <u>one</u>. Another strong motive is the desire to live in a new culture).

Where do these students live?

(Many have rooms in halls of residence, especially in <u>their</u> first year; others rent flats or houses. A lucky minority live in property that **their** parents have bought for **them**).

Most of them need to learn (to cook, do their own washing and manage their time and money.)

1. Write down two changes that took place/occurred in the system of higher education in the UK.

- 2. British students choose to complete their higher education abroad (out of England)for two reasons, what are they?
- 3. Most studentsborrow money from the government to complete their study .how do they repay it
- 4. Students who study out of England have to learn to do many things. Write down two of these things?
- 5. The text mentions many kinds of housing for students who study outside their home. Write down two of them.

6.Quote the sentence which indicates that education in England was free before 1998?

- 7. Quote the sentence which implies that few students are rich and can afford living in own apartments or houses.
- *8. Quote the sentence which explains how students are able to afford to leave home.
- 9. Quote the sentence which shows the percentage of British students who preferred to stay home rather than living away from it.
- 10. Quote the sentence which shows that student prefer studying abroad although high cost
- 11- Find a word in the text which means "reason of doing something)2. (" cost or charges)
- 12. Find a word in the text the opposite of majority
- 13. What does the underlined pronoun "they" one in paragraph one refer to?

(3)

T/ Raef Barahmeh

0792960045

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية محنف المديد المجتب المديد المجتب الم

commitment	a promise to do something ملتزم
healthcare	رعاية صحية لل treatment of illness by doctors رعاية صحية
life expectancy	the <u>length</u> of time that a person or animal is <u>expected to live</u>
reputation	the <u>common opinion</u> that people have about someone or something. سمعة
sanitation	the system which <u>deal</u> with <u>human</u> water <u>waste</u> صرف صحي
dental	relating to treating teeth أسنان
immunisation	process by which an individual's immune system becomes protected against an illness
Infant mortality	death among <u>babies</u> موت أطفال
Decline	to decrease in quantity or importance.
Work force	The people who are able to work قوى عاملة

Introduction Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. **This** is largely due to the country's commitment to making healthcare for all a top priority. (Advances in education, economic conditions, sanitation, clean water, diet and housing) have made our community healthier.

Healthcare centres As a result of careful planning, the number of healthcare services has been increasing rapidly over the past years. (More than 800 different kinds of healthcare centres have been built), as well as (188 dental clinics). In 2012 CE, 98 per cent of Jordanian children were fully immunised, thanks to immunisation teams that had been working towards this goal for several years.

Although there were remote areas of the country where people had been without consistent access to (electricity and safe water,) almost 99 per cent of the country's population now has access.

Hospitals Although the country has been focusing mainly on improving its primary healthcare facilities, it has not neglected its advanced medical facilities. The reputation of Jordanian doctors has spread in the region, and now many more patients come to Jordan for open heart surgery. In Jordan, the open heart surgery programme started in 1970 CE in Amman.

(The life expectancy figures) show that **Jordan's healthcare system is successful**. In 1965 CE, the average Jordanian's life expectancy was age 50. In 2012 CE, this average life expectancy had risen to 73.5.

According to UNICEF statistics, between 1981 CE and 1991 CE, (Jordan's infant mortality rates declined more rapidly than anywhere else in the world) – from 70 deaths per 1,000 births in 1981 CE to only 32 deaths per 1,000 births in 2014 CE.

Conclusion (The low infant mortality rate, as well as the excellent healthcare system), have been contributing factors to Jordan's healthy population growth, which will result in (a strong work force with economic benefits for the whole country.)

- 1. There are many factors have made Jordanian community healthier .write down two of them?
- 2. People who living in remote areas of the country was suffering with two problem. write these problem?
- 3. The article mention that Jordan's healthy population growth will have many result/ benefits/ consequences. for the whole country .write them down?
- 4- The article states that there are many factors have been contributing to Jordan's healthy population growth. wri them down?
- 5-There is a reason of increasing rapidly The number of healthcare services over the past years .write them
- 6- Two pieces of evidence show that the number of healthcare services in Jordan has been increasing rapid over the past years?
- 7- Two pieces of evidence show that Jordan's healthcare system is successful. write them down?
- 8. **Quote the sentences which indicates** the date of when the open heart surgery started?
- **9.** Find a word in the text which mean.....?
- 10. Many patient from other countries come to Jordan in order to take health care .suggest three advantages on economy of the country?
- 11. Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the middle east. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view?

القطعة الخامسة

expansion	the act of making something bigger	توسعة
radiotherapy	Using <u>radiation</u> to treat diseases	علاج إشعاعي
reputation	<u>Common opinion</u> about someone or something.	سمعة
wards	Special room in a hospital	أجنحة
pediatrics	describing the area of medicine that deals with chi	أطفال <u>ldren</u> and their illnesses
outpatient	someone who goes to a hospital for treatment but does	عیادات خارجیة not stay for the night

The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan's only comprehensive <u>cancer treatment</u> centre. <u>It treats both</u>(*adult and paediatric patients*). As the population of the country increases, more and more families will **rely on** the hospital for cancer treatment. <u>Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region</u>, as **they** are attracted by <u>its</u>(*excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.*)

(In order to cope with the increase in demand for treatment,) the KHCC has begun an expansion programme. Building started in 2011 CE. The hospital will have more than doubled its capacity by 2016 CE, (increasing space for new cancer cases from 3,500 per year to 9,000.)

By then, (they will have added 182 extra beds), along with bigger units for different departments, including radiotherapy. (New adult and paediatric <u>)wards</u> will have opened. Additionally, they will have built a **special ten-floor** <u>outpatients' building</u>, with an <u>education centre</u> <u>which</u> will include (teaching rooms and a library).

(Many cancer patients live far away from Amman, where the KHCC is located, and the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult). For this reason, there are plans to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan. In the near future, King Abdullah University Hospital in Irbid hopes to set up radiotherapy machines, so that cancer patients from northern Jordan will not have to go to Amman for radiotherapy treatment.

- 1. There are many reasons that encourage patients from other countries to come to the center. Write down two of them.
- 2. The education center in the out patients buildings will include two things .write them down?
- 3. there are plans to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan for two reasons. write them down?
- 4. They will have built a special ten-floor buildings will include two things . write them down?
- 5. By 2016.the KHCC will have opened two new wards. write them down?
- **6.** By 2016 many facilities will have been introduced in the KHCC.?
- 7. Write down two of them. /two aspects of expansion that will have completed by 2016?
- **8**. Two groups of cancer patients are treated in the KHCC. write them down?
- 9. Quote the sentence which indicates that The King Hussein Cancer Centre treats people from all ages?
- 10. Quote the sentence which shows the date of starting the expansion programme of the KHCC?
- **11.** Quote the sentence which shows that there is an expansion programme to deal with the increase in demand for treatment.
- 12. Find a word in the text which means " the act of making something bigger " expansion *someone who goes to a hospital for treatment but does not stay for the night(*outpatient). ** 13.what does the underlined pronouns refer to?
- 14. the reputation of Jordanian doctors are spread in the region .suggest three reasons that make Jordanian doctors are the best in the region?
 - 15. Wherever the art of Medicine is loved, there is also a love of Humanity . Think of this quotation and write down your point view

(5)

T/ Raef Barahmeh

0792960045

القطعة السادسة

blog	A personal website or web page	مدونة
email exchange	A series of emails between two or more people	تبادل ايميلات
post	To put a message or document on the internet	نشر
social media	Social interaction between people and communities	on websites or blogsتواصل اجتماعي
tablet computer	A mobile computer, with a touch screen	تاب
white board	A touch screen computer program that enables you t	to draw sketches, write and
	present ideas	لوح تفاع <i>لي</i>
programme	content which is intended to be listened to on radio	or watched on television

<u>Young people</u> love learning, but <u>they</u> like learning even more if <u>they</u> are <u>presented</u> (with information in an interesting and challenging way). Today, I am going to give a talk about how you can use technology in Jordanian classrooms. Here are some ideas:

Many classrooms now use a <u>whiteboard</u> as a computer screen. As a consequence, teachers can show websites on the board in front of the class .Teachers can then use the internet to(*show educational programs*, play educational games, music, recordings of languages, and so on.)

In some countries, <u>tablet</u> computers are available for students to use in class. Therefore, students can use the tablets to do tasks such as (*showing photographs, researching information, recording interviews and creating diagrams*). Tablets are ideal for(*pair and group work*.)

<u>Teachers</u> can perhaps ask <u>their</u> <u>students</u> to start <u>writing a blog</u> (an online diary), either (*about their own lives or as if <u>they</u> were someone famous*).

<u>They</u> can also create <u>a website</u> for the classroom. Students can <u>contribute</u> to the website; so for example, <u>they</u> (can post work, photos and messages.)

Most young people communicate through social media, by which they send each other (photos and messages via the internet.) Some students like to send messages that are under 140 letters for anyone to read. Teachers can ask students to summarize information about what they have learnt in the class in the same way. (If students learn to summarize quickly, they will be able to use this skill in the future.)

Another way of communicating with other schools is through talking to people over the computer. Most Computers have cameras, so you can also see the people you are talking to . In this way, students who are studying English in Jordan can see what students in England are doing in the classroom while they are speaking to them. You can also use this system to invite guest speakers to give talks over a computer. (For example, scientists or teachers from another country) could give a lesson to the class.) If you had this type of lesson, the students would be very excited. Students often use computers at home if they have them.

Students can use social media on their computers to help them with their studies, including (asking other students to check and compare their work, asking questions and sharing ideas). The teacher must be part of the group, too, to monitor what is happening.

- 1. The writer states that Young people love learning even more if they are presented in two ways. Write these ways?
- 2. Tablet computers are used in classrooms to do several tasks. Write down two of these tasks?
- 3. Most young people communicate and send things through social media, write down two of these things?
- 4. Students can contribute to website in many different ways. Write down two of them?.
- 5. Teachers can ask their students to start writing a blog an online diary about certain things .write them
- 6. Exchanging emails with other students is very useful for students. Write down two advantages of exchanging emails?
- 7. The writer states that there are many benefits of send messages that are under 140 letters .write them down?
- 8. How can most young people use social media on their computers to help them with their studies?
- 9. The writer states that the teacher must be part of the group, write the role of the teacher?
- 10. Tablets are important for two kinds of work. Write down these two kinds.
- 11. Quote the sentence which indicates that tablets are suitable for student certain activities?
- 12. Quote the sentence which indicates that student can use tablet in the class in some countries?
- 13. Write down the sentence which shows that teacher should be part of the group in the class?
- 14. what does the underlined pronoun them refer to?
- 15. Find a word which mean A personal website or web page?
- 16.In what ways can digital information be used to educate people?
- 17 "Technology is just a tool. In terms of getting the kids working together and motivating them, the teacher is the most important" Bill Gates) Think of this quotation and write down your point view? (6)

لقطعة السابعة

Word	Meaning	
access	to find information especially on computer دخول	
sat nav satellite	system of computers and satellites, used in cars and other places that tells	
navigation	you where something is, where you are or how to get to a place	
security settings إعدادات أمان	controls available on computer programs which let you <u>protect</u> your <u>computer from viruses</u>	
ابوس nightmare	terrifying or unpleasant dream	
communicate	speak to	
. privacy settings.	Filter identity fraud(تزوير الهوية)	

(Everyone knows that the Internet connects people, but now <u>it</u> does more than that <u>it</u> connects objects, too. These days, computers often communicate with each other); for example, your TV <u>automatically downloads your favorite TV show, or your 'sat nav' system tells you where you are.</u> This is **known** as the 'Internet of Things' and there's a lot more to come (In just a few years' time, experts say that billions of machines will be connected to each other and to the Internet). As a consequence, computers will increasingly run our lives for us.

For example, **<u>your fridge(</u>** will know when you need more milk <u>and add **it**</u> to your online shopping list); your <u>**windows**</u> will close if it is likely to rain;

your watch will (record your heart rate and email your doctor; and your sofa (will tell you when

you need to stand up **and** get some exercise!)

Many people are **excited** about the 'Internet of Things'. For **them**, a dream is coming true. **They** say that our lives will be easier and more comfortable.

However, **others** are not so sure. <u>(They</u> want to keep control of <u>their</u> own lives and <u>their</u> own things. In addition, <u>they</u> wonder what would happen if criminals managed to access <u>their</u> passwords and security settings. The dream could easily become nightmare!)

1. According to the text . How will the 'Internet of Things' help you to keep fit?

- 2. According to the text, why are some people excited about the future? Why are other worried?
- 3. What does the 'Internet of Things' mean? Give an example from the text?
- 4. Many people are excited about the 'Internet of Things they believe that our lives will have many positive effects .write them down?

5.According to the text, your fridge will do many things .write two of them?

- 6. According to the text, your watch will do many things .write two of them?
- 7. What will happen if the criminals managed to access our passwords and security settings?
- 8. Quote the sentence which indicates that in the future many machines will connected to internet?
- 9. What does the word "others" in bold in the third paragraph refer to? (Worried people)
- 10. Find a word in the first paragraph which has the same meaning as 'speak to?
- 11-Find a word in the text that means "to find information, especially on a computer"?
- 12. Find a word in the text which means "a terrifying or unpleasant dream"? (7)

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني) المراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل التانية الثامنة الثامنة الثامنة المناسلة المناسل

		_
public university	A university that is <u>funded by</u> public means, through a <u>government.</u>	
private university	<u>University not operated by a government.</u>	Г
undergraduate	someone who has <u>not</u> yet <u>completed</u> their <u>first degree</u> '	Г
postgraduate	someone who has finished their first degree and is <u>continuing to study</u> either a <u>Master's</u> or a PhD; or a F	D
degree	A qualification that is given to you when you have successfully completed a course of study.	Г
Master s degree	period of one or two years of study which takes place after the completion of a Bachelor's degree بستير	Г
enrol	to officially arrange to join a school, <u>university</u> or course	Г
diploma	either a <u>document</u> showing that someone has successfully <u>completed a course</u> of study or passed an examination, or the name of that course.	
online distance	formalised teaching and <u>learning system</u> specifically designed to be carried out <u>remotely</u> by using elect	nic
learning	communication. الدراسة ن بعد	
PhD	<u>a doctorate</u> ; the highest degree awarded by a university faculty.	
vocational	skills and education that prepare a student for a particular job	

<u>Our country has a high standard of education</u>. **This** is mainly due to the <u>fact</u> **that** the government considers education a necessity. All schools, from kindergarten to secondary, are the responsibility of the Ministry of Education (MOE). Pre-school and kindergarten education is optional, followed by ten years of free, compulsory education. For higher education, students enter university, either for academic or vocational courses. Students can attend <u>one</u> of ten public universities, or one of nineteen private universities. A large number of Jordanian students choose to study at <u>these</u> institutions, as well as foreign students from all over the world. These are undergraduates studying for a first degree, or postgraduates studying for a Master's degree, a PhD or a higher

The three universities with the most undergraduates are the University of Jordan in Amman, Yarmouk University in Irbid and Al Balqa Applied University in Salt. <u>These</u> are all public universities. An example of a newer university is <u>the German-Jordanian University in Amman</u>, <u>which</u> was set up in 2005 CE. It is collaboration between the MOHE and Germany's Federal Ministry of Education and Research, and it follows Germany's model of education in Applied Sciences.

For students **who** wish to complete their university studies while working at the same time, <u>it</u> is also possible in some Jordanian universities to enrol onto online distance learning programmes. In the future, this option will become available in many other universities.

- 1. there are two phases/stages /levels / paths of optional education in Jordan. Write these phases down?
- 2. There are two paths of studying offered by the Jordanian universities. Write them down?
- 3. There are many governmental universities in Jordan. Write down two of them?
- 4. According to the text, there are many postgraduate degrees. Write down two of them?
- **5**. Mention three universities that have the largest number of undergraduate students?
- 6. There are two main differences between the German-Jordanian University in Amman and other universities In Jordan. Write them down? What is special about the German Jordanian University?

7. There are two institutions official / represented two governments have worked together to build the German university in Jordan in 2005. Write down these two institutions

8-according to the text, who is the responsible for the education in Jordan?

- **9.** Higher education in Jordan has two educational paths which students can join after Secondary education. Write them down?
- 10. What is the main benefit of online distance learning programmes?
- 11. Jordan has a high standard of education. Write down the main reason for that.
- 12. there are two types of Jordanian university?

diploma.

- 13. Quote the sentence which shows that all Jordanian schools are under the authority of Ministry of Education?
- 14.Quote the sentence which indicates /shows the numbers of universities in Jordan?
- **15.Write down the sentence which shows** that not only Jordanian students attend the Jordanian universities.
- 16.Quote the sentence which shows the universities that have the largest number of undergraduate students
- 17. **Find an adjective that has the opposite** meaning of ,,"optional"? Compulsory'? (8

مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني)

Memory	someone's ability to remember things, places and experiences	ذاکرہ s
Multilingual	speaking, reading or writing in more than two languages	متعدد اللغات
Multitask	To do several things at the same time.	القيام بمهام متعد
Utterance	something that is said, such as a statement utter النطق /	الكلام
Simulator	any <u>device</u> or system that <u>simulates</u> specific conditions or the characteristics of a re	al
mother tongue	Process or machine. جهاز محاكاة The first and main language that you learnt when you were a c	اللغة الأم . hild:

Speaking a foreign language, it is claimed, improves the **functionality** of your brain in several different ways. (Learning new vocabulary and grammar rules **provides** the brain with beneficial 'exercise', which improves memory).

As well as exercising the brain, it is thought that learning a new language also presents the brain with unique challenges. These (include recognising different language systems and ways to communicate within these systems.) These skills improve your chances of success in other problem-solving tasks as (طجواب السؤال الثاني السم

It is said that students who study foreign languages (do better, on the whole, in general tests in (maths, reading and vocabulary) than students who have only mastered their mother tongue.)

According to a study carried out by Pennsylvania State University, USA, (multilingual people are able to switch between two **systems of speech**,(writing, and structure quite easily).

It has been proved that they are also able to switch easily between completely different tasks.)

One experiment required participants to operate a driving **simulator** while carrying out separate tasks at the same time. The experiment showed that multilingual participants were less distracted by the other tasks and therefore made fewer driving errors.

It is believed that <u>language learning can also improve your decision-making skills</u>. When you speak a foreign language, you are constantly weighing up subtle differences (in meaning of a word or the way that an utterance is made). This process is then transferred subconsciously to **other situations** in which (judgment is called for, and decisions have to be made.)

Finally, learning a foreign language can also improve your ability to use your mother tongue more effectively. As you become more aware of the way that a language works, you begin to apply it to the language that you use every day. The skills you obtain from learning a foreign language, therefore, can make you a better (speaker and writer) in your own language.

- 1. How does learning a foreign language improve your mother tongue skills?
- 2. The article states, that learning a new language presents the brain with unique challenges. Write down these unique challenges.
- 3. How does speaking a foreign language improve the memory /the functionality of your brain?
- **4.** What are the two systems of speech that multilingual people are able to switch between easily?
- 5. there are two benefits of learning a new vocabulary and grammar. Write these benefits down?
- 6. It has been proved that multilingual people have extra abilities in comparison with those who only mastered their mother tongue?
- 7. There are two results of Pennsylvania State University. Write down these two results?
- 8. Improving the chances of success in solving tasks can be achieved through two ways. Write them
- **9.There are many subtle differences that** multilingual people constantly weighing up?
- 10. There are many situations transferred subconsciously when you learn other language?
- 11. Quote the sentence which shows that learning a foreign language can help you in make decision.
- 12. Quote the sentence which shows the benefit of learning grammar// structure for the memory.
- 13. Quote the sentence which shows (that learning a foreign language can develop your ability in writing and speaking in mother language.
- 14. Quote the sentence which shows (that multilingual have a special ability to concentrate while driving).

القطعة العاشدة

megaproject	a very large, expensive, ambitious business project مشاريع ضخمة
artificially created	not real or not made of natural things but made to be like something that is real or natural مبنیة صناعیا
carbon – neutral	not affecting the total amount of carbon dioxide محايد كاربون
criticize	to judge (something) with disapproval; to evaluate or analyse. ينتقد
desalination	the process of <u>removing salt</u> from sea <u>water</u> so that it can be used.
grid) energy grid	a system of <u>wires</u> through which <u>electricity</u> is connected to different power stations across a region . شبکة
out weigh	to be more important than something else. تفوق
pedestrian	someone who is <u>walking</u> , especially along a street or another place that is used by cars. مثناة
sustainability	the state of being able to continue forever, or for a very long time; استدامة
zero waste	producing <u>no waste</u> , or having parts that can be reused. مخلفات صفر
Commitment	a promise to do something or to behave in a particular way. ملتزم

Megaprojects are extremely large investment projects, which are designed (to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities). Although megaprojects vary in terms of (size and cost), they are all, by definition, (expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage). Projects range from (motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes.)

The concept of a megaproject is always based on the benefits <u>it</u> brings to a community. However, many megaprojects have been **criticised** (*because of their negative effects on a community or the environment*). <u>This</u> essay will look at these issues with regard to Masdar City, a megaproject in Abu Dhabi.

مميزات/ ايجابيات/ خصائص مدينة مصدر

Masdar City, which began its development in 2006 CE, will be the world's first carbon-neutral, zero-waste artificially-created city). Covering an area of six square kilometres, when it is completed in 2025 CE, it is expected to house more than 40,000 residents, 50,000 commuters, and 1,500 businesses involved in mainly environmentally-friendly products.)

The city will run entirely on renewable energy sources. It is built on an advanced energy grid which monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex.

Furthermore, in order to reduce its carbon footprint?, (Masdar City will be a carfree zone, designed to be pedestrian and cycle-friendly. Electric, driverless cars will operate as public transport vehicles,) and the city will be connected to other locations by a network of (roads and railways).

Energy will be provided by (solar power and wind farms), and there are also **plans** to build the world's largest hydrogen **plant**. (A desalination plant will be used to provide the city's water, with 80% of water used being <u>recycled</u>). Biological waste will be used as an energy source too, and industrial waste will be <u>recycled</u>. (10)

The current residents of Masdar City are all students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology, a university whose students are fully committed to finding solutions to the world's energy problems.

While the project has the support of many global, environmental and conservation organisations, there is some **criticism of** it. (It is felt that, instead of building an artificial sustainable city, sustainability should be made a priority of existing cities).

In conclusion, the benefits of Masdar City for the community and the environment greatly outweigh any disadvantages. (If the aims of the developers are realised, Masdar City will be a **blueprint** for future urban planning that will inspire similar megaprojects *in other countries)*

- 1. There are many examples of megaprojects are provided in the essay, write two of them.
- 2. Megaprojects differ(vary) in two aspects. write down them?
- 3. There are many benefits (advantages) of megaprojects, write down two of them?
- 4. Many megaprojects have been criticized because of two reasons. write them down?
- 5. all megaprojects are similar in many aspects. Write them down?
- 6. Masdar city will take many procedures to reduce its carbon footprint. write them down?
- 7. Masdar city will be connected to other locations by two networks. Write them down? و سائل النقل؟
- 8.people in masdar city use many means of transport.write them down?
- 9. Write down two renewable sources of energy which will be used in Masdar city.
- 10. There are many kind of waste will be recycle (reuse).write two of them?
- 11. Two plants will be built in Masdar city .write them down?
- 12. What s the opinion of those who criticize the project of Masdar city?
- 13. Masder city will use two processes (ways) provide its inhabitants with water. write them down?
- 14. what will happen If the aims of the developers are realized of Masdar city
- 15. Masder city has many characteristics / qualities/ advantage?
- 16. Write down the sentence which indicates the year when Masdar city started its development?
- 17. Write down the sentence which indicates *The current residents of Masdar City*?
- 18. There are many disadvantages of megaprojects to people and the environment.
- Think in this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view?
- 19. Masdar city has the support of many global, environmental and conservation organisations,. Suggest three advantages to built a city like Masdar city?

word	meaning	
1.Artificial	Un natural	صناعي
2.Limb	arm or leg of a person '	طرف
3.prosthetic	an artificial body part	طرف صناعيا

Scientists have successfully invented a prosthetic hand with *a sense of touch*. <u>It</u> is an exciting new invention, <u>which</u> they plan to develop. It is possible that, in the not-too-distant future, similar artificial(*arms and legs*)will have taken the place of today's prosthetic limbs .

Dennis Sorensen, a 39-year-old from Denmark, was the first person to try out the new invention. After losing <u>his</u> left hand in an accident, <u>he</u> had been using a standard prosthetic hand for nine years. **The new hand, which was developed** by (*Swiss <u>and Italian scientists</u>*), was a huge improvement. With <u>it</u>, Sorensen(*could not only pick up and manipulate objects, but <u>he</u> could also feel them*). 'When <u>I</u> held an object, <u>I</u> could feel if <u>it</u> was soft or hard, round or square,' he explained. He said that the sensations were almost the same as the ones <u>he</u> felt with his other hand.

Unfortunately, (Sorensen was only taking part in trials, and the equipment is not ready for general use yet). He was only allowed to wear it for a month, (for safety reasons). So now he has his old artificial hand back. However, he hopes that soon he will be wearing the new type of hand again. He is looking forward to the time when similar artificial limbs are available for the thousands of people who need them. He will have helped to transform their lives.

- 1. Why does Dennis Sorensen need a prosthetic hand?
- 2. Which hand is he wearing now? Why?
- 3. Dennis Sorensen could do two things with the new prosthetic hand. Write them down?
- 4. Dennis Sorensen_was only allowed to wear the new hand for a month, for many reasons .Write them down?
- **5.** Two prosthetic limbs are mentioned in the article . Write them down?
- **6.** Scientists from two countries developed / invented prosthetic hand with sense of touch . Write them down?
- 7. Quote the sentence which shows the body part which Sorensen lost?
- 8. Quote the sentence which shows Dennis Sorensen wore the new hand for a short period of time?
- **9.** Write down the sentence which indicates that the new prosthetic hand isn't available for people who need it.
- 10. Quote the sentence which indicates the nationalities of the two scientists who developed the new prosthetic hand.
- **11.** Write down the sentence which indicates that in the near future, there is a plan to replace old prosthetic limbs with new developed ones
- 12. Write down the sentence which indicates Scientists invented a special prosthetic hand?
- **13.** Find a word that is the <u>opposite</u> of "natural" in the first and third paragraphs **14.** Find a word in the text that has a synonymous meaning to the word Apparatus / Appendage
- 15. What do the underlined words (pronouns) refer to?
- 16. the government should help the people who wear artificial limbs. Suggest three ways to help them?

(12)

acupuncture	system of complementary medicine in which fine <u>needles</u> are inserted in the skin	
ailment	مرض illness	
allergy	A reaction of the immune system when it is <u>sensitive</u> to something حساسية	
arthritis	A disease causing painful inflammation and stiffness of the joints . الم مفاصل	
herbal remedy	an extract or mixture of a plant used to or cure disease علاج عشبي	
homoeopathy	system of <u>complementary medicine</u> in which illnesses are treated by <u>herbs</u>	
immunisation	process by which an individual's immune system becomes protected against an illness	
malaria	A dangerous disease transmitted by mosquitoes.	
migraine	bad <u>headache</u> صداع	
sceptica	<u>having doubts</u> متشکك	
Viable	Effective and able to be successful فعال	

Most doctors used to be **skeptical**(*about the validity of homoeopathy, acupuncture and other forms* of complementary medicine). If patients wanted to receive this kind of non-conventional treatment, they used to have to consult a private practitioner who was likely not to have a medical degree. However, in recent years, the perception of this type of treatment has changed. These days, (many family doctors study complementary medicine alongside conventional treatments, and many complementary medicine consultants also have medical degrees). {Whereas critics used to say that there was no scientific evidence that non-conventional treatments actually worked, now it is more common for medical experts to **recognise that** conventional medicine may not always be the only way to treat an ailment.

At a surgery in London, 70 per cent of patients **who** were offered the choice between (a herbal or a conventional medicine) for common complaints such as (insomnia, arthritis and migraines) chose the herbal remedy. Fifty per cent of patients then said that the treatment helped. One doctor said, "I now consider homoeopathy to be a viable option for many different conditions, including *(anxiety.)* depression and certain allergies). It provides another option when conventional medicine does not address the problem adequately." However, complementary medicine cannot be used for all medical treatments. It can never substitute for immunizations as(it will not produce the antibodies needed to protect against childhood diseases. It also cannot be used to protect against malaria).

One doctor said, "I will always turn to conventional medical treatment first to ensure that no underlying condition is missed. However, the idea of complementary treatments is no longer an alien concept. In my opinion, it should work alongside modern medicine, and not against it."

- 1. Many examples of complementary medical treatments mentioned in the text. Write down these two
- 2-now it is more common for medical experts to recognise a fact. write it down?
- 3. At a surgery in London Many forms of common complains can be treated by homoeopathy. Write down two of these forms.
- 4. Two pieces of evidence show that people's perception of complementary medicine has changed. Write down these two pieces of evidence.
- 5. Complementary medicine cannot be used for all medical treatments for two reasons. Write B. Patients suffer from many complaints which make them choose herbal medicine. Write down two of these complaints.
- 6. The essay states that homoeopathy can be effective and be able to be successful for many medical cases according to one doctor. Write down two of these cases?
- 7.70 per cent of patients who were offered the choice between two kind medicine .write them down?
- 8. Quote the sentence which indicates the reason why complementary medicine cannot be used to immunise people.
- 9. Quote the sentence which indicates many doctors study complementary forms of treatment alongside their specialization?
- 10. Write the sentence which indicates that doctors didn't use to be convinced that complementary forms of medicine
- 11.Complementary treatments can work alongside conventional treatment Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view?
 - 12. Some people prefer using herbal remedy .suggest three reasons for this? (13)

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني) القطعة الثالثة عشد

word	meaning
1.Artificial	Un natural صناعی
2.Limb	arm or leg of a person ' طرف
3.prosthetic	an artificial body part طرف صناعي'
1.appendage	a body part, connected to the main trunk of the body
4.apparatus	صناعي / أداة machinery needed for a particular purpose
6.sponsor (v)	to <u>financially</u> support a person or an event داعم

Ten-year-old Adeeb al-Balooshi, from Dubai, is going to travel to seven countries on a tour <u>which</u> has been organised and funded by Sheikh Hamdan bin Mohammad, Crown Prince of Dubai.

The boy *caught* Sheikh Hamdan's *attention* with(<u>his</u> invention – a prosthetic limb for <u>his</u> father.)

The Sheikh has *taken* a special *interest* in the boy, and(*hopes the tour <u>that he</u> is sponsoring for Adeeb will give the young inventor more self-confidence and inspire other young Emirati inventors.*)

Adeeb got the idea for a special kind of prosthetic leg while <u>he</u> was at the beach with <u>his</u> family. His father, <u>who</u> wears an artificial leg, could not swim in the sea as <u>he</u> could not risk getting <u>his</u> leg wet. This inspired Adeeb to invent a <u>waterproof</u> prosthetic leg.

Adeeb is going to visit the (USA, France, the UK, Ireland, Belgium, Italy and Germany), where <u>he</u> will be staying with relatives. However, while <u>he</u> is in Germany, Adeeb will not be spending all <u>his</u> time sightseeing. (<u>He</u> will be working with a specialist doctor to build the appendage. He will also be attending a course on prosthetics and learning about different kinds of medical apparatus.)

Adeeb has invented several other devices, **including** (*a tiny cleaning robot and a heart monitor*), <u>which</u> is attached to a car seat belt. In the case of an emergency, (rescue services and the driver's family) will be <u>automatically connected with the driver through this special checking device</u>. He has **also** invented a <u>fireproof</u> helmet. This special equipment, <u>which</u> has a built-in camera system, will help rescue workers in emergencies. It is for <u>these</u> reasons that Adeeb rightly deserves his reputation as one of the youngest inventors in the world.

1. There are many benefits (advantages) of the tour *which* has been organised and funded by Sheikh Hamdan bin Mohammad. write theme down?

- 2. Why was Sheikh Hamdan interested in helping Adeeb? Why did he offer Adeeb the gift of a world tour?
- 3. Adeeb will be doing many things while he is in Germany .write down two of these things
- 4. Adeeb is going to visit many European's countries in his tour .write down two of them?

5.Adeeb invented a helmet which has certain qualities/ features .write two of them?

- 6-Two groups of people are connected with the driver through the special checking device . write down them?
- 7 . Adeeb has invented several devices /inventions . write down two of them?
- 8. Quote the sentence which indicates that Adeeb has invented a helmet that against fire?
- 9. Quote the sentence which indicates that Adeeb is famous for his inventions worldwide?.
- 10. Find a word in the text which mean to financially support a person or an event?
- 11. Find a word in the text that has a synonymous meaning to the word "artificial".?
- 12-What does the suffix *-proof* mean (*waterproof*,; *fireproof*,)? (To provide protection against)

13.what does the underlined pronoun he refer to?

- 14. Inventors need kinds of care and support think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view?
- 15. Suggest three ways to inspire and encourage young inventors?
- 16.the government should help the people who wear artificial limbs. Suggest three ways to help them? (14)

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني) القطعة الدابعة عشد

1.Arithmetic	the <u>branch of mathematics</u> concerned with numerical calculations such as addition, subtraction,
2.algebra	a type of mathematics system where letters and symbols are used to represent numbers
3.geometry:-	the <u>branch of mathematics</u> concerned with the properties, relationships and measurement of
	points, lines, curves and surfaces
mathematician	a person who studies Mathematics to a very complex level
5.philosopher	someone who studies and writes philosophy professionally, or an undergraduate student of
	Philosophy
6.physician	someone qualified to practise medicine , especially one who specializes in treatment
7.polymath :-	someone who has a lot of knowledge about many different subjects
8.composition	a piece of <u>music</u> that someone has <u>written</u>
musical harmony	pleasant sound in <u>music</u> , made by playing or singing a group of different <u>notes</u> together
10. revolutionise	to completely change the way people do something
11.Talent	special ability
12.laboratory	a room for science experiments
13.founder	a <u>person</u> who <u>start</u> something <u>new</u>
1/ Ground-brea	king · now

14. Ground-breaking :- new Jabir ibn Hayyan (born 722 CE, died 815 CE)

The Arab world has many famous chemists in <u>its</u> history, but the person <u>who</u> is known as the **founder** of chemistry is probably Jabir ibn Hayyan. (<u>He</u> is most well-known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid. <u>He</u> also built a set of scales which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory:) <u>his</u> scales could weigh items over 6,000 times smaller than a kilogram.

Ali ibn Nafi ' (Ziryab) (born 789 CE, died 857 CE)

Ali ibn Nafi' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of his beautiful voice). <u>He</u> was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad, and <u>it</u> was <u>his</u> talent for music that led him to Cordoba in the ninth century CE. <u>He</u> was the guest of the Umayyad ruler **there**. <u>He</u> is the person who established the first music school in the world in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, teaching musical harmony and composition. <u>He</u> revolutionised musical theory, and is also the person who introduced the oud to Europe.

Fatima al-Fihri (born early 9th century, died 880 CE)

Fatima al-Fihri was the daughter of a wealthy businessman. <u>She</u> used her father's inheritance to build a learning centre in Fez, Morocco. <u>This</u> learning centre became Morocco's top university, and it is where many students from all over the world come to study. Moreover, it was Fatima's sister, Mariam, <u>who</u> supervised the building of the Andalus Mosque, **which** was not far from the learning centre..

Al-Kindi (born around801 CE, died 873 CE)

Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer—a true polymath. <u>He</u> made ground-breaking discoveries in many of <u>these</u> fields, but it is probably <u>his</u> work in(*arithmetic and geometry*) that has made him most famous.

- 1. Ibn Hayyan has many achievements in chemistry. Write down two of these achievements.
- 2. Al-Kindi was especially famous for his work in two branches of Maths. Write them down.
- 3. Ali Ibn Nafi was named with two other names. Write them down.
- 4. Ziryab had many achievements in music. Write down two of his achievements.
- 5. Al-Kindi was famous in many fields of science. Write down two of these fields
- 6. Write down the sentence which indicates that Ziryab is the musician who introduced a famous Arabian musical instrument to the west
- 7. Write down the sentence which indicates that Fatima's learning Centre is very successful.
- 8. Write down the sentence which indicates that Ibn Hayyan found a way to weigh tiny items.
- 9. Write down the sentence which indicates that Fatima is a rich women?
- 10. Find a word in the text which means "new"?
- 11. what do the underlined pronoun its refer?
- 12.I prefer a short life with width to narrow one with length think of this sentences and write down your point of view?
- 13. Suggest ways to honor scientists? Suggest three ways to help in knowing their name and their achievements?
- 14.From India to Spain, the brilliant civilization of Islam flourished think in this quotation and write down your point of view?

T/ Raef Barahmeh 0792960045

(15)

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الثاني) مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني)

القطعة الخامسة عشر

	11.0
track record (noun)	all of a persons or organisation s <u>past achievements.</u> سجل
negotiate (verb)	to discuss something in order to reach an agreement , تفاوض
Be prepared for detailed	to have the ability to understand complicated questions and respond to them
questions	appropriate أتجهز للأسئلة التفصيلية أعلم
Do a deal	to arrange an agreement in business يعمل صفقة
Give a business card	To give someone a <u>card</u> that <u>shows a business person's name</u> , <u>position</u> and contact
	details يقدم بطاقة الأعمال
Make a small talk	have an <u>informal chat</u> with someone in order to start a conversation يقدم حكي قصير
Shake hands	move someone's hand up and down in greeting يصافح
Tell a joke	to say something to make people laugh يحكي نكتة

Today, we talk to Mr Ghanem, a businessman based in Amman who often visits China. We asked him when he first started doing business with China. 'I've been doing business with China for many years. My first trip there was in 2004 CE, and it was not very successful.'

'I worked for a small computer company in Amman. They sent **me** to China when I was still quite young. If only the company had realised that the Chinese respect age and experience more than youth!'

'Yes! I wish I had researched Chinese culture before I visited the country. In order to be successful in China, you need to earn their respect. Chinese business people will always ask about a company's successes in the past. However, because I worked for a new company, I could not talk about its track record. We did not do any business deals on that first trip.' I joined a larger company and they sent me on a cultural awareness course.

On my next visit to China, it felt as if I hadn't known anything on my first visit!' 'Before I visit a company, I send recommendations from previous clients. I also send my business card with my job position and qualifications translated into Chinese.'

'Of course! I arrived on time. You must not arrive late, as this shows disrespect. Then, when I met the company director, I shook hands with him gently. I began the meeting by making small talk about my interesting experiences in China. During the meeting, I made sure that my voice and body language were calm and controlled. I never told a joke, as this may not be translated correctly or could cause offence. I knew that the director had researched my business thoroughly before the meeting, so I was prepared for his detailed questions. When I began negotiating, I started with the important issues. The Chinese believe in avoiding conflict. It is always important to be patient. I was prepared to compromise, so in the end, the meeting was successful.

- 1.Mr Ghanem's first business trip to china failed for many reasons. Write down two of these reasons?
- **2-** According to the text, there are many characteristics of Chinese people. Write down two of them. Chinese respect two things . Mention them
- 3-two things are more important than youth for the Chinese. Write these two things down.
- **4.** Mr Ghanem didn't tell any joke in his second meeting in china for two reasons. Write down these two reasons.
- **5**. What changed when Mr Ghanem visited China for the second time?
- 6- According to Mr Ghanem, there are many procedures merchants have to follow before trading in China /Before visiting a company?'
- 7. there are many procedures merchants have to follow During the meeting,?
- **8.** Mr Ghanem give many advices When he began negotiating with Chinese.
- 9. why Mr Ghanem was prepared for director detailed questions?
- 10- Quote the sentence which shows that Chinese people by their nature are friendly and they don't like violence. (Aggressive)
- 11. Quote a sentence which shows the time/ date of Mr Ghanem's first visit to China.
- 12- Quote a sentence which shows that Mr Ghanem wasn't successful at first in china.
- 13- Quote the sentence which show that Mr Ghanem lives in Amman.
- **14**. Quote the sentence which show Mr. Ghanem regrets that he didn't research Chinese culture before
- **15.** Write down the sentence which indicates that telling jokes during business meeting shows disrespect according to the Chinese culture. (16)

Critical thinking

1- The technology may have many Positive effect/ advantages/ benefit/ .suggest three of negative effect of The technology Smartphone/ computer/ social media /internet?

1.keep in touch with friends 2.make the world small village

3.make the life easier and more comfortable

2. The technology may have many negative effect/ disadvantages .suggest three of negative effect of The technology Smartphone/ social media /internet?

1.less personal 2. Make people more isolated

3.they have negative healthy effects

3. The article state that the teacher must be part of group in class .think in this statement and write your point of view of the role of the teacher

- 1.Organizing student roles
- 2. Keep students calm
- 3. observing student

4-Compare between (paper/pen) and (Smartphone/social media/internet)

- 1. Many newspapers and writers prefer use papers
- 2. Teacher and student prefer use papers in exams

*5 "Technology is just a tool. In terms of getting the kids working together and motivating them, the teacher is the most important" Bill Gates (955 C E -)

Technology is a tool because it is useful and effective way of involving children ..

But the teacher are the most important contributors to a person's education. We can use technology just to help.

*6.In what ways can digital information be used to educate people?

- By listening to lectures on line .
- Using Apps on tablets to learn language.
- Using the internet to find information on what you are studying.

7. How do you think computer technology will develop further in the future? How far do you agree with the article?

I disagree with the article because I don't think that all aspects of our daily lives will rely on a computer program,

because this would result in too many problems if the computers crashed

Critical thinking

1.Complementary treatments can work alongside conventional treatment Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view? you should use conventional treatment at first but in the same time you can use Complementary treatments if it doesn't have side effect

2. Some people prefer using herbal remedy .suggest three reasons for this?

1.cheap 2.it is available 3.it doesn't have side effect

**3.Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the middle east. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view?

I think Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the middle east because 1.skilled and experienced doctor in Jordan 2.the Latest medical equipment.

4. Positive feelings and attitudes can lead to good health .Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view.

I think if you have Positive feelings and attitudes you will become more strong and optimistic and learn to 'bounce back' after a setback

5. According to the text bad life style can lead to diseases. Explain this statement, suggesting three ways to prevent bad lifestyles.

1.Stop smoking 2.do and build sports into our daily lives

3. Eat healthy food (17)

6."Health is wealth "and in two sentences, write down your point of view?

When you have health you have hope

When you have health you can work and make money

**7.Many patient from other countries come to Jordan in order to take health care .suggest three advantages on economy of the country?

1.Pay in dollars

2.stay in hotels

3. Visit historical places

8.Mention three illnesses{ diseases}that may be caused by smoking?

1.cancer

2. heart diseases

3.lung diseases

9. Suggest three tips advice to get over stress? How have you changed your habits so that it doesn't make you stressed any more?

1.read holy Quran 2.play sports

3. listen to music

4.speak to friend about you problem

10. The article states that anger can harm the body .suggest three things that make someone anger?

1.when someone use my mobile phone

2.when hearing bad news

3.when I can't understanding the lesson

11. The writer think that good health is important for human beings .suggest three ways of how people can keep healthy and fit? Good eating habits

1.Eat healthy food

2.drink more water

3.get up early and sleep early

4. Eating fresh fruit and vegetables

**12. He who has health has hope; and he who has hope, has everything . Thomas Carlyle (1795 CE-1881 CE).

When you have health you feel optimistic about the future .if you have Hope for the future and a positive attitude you can study and work to buy and do everything you want.

Critical thinking

1.inventors need kinds of care and support think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view? They need encourage them by TV and social media, support them by money to can complete their invention and the moral support is very important

**2.suggest three ways to inspire and encourage young inventors?

.1. give them prizes and money

2.build a new laboratories in schools for them

Introduce them on TV and social media

Provide them of all equipments that they need

***3.the KHCC Support the local economy of Jordan?

1.it encourage medical tourism

2. families of patients spend money in restaurant and hotels

3. pay in dollars

**4.suggest three ways in which we can support cancer patient /KHCC

1.we can donate money to make it bigger

2.help the poor patient

buy a gifts to children and making party to encourage them

Support and encourage medical research in order to find an effective drug for cancer

**5.sugest three benefit of education center and library in KHCC?

Children can complete their studies and receive treatment at the same time.

Give them a hope and Take advantage of free time

***6. the reputation of Jordanian doctors are spread in the region .suggest three reasons that make Jordanian doctors are the best in the region?

Jordanian universities provide their students by practical training

Jordanian hospitals have the latest medical equipment

Students who studying medicine in Jordan have high grades in Tawjihi

7. the government should help the people who wear artificial limbs. Suggest three ways to help them?

1.give them self confidence

2.organise a special Championship that have all the types of sports

3.provide them by a new advance artificial limbs

(18)

*8. Wherever the art of Medicine is loved, there is also a love of Humanity . Hippocrates (460 BCE-370 BCE) .

Yes, I agree with this quotation because doctors depend on love to strengthen their relationships with their patients so they can curing diseases .

9. What can be done to help Jordan cope with this increase in population?

- 1.encourage the Jordanian economy
- 2.support the private project in Jordan .
- 3. Support the Jordanian inventors

Critical thinking

1. The area around Toledo had a 'fast-growing population. Think of this statement, and in two sentences, write down your point of view

People always search about water and food so they choose Toledo and the area around it because the farmers there followed Ibn Ibn Bassal's instructions and advice the land became wonderfully fertile and produced more than enough food

2. What are the advantages and disadvantages of megaprojects to people and the environment?

- 1. Animals will die after destroy their habitats
- 2.Cut the trees destroy the forest
- 3. It very expensive project

3. What are the advantages of the creation of Masdar City? What are the disadvantages?

1.it is safe and healthy place 2.attract tourist 3.it is good for the economy 4.a new type of modern cities

* poor people can't live in it. /

4. Suggest three ways to increase agriculture production in Jordan

Build dam . dig wells . support the farmers and fund their agriculture project

5. Suggest three ways to treat soil?

Add compost to soil /. add manure./ water it

6. Suggest three factors that destroy soil?

Wind .overgrazing . no rain . frost . Desertification.

7.I prefer a short life with width to narrow one with length think of this sentences and write down your point of view?

.When you achieve you benefit the people

- . you feel that you make a change in the world
- .Your achievement is part of worship

8. Suggest ways to honor scientists? IbnBassal's name is not widely known for many. Suggest three ways to help in knowing his name and his achievements

.Put their photo on coins $\ensuremath{\text{/}}\xspace.$ Use his method in agriculture

Build universities and collage that have their names

.Introduce him and other Arab and Muslim scientists to the world by Publishing their works

9.some say that is easier at present time to reach such high levels of achievements in compassion with the past ? I think because everything is easier to find like information and equipment than in the past and also the technology play it part by helping the scientist.

10. From India to Spain, the brilliant civilization of Islam flourished think in this quotation and write down your point of view?

This shows that Muslims set up the basis of scientific principles and Islamic civilization contributed to the development of the world.

Critical thinking:

1.Studying away from home can be costly and expensive. suggest three ways to help students make it cheap

- 1. Work during the study 2. Get university scholarships3. borrow this money from the government pay it back slowly out of future earnings.
- 2. The number of school leavers has increased in the past 30 years. Think of this statement , and in two sentences ,write down your point of view

The desire for learning and by learning we can Eliminate (destroy) illiteracy, Education is a Future investment and by the education the Nations develop

3- Studying abroad has many advantages and disadvantages. Think of this statement

1.meet new friend 2.live in a new culture 3.receive a good experience

- 1. miss the family 2. Need more money 3. You face many difficulties like manage your time and money
- 4. Education can make the world better and help people in their lives. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

I think this statement is true because education can improve awareness which helps in developing the countries and using advanced technology in different ways. Also, educated people can spread peace in the world because they are more aware of the dangers that face the world.(19)

- 5. The contradictory views of the study suggest that the number and length of school days is not the only factor in determining whether students will succeed at school or not. Suggest other three factors that determines the success at school. 1. Concentration 2. The family relationship 3. The way of teaching 4. The technology 5. The school environment 6. The difficulty of the exams 7. The desire in learning
- 6. According to the Anita's Blog, the Arabic class in Modern standard Arabic, was challenging, especially the grammar. Explain this statement, suggesting three benefits of learning more than one language.

 $1. improves \ the \ memory \quad 2. \ can \ open \ many \ doors \ and \ lead \ to \ a \ variety \ of \ career \ opportunities$

3.increse your culture

- 7. Living with a family is a useful way to learn a new language quickly. Think of this statement and , in two sentences , write down your point of view.
- 1. You can practice the language for longer time 2. learn proverbs 3.learn anew culture
- 8- It is expected that students who choose to study away from home will face many difficulties, suggest three tips to make studying abroad less challenging.

1.meet new friend 2. Use social media keep at touch with your family news3. Make group an expatriate association for the people from your country.

9.Optional after-school tuition and activities have their own positive impacts on students .Suggest three positive impacts on students to show how far do you agree with this statement.

Skills Development . Increased knowledge. Discover Talent student

10.Live as if you were to die tomorrow. Learn as if you were to live forever. Think of this statement and, in two sentences ,write down your point of view.***

Encourage education and learning because in education the countries evolve and progress Also, educated people can spread peace in the world because they are more aware of the dangers that face the world.

And by education we can help the patient people by discover a new drug

11. Many international students choose to study in Jordan because of many reasons. Write down three of these possible reasons and economic benefits for the whole country.

Because of the advanced education in Jordan and the Jordanian people are a friendly people, peace and security in Jordan/ pay in dollars .(Exchange of experiences and cultures/ rent flats or houses

) * Critical thinking

1. The writer states that learning new vocabulary and grammar rules exercises the brain. Suggest three other activities to help exercising the brain.?

Critical thinking, Conversation, writing a **Blog** in foreign language

- 2. The importance of learning foreign languages is universal. It will always benefit the learner in one way or another. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.
- 1.improves the memory 2. can open many doors and lead to a variety of career opportunities

3.increase your culture

3. The writer states that foreign students from all over the world come to study in the Jordanian universities. Suggest three reasons which make them choose Jordan for studying.

Because of the advanced education in Jordan and the Jordanian people are a friendly people, peace and security in Jordan .

4. The writer states that the people who take the courses will be amazed by the progress they achieved in their language in a very short time. Suggest three tips to help students /learn improve their language quickly.

Learn 50 words each week / Learn the language from a native speaker / Listen to foreign music and watch foreign movies

5- It is said that the best way to acquire a language is to immerse yourself in it. think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

To learn a language you should learn it as it your mother tongue you should practice it every day and don't use the translation to understand it

- 6. The writer states that when students feel awake their memory will be at its best. Suggest three other tips to help students improve their memory power.
- It is expected that students will likely face many difficulties while preparing for exams. Think of this Eat healthy foods which help in increase the concentration such as thyme Don't confused and develop your self-confidence
- 7. There are several problems in Jordanian universities and the most important of these are the issues of university violence. Mention the reasons and find solutions.

Fill the free time of student by Workshops and activities in universities

Develop the spirit of citizenship / (20)

8. Anyone who stops learning is old, whether at twenty or eighty. Anyone who keeps learning stays young Think of this quotation and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

Learning is for all ages and we mustn't let the age stop us and by learning you can keep awareness about the developments in the world. Keeping up with the rapid changes which taking place in the world.

- 9. For students who wish to complete their university studies while working At the same time, it is also possible in some Jordanian universities to enroll onto online Distance learning programmer. suggest three benefits of this programme.
- 1. Save time save effort 2. they don't have to lose their job 3. save money
 - 1- Cultural differences between countries can create a number of barriers in business development. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

If you don't know the country culture you can't know how they think

Every country has customs and traditions different from each other whereas some things or actions in some countries could cause offence in other countries may be couldn't

cause offence so you should know the cultural of the country you trade with it .

2- The writer says "It is always a good idea to have a list of your main point" planning and hard work making a person a successful salesman. write down your point of view?

By planning you can avoid the mistakes, by hard work and planning you become professional and it gives you skills.

3. Different things can help in making a person a successful salesman. Suggest three characteristics/ qualities of a good salesman.

1.he must be polite 2. He must be patient 3. He must be kind

4- The writer says " when you are speaking, don't keep your head down'. Suggest three body language, tips for effective presentation.

Smile, your voice should be calm and controlled

- 5-Age and <u>experience</u> are more important in business than youth . Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.
- b-Having the right qualifications and experiences plays a big role in the success of any business

1.It give you skills 2.it make you avoid mistake 3. Earn the respect and confidence of others

6. Think of this quotation and, in two sentences write down your point of view.

Unless the exchange be in love and kindly justice, it will but lead some to greed and others to hunger.

ما لم يكن التبادل في الحب والعدالة اللطيفة ، إلا أنه سيؤدي ببعض إلى الجشع والبعض الآخر إلى الجوع

The writer talk about trade and respect other people to make exchange between people better The merchant must sell his goods in gently ways and Profit in trade must be equal .

7.Unlike some other countries in the middle east, Jordan doesn't have large oil or gas reserves. Suggest three tips to help Jordan to overcomes limited oil?

Jordan should start to use renewable energy like solar power, wind farm, and water flows

(21)

Question Number Two (20 points)

A. Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

programs - invented - developed - models - laptop - tablet - mouse - decade - generation

2. You can move around the computer screen using a					
3. From 1990 CE to 2000 CE was a					
4. A doesn't need a keyboard.5. The television was first by John Logie Baird					
5. The television was first by John Logic Band					
smartphone - program - calculation - model - laptop)					
1. Although they are postest sized.					
 Although they are pocket-sized,s are powerful computers as well as phones My brother is learning how to write computers. 	S.				
3. I need to make a fews before I decide how much to spend.					
4. Mobile phones used to be huge. Earlys were as big as bricks!					
5. I can close the lid of my and then put it in my bag.					
<u>take</u> place <u>wake</u> up . meet Up <u>settle</u> down . <u>look</u> around . <u>g</u> o	<u>get</u> started				
Tell me about the novel you're reading Where does the story					
2.I'm sorry I'm late I didn't early enough3. If you're free at the weekend, let's and go shopping together					
4. When I graduate from university I would like to buy a house and					
5 I've never visited that museum. I'd like to go in and					
6.I have got a lot of homework, so I think I shouldright now					
. ailment .malaria . arthritis. immunisation . allergies . m	nigraine				
1.14 10.4 1 1 11.6 1 4.6 6.1 11.66 14.4					
1. My grandfather hasin his fingers so he sometimes finds it difficult to	to write				
2to nuts and milk are becoming more common.					
3. Many serious diseases can be prevented bywhich helps the body to build	1 (1 11				
	d antibodies				
4. Headaches and colds are common s, especially in winter.					
4. Headaches and colds are common					
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				
4. Headaches and colds are common	here quiet.				

Catch	, attend	. take	. interest
Catch	, attend	, take	. IIIICICSI

1.Brilliant student alway	stheir teachers	attention wi	ith their	remarkable	answer.
---------------------------	-----------------	--------------	-----------	------------	---------

- 2. Fatima plans toseveral courses on prosthetic with specialized people
- 3. The teachers take a special in their student..

helmet inspire monitor reputation risk seat belt self-confidence tiny waterproof fund equipment

- 1 You can wear your watch when you go swimming if it's.....
- 2 It's amazing how huge trees grow fromseed
- 3 The Olympic Games often..... young people to take up a sport
- **4** Please hurry up. Let's not..... missing the bus
- 5 You must always wear a..... in a car, whether you're the driver or a passenger
- **6** When my grandfather had a heart attack, the doctors attached a special..... to his chest.
- 7 It's important to encourage young people and help them develop......
- **9.** My parents have saved enough money to..... our university courses.
- **10.** Before the boys go climbing, they'll go to a special shop to buy all...... the that they need.

dementia medical trials pills symptoms x2 coma disabilities prosthetic Apparatus

- **1.** Doctors look at thebefore they decide how to treat the patient.
- **2.** Before doctors prescribe drugs to patients, scientists performto make sure the drugs are safe.
- **3.** After Ali's accident, he lay infor two weeks.
- **4**. My grandfather has to take a lot of medicine he takes six differentevery day.
- **5**.It is often impossible for people with to climb stairs.
- **6**. Athletes with.....legs can take part in the Paralympics
- 7.if you don't feel well, you should describe yourto the doctor
- **8.** After our science lesson in the laboratory, we always help the teacher put theaway.

Footprint, friendly, neutral, geometry, zero-waste, sustainability

- 1. 'Green' projects are environmentally
- 2. If we replace as much carbon as we burn, we are carbon-.....
- 3. If a city recycles everything and doesn't throw anything away, it is
- 4. We learn about shapes, lines and angles when we study
- 5. The nature reserve uses recycled water, which helps the..... of the environment.

(23)

collection, whiteboard, polymath, appreciate, physician, astronomer
1. Ais an expert in many subjects.
2. Thank you for your help, I reallyit.
3. Have you seen Nasser'sof postcards? He's got hundreds!
4. Professor Badari, aged 67, is the hospital's leading specialising in cancer care
5 A telescope enables to observe the stars
urban planning public transport biological waste carbon footprint negative effect economic growth
1 When people tells shout they can mean either an improvement in the everege
1. When people talk about they can mean either an <u>improvemen</u> t in the average
standard of living , or an increase in the value of a <u>country's products</u> . 2. Pollution has some seriouson the environment, such as the death of wildlife and
plant life. 3. The <u>need for more effective</u> is evident when we consider modern day
problems like traffic .
4. We can all work hard to reduce our by living a more environmentally-friendly lifestyle.
4. We can an work hard to reduce our by fiving a more environmentarry-mentry mestyle.
5. If we <u>take</u> more often, there will be <u>fewer cars on the roads</u> , which will result
in cleaner air in our cities
6. Hospitals need to <u>dispose</u> of a lot of and it should be carefully managed
because it can be dangerous.
booddoo it sair bo dairigorodo.
Philosopher, arithmetic, polymath, chemist, geometry, mathematician, physician
1. My father teaches Maths. He's a
2. You must not take in medicine without consulting a
3. We learn about shapes, lines and angles when you study
4. Mr Shahin is a true working in all kinds of creative and scientific fields
5. Ramzi is very good with numbers and calculations. He always scores high in
6. A is someone who thinks and writes about the meaning of life .
Compulsory ,contradictory, developed nation , tuition, optional, fluently
1 A (
1 A(<u>wealthy country</u>)is a country that's economically and socially advanced.
developed nation 2 Is Moths (a subject that you have to do)
2 Is Maths (a subject that you have to do)?
3 You don't have to stay after school for the chess club – it's your choice
4 Do you have music <u>lessons</u>
5 Those statements are on different sides of the argument

	law	Physics	Fine Arts	History	•		Finance	
1. \	/ou should	studv	if you	re intereste		anking ing about t	the legal	
	tem.		= j =			8		
			ne focus on n	-		•	tical way.	
			n my stronge	v		•		
			use my streng					
	ient and mo		•	ve aiways	been inter	ested in. L	earning about	
			<u>bal market</u> ha	ave always	interested	me, but I	wanted to	
			ear career pat					
wai			investment.					
	Lifelong	prospec	ts profic	iency ab	road inc	reasingly	global	
general 2. Lan for	degree. <u>guage</u> a l	is beco		important ny or organis	for anyone ation.		tter than if you do	
	Vocabulary Circulation	n memory	concentra Undergradua			•	on nutrition academic	
1 Lu	used to eat t	too much ju	nk food, but n	ow I have a	much heal	lthier die	t	
2 It'	s	to take	regular break	s when revis	sing.			
3 It'	s important	to drink a lo	ot of water in o	order to avoid	b			
4. [Don't sit still	for too long	g – move arou	nd frequentl	y to increa	se your		
5. Z	ainab listen	s to music v	while she's wo	orking. It help	s her			
6 . /	Adnan neve	r forgets an	ything! He's g	ot an amazir	ng			
7. /	After Nasser	completes	his first degre	e, he's hopi	ng to do a		degree	
	ariam is an Maths.	excellent st	udent. She ge	ets top marks	s in	subjects like	e History, Arabic	
9 . N	ly brother ha	as just left so	chool. Now he	's a universi	ty			
	My cousin is local training		cian. Instead o	of going to ur	niversity he	e did a	course	
							(25))

	Advice	revise	concentrate	Dehydration	Circulate	
	2 Before a 3 In hot w 4 Don't tal	n exam, you eather our l lk to the dri	u mustbodies are in da ver. He must	someeverything your anger of	ou've learnt.	
	Compre	omise , con	flict , negotiate	e , patient, prepa	red, previous, tra	ack record
	•		•	a deal, you		
				ce, you have a		
		_	•			managed to
		_	-	u are being		C
mine	erals _ expo	rted _ fert	ilisers _ knitwo	ear		
1. They ad	ded some na	atural	to mak	e plants grow bett	ter.	
			many produc	ts to the European	Union even before	re the 1997 CE trade
_	was made		,	, , ,	1,	
3. Jordan	is rich in a	iot of natur	aı	such as coal and	sait	

B- Study the following sentences and answer the question that fellow .write the answers down in your NSWER BOOKLET.

- 1. **share ideas**. : give ideas to others •
- 2. **compare ideas**: show differences •
- 1. create a website :: construct a new website
- 2. **contribute to a website** . : offer things to a website
- 1.research information . : find information needed .
- 2. **present information**: give information in a presentation •
- 1. monitor what is happening: you know what is happening
- 2. **find out what is happening** . : discover what is happening
- 1. to give a talk to people .: give a speech to people •
- 2. to talk to people: discuss things with people •
- 1. **show photos:** display photos
- 2. **send photos** : post photos

B- Study the following sentences and answer the question that fellow .write the answers down in your NSWER BOOKLET.

- 1. Raef tried to create a website on the internet last night.
- 2. The teacher <u>contribute to a website</u> by post many questions.
 - -Explain the difference in meaning between the underlined phrases in the above sentences?

2. Colour idioms

1.Feel a bit blue: - sadness

2.Out of the blue: unexpectedly

3.See red:- angry

4.Red – handed: in the act of doing something wrong

5.The green light: permission,

6.A white elephant: useless possession

Have you heard the good news? We've got the permission to go ahead with our project -Replace the underlined phrase with the suitable colour idiom.

A lot of hoses in the nearby village became white elephant as their owners live in the city. -What does the underlined colour idiom mean?

- 1. Have you heard the good news? We've got **the green light** .to go ahead with our project!
- 2.Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was caught **red-handed**
- 3.I was shocked when I heard the news. It came completely out of the blue
- 4. Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is **a white elephant**

Replace the underlined <u>misused</u> colour idiom with the correct one?

Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was caught **the green light**. Have you heard the good news? We've got **a white elephant** to go ahead with our project

(27)

3. Collocations:

1.get an ideagotgot2.spend a timespentspent3.catch attentioncaughtcaught4.attend a courseattendedattended5. take interesttooktaken

- B. Replace the underlined <u>misused</u> verb in the sentence below with the correct one to from the <u>appropriate collocation</u>. Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.
- 1. I like to <u>attend</u> time learning foreign languages.
- 2. The boy **spent** Sheikh Hamdan's *attention* with *his invention*
- 3. The Sheikh has got a special interest in the boy

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	نمط املا الفراغ	•••••	•••••	
			. interest	

- 1.Brilliant student alwaystheir teachers attention with their remarkable answer.
- 2. Fatima plans toseveral <u>courses</u> on prosthetic with specialized people
- 3. The teachers take a special in their student..

4. adjectives collocation

urban planning	public transport	biological waste	carbon footprint	
negative effect	economic growth	1		

- 1. When people talk about..... they can mean either an <u>improvemen</u>t in the average standard of **living**, or an increase in the value of a <u>country's products</u>.
- 2.**Pollution** has some serious<u>on the environment</u>, such as the death of wildlife and plant life.
- 3.The <u>need for more effective</u> is evident when we consider modern day problems like <u>traffic.</u>
- 4. We can all work hard to **reduce** our..... by living a more environmentally-friendly lifestyle.
- 5. If we <u>take</u>..... more often, there will be <u>fewer cars on the roads</u>, which will result in cleaner air in our cities
- 6. **Hospitals** need to <u>dispose</u> of a lot of and it should be carefully managed because it can be dangerous.

Replace the underlined misused adjective in the sentences below with the correct one to form appropriate collocation?

- -Hospitals need to dispose of a lot of <u>carbon footprint</u> and it should be carefully managed because it can be dangerous.
- The need for more effective **transport** planning is evident when we consider modern day problems like traffic.

Apparatus equipment / أداة / Appendage limb
Artificial prosthetic
Sponsor obese Fat

Replace the underlined word equipment with a word that has a synonymous meaning Similar meaning? (28)

^{*}After our science lesson in the laboratory, we always help the teacher put the equipment away.

Body Idioms

	meaning
1.get it off (your) chest	to tell someone about something that has been worrying you
2.get cold feet	to <u>lose your confidence</u> in something <u>at the last minute</u>
3.keep your chin up	to <u>remain cheerful</u> in difficult situations; an expression of
	encouragement
4.play it by ear	to decide <u>how to deal with a situation</u> <u>as it develops</u>
5.have ahead for figures	to have a natural mental ability for math / numbers
6.put (my) back into it	to <u>put a lot of effort</u> into something/ tired extremely hard

- 1- Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows. Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.
- .I don't think I d be a very good accountant .i don't really get cold feet
 - 1. Replace the underlined body idiom with the correct one.
 - I'm not sure if it'll be warm enough to have a barbecue. We'll have to Play it by ear
 - **2.** what does the underlined body idiom means?
 - -I'm sure everything will be fine in the end remain cheerful
 - **3.** Replace the underlined phrasal verb/ sentence with a suitable body idiom?

get it off your chest, have a head for figures), keep your chin up Play it by ear, get cold feet, put my back into it

- 1. make a mistake (made) 2. make small talk 3.cause offence (caused)
- 4. <u>earn respect</u> (earned) 5. <u>join</u> a company (joined) 6. <u>Shake</u> hands(shook) 7. <u>ask</u> questions
- 1.. Replace the underlined <u>misused</u> word in the sentence below with the correct one to from the appropriate collocation. Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.
- 1.Be very careful when you answer the questions, and try not to. take a mistake
- 2.In business, when you meet someone for the first time, it has **joined** hands
- 1. Be very careful when you <u>answer the questions</u>, and try not to <u>make a mistake</u>
- 2. If you are polite, you won't cause offence or upset anybody.
- 3. Before the <u>serious discussion</u> starts, we always <u>make small talk</u> it's often about the weather!
- 4. Nasser has applied to **join** the **company** where his father works.
- 5. In business, when you meet someone for the first time, it's polite to **Shake hands**
- 6. After the talk, there will be a chance for you to <u>ask questions</u> about anything you <u>don't understand</u>.

7. By working hard, you will **earn the respect** of your boss. (29

Collocations	
	Meaning
1. Do exercise (did) (done)	keep fit
2. Do a subject	study
3. Draw up a timetable (drew)	writes a schedule إعداد جدول مواعيد
4. Make a start (made)	يبدأ بداية جديدة
5. Make a difference	change something يؤثر
6. Take a break (took) (taken)	relax استراحة

1- Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows. Write the Answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done anything yet! You really must <u>Make a start</u>

-What does the underlined collocation means?

2. Study the following sentence and answer the question that follows. Write the Answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

You look tired. Why don't you **relax**?

- -Replace the underlined sentence with a suitable collocation?
- 3. Replace the underlined <u>misused</u> verb in the sentence below with the correct one to from the <u>appropriate collocation</u>. Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.
- .1. The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done anything yet! You really must <u>take</u> a start
- 2. You <u>look tired</u>. you have <u>made</u> a break.

4.

- 1. If you want to lose weight, you should *do exercise* every day.
- 2. The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done anything yet! You really must *make a start*
- 3. If you send money to charity, you will make a difference to a lot of lives.
- 4. You look tired. Why don't you take a break?
- 5. I need to organise my time better. I think I'll Draw up a timetable

نمط أملا الفراغ . 5

Take Make a starts	Draw up
--------------------	---------

- 1. You look tired. Why don't you...... A small break?
- 2. The dead<u>line</u> is tomorrow, and you haven't done anything yet! You really must

(30)

Derivation Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets 1 .The Middle East is famous for the of olive oil. (Produce, production. Productive) 2. Ibn Sina wrote ... textbooks. (medicine ,medical ,medically) 3 .Fatima al-Fihri was born in the century. (nine, ninth, ninthly) 4 .My father bought our house with an ... From his grandfather. (inheritance, inherit) 5 .Scholars have discovered an... document from the twelfth century. (original ,origin ,originate) 6 .Do you think the wheel was the most important... ever? (invent, invention, Inventive) *7 .Al-Kindi made many important mathematical (discover, discoveries, discovered) 8. Who was the most ... writer of the twentieth century? (influence, influential) 9. Many instruments that are still used today in..... were designed by Arab scholars. (operational / operate / operations / operation). 10. When do you..... to receive your test results? (expect / expectancy / expectantly) 11. The late king Hussein was the mostleader in the Middle East . (Influential, influence 12. One shouldthe help of others at difficult times. (Appreciate, appreciation 13. I'm confused. Could you give me such as, please? (Advise, advice, advisable, advisably) **14.** Before an exam, you <u>must</u>..... everything you've learnt. (Revise, revision, revised) **15.** In hot weather our bodies are in danger of..... (Dehydrate, dehydration, dehydrated) **16.** Don't talk to the driver. He must. (Concentration, concentrate, concentrating) **17.** How quickly does <u>blood</u>..... round the body? (Circulation, circulate, circulating) .18. The graduation ceremony was a very occasion for everyone (memory / memorising / memorable) 19. Nuts contain useful..... such as oils and fats (nutrients / nutritious / nutrition) 20.Have you had any..... of learning another language? (Experience, experienced) 21. Is one side of the brain morethan the other? (dominance, dominant, dominate) 22. you remember something that you have learnt in the paston the experience you had while you were learning it(depends, dependent, dependence). - 23. One of the most important things that we give children is a good...... (education, educate, educational) 24.If you work hard, I'm sure you will (success, successful, successfully. succeed) (31)

<u>, </u>
25. Congratulations! Not many peoplesuch high marks
(Achieve achievement Achievable)
26. My father works for an that helps to protect the environment
(organise, organisation, organised)
27. It's amazing to watch the of a baby in the first year of life.
(develop, development, developed)
28Before you apply for a job, check that you have the correct
(Qualify, qualified. <i>Qualification</i> s)
29. The company is pleased with your work and is happy to give you <u>a</u>
(recommendation ,recommend, recommended)
30. Congratulations on a <u>very</u> business deal
(Successful ,Succeed ,Success)
31. We should always be ready to listen to good
(Advise, <i>advice</i> , advisable, advisably)
32. My father often talks about what he did in his
(<i>Youth</i> , young, youthful,) 33. It's important to have <u>an</u> <u>of</u> different countries' customs.
awareness, Aware)
34. is one side of brain morethan other?
(dominant , dominate , dominantly , dominance) *35. Thank you for your help, I really it.
(appreciate / appreciative / appreciation)
*36. Our national team is now wellfor the second round of the competition .
(qualify - qualification - qualified)
37. Qualified and workers help with the prosperity of their country.
(competence, competently, competent)
38. Raef hastyped his CV.
(competence , competently , competent)
39. Ahmad is more Than his brother.
(reliance , reliably , reliable)
40. The between two parties will begin next month.
(negotiate, negotiable, negotiations)
41. The van was moving in the darkness.
(care , careful , carefully)
42. The food has been efficiently .
(prepare, preparation, prepared)
1.production 2. Medical 3. Ninth 4. Inheritance 5. Original 6. Invention 7. discoveries

8. influential 9. Operations 10. Expect 11. Influential 12. Appreciate

- 13. advice, 14 Revise 15. dehydration 16. Concentrate 17. Circulate
- 18. Memorable 19. nutrition 20. Experienced 21. Dominant 22. Depends
- 23. education 24. Succeed 25. Achieve 26. Organization 27. Development
- 28. Qualifications 29. Recommendation 30. Successful 31. Advice
- 32. Youth 33. Awareness 34. Dominant 35. Appreciate 36. Qualified
- 37. competent 38. Competently 39. Reliable 40. Negotiations
- 41. carefully 42. prepared

1.Immunization system 2.Irrigation system 3.Infant mortality 4.Life expectancy 5.revision timetable

(32)

GRAMMAR

Choose the suitable verb form from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write your answer down in your BOOKLET

```
*Plural nouns [جمع : people - children - men - mice -police - feet - women - youth -teeth - fish - cattle
          *Singular (مفرد) <u>: news - غ . ج- - a number - information</u> - government - family – team- very one .
           الشغل على الاسم قبلهن (on, in, for, from, of . to) حرف الجر*
            جمع = اسم andاسم
*1. She comes from Ajloun. She is staying with her friend for a week. She will return to Ajloun in the spring.
 *2.The conference ......at 10.00 tomorrow morning
 (start, starts, started)
  3. It is probable that this market..... in the future
   (are going to expand, will expand, is going to expand)
 4. I was writing an email when my laptop .....itself off
  (switched
                     . was switching
                                            . had switched)
*5.by end of 2010 CE, the companies ......more smart phones than PCs for the first time.
   (. have sold
                          . had sold ,
                                                 sold )
                                           smart phones' applications than other PCs.
 *6. By the end of 2010, people
                    . had relied on have relied on
 (has relied on
 *7. By the time the bus arrived, we ----- for an hour.
  (had been waiting , have been waiting , are waiting )
 *8.Ididnt go to school because I.....my favorite film for two hours
    Had been watching, have been watching, have watched)
  9. she went to the library, Huda ------ her mother to prepare lunch for an hour.
     (had been helping, has been helping, is helping)
 10. I ..... forward to it since last month.
    (have been looking, had been looked, has been looked)
    11. I feel tired because I .....hard all day
    a. have been working
                            b. has been working
                                                     c. had been working
    12. I felt tired because I .....hard all day
                            b. had been working
                                                     c. have been working
    a. has been working
    13. Salma is very tired . She ------ very busy all day .
    (had been working, have been working, has been working)
    *14.I .....the house, that's why I have some paints on my clothes.
    (have been painting, had been painting, is painting)
    15 .I didn't take this photo, She had it .....yester day .
                                                                 ( Taken. Take , took , will take)
    16. She is going to have her school bag.....
                                                                (repaired, repair, repairs)
    17.my neighbor had his air-conditioning.....before the summer
    (had mended, mended, have mended)
    18. The man .....to mend his car .
     Hope, hopes, is hoping, to hope)
    19 mily and I ..... to get some work experience.
      Plans, are planning, am planning, would be plan
    20. I had done my homework, Before I.....my cloths
            ( had worn , wore , have been worn , is worn )
                     3 will expand 4. Switched
  Answers :- 2. starts
                                              5. had sold
                                                             6. had relied on .
  7. had been waiting ,8. had been helping 9. had been looking 10. have been looking
  12. have been working 13. has been working
  14, have been painting 15 Taken 16. repaired
                                               17. mended
  18. hopes 19. are planning 20. wore
                                                                                            (33)
```

```
1. Where have you been? I ......for ages.
   ( have been waiting , had been waiting , is waiting , has been waiting )
   2. By the time my friend phoned me, I had ......for three hours. *
   (been sleeping, been slept, be sleeping)
   3. Have you ..... on your project all night?
   ( been worked, been working, worked, work)
   4. A student often ......an essay using information in Internet.
   (Writes, wrote, write, is writing)
   5. Hind had..... very hard before she did her final exams.)
   ( working , been worked , worked _)
   6. Before the Internet was invented, nobody..... of online shopping.
   ( had dreamt , dream , dreams , dreams )
   7. after We had saved the files the viruses..... them.
        ( Damaged , had damaged , will damage )
   8. when I arrived home, I .....the food.
   (cooked, was cooking, were cooked, were cooking)
   9. while I was playing chess, she ......
   (leave , left_, will leave , had left )
    10. By last week, we ...... many places in Jordan.
   (visited , had visited , will visit , had been visited )
   11. After I ..... the letter, I slept.
   ( had written , will write , write , wrote)
   12. While Fadia ....., she listened to music.
      ( Had cooked, is cooking, are cooking, was cooking)
   13. I believe Mohammad ...... from college next month.
       (will graduate, had graduated, are going to graduated)
   14. Listen! The baby ......
   (cry , is crying , are crying , was crying )
   15. Jehad had told his father about his plans before he .....
   (leave, left, had left,
                                  is leaving)
   16. I want _____ a tablet.
   (getting/ to get/ got)
   17. I can't afford ______ a tablet at the moment.
   (buy/ to buy/ buying)
    18. She stopped .....the cartoon film last year.
   (watch, watching, to watch)
   19 .Do you mind ----- why the train is late
    a- explain
                 b- explains
                                 c- explaining
                                                    d- explained
  *20. I regret ......to bed late last night.
              Going, go, went, gone)
   21. I'm planning.....some work experience before I go to university
              (to get .getting ,got)
   22.she .....to be an engineer one day.
        ( doesn't hope, didn't hope, don't hope)
   23. The children.....already.....their hands.
          ( washed , was washing , have washed , has been washed
24. Maha: "I am looking after my little brother."
Maha said that she after her little brother. (look, looked, was looking)
25. Zien: "I studied hard to become a teacher."
Zien said that she______.hard to become a teacher. (study, studied, had studied)
                                                                                           (34)
  1.( have been waiting ,) , 2. been sleeping) 3. been working 4. Writes 5. worked 6. had dreamt ,7. Damaged
```

T/ Raef Barahmeh 0792960045

16. to get 17.to buy 18. Watching 19. explaining 20. going. 21. to get 22.doesn't hope 23. have washed

8. was cooking 9. Left 10. had visited 11. had written 12. was cooking 13. will graduate 14. is crying

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية

```
مراجعة شاملة ( الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني )
1.Soon we......packing for our holiday?
(will have , will be , are going to )
*2.Next month, we.....in this house for a year. let's celebrate.
(will have lived, will be living, will live)
3. Tomorrow at night .I.....my homework, so don't disturbed me
(Will be doing , will have done, will done
*4. I will .....vou at the station tomorrow between 4p.m and 5p.m.
( have waited
                   wait
                                  be waiting )
*5. we won't be at home tomorrow night. We ......the football match at the stadium
Will be watching, will have watched, will watch)
*6.Dont call me at 3 am I.....and I switch off my phone.
(Will be sleeping, will have slept)
*7.by the time you arrive, we will ......all the homework.
(have finished, be finishing, finish)
8. I can't call my dad right now. He..... the plane. It takes off in an hour.
(will board / will be boarding)
9. This time tomorrow, we'll be celebrating because we...... our exams
(Will have Finished, will finish, will be finishing)
10. Do you think you...... your school friends when you go to university?
(will be missing, will miss)
*11. Nadia .....her home work by the end of this week.
(Has been doing , had been doing , will be doing )
 13.If you need to contact me next week, we will ........... at a hotel in Aqaba.
               (stay, be staying, have stayed)
12. In three years' time, my brother..... graduated from university.
         (has . will have . is going to . will )
   1. will be 2. will have lived 3. Will be doing 4. be waiting 5. Will be watching .6 Will be sleeping
   7. have finished.8. will be boarding 9 Will have Finished.10. will miss 11. will be doing 12.be staying 13 will have
1. Raef .....as the best teacher in the school last week.
   (Was chosen, were chosen, chooses, was chosen)
2.the Smart phones.....in the early 2000s
                    were invented
                                       had been invented)
*3. In the near future, it...... that over 40% of the population in Jordan will have a smartphone.
( will be estimated/ is estimated , was estimated
                                                  had been estimated)
*4.nowadays , all aspects of our life...... on computer program
( are relied , was relied , were relied )
*5. Now, about one billion smartphones ------ around the world each year.
   ( are sold , is sold , is selling )
6. Ibn Rushd who ------ in Cordoba is a famous Islamic polymath. (born) 2017
7. The new mission <u>is</u>....<u>to</u> safety.
                         (Finished , Finishes , Finish).
                                                           Answers: - 1.was chosen 2.were invented
8. The tunnel ...... by the government every year .
                                                           3.is estimated 4. Are relied 5. Are sold
(was build, built, is built, will built)
                                                           6. was born 7. Finished 8.is built
9. Goods .....in Jordan by Lorries last week .
                                                           9. were transported 10. were translated
( were transported , was transported , are transported )
                                                           11. are produced 12. were immunised
10. The letters .....into Arabic in the past by hand
                                                           13.was found
( was translated , were translated , have translated )
11. Many cars in the world ......every years in Germany.
(were produced, are produced, was produced)
  12. In 2012 CE, 98 per cent of Jordanian children.....by immunisation teams
          ( were immunised , was immunised , immunise , will be immunised )
 13.A metal machine .....on the seabed in Greece that was more than 2,000 years old
```

T/ Raef Barahmeh 0792960045

(35)

was found , found)

is being found

(Is found

1. If Alihis own computer he wouldn't need to use his friend's computer. (. has have . had 2. if she..... busy, she will help her mother. (isn't , aren't , will be . wasn't). 3.If you........... to learn a new language, you need to be motivated. (will want, want, wanted) 4. if you..... the plants, they will die. (don't water, hadn't watered, didn't water) 5.If you get an interview for a job, youto show that you have good listening skills. (needed, will need, would need) 6. You a huge feeling of satisfaction if you know that people understand everything you translate. (gets, will get, would get, get) 7. If you played computer games all day, you..... time to study. (would have , will have , would have had) 8.If I were you, Iall the time. (will study, would study, would have studied)

Answer 1.had 2. Isn't 3.want 4. don't water 5. Will need 6.will get 7. Would have 8. Would study

1. When I was young, I ----- on foot to my school. (are used to going – used to go – use to go – am used to going) 2018 2.I....football, but now I do. (am used to playing, used to play, didn't use to play) *3. I think television better than it is now b. *used to* be a. is used to being c. are used to being 4. I didn't like getting up early, but Iit now a. used to b. was used to c. am used to *5. Where did they..... to school? a. use to go b. used to go c. used to going 6.Raefto school before he bought a new car. (Is used to walking , used to walk , are used to walking) 7.My grandparents send emails when they were my age a. aren't used to b didn't used to c. didn't use to. 8. We've lived in the city a long time, so we..... the traffic. (are used to , used to , am used to) 9. She's lived in the UK for a year. She is used to..... English now. (speaking, speak, speaks) 10. my father used toa teacher, but now he's retired. (be , being , was) 11. My mother buy my clothes, but now I choose my own (used to, is used to, are used to) *12. Are My grandparents Emails now? (used to sending used to send . did use to send . used to send) *13.We needed warm clothes when we went to London. We...... the cold weather (weren't used to , didn't use to , isn't used to)

Answers 1.uesed to go 2.used to play 3.used to be 4.am used to 5.use to go 6.used to walk 7.didnt use to 8.are used to 9. Speaking 10. Be 11.used to 12.used to sending 13.werent used to

14.Iunderstand English , but now I do.
(didn't use to / am not used to / wasn't used to)
15. My cousin has lived in Lebanon for a year. He says he there now.
(is used to living / used to live / didn't use to live) 16. My family and I camping once a month, but we stopped doing that when we moved to the cit
(are used to going / used to go / were used to going)
17. Joining a gym can be very tiring at first if you aren't used to much exercise.
(do / did / doing)
18. When I was young, I used to fishing with my dad every weekend. Now I don't, unfortunated (go/ went/ going)
Answers: 14.Didn't use to 15.is used to living 16. used to go 17. Doing 18. Go
1.The Sahara desert, is in Africa, is very hot.
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
2. Driversdrive carelessly should be punished.
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
3.Qasir Bashiris located in the Jordanian Desert
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
4. The thing/ The event/the way held in London in 2012 CE was The Olympic Games.
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
5. The Giralada toweris one of the most important building
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
6. The mayor of the countryheld this meeting is very old
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
7. The head master of the schoolmake this party is very intelligent
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
8. The girlname Tala is very beautiful.
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
*9. There are also about twenty three stableshorses may have been kept
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
10.The year
(which ,where , when, who, whose) 11. He went to the city is beautiful.
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
12. It was the month of Ramadanwe bought our car
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
13. The Great Mosqueis in Cordoba was built in 784 CE by Abd al-Rahman
(which, where, when, who, whose)
14. The teacherstudent are fully committed to understand every things
(which ,where , when, who, whose)
.15. People not moneymake the happiness
(which ,where , when, who, whose
1.which 2. Who 4. Which 4.which 5. Which 6.who 7. Who 7. Who 8. Whose

(37)

T/ Raef Barahmeh 0792960045

9.where 10.when 11.which 12.when 13. Which 14.whose 15.who

مراجعة ساملة (العصل الاون+ العصل التاتي)
1. Neither Maths nor Science are English.
a. more popular b. less popular c. as popular as
2.Arabic grammar isthan English grammar.
(the most difficult, more difficult, as difficult)
*3 .I haven't got as much homework my brother.
a so b than c as d like
4. I can't run asas you .
a. faster b- fast c. faster than d- the fastest
*5. Do you think Geography is more interesting than History, or interesting?
a- little b- much c- most d- less
6. I don't like running as as I like swimming
(a- many b- more c- much).
7. The website has information than the book.
a- many b- less c- much d- fewer
8. I don't eat asas my brother
(much fast food / many fast food)
9. English isn't asas Arabic.
(good , well , better , best)
10. football is the interesting sport in the world.
(least more much many)
11. Asia is the world's Continent.
(the largest, larger, large)
12.Which is animal in the world?
a. more dangerous b. most dangerous c. dangerous d. the most dangerous
13.A holiday by the sea is than sitting at home
(a. better b. more good c. the best d. better than
14. She didn't got asinformation as you .
(many , more , much , most)
15. Farah is the of all the students.
(tallest , taller , most tall , tall)
16. Honesty is the policy .
(good , best , better , most good) .
17. Everest is mountain in the world.
(high , higher , the highest , highest).
18. Of all the taxi drivers, Jamal is the
(more careful , most careful , less careful , careful)
19. Ahmad is intelligent than his brother.
(most , the most , more , fewer)
20. I don't hate spiders as as you.
(much , many , more , the most)
21.Today is as as yesterday
(hot , hotter , hottest , the hottest)
22. They are planning to meet as people as they can .
(much , more , less , many)
*23. They want to <u>learn</u> as as <u>they</u> can to ensure excellent exam grades
(much , more , less , many)
1. as popular as 2.more difficult 3-as 4. fast 5. Less 6.much 7.less 8.much fast food
9. good , well 10 least 11. largest 12. the most dangerous 13. Better 14. Much 15. Tallest
16. best 17. the highest 18.most careful 19. More 20. Much 21. Hot 22. Many
·
23. much

(38)

1. Do you knowwe can take water into the exam? (When . Whether/if. Who . Why) 2. Could you tell me..... this book costs, please? (How much. When . Whether/if., Why) 3. Do you know...... I've passed my exam or not?/ Could you explain Ali can do this task or not? (If . When. Whether. Who. Why) 4. Do you mind telling me..... the library is? (where. Whether/if. Who. Why) 5. Could you explain..... I can solve this Maths problem? (How much . When . How . Why) 6. Could you possibly tell me..... the Arabic teacher is? (.where . Whether/if . Who . Why) 7. Do you knowwe'll know our results? (How much. when .where. Whether/if. Why) 8.Do you mind explaining.....the sky looks red?. (When .where. if. Why) 1.Whether/if. 2. How much. 3. Whether 4. where 5. How 6. Who 7. when 1. Ali did not pass his exams. If only he..... harder last year. (studies, had studied, studied 2.It was too hot to go to the beach yesterday. If only it......cooler. (be, was, had been) 3. Mr Haddad does not understand the Chinese businessman. If only he Chinese. (speak, is speaking, spoke) 4. Jordan needs to import a lot of oil . If only itlarge oil reserves. (has, had, had had) **5**. I don't have any money. If onlysome money to lend you. (have , had , had had) 6. I can't do this exercise. If only Iit. (understand, understood, had understood) 7. I couldn't understand anything. If only I......... Chinese. (had studied, studied, didn't studied, will study) *8 . Ibrahim was right and I was wrong. I wish I..... listened to him (had, have, has, had had) *9. If only I..... lost my ticket! (haven't / didn't / hadn't) .10. I feel cold. If only I..... a coat (brought, had brought, will bring). 11.I feel ill. I wish I..... so many sweets! (don't eat, hadn't eaten, was eating) **12**. I regret that she failed the exam . I wish she...... hard. (study, studied, had studied) **13**. I am very hungry! I wish I..... before I went to the conference. (had eaten, eats, ate) 14 .I can't do this exercise..... only I understood it. (if, provided that, unless, when) 15.I have broken my glass if only I It (didn't dropped , hadn't dropped , didn't drop , doesn't drop) 1.had studied 2. had been 3. Spoke 4. Had 5. Had 6. Understood 7. had studied 8. had 9. hadn't 10. had brought11. hadn't eaten12. had studied 13had eaten14 if 15 hadn't dropped

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني)

1. It used tothat English is a difficult language.

(be believed , is believed , are believed)

2. Money.....to bring happiness.

a. is thought b. has thought c. thought

3. Doing exercises.....to increase our intelligent.

a. are believed b. has been believed c. has believed c. believed

4. Solving puzzles was believedthe brain active

(to keep, keeps, kept)

answers: - 1.be believed 2. is thought 3.has been believed 4.to keep

3.function

Indicating consequence:

In this way 2. As a consequence,

3. Therefor

Indicating opposition:

1. However 2. Whereas 3. Despite

1.one of these word showing cause or reason?

a. because

b. because of that

c. therefore

.2. one of these word **Indicating consequence?**

(Despite, therefore whereas.

3. one of these word Indicating opposition?

(Despite, therefore .in this way

Study the following sentences and answer the question that follow. Write the answer down in your **ANSWER BOOKLET**.

A - I used to train in the gym.

B - I am used to training in the gym.

Which sentence describes a past habit or past state that has now changed.

A - they are used to having parties.

B - they used to have parties.

Which sentence describes things that are familiar or customary?

Rhetorical devices:

- 1. Simile (تشبیه) as....as / like
- 2. **Metaphor** (استعارة)

The world will be at your **fingertips**

- 3. Onomatopoeia (محاكاة): buzz / hum .
- 4. Personification (تجسيد)

Our computers and mobile phones will take care of us, by telling us when to wake up, eat and sleep

4. Treatment and medicines will taste as delicious as real food

Choose the rhetorical device that uses in the above sentence

- a. Simile
- b. Personification
- c. Onomatopoeia

5. study the following sentence and answer the question that follows

medicines will taste as delicious as real food.

What is the rhetorical device of using in the above sentence -

(Defining clause) (essential information)

Children **who like sweets so much** often have problems with their teeth.

(Non-defining clause) (additional information)

The Sahara desert, which is in Africa, is very hot

6. The Sahara desert, which is in Africa, is very hot. the function of using this sentence?

a. essential information b. Defining clause c. additional information

7. Write down the function of using relative clauses in this sentence?

*The Sahara desert, which is in Africa, is very hot.

(40)

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني)

impersonal passive: <u>a formal way</u> of reporting thoughts
indirect question: ask questions in a polite, formal way.

1.Could you explain What you mean by 'mnemonics'? What is the function that use in the above questions? a. formal way. b Personification c. additional information. .a 2. It is thought that the Earth was flat What is the function that use in the above sentence? a. formal way. b Personification c. additional information. .a 3. I wish I had done more work for my exam this sentence express? .b (impossible wishes, regret, possible wishes) -4. He wishes he were taller **this sentence expresses**?.. .d (impossible wishes, regret, possible wishes) .e 1 . we always begin the letter with? d. Dear fellow a. hello **b**. hi c. Dear [name] 2 . we always begin an-Email with? b..Dear [name] a. hello/hi c. Dear fellow 3. we always begin an-open letter with? a. hello/hi b..Dear [name] c. Dear fellow 4. we always end an-open letter with a. best wishes b. see you soon c. repeating what we want to say أحرف الجر 1.to know......danger of the internet. (about, with, on, out, in) 2.to connect.....people on the internet (about, with, on, out, in) 3.to <u>turn</u>.....privacy settings. (about, with, on, out, in) 4.to givepersonal information(about, with, on, out, in 5.to <u>fill</u>..... a form(about, with, on, out, in) **6*. We are going to Turkeythe summer**. (At, in, on) 7. It is likely that all aspects of our life will <u>rely</u>.... a computer program(about , with ,on ,out) 8. exercise is a great way to <u>cope</u>stress. (about , with ,on ,out) 9.Mr Ghanem, a businessman based...... Amman (At, in, on)

41)

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني) نمط التحويل

B. Complete the following sentences so that the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before it, then write it down in your **ANSWER BOOKLET**:

1."My favourite subject this year is chemistry".

Hussein told me that-----

- a. his favourite subject that year had been chemistry.
- b. his favourite favourite subject that year were chemistry.
- c. his favourite subject that year was chemistry.
- d. my favourite subject that year was chemistry.

2"I think Tala will pass Tawjihi exam, she works hard for her exam".

- a.Sarah told me that she think Tala would pass Tawjihi exam, she works hard for her exam ".
- b.Sarah told me that she thought Tala would pass Tawjihi exam, she worked hard for her exam."
- $c. Sarah \ told \ me \ that \ she \ thought \ Tala \ would \ passed \ Tawjihi \ exam \ , \ she \ worked \ hard \ for \ her \ exam$
- d.Sarah told me that she thought Tala would pass Tawjihi exam, she worked hard for him exam ".
- 3. I really enjoyed the book that I finished this morning.
- **a.** Tariq said that he had really enjoyed the book that he had finished that morning.
- **b**. Tariq said that she had really enjoyed the book that he had finished that morning.
- **c**. Tariq said that he had really enjoyed the book that he had finished this morning.
- **d**. Tariq said that he really had enjoyed the book that he had finished that morning
- 4. I asked someone to fix my computer yesterday .The correct causative form of this sentence is --
- a. I have fixed my computer.
- b. I had fixed my computer
- c. I did fix my computer

0

d. I had my computer fixed yesterday

5.I had a mug of coffee prepare.

- a. I asked my mother to prepare a mug of coffee.
- b . I ask my mother to prepare a mug of coffee
- c. I asked my mother to prepared a mug of coffee
- d. I asked my mother to a mug of coffee prepare
- 6. I asked the teacher to explain the lesson.

I had.....

- .6. Students will use social media on their computers in the future .
 - a. social media will be used by the students.
 - b. social media will be use by the students.
 - c. social media would be used by the students.
 - d. social media will been used by the students.
 - 7. The Egyptians built the pyramids .e

- a. were built by The Egyptians .
- b. were build by The Egyptians.
- c. Are built by The Egyptians

8.she didn't visit his grandparents in the holiday.

his grandparents

1. C 2. B 3.a 4.d 5.a .6 .a 7. B 8. wasn't visited by her in the holiday

(42)

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني)

9. Firstly, I had my breakfast, and then I did my homework After I..... a. I had had my breakfast After, and then I did my homework. b. I had had my breakfast After I did my homework. c. I did my homework After I had had my breakfast. 10. Young people created a website for the classroom and then they contributed to the website. a. Young people contributed to the website Before they had created a website for the classroom. b. Before Young people contributed to the website they has created a website for the classroom c. Young people had created a website for the classroom and then Before they contributed to the website d. Young people had created a website for the classroom Before they contributed to the website 11.Raef wrote the questions for the exams and then he drank coffee. Before Raef 12. He started studying at 5 p.m. It's 10 p.m., and he's still studying He.....since 5 p.m a. He has been studying since 5 p.m b. He had been studying since 5 p.m c. He had been studied since 5 p.m 13.perhaps Issa's phone is broken . This sentence has the same meaning as -----a. Issa's phone must be broken. b. Issa's phone has to be broken. c. Issa's phone might be broken. d. Issa's phone should be broken. 14. You aren't allowed to touch his machine. This sentence has the same meaning as ... a. You shouldn't touch his machine. b. You can't touch his machine. c. You mustn't touch his machine. d. You don't have to touch his machine 15.I think you should send a text message. This sentence has the same meaning as..... a. If I was you, I should send a text massage. b. If I were you, you would send a text massage. c. If I were you, I wouldn't send a text massage. d. If I were you, I would send a text massage. 16. press the button to make the picture move if you..... a. Press the button, the picture moves. b. Press the button, the picture move. c. Presses the button the picture moves. d. Presses the button to make the picture moves. 17. It was such a cold day ,I think you should wear wool coat. If..... a. If I were you, I will wear wool coat. b. If I were you, I would such a cold day. c. If I were you, I would wear wool coat. d. If I were you I would wear wool coat. 9.c 10.d 11. drank coffee. he had written the questions for the exams 12.b 13.c 14.c 15. D 16.a 17.c

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني)

مراجعه شامله (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني)
1. When I was a child, my grandmother made cakes for us all the time, and I liked helping her a lot
When I was a child, my grandmother
2.*It wasn't a habit for me <i>in the past</i> to get up early I
3. 1t is normal for me to get up early to study .This sentence has the same meaning as
a. I used to get up early to study.
b. I used to getting up early to study.
c. I am used to get up early to study .
d. I am used to getting up early to study .
4.We are used to getting up early.
The sentences that has a similar meaning to the one above :-
a) we had been normal for we to get up early.
b) we was normal for we now to get up early.
c) Its normal for we now to get up early.
d)it isn't normal for we to get up early.
5. Ali intends to finish his project tonight. This sentence has the same meaning as
a. Ali wants to finish his project tonight.
b. Ali must finish his project tonight.
c. Ali likes to finish his project tonight.

6. The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE by Abd al-Rahman I.

- a. The year when The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE was Abd al-Rahman I
- b. The person when The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE was Abd al-Rahman I
- c. The person who The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE is Abd al-Rahman I
- d.The Mosque which was built in 784 CE by Abd al-Rahman I was The Great Mosque in Cordoba.

7.Al-Kindi contributed to the invention of the oud .This sentence can be cleft by saying-

a. The person who contributed to the invention was the oud.

d. Ali is planning to finish his project tonight

- b. The person who contributed to the oud was the invention.
- c. The person who contributed to the invention of the oud was Al-kindi .
- d. The person who contributed to the invention of the oud Al-kindi was .

8. Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in Iraq . This sentence can be cleft by saying

- a. The country which Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory was in Iraq.
- b. The country where did his research in a laboratory in Iraq was Jabir ibn Hayyan.
- c. The country when Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory was in Iraq.
- d. The country where Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory was Iraq.

9. Petra was made a world Heritage Site in 1985 CE. This sentence can be cleft by saying

- a. The year where a world Heritage Site in 1985 CE was Petra.
- b. The year when a world Heritage Site in Petra was in 1985 CE.
- c. The year when Petra was made a world Heritage Site was 1985 CE.
- d. The year in 1985 CE Petra was made a world Heritage Site

10. Mariam works harder than anybody else in this organisation .

- a. The person who harder works than anybody else is Mariam.
- b. The person who works harder than anybody else was Mariam.
- c. The person who works harder than anybody else is Mariam.
- d. The person who works harder than Mariam was anybody else.

T/ Raef Barahmeh 0792960045

(44)

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني)

11. The Second World War ended in 1945 in Europe .

- a. The year where The Second World War ended was Europe.
- b. The year when The Second World War ended was Europe.
- c. The year when ended The Second World War was in 1945 in Europe.
- d. The year when The Second World War ended in Europe was 1945.

1. Health is more important than money .This sentence has the same meaning as

- a. Money is as important as health
- b. money is less important than Health
- c. Health is less important than money
- d. money aren't as important as health

2. law is more popular than business studies .This sentence has the same meaning as

- a. business studies aren't as popular as law
- b. business studies Isn't as popular as law.
- c. business studies are as popular as law
- d. law is less popular than business studies

3. Engineering is less popular than visual Arts. . This sentence has the same meaning as

- a. Visual arts isn't as popular as Engineering
- b. a. Visual arts are n't as popular as Engineering
- c. Engineering is more popular than visual Arts.
- d. visual Arts are more popular than Engineering

4.Jordanian children start school a year later than English children.

- a. English children .start school a year earlier than Jordanian children
- b. English children start school a year as early as than Jordanian children
- c. English children doesn't start school a year as early as Jordanian children
- d. Jordanian children don't start school a year as early as English children.

5.Jordanian children can leave school one year earlier than English children.

- a . English children can leave school one year later than Jordanian children.
- b. English children can leave school one year as late as Jordanian children.
- c. Jordanian children can't $\;\;$ leave school one year as late as $English\ children.$

6. There are more students studying Maths than Science

- a. There are not as many students studying Maths as Science
- b. There are not as much students studying Maths as Science
- c. There are less students studying Maths than Science
- d. There are not as students studying Maths as Science

7. Students like doing Maths more than they like doing Music and Arts

- a. Students don't like doing Music and Art as much as doing maths
- b. Students don't like doing Music and Art as many as doing maths
- c. Students like doing Music and Art as much as doing maths
- d. Students don't like doing Music and Art as less as doing maths

8. Neither Maths nor Science is as popular as English.

- a. English is less popular than Maths and Science.
- b. Maths and Science is less popular than English .
- c. Maths and Science are less popular than English .
- d. English isn't as popular as Maths and Science.

9. Reading a novel is not as interesting as watching a movies.

- **a.** watching a movies is more interesting than Reading a novel
- **b.** Reading a novel is more interesting than watching a movies
- **C.** watching a movies are more interesting than Reading a novel

10.the cookies don't taste as good as they look

- a. The cookies taste worse than they look.
- b. The cookies taste better than they look.

11. The cheapest thing on the menu is orange juice.

- a. The least expensive thing on the menu is orange juice
- b. The most expensive thing on the menu is orange juice

(45)

1. They claim that we rem				
-We				
-It is				
It used <i>to</i>			ration	
-exercise		-		
-It				
3* People think that the E				
-the Earth				
-It				
4*. People think that we o				
-We	•		•	
It				
5. Learning a new languag People think that	ge is thought t	o present the bra	in with unique challe	
6. It is claimed that men are				
Some people				
7.People believed that so				
a. Solving puzzles was	• .	•		
b. Solving puzzles is				
c. Solving puzzles was			ve .	
d. Solving puzzles was beli				
8. People don't expect that a				
a. a new law isn't e				
b. a new law isn't ex	-	-		
	-		introduced next year.	
	L		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
1.We are claimed to	remember thin	gs we hear in our s	sleep.	
-It is claimed that we				
It used to be claimed				
2exercise has been				
-It has been proved the			tion.	
3. the Earth is though				
-It is thought that the			:	
4. We are thought to 5. Learning a new language				
6. claim that men a			anenges	
7. a	re better eoor	is than women.		
8. a				
				_
. rel	lative clause	نمط التحويل _S		
لة الثانية - بعد النقطة	, تحذف في الجه	1.الضمائر التي		
who	Which	When	Where	Whose
He, She, him, her	It	then	there	My, his, her ,our, S
مكرر في الجملة الثانية			there	my, me, ner ,our, s
1. The police arrested the	1 -		nt	
The police arrested the d				
2.I cut down the tree . T			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
I cut down the tree				
*3. London is a huge city				•••
London,				(46)
London,				(70)

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني)

1. What should I do on the day before the exam? a. What I should do on the day before the exam? b. What should I on the day before the exam? c. What I should do on the day before the exam.

- 2.Does the exam start at ten or half past ten?
- a if the exam starts at ten or half past ten?
- b. Whether the exam starts at ten or half past ten?
- c. the exam does the exam start at ten or half past ten?
- 3 .Can you suggest a healthy breakfast?
 - you Can suggest a healthy breakfast?
 - Suggesting a healthy breakfast? b.
 - C. Telling me if you Can suggest a healthy breakfast?

4. Could you explain the best way to revise?

I wonder.....

- If Could you explain the best way to revise?
- If you Could explain the best way to revise?
- If you Could explain the best way to revise.

1.	What	do yo	u mean	by	'mnemonics'	?
----	------	-------	--------	----	-------------	---

Could you explain....?

2.Does the exam start at ten or half past ten?

Could you tell me....?

3. How did Raef study maths?

Do you know.....?

4. What does Raef do?

Do you know....?

5. What should I do on the day before the exam?

Do you mind telling me.....?

6.. How much sleep do teenagers of our age need?

Could you explain?

7. What kind of book does bookshops sell?

Could you tell.....

8. Where is the post office?

Do you know.....

9. when did Omar fly to Canada?
Do you mind?

10. how many books has your father written?

Could you tell me

11.Can you suggest a healthy breakfast?

Do you mind.....?

12.do your homework please.

Do you mind.....

13.why doesn't you leave the home?

Do you know.....?

14. Do you know if the children learnt English?

- a. do the children learn English?
- b. does the children learn English?
- c. did the children learn English?
- d. how did the children learn English?

15.Do you know how we can solve exam problem?

- a) how can we solve exam problem?
- b) how we can solved exam problem?
- c) how could we solve exam problem?
- d.if can we solve exam problem?

- 1. What you mean by 'mnemonics'?
- 2. Whether the exam starts at ten or half past ten?
- 3. How Raef studied maths?
- 4.what Raef does?
- 5. What I should do on the day before the exam?
- 6. How much sleep teenagers of our age need?
- 7. What kind of book bookshops sells?
- 8. Where the post office is?
- 9. when Omar flew to Canada?
- 10 how many books your father has written?
- 11. suggesting a healthy breakfast
- 12. doing your homework please
- 13. why you doesn't leave the home

1.I don't bring my camera.	<u> </u>
If only	
2. Jaber isn't old enough to drive a car.	
Jaber wishes	
3. My brother and I never watch the same TV programme.	
I wish we	
4. My cousins don't live near here.	
I wish	
5. I want to go out this afternoon, but I don't feel well.	
I wish	
6. I am very hungry! I didn't eat before I went to the conference	
I wish	
7. I am not good at maths	
If only	
8. I regret that some people drive too fast in the city centre.	
I wish	
9. Omer speaks too quickly.	
If only	
10. I am sorry that I didn't read that book.	
I wish	
11. Sultan forgot to do his Science homework.	
Sultan wishes.	
12. I regret going to bed late last night.	
If only	
13. Oh no! I've forgotten my library book. I left it at home. I wish	
14. Our team didn't play very well yesterday.	
If only	
15. I didn't concentrate properly in class yesterday. This home	
I wish	work is really difficult.
16. I should have learnt English better when I was younger.	
If only	
17. I feel ill. I ate so many sweets.	1.I brought my camera
If only	2.Jaber weren't older enough to drive a car.3.My brother and I watched the same TV programme.
18. Huda was too busy to visit us yesterday.	4.My cousins lived near here
Huda wishes	5.I felt well.
19. I've broken my watch. I dropped it.	6.I had eaten before I went to the conference.
If only	7.I were good at maths
	8.some people didn't drive so fast in the city centre. 9.Omer didn't speak so quickly
20. I feel ill. I ate so many sweets.	10.I had read that book.
a. I felt ill. I ate so many sweets.	11. Sultan hadn't forgotten to do his Science homework.
o. I didn't eat so many sweets.	12.I hadn't gone to bed late last night.
e. I hadn't eaten so many sweets.	13 .I hadn't left it at home.
. I want to go out this afternoon, , but I don't feel well	14.Our team had played very well yesterday. 15.I had concentrated properly in class yesterday
a. I didn't want to go out this afternoon.	16.I had learnt English better when I was younger.
b. I felt well.	17.I hadn't eaten so many sweets.
c. I hadn't felt well	18.Huda had been so busy to visit us yesterday.
2. We're late. I went to bed <u>late</u> .	19.I hadn't dropped it.
a. I had gone to bed earlier	
b. I hadn't gone to bed earlier	
c. we didn't go to bed earlier	
c. we didn't go to bed carrier	

T/ Raef Barahmeh 0792960045

(48)

23. Our team had played very well yesterday.. this means

a. Our team didn't play very well yesterday.
b. Our team doesn't play very well yesterday.
c. Our team played very well yesterday.
d. Our team plays very well yesterday.

	~
w riin	

B. GUIDED WRITING: (4 points)

There are many	such a:such a:	s ing	ing
and	ing		•••••
Also, another (مفرد)			

Read the information below, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET, write two sentences using all the given notes below about Benefits of learning a foreign language. Use the appropriate linking words such as ,and , too,....etc

- exercise the brain
- improve memory
- become aware of the way language works
- understand your own language

نموذج العنوان

There are many Benefits of learning a foreign language such as exercising the brain, improving memory and becoming aware of the way language works.

Also, another Benefit is understand your own language.

Disadvantages	of using	computers

- -hurt eyes
- -cause headache
- damage hands and arms

<u>There are many</u> Disadvantages of using computers <u>such as</u> hurting eyes **and** causing headache. **Also, another** Disadvantage is damaging hands and arms.

كلمات تبدل في العنوان

Why:- reasons that

How/ Ways

What:- things that

Why do people use the internet?

- search information
- watch videos
- -post photo
- -read news

There are many *reasons that make* people use the internet such as searching information, watching videos and posting photo. Also, another reason is reading news.

Characteristics of modern education

- students should use technology .
- Most young people communicate through social media
- tablet computers are available for students to use in class.
- -The teacher must be part of the group

There are many characteristics of modern education. For example, students should use technology, Most young people communicate through social media and tablet computers are available for students to use in class.

Also, The teacher must be part of the group.

نموذج مقارنة

••	3 63				
	advantages of Smartphone	disadvantages of Smartphone			
	1.keep in touch with friends	Make people more isolated			
	2.make the life easier and more comfortable	Make people less personal			

<u>There are many</u> advantages of Smartphone <u>such as keeping</u> in touch with friends <u>and making</u> the life easier and more comfortable. <u>However</u>, <u>there are many</u> disadvantages <u>such as Making</u> people more isolated <u>and Making</u> people less personal.

49

مكثف اللغة الانجليزية مراجعة شاملة (الفصل الأول+ الفصل الثاني)

نموذج الهوية

ziryab

- Date of birth: 798 -date of death: 857

-Occupation/ Proffession: musician

-achievements: established first music school, introduced the oud to Europe

ziryab was born in 798 and died in 857 <u>In addition</u>, he is a musician There are <u>many achievements</u> for <u>ziryab</u> such as he established first music school and introduced the oud to Europe.

About Oasir Bashir

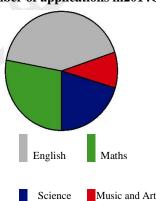
- -Location Jordanian Desert
- -Date of construction beginning of the 4th century
- **-Purpose of building** protection of the Roman borders
- **-Description of the building** huge towers, 23 rooms.

Qasir Bashir, which is located in the Jordanian Desert, was built at the beginning of the 4th century. It was built to protect the Roman borders.

Also, it has huge towers and twenty-three rooms.

Read the information in the table below about the most popular university subjects offered by British universities, and write two sentences comparing and contrasting The number of applications in 2014CE

Subject	Number of applicatons in 2014 CE	Change since 2013 CE
Business Studies	280,240	+3.2%
Visual Arts	244,620	+2.4%
Biology	231,720	+8%
Computer Science	97,110	+13%
1	1	



Free writing

Finally , I hope that I have given enough and useful information about this issue . $\overline{\bf 50}$