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اللغة الإنجليزية الفروع المهنية

GENERAL ENGLISH 2022 الدورة الصيفية

(Text A)

Megaprojects are extremely large investment projects, which are designed to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities. Although megaprojects vary in terms of size and cost, **they** are all, by definition, expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage. Projects range from motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes.

The concept of a megaproject is always based on the benefits it brings to a community. However, many megaprojects have been criticised because of their negative effects on a community or the environment. This essay will look at these issues with regard to Masdar City, a megaproject in Abu Dhabi.

Masdar City, which began its development in 2006 CE, will be the world's first carbon-neutral, zero-waste artificially-created city. Covering an area of six square kilometres, when <u>it</u> is completed in 2025 CE, it is expected to house more than 40,000 residents, 50,000 commuters, and 1,500 businesses involved in mainly environmentally-friendly products.

The city will run entirely on renewable energy sources. It is built on an advanced energy grid which monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex. Furthermore, in order to reduce its carbon footprint, Masdar City will be a car-free zone, designed to be pedestrian and cycle-friendly. Electric, driverless cars will operate as public transport vehicles, and the city will be connected to other locations by a network of roads and railways.

Energy will be provided by solar power and wind farms, and there are also plans to build the world's largest hydrogen plant. A desalination plant will be used to provide the city's water, with 80% of water used being recycled. Biological waste will be used as an energy source too, and industrial waste will be recycled.

The current residents of Masdar City are all students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology, a university whose students are fully committed to finding solutions to the world's energy problems.

While the project has the support of many global, environmental and conservation organisations, there is some criticism of it. It is felt that, instead of building an artificial sustainable city, sustainability should be made a priority of existing cities. In conclusion, the benefits of Masdar City for the community and the environment greatly outweigh any disadvantages. If the aims of the developers are realised, Masdar City will be a blueprint for future urban planning that will inspire similar megaprojects in other countries.

- 1. Quote the sentence which shows who are the present inhabitants of Masdar City.
- 2. The writer states two benefits of creating megaprojects. Write them down.
- 3. There are many procedures that will be implemented to reduce carbon footprint in Masdar City. Write down two.
- 4. Certain power resources will supply Masdar City with energy . Write down two of these resources.
- 5. The text provides many examples of megaprojects. Write down three of them.
- 6. Write down the sentence which shows the main reason to criticise megaprojects.
- 7. Find a word in the text which means " to be more important than something else ".
- 8. What does the underlined words "they "&" it "refer to?

(Text B)

Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer who lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh century CE. He worked in the court of Al-Ma'mun, who was the King of Toledo; His great passions were botany, which is the study of plants, and agriculture. Although he was a great scholar, he was also a practical man and all of his writing came from his own 'hands-on' experience of working the land.

One of the many things which Ibn Bassal achieved was *A Book of Agriculture*. The book consisted of sixteen chapters which explain how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables, as well as herbs and sweet-smelling flowers; perhaps the most famous chapter of all was the one that described how to treat different types of soil. Ibn Bassal also worked out how to irrigate the land by finding underground water and digging wells. <u>He</u> designed water pumps and irrigation systems. All of these things were passed on through his writing.

The influence of Ibn Bassal's book was enormous. As farmers down the generations followed his instructions and advice, the land became wonderfully fertile and produced more than enough food for the fast-growing population. The irrigation systems that he and his followers put in place are still in evidence in pain. Although his name is not widely known, Ibn Bassal's legacy to the world has been great.

- 1. There were two benefits for farmers who followed Ibn Bassal's instructions. Write down these two benefits .
- 2. Ibn Bassal was a polymath. Write down two examples of his areas of knowledge.
- 3. Write down the sentence which shows Ibn bassal's two great interests.
- 4. Find a word in the text which means " what someone leaves to the world after their death " .
- 5. What does the underlined word " **He** " refer to ?

(Text C)

Business Studies is a popular choice for students who are choosing a degree course in the UK. After graduating, some go on to further study, but most of them take up employment. Many large companies offer graduate training schemes, which are a kind of apprenticeship. We went to meet twenty-two-year-old Ricky Miles, who is about to graduate in the subject.

- How long have you been studying Business Studies, Ricky?
 It's a four-year course, including two periods of work experience.
- What exactly have you studied over those four years?

Quite a lot! Maths, of course, Accounting, Finance and Economics. Oh yes, Marketing and Sales, too. I also did a 20course in Management, which is about recruiting and managing staff, and how to deal with conflict, and a course in Advertising. We all had to do IT, too, because computer skills are essential.

-What did you most enjoy about the degree?

The work experience, definitely. I learnt so much, both times, and of course it looks great on my curriculum vitae. One of the companies offered me paid work last summer, so I managed to get even more 30experience that way. Also, I wouldn't have had much money last year if I hadn't had that job!

-What kind of company was that, and what did you do there?

It was a company that provides financial products – savings and pensions, mostly. At first I just 'shadowed' different people, watching what they were doing. Then I did quite a lot of checking for them – you know, checking **their** calculations. When I went back in the summer, I was in the sales department. My job was to follow up web enquiries, and send out further information to possible clients. I enjoyed it, and I wouldn't have had that opportunity if I hadn't done the work experience first.

- 1. Ricky Miles studied several courses at the university to get a degree in business studies .Write down two of these courses .
- 2. Students in the United Kingdom choose one of two paths after graduation. Write these two paths down.
- 3. Quote the sentence which shows the type of the company that Ricky Miles worked for last summer.
- 4. Find a word in the text which means " finding suitable employees ".
- 5. What does the underlined word " **their** " refer to ?

(Text D)

My name is Fatima Musa and I have worked as an interpreter for five years. Many students have emailed me about my work because **they** want to know what it would be like to do my job. So here is 5 my reply.

I have always been **fond of** languages. My father worked in many different countries when I was young and we usually travelled with him. When we visited a country, I always wanted to learn the language.

At school I was very good at English. Therefore, I decided on a career as an interpreter.

My job now involves going to important conferences and seminars around the world. When a person speaks in English at a conference, I listen to what they say through headphones. I then translate into Arabic while the speaker is talking. I give the translation through headphones to other people at the meeting. This means that anyone in the room who speaks Arabic can understand what people are saying. Is it an easy job? Not at all. English is not the same in all English-speaking countries.

For example, the English words that are used in India are sometimes different to the words that people use in the UK, the USA or Australia. As well as knowing regional English, you also need to know a lot of specialist language. Some of the words that are used to talk about business, science or law, for example, make it almost a different language!

Unless you have a language degree, you will not be able to become an interpreter. Provided that you have a postgraduate qualification, you will probably get a job as an interpreter quite quickly. If you get an interview for a job, you will need to show that you have good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. You will also need to show that you can think quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time. If you are successful, it is <u>a secure</u> and rewarding job. You will probably need to travel a lot, but that is not a problem as long as you enjoy visiting other countries.

It is a very responsible job. I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries. However, you get a huge feeling of satisfaction when you know that people understand everything that you translate.

- 1. The blogger mentions many factors which have helped her to be an interpreter. Write down two of them.
- 2. Mention two kinds of English should be mastered by the interpreter.
- 3. What do the underlined words "fond of" and "secure" mean?
- 4. Quote the sentence which indicates the consequences of bad translation.
- 5. What does the underlined word 'they' refer to?
- 6. Visiting other countries is a good experience. Think of this statement and, in two sentences, write down your point of view.

(Text E)

Today, we talk to Mr Ghanem, a businessman based in Amman who often visits China. We asked him when he first started doing business with China. 'I've been doing business with China for many years. My first trip there was in 2004 CE, and it was not very successful.'

Why was it not successful?

'I worked for a small computer company in Amman. They sent me to China when I was still quite young. If only the company had realised that the Chinese respect age and experience more than youth!'

Did you make any mistakes on that visit?

'Yes! I wish I had researched Chinese culture before I visited the country. In order to be successful in China, you need to earn their respect. Chinese business people will always ask about a company's successes in the past. However, because I worked for a new company, I could not talk about its track record. We did not do any business deals on that first trip.'

When did you learn how to be successful in China?

T. Anas Wahdan

(3)

'I joined a larger company and they sent me on a cultural awareness course. On my next visit to China, it felt as if I hadn't known anything on my first visit!'

What advice can you give to people wanting to do business in China?

'Before I visit a company, I send recommendations from previous clients. I also send my business card with my job position and qualifications translated into Chinese.'

Can you tell us about your last meeting in China?

'Of course! I arrived on time. You must not arrive late, as this shows disrespect. Then, when I met the company director, I shook hands with **him** gently. I began the meeting by making small talk about my interesting experiences in China. During the meeting, I made sure that my voice and body language were calm and controlled. I never told a joke, as this may not be translated correctly or could cause offence.'

Was it a successful meeting?

'Yes, it was. I knew that the director had researched my business thoroughly before the meeting, so I was prepared for his detailed questions. When I began negotiating, I started with the important issues. The Chinese believe in avoiding conflict. It is always important to be patient. I was prepared to compromise, so in the end, the meeting was successful.'

- 1. According to Mr Ghanem, why mustn't a businessman arrive late to a meeting in China?
- 2. Find a phrase in the text which means " having an informal chat with someone in order to start a conversation".
- 3. Mr Ghanem avoided telling jokes during his last meeting in China for two reasons down.
- 4. What does the underlined pronoun "him" refer to?
- 5. Two procedures are regularly followed by Mr Ghanem before visiting a company in china. Write these two procedures down.
- 6. Quote the sentence that describes Mr Ghanem's voice and body language during his last meeting in China.

(Text F)

In this report, we will look at the countries that Jordan trades with and what goods it exports and imports.

First, let's look at exports. Jordan is rich in potash and phosphate, and the extraction industry for these minerals is one of the largest in the world. Not surprisingly, two of Jordan's largest exports are chemicals and fertilizers. Pharmaceuticals and other industries represent 30% of Jordan's Gross Domestic Product (GDP), and 75% of Jordan's pharmaceuticals are exported. However, the majority (65%) of the economy is dominated by services, mostly travel and tourism.) Most of Jordan's exports go to Iraq, the USA, India.

Now let's look at imports. Unlike some other countries in the Middle East, Jordan does not have large oil or gas reserves. For that reason, Jordan has to import oil and gas for its energy needs. Its other main imports are cars, medicines and wheat. In 2013 CE, 23.6% of Jordan's imports were from Saudi Arabia. This was followed by the EU, with 17.6% of its imports. Other imports have come from China and the United States.

Jordan has more free trade agreements than any other Arab country, and it 15 trades freely with many countries, including the USA, Canada and Malaysia. Which other areas are important for Jordan's trade? Jordan first signed a trade agreement with the EU in 1997 CE. It signed a free trade agreement with Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia in 2004 CE. In 2011 CE, another trade agreement was made with the EU, Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia. Trade with the EU and North Africa in particular is likely to grow.

- 1. Most of Jordan's exports mainly go to four countries. Write three of these countries down.
- 2. What is the percentage that services, especially travel and tourism, represent of Jordan's economy?
- 3. Jordan is rich in Two minerals. Write them down.

- 4. What does the underlined pronoun " it " refer to?
- 5. Quote the sentence which indicates that the country that supplied Jordan with most of its imports in 2013.
- 6. What are the main four goods that Jordan has to import from different countries?
- 7. Many of Jordan's fertilisers are made mainly of two minerals. Write these two minerals down.

(Text G)

Jabir ibn Hayyan (born 722 CE, died 815 CE)

The Arab world has many famous chemists in its history, but the person who is known as the founder of chemistry is probably Jabir ibn Hayyan. <u>He</u> is most well-known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid. He also built a set of scales which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory: his scales could weigh items over 6,000 times smaller than a kilogram.

Ali ibn Nafi' (Ziryab) (born 789 CE, died 857 CE)

Ali ibn Nafi' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of his beautiful voice). He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad, and it was his talent for music that led him to Cordoba in the ninth century CE. He was the guest of the Umayyad ruler there. He is the person who established the first music school in the world in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, teaching musical harmony and composition. He revolutionised musical theory, and is also the person who introduced the oud to Europe

Fatima al-Fihri (born early 9th century, died 880 CE)

Fatima al-Fihri was the daughter of a wealthy businessman. She used her father's inheritance to build a learning centre in Fez, Morocco. This learning centre became Morocco's top university, and it is where many students from all over the world come to study. Moreover, it was Fatima's sister, Mariam, who supervised the building of the Andalus Mosque, which was not far from the learning centre.

Al-Kindi (born around 801 CE, died 873 CE)

Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer—a true polymath. He made ground-breaking discoveries in many of these fields, but it is probably his work in arithmetic and geometry that has made him most famous.

- 1. Who is the founder of chemistry?
- 2. Why Ali Ibn Nafi' also known as 'Ziryab "?
- 3. Find a word in the text that means "a room for scientific experiments".
- 4. What does the underlined pronoun (**He**) refer to?
- 5. Ali Ibn Nafi' made some important achievements in music. Write down two of these achievements.
- 6. What has made AL-Kindi most famous?
- 7. Write down the sentence which indicates that Al-Kindi was a polymath.
- 8. Why is ibn Hayyan's set of scales significant?

لتبأليال قهوا إيسا يالكأ

(**Text A**):

T. Anas Wahdan

(5)

- 1. The current residents of Masdar City are all students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology, a university whose students are fully committed to finding solutions to the world's energy problems.
- 2. 1) to encourage economic growth 2) bring new benefits to cities
- 3. Any two of the following: [[[[] [] [] []] []]
- 1) the city will run entirely on renewable energy sources 2) Masdar City will be a car-free zone
- 3) designed to be pedestrian and cycle-friendly 4) Electric, driverless cars will operate as a public transport Vehicles 5) It is built on an advanced energy grid which monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex.
- 4. solar power and wind farms.
- 5. motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges.
- 6. It is felt that, instead of building an artificial sustainable city, sustainability should be made a priority of existing cities.
- 7. Out weigh
- 8. megaprojects

(**Text B**):

- 1. As farmers down the generations followed his instructions and advice, the land became wonderfully fertile and produced more than enough food for the fast-growing population.
- 2. Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer.
- 3. His great passions were **botany**, which is the study of plants, and **agriculture**.
- 4. legacy
- 5. Ibn Bassal

(**Text C**):

- 1. Any two of the following: ប្រាំ ្រាំ ្រាំ
- Maths , Accounting , Finance , Economics , Marketing , Sales , Management , Advertising .
- 2. a. students go on to further study . b. Students take up employment.
- 3. It was a company that provides financial products saving and pensions, mostly.
- 4. recruiting
- 5. different people

(**Text D**):

- 1. She is fond of languages. , She was good at English (at school).
- 2. Regional English Specialist English
- 3. **fond of:** having an affection or liking for someone or something

secure: safe; free from danger

- 4. I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries.
- 5. Many students
- 6. Open

(**Text E**):

T. Anas Wahdan

(6)

- 1. You must not arrive late, as this shows disrespect.
- 2. Make a small talk.
- 3. as this may not be translated correctly or could cause offence.
- 4. The company director.
- 5. Before I visit a company, I send recommendations from previous clients. I also send my business card with my job position and qualifications translated into Chinese.
- 6. During the meeting, I made sure that my voice and body language were calm and controlled.

(**Text F**):

- 1. 1) Iraq 2) The USA 3) India 4) Saudi Arabia.
- 2.65%.
- 3. potash and phosphate.
- 4. Jordan.
- 5. In 2013 CE, 23.6% of Jordan's imports were from Saudi Arabia.
- 6. oil, gas, cars, medicines and wheat.
- 7. 1) Potash 2) Phosphate

(**Text G**):

- 1. Jabir Ibn Hayyan.
- 2. because of his beautiful voice.
- 3. laboratory.
- 4. Jabir Ibn Hayyan.
- 5. 1) he established the first music school in the world in Cordoba.
 - 2) He revolutionised musical theory.
 - 3) He is also the person who introduced the oud to Europe.
- 6. his work in arithmetic and geometry.
- 7. Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer.
- 8. Because it changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory.

Vocabulary

1. When you can prove that y	you have experience, you	ı have a	
a. sales pitch	b. package holiday	c. target market	d. track record
2. We are carbonif v	we replace as much carbo	on as we burn.	
a. waste	b. footprint	c. power	d. neutral
3. Ibn Sina was influenced as	s a young man by the wo	rks of the Aris	totle.
a. arithmetic	b. geometry	c. philosopher	d. chemistry
4. Ais someone who t	hinks and writes about th	ne meaning of life.	
a. chemist	b. founder	c. physician	d. philosopher
5. Hospitals need to dispose	of a lot of,and it	should be carefully man	aged.
a. economic growth	b. public transport	c. urban planning	d. biological waste
6. The most essential in a but	siness meeting is		
a. shaking hands	b. arriving late	c. telling a joke	d. doing deal
7. When you stay calm and take your time, you are being			
a. previous	b. negotiate	c. compromise	d. patient
8 means " the value	of country's total outp	ut of goods and service	es".

a. Gross Domestic Product b. Pharmaceuticals	c Extraction	d. Agreement
9. The company has a network ofoffices.		d. 715100mont
a. seminar b. translation		d. doctor
10. we're having an examination intomorro		
a. geometry b. philosopher		d. effect
11. My parents have been the most people	e in my life.	
a. chemist b. influential		d. arithmetic
12. Acan separate a medicine into its comp	oonents.	
a. mathematician b. dominate	c. chemist	d. scales
13. The teacher examined the students in the	lesson.	
a. negotiate b. patient		d. previous
14. After lengthy talks, the two sides finally reache		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.	d. succeed
15. After the talks, there will be a chance for you to		
a. shake hands b. ask questions	c. make a mistake	d. earn respect
16. people who respect themselves quicklyof		1
a. shake hands b. ask questions	c. earn respect	d. join a company
17. Radwan finds his work exciting and		1 1'
a. translation b. qualification	-	d. rewarding
18. We installed an alarm to keep the house		d. seminar
a. secure b. interpreter		
19. Be very careful when you answer the questions		a mistake.
	c. take	
20. If you are polite, you won'toffence a. make b. cause		
a. Illake U. Cause	c. do	
21 Refore the serious discussion starts, we always	make a · it's	often about the
a. make b. cause 21. Before the serious discussion starts, we always weather!	make a; it's	often about the
weather!		
weather! a. shake b. small talk	c. offe	nce
weather! a. shake b. small talk 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works	nce
weather! a. shake b. small talk 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works c. take	nce
weather! a. shake b. small talk 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works c. take first time, it's polite to	nce hands.
weather! a. shake b. small talk 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works c. take irst time, it's polite to c. sha	nce hands.
weather! a. shake b. small talk 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works c. take first time, it's polite to c. sha	nce hands. ke
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weather! a. shake b. small talk 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works c. take arst time, it's polite to c. sha eal, you for it.	nce
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weather! a. shake 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works c. take arst time, it's polite to c. sha eal, you eal, you for it. c source of energy. c energy. c anything away, it is zero c. pub	ncehands. ke . patient . negotiate . industrial . growth
weather! a. shake b. small talk 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works c. take arst time, it's polite to c. sha eal, you eal, you for it. c source of energy. c energy. c anything away, it is zero c. pub y can mean either an impro	ncehands. ke . patient . negotiate . industrial . growth
weather! a. shake 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works c. take arst time, it's polite to c. sha eal, you eal, you for it. c source of energy. c energy. c anything away, it is zero c. pub y can mean either an impro	ncehands. ke . patient . negotiate . industrial . growth
weather! a. shake 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offerny where his father works c. take first time, it's polite to c. sha eal, you for it. t source of energy. c energy. c anything away, it is zero c. publy can mean either an improcountry's products. c. neg	ncehands. ke . patient . negotiate . industrial . growth
weather! a. shake b. small talk 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offerny where his father works c. take first time, it's polite to c. sha eal, you for it. t source of energy. c energy. c anything away, it is zero c. publy can mean either an improcountry's products. c. neg	ncehands. ke . patient . negotiate . industrial . growth
weather! a. shake b. small talk 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works c. take arst time, it's polite to c. sha eal, you for it. t source of energy. c energy. c anything away, it is zero c. pub y can mean either an impro country's products. c. neg the the environment, such as	ncehands. ke . patient . negotiate . industrial . growth lic vement in the average gative the death of wildlife
weather! a. shake b. small talk 22. Rashed has applied to	c. offe any where his father works c. take arst time, it's polite to c. sha eal, you for it. t source of energy. c energy. c anything away, it is zero c. pub y can mean either an impro country's products. c. neg the the environment, such as	ncehands. ke . patient . negotiate . industrial . growth

Derivation

Choose the correct fo	rm of the word from those	e given in brackets to complete e	each of the following sentence
		by the end of the year.	J
			d. productively
2. În some countrie	s it is	c. productive for a bride to wear white.	
a. tradition	b. traditional	c. traditionally	d. traditions
		produced.	
	b. success	_	d. successfully
4. The issue of gun	control will	the next election.	
	b. dominance		d. dominant
		onsidering a limited subset of	the potential causes of
recent longer-term	climate change.		
a. intend	b. intentionally	c. intentional	d. intention
6. Those facts were	: in solving	the problem.	
a. influence	b. influencing	c. influential	d. influentially
7. The government	revoked her husband's	license to migrant la	abor crews.
a. operate	b. operation	c. operational	d. operationally
	in a year		
a. inherit	b. inheritable	c. inheritance neficial to the community.	d. inheritably
9. This has proved	to beber	neficial to the community.	
a. extreme	b. extremist	c. extremely	d. extremism
		document from the twelfth	
		c. originally	
		d an outstandingfro	
		c. recommendation	d. recommending
12. How quickly do	oes blood1	ound the body?	
	b. circulation		d. circulating
		in my school.	
a. mathematical	b. mathematician	c. mathematics	d. mathematically
		prepared when having my ma	
	b. artificially		
15. Several errors in		as soon as possible.	
a. corrected	b. correction	c. corrective	d. correctly
		and produce more than enou	igh food.
	b. fertiliser		d. fertile
	,	neelchair tothe bui	_
a. accessing	b. access	c. accessibility	d. accessible
		ssible for me to get home in	
a. practical	b. practise	c. practitioner	d. practically
		changes in our lifestyles.	
a. revolutionarily	b. revolutionary	c. revolutionise	d. revolutionist
		ents, Rayyan teaches childre	
_	b. linguistically	c. linguist	d. linguistic
_		tment and were notb	-
a. negotiator	b. negotiable		\mathcal{C}
		renengaged wher	
a. academically	b. academy	c. academic	d. academies

23. Eating sensibly a. reliability	and taking regular b. reliable	exercise is a fairly	method of losing weight. d. reliance
	passed the final b. successful		d. succeed
		s good for	
a. concentrate	b. concentration	c. concentrated	
			الْطَطِّلُ السَّوْلِ الْشِيْعَاقُ :
1. a / 2. b / 3. d / 4.	. a / 5. b / 6. c / 7. d	/ 8. c / 9. c / 10. b / 11	l. c / 12. a / 13. b / 14. b / 15. b / 16. d /
		a / 23. b / 24. c / 25. b	
		Gramma	T
Chassa the suite			e each of the following sentences.
		meet. (into,	
	-	r skills. (into,	
-	-	vourite books. (into,	
		(;	
4. I always have to	get home early I w	rish my parents	me stay out later
iv i aivvays nave to	_	won't let, would let,	
5. During Ramadai	n, Muslims eat		
	-	ng as, unless, when,	even if)
6. I didn't wake up		my bus. I wish I	
1	•	e up, had waken up	•
7. Babies are usual	lly happythe		•
	(as long	g as, provided that, un	nless, if)
8. Rami didn't kno	w about Chinese cu	lture. He wishes he	a book about it .
	(has rea	d, reads, had read, h	ave read)
9. I couldn't climb	Mount Everest	someone carried i	ny equipment for me!
		g as, provided that, ev	
10 you sto		have serious health pr	
		if , Unless , If , provid	·
•		his business partr	•
			eet, was going to meet)
12. Our lunch is no	y	ave to wait a little	
12 I!4 1 alsis s		he longest, longer, th	ne longer)
	exercise. If only I		d have understood)
		inderstood , understoo Avicenna was a polyma	
	b. where	c. who	d. when
,	er is a professor, for		d. when
	b. whose	c. who	d. when
		ilwas interesti	
•	b. who	c. when	d. which
		ast week was really bi	
	b. where	c. who	d. whose
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18. It was last nightthe rescue team an	rrived at the scene of the a	accident.
a. where b. when	c. which	d. who
19. " Physician " is an old-fashioned word	means " doctor".	
a. when b. who	c. where	d. which
20. My fatherloves exploring historical		
very interesting.	realitain ruins will certain	y iiid a visit to Qusi Busiiii
a. where b. when	c. which	d. who
		d. who
21. The cakemy mother made tasted re		d that
a. where b. who	c. when	d. that
22. It is his work in geometryAl-Ki		
a. who b. that	c. where	d. when
23. My brother is the personis believed to		
a. whose b. when	c. who	d. where
24. It was too hot to go to the beach yesterday.	If only itcooler.	0.9
a. have been b. had been	c. has been	d. have
25. Radwan wishes heolder to drive h	nis father's car.	
a. were b. had	c. is	d. has been
26. I have a stomachache. I wishso many	sweets.	
a. hadn't eaten b. had eaten	c. have eaten	d. haven't eaten
27. The students wish they had known more about	out Petra. If they had d	one some research.
a. wish b. only	c. had	d. hadn't
28. I didn't bring a coat, and now I am cold. I w	rish I	
a. had brought a coat		b. hadn't brought a coat
c. didn't bring a coat		d. brought a coat
29. Raneem regrets being angry at breakfast tim	ne.7	
The sentence above can be rewritten correct	ly as	
30. If only Rayyan hadn't forgotten to feed the	animals.	
The above sentence means		
a. Rayyan didn't forget to feed the animals		
b. Rayyan forgot to feed the animals		
c. Rayyan's mother reminded him to feed the ar	nimals	
d. Rayyan fed the animals		
31. I regret going to bed last night.		
The sentence which has a similar meaning to	the one above is	••
a. I wish I had gone earlier		b. I wish I had gone late
c. I wish I hadn't gone earlier		d. I wish I haven't gone earlier
32. I can't do this exercise. I wish Iit.		
a. understood b. understand	c. doesn't understand	d. didn't understand
33. Mr Sanad doesn't understand the Chinese by	-	
· ·	c. spoken	d. have spoken
34. Lina couldn't find her way round the city ve		
a. has b. have had	c. had had	d. had
35. I don't Know how to use this machine.		
The sentence above can be rewritten as		
a. If only I had known how to use this machine		
b. If only I didn't know how to use this machine	2	
c. If only I know how to use this machine		
d. If only I knew how to use this machine		
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36. If only itthe summer holiday. (but it a. is b. are		. be
37. If plantsenough sunlight, they die.		
a. didn't get b. doesn't get	c. don't get	d. hasn't got
38. My fatherthe new car if it isn't too exp		dld-6 b
a. would bye 39. If childrenoutside, they get overweig	c. wouldn't have bought	d. wouldn't bye
a. don't play b. doesn't play	c. didn't play	d. hasn't played
40. If it rains, wethe match.	c. didn't piay	d. Hash t played
a. would cancel b. cancelled	c. cancels	d. will cancel
41. If Ashraf had gotten up early, helat		
a. will not have been b. won't have	c. have been	d. wouldn't have been
42. Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research v	vas Iraq.	169
a. It is the country which	-	b. It was the country which
c. the country where		d. The person who
43. I like Geography most of all .		
The correct cleft sentence that emphasises t		······
a. That the subject I liked most of all is Geogra	aphy.	
b. That I like most of all is the geography.		
c. The subject that I like most of all is Geograp		
d. The subject I like most of all was Geograph	у.	
44. The heat made the journey unpleasant.	the information in hald is	
The correct cleft sentence that emphasises at a. It was the heat which made the journey unpl		•••••
b. It is the heat that made the journey unpleasa		
c. It was the heat which makes the journey unp		
d. It is the heat which made the journey unplea		
45. It11p.m when I stopped working.		
a. be b. is	c. was d. been	L
46. The Olympic Games were held in London	<u>in 2012CE.</u>	
The correct cleft sentence that emphasises t	he information in bold is	••••
a. in 2012 CE that the Olympic Games were he		
b. It is 2012 CE that the Olympic Games were		
c. It was in 2012 CE that the Olympic Games		
d. It in 2012 CE that the Olympic Games were	held in London	
Complete each of the fellowing items so the	4 4h a mary i4am hag a similar ma	oming to the case before it
Complete each of the following items so tha	t the new item has a similar me	caning to the one before it.
1. Taha Hussein is especially famous for <u>h</u>		
It is	n 1985 CE.	
The year		
3. Al-Jazari invented the mechanical cloc		
It was		
4. <u>Al-Kindi</u> contributed to the invention of		
The person who		
5. Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a la		
The country where		
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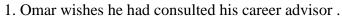
 6. <u>Ali ibn Nafi'</u> established the first music school in the world. It was. 7. <u>Jabir ibn Hayyan</u> also invented ink that can be read in the dark. 	
It was	
Read the following situations and rewrite the sentences using 1. Omar didn't consult his career advisor, so he felt sorry.	g the words in brackets. (wish)
2. The company didn't know your phone number, so they weren't able to co	
3. I regret speaking aloud in my class.	(wish)
4. Radwan worked really hard the day before the exam. He got top marks.	
	(if / might not)
معاليها ليسالية العالمة	
பட்டிரு நிரிக்கிற திரிக்கிற திரிக்கிற திரிக்கிற திரிக்கிற திரிக்கிற திரிக்கிற திரிக்கிற திரிக்கிற திரிக்கிற தி இது இது இது இது இது இது இது இது இது இது	ى - يَالُكَالًا : يُهِكَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَالُونَا
1. We need to decide a place to meet. 2. My brother is good computer skills. (into, on, at, at at, at at) 3. The teacher asked us our favourite books. (into, of, at, at)	pout)
4. I always have to get home early, I wish my parents me stay of (lets, won't let, would let, will let)	out later.
5. During Ramadan, Muslims eat the sun sets.	
(as long as, unless, when, even if) 6. I didn't wake up early and I missed my bus. I wish I early.	
(wakes up , wake up , had waken up , have wa 7. Babies are usually happythey're hungry or cold.	aken up)
(as long as , provided that , unless , if)	
8. Rami didn't know about Chinese culture. He wishes hea bo (has read , reads , had read , have read)	
9. I couldn't climb Mount Everest someone carried my equipr	ment for me!
(as long as , provided that , even if , if) 10 you stop smoking, you will have serious health problems.	
(Even if, Unless, If, provided that)	
11. I can't do this exercise. If only I it . (understand , had understood , understood , have u	inderstood)
12. Ibn Sinais also known as Avicenna was a polymath.	
a. which b. where c. who	d. when
13. Ali,mother is a professor, forgot his umbrella.	
	d. when
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14. Thank you very much for your emailwas interesting. a. where b. who c. when 15. The old hotelwe stayed last week was really big. a. when b. where c. who 16. It was last nightthe rescue team arrived at the scene of the a a. where b. when c. which 17. "Physician" is an old-fashioned wordmeans "doctor".	d. who
a. when b. who c. where 18. My fatherloves exploring historical Roman ruins will certainly very interesting. a. where b. when c. which 19. The cakemy mother made tasted really great. a. where b. who c. when 20. It is his work in geometryAl-Kindy is especially famous a. who b. that c. where 21. My brother is the personis believed to be responsible for the designation whose b. when c. who	d. who d. that d. when
24. It was too hot to go to the beach yesterday. If only itcooler. a. have been b. had been c. has been 25. Radwan wishes heolder to drive his father's car.	d. have
a. were b. had c. is 26. I have a stomachache. I wishso many sweets. a. hadn't eaten b. had eaten c. have eaten 27. The students wish they had known more about Petra. Ifthey had do a. wish b. only c. had	d. has been d. haven't eaten one some research. d. hadn't
a. had brought a coat c. didn't bring a coat 29. Raneem regrets being angry at breakfast time. The sentence above can be rewritten correctly as a. If only she had been angry at breakfast time . b. If only she hasn't been angry at breakfast time . c. If only she has been angry at breakfast time . d. If only she hadn't been angry at breakfast time . 30. If only Rayyan hadn't forgotten to feed the animals. The above sentence means a. Rayyan didn't forget to feed the animals b. Rayyan forgot to feed the animals c. Rayyan's mother reminded him to feed the animals d. Rayyan fed the animals 31. I regret going to bed last night. The sentence which has a similar meaning to the one above is. a. I wish I had gone earlier	b. I wish I had gone late
c. I wish I hadn't gone earlier 32. I can't do this exercise. I wish Iit. a. understood b. understand c. doesn't understand	d. I wish I haven't gone earlier d. didn't understand

33. Mr Sanad doe	sn't understand the C	hinese busines	sman. If only he	Chinese.
	b. spoke	c. spc		d. have spoken
	find her way round th			-
a. has	b. have had	c. had	-	d. had
	how to use this mach			
	ove can be rewritten			
	own how to use this			
•	know how to use this			
	how to use this mach			
•	how to use this mach			46.5
36. If only it	the summer holiday	. (but it isn't –	I'm at school)	
a. is	b. are	c. wa	S	d. be
37. If plants	enough sunlight, th	ey die.		A C D
a. didn't get	b. doesn't get		c. don't get	d. hasn't got
38. My father	.the new car if it isn't	t too expensive		
a. would bye			c. wouldn't have bo	ught d. wouldn't bye
39. If children	outside, they get or	verweight.		
a. don't play	b. doesn't play	/	c. didn't play	d. hasn't played
40. If it rains, we	the match.			
a. would cancel	b. cancelled		c. cancels	d. will cancel
41. If Ashraf had	gotten up early, he	late for w	ork.	
a. will not have be	een b. won't have		c. have been	d. wouldn't have been
42. Jabir i	bn Hayyan did his res	search was Irac	1.	
a. It is the country				b. It was the country which
c. the country who				d. The person who
43. I like Geogra		. 0		r
	sentence that emph	asises the info	rmation in bold is .	
	t I liked most of all is			•
	t of all is the geograp			
	t I like most of all is			
	ke most of all was Ge			
•	le the journey unpleas			
	t sentence that empl		ormation in bold is	
	which made the journ			
	at made the journey u	7 1	1	
	which makes the jour	1	t.	
	nich made the journe			
	nen I stopped workin	•		
a. be	b. is	c. wa	ns d	. been
	Games were held in l			. 66611
	sentence that emph		<u></u>	
	t the Olympic Games			•••••••
	nat the Olympic Gam			
	CE when/that the Oly			
	hat the Olympic Gam	_		
G. It III 2012 CE ti	in the Orympic Gam	ics were neru n		

الْحَالَانِ سَوَالُ أَوهَ كَيَالِقُ الْحَمَالُ السَّالِيِّ : وَيُعَالِ السَّالِيِّ :

- 1. It is his work in literature which / that Taha Hussein is especially famous for.
- 2. The year when / that Petra was made a World Heritage Site was 1985CE.
- 3. It was the mechanical clock which / that Al-Jazari invented in the twelfth century.
- **4.** The person who contributed to the invention of the oud was Al-Kindi.
- **5.** The country where Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory was in Iraq.
- 6. It was Ali Ibn Nafi' who established the first music school in the world
- 7. It was Jabir ibn Hayyan who / that also invented ink that can be read in the dark.
- **8.** It is his work in geometry which / that Al-Kindi is especially famous for.



- 2. If the company had Known your phone number, they could have been able to contact you.
- 3. I wish I hadn't spoken aloud in my class.
- 4. If Radwan hadn't worked really hard the day before the exam, he might not have got top marks.

Writ

1. Masdar city	.which began its de	velopment in 200	6 CE	will be the	world's first
carbon-neutral	.zero-waste artificia	ally-created city.			

a),/./,

b),/;/.

d)././.

2. Do you think the wheel was the most important.....ever......

a) envention /.

b) invention /? c) invantion /.

d) invension / ?

3. Before you find a full-time job.......why don't you consider doing voluntary work......

a),/!

b)./.

- العمرة عن الجيران عن الكيران أن الحين أنها الحين أنها الأعرال عن الأعرال (جمر اليمار) • العراب البعا Study in the information in the box below carefully, and then write two sentences about Ibn Rushd. Use the appropriate linking words.

Name: Ibn Rushd

Born: in the twelfth century.

Profession: scientist, scholar, writer.

Achievements: many books, scientists named an asteroid in honor of his great contribution

to astronomy

ا أم يترق

Ibn Rushd who was born in the twelfth century was a scientist, a scholar and a writer.

Moreover, he had many achievements such as writing many books and scientists named an asteroid in honor of his contribution to astronomy, too.

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Study in the information in the box below carefully, and then write two sentences about *The Giralda Tower*. Use the appropriate linking words.

Location: Seville, Spain.

Date of construction: from 1184 CE to 1198 CE.

Designed by: The mathematician and astronomer Jabir ibn Aflah.

Architect name: Ahmad Ben Baso.

Similar designs: Koutoubia mosque in Marrakesh, The Hassan Tower in Rabat.

أخائي بهاخأ

The Giralda Tower **is** located in Seville in Spain. It **was constructed** in the period from 1184 to 1198 CE. It **was designed** by the mathematician and astronomer Jabir ibn Aflah. The architect **who was** responsible of the building **was** Ahmad Ben Baso. **Moreover**, there are two similar designs to it **which are** The Koutoubia Mosque in Marrakesh **and** The Hassn tower in Rabat, **too**.

How to make a sales pitch?

- Do your research
- Prepare your presentation
- Practice it in front of colleagues
- Hand out a summary of your presentation

هَا السُّكَالِ مِمْ يَحِلَ لِيُكَالِ كَثِيلٍ فِي أَسَالُمُ الْوَالِالَّ : العَانِّ مَمْنَا عَنَّ :

There are many ways to make a sales pitch <u>such as</u>, <u>doing</u> your research <u>and</u> preparing your presentation. <u>Also</u>, you can practice it in front of colleagues <u>then</u> hand out a summary of your presentation.

Free Writing [] [] []

: الله أعلية وألله

- **1. Successful people** are always influential people. Write an essay about a successful person who has influenced you the most in your life and what makes you impressed by him.
- **2.** These days, most countries are turning to renewable energy resources. Write an essay about these resources and their benefits over non-renewable ones.
- **3.** You have been to or read about an art or cultural event. Write a report describing this event; what was good about it and the criticism that you may have about it.
- **4.** Write an essay for a magazine describing an important event that you have seen, taken part in, or heard about.
- **5.** We are all aware of the importance of being healthy, but anger is an enemy for health. Write an essay describing the negative effects of anger and suggesting some possible ways of anger management
- **6.** Some people argue that technological inventions such as mobile phones are making people socially less interactive. Write an article discussing the impact of mobile phones on human relationships and suggest some procedures for reducing their effects on people.

Successful People

Successful people are really influential people, so whenever there is a successful person in your world, you always try to benefit from the way he or she achieves goals and further success. In this essay I intend to talk about a successful person that is considered to be my inspiration.

My elder brother who is a civil engineer is my inspiration. He was a distinguished Tawjihi student. He studied scientific subjects and got an average of 94%. He completed his university education at The University of Science and Technology. He opened his own office in Amman and was able to be famous, supervising so many projects in only three years as he is a practical person.

I am impressed by the way he thinks and deals with others. He gives every situation what it deserves; he is serious in serious occasions, he switches his mobile phone while working to be able to concentrate. When he faces any problem, he keeps calm and thoughtful, and handle it very successfully. He takes his colleagues' views in account and never ignore anyone's opinion'.

All in all, I take all this in consideration in my life, and intend to learn more and more from him as I think this will lead me to achieve success in the future.

Renewable Energy Resources

These days, most countries are turning to renewable energy resources, especially those who lack serous and sufficient resources such as Jordan. In this essay, I intend to talk about sources of renewable energy and the benefits they have over the non-renewable ones.

The world is full of sources of energy. Some of these are non- renewable such as oil, coal, and natural gas. Others are renewable like solar power, wind farms biofuels, and the hydro.

Renewable sources have many advantages over the non-renewable. For example, renewable sources are safe as they do not cause environmental problems such as pollution. Also, they are cheap compared to the non-renewable ones. Moreover, in the contrary of non-renewable energy, renewable energy is infinite and will not run out one day. In addition, renewable energy can be produced at home by ordinary people, but the non-renewable needs certain technology that is not available for individual people. For example, individual people can buy solar panels and produce solar energy for home needs.

To sum up, I think that we should widen our dependence on renewable energy for the interest of our economy and our environment as well.

Cultural Event

Two years ago I went to the Jerash Festival for Culture and the Arts that is held every year in the important archaeological site of Jerash, Jordan. This twenty one-day cultural event included so many cultural activities.

The main event is hosting a famous singer or a band from Jordan or another country to sing or dance in the Roman Theatre there. Bands of Jordan's folklore are also hosted there. Other important events are exhibitions for Jordan's folk clothes. During the event, there were exhibitions for paintings, fashion design and books for artists from all over the world. What impressed me most in the event was painting on sand. This activity is traditional in Jordan as you can ask an artist to write your name or an important traditional symbol inside a bottle of coloured sand.

My only criticism of this event was that the period is not enough to show all about Jordan. I think it must be longer; a month for example would be enough.



Anger Is An Enemy Of Health

We are all aware of the importance of being healthy. We know that we need to eat well and take regular exercise. However, how often do we stop and think about how much energy we waste by being angry?

Anger can lead to stress and other mental health problems, and it makes it harder for us to concentrate and enjoy life. For example, when there is so much traffic, you feel more and more angry because you set in your car with your heart beating fast, worrying about arriving late. Many other similar situations and occasions can arouse the feeling of anger, but how can we control our anger?

You can stay calm by taking a deep breath, holding it for a few seconds and then breathing out very slowly. You can also count to ten. This technique gives you enough time to think about your anger and be able to control it. Exercise can help you, too. Moreover, you can recite some verses from the Holy Quran whenever you feel cross as it makes you feel peaceful and patient, and it helps us to be kind to people.

In the end I say as Prophet Mohammad (PBUH) said "He who is victorious over his passion at the time of anger is the strongest among you".

أحَالُ مِنْ وَالْ مِنْ الْرُوسِ وَالْرَسِ : ﴿ وَالْرَسُ وَالْرُسُ وَالْرُسُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ ا

- 1. Masdar city.....which began its development in 2006 CE......will be the world's first carbon-neutral.....zero-waste artificially-created city.
- a),/./,
- b),/;/.
- c),/,/,
- d)././.
- 2. Do you think the wheel was the most important.....ever......
- a) envention /.
- b) invention / ? c) invantion / .
- d) invension / ?
- 3. Before you find a full-time job..... why don't you consider doing voluntary work......
- a),/!

- b),/.
- c),/?
- d)./,

والحمالًا الحمُطُ

ا. بَوْلِي الْمُمْ الْأَلِينَ الْمُمْ الْأَلِينِ فَالْمُمْ الْمُرْتِينِ الْمُمْالِ الْمُمْالِقِ الْمُمْالِقِ ا

مقاطع نهاية الفعل Verb	مقاطع نهاية الاسم Noun	مقاطع نهاية الصفة Adjective	مقطع نهاية الظرف Adverb
en	ment	ous	ly
en	tion / sion / ssion	ful	
ize / ise	ness	able / ible	
fy / ify	ance, ence, cy	ent / ant	
ate	ty / ism / sm	ive	ظرف = ly + صفة
	Verb + al	ic / ical	
	ure/ sis/dom	ary / ory / y	
	f / ship / age / ice	al + اسم	
	logy, ics	Base+ ing / V3	
	er / or / ee / ist / ian	less	

ر السَيْرَانِ لَنْ مُعِيرًا مُوسِيًّا لِسَوَّالَ الْعِبَالِ الْجُسِيِّ الْعَبْدِ وَمَعْدًا الْمُعْرِ

Collocation

المتلازمات

take interest	fill in
wake up	make a small talk
get up	catch \ caught attention
spend time	draw up a time table
turn on	write a schedule
attend a course	get an idea
take a course	do exercise : keep fit
urban planning	settle down
public transport	make a start : begin
biological waste	meet up
negative effect	take a break : relax
carbon footprint	look around
economic growth	do a subject : study
give out	make a difference : change something
make a mistake	know about
ask question	get a feeling of satisfaction
earn respect	connect with
join a company	secure passwords
cause offence	take place
a responsible person	a responsible job
get a job	A long meeting

Cause offence	public transport
biological waste	negative effect
economic growth	carbon footprint
make - a mistake	take a course
ask questions	drop a course
earn respect	work as
talk about	decide on
good at	translate into
ask about	get a job

Get over
Go away
Come up with
Looking forward
Decide on
Good at
Translate into

: سُوسًا سُالكُول

Functions

الأجراب البالية

1. Giving Advice:

a. You could + V-inf. ...b. Why don't you + V-inf.?

c. If I were you, I would ...

(should – ought to – It would be a good idea for you to)

- **2. cleft sentence:** to emphasize certain pieces of information
- **3.Defining relative clauses:** to identify which particular person, place or thing is being talked about.
- **4. Non-defining relative clauses:** to give more detail about a particular person, place or thing.
- **5. Zero conditional : -** Describe something that always happens.
- **6. First conditional : -** Describe a future outcome of a certain future action or event.
- **7. Third conditional:** To imagine past situation.
- **8.** wish + had + v3: To express regrets about the past.
- **9. wish + simple past : -** To express wishes about the present.

T. Anas Wahdan

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10. Should: to give advice

11. If I were you, I'd: to give advice

12. Because: to show cause

13. As: to show cause

14. Since: to show cause

15. because of: to show cause

16. due to: to show cause

17. therefore: to show result

18. so: to show result

19. as a result: to show result

20. because of that: to show result21. Consequently: to show result

22. Why don't you: to give advice

23. zero conditional: to describe something that always happens

24. the first conditional : to describe a future outcome of a certain future action or event.



المُسَالَ النَّاسَانَ والمواتِّ لِكَمْ بِالنَّوْمُيُّ وَالنَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا

مركز الطيبة الخضراء الثقافي /خريبة السوق ١٠١٠٩٧١٠٠

ركز روائع الفكر للدورات والتدريب/جبل الزهور ٧٩٧٤١٩٨٣٧٠

أكاديمية البدر/شارع الإذاعة والتلفزيوز ٢٤٣٩٩٩٤٦٠

مركز تسارع التعليمي / أبو علندا ٧٩٠١٨٥٤٠٣٠

مركز الرازي / الوحدات ۲۹۰۵۲۰۶۷۰

ويمكنكم تحميل هذا اللف وطفات أخرى هن تعفقتي

https://www.awa2el.net/ar/user/55389/files

وَاتْشُونَ بِمِتَابِمِتُكِم مِن مِوَاقِع النّواصل الْجِنْمَافِي الْمُوجِودُرُ عَلَى الْمُلافُ