

الاشتقاق (الصرف) DERIVATION

كل ما يأتي بعد الكلمة: Suffixes كل ما يأتي قبل الكلمة: Prefixes كل ما يأتي قبل وبعد الكلمة: Affixes

- ★ tell (v): يتنبأ / foretell (v): يخبر (v)
- ★ understand (v): يفهم / misunderstand (v): يسيئ فهم
- ★ able (adj.): قادر / unable (adj.): غير قادر
- ★ believe (v): يصدق / believable (adj.): يمكن تصديقه / unbelievable (adj.): لا يمكن تصديقه
- ★ يؤدي استخدام ال (Prefixes) لتغيير معنى الكلمة دون أن يغير قسمها.
- ★ يؤدي استخدام ال (Suffixes) لتغيير معنى الكلمة وتغيير قسمها.

المبدأ الأول: اسئلة الاشتقاق مميزة من خلال خياراتها المتاحة التي تظهر فيها نفس الكلمة مشتقة كاسم، أو صفة، أو ظرف، أو فعل. وعليه، فإن كل المبادئ التالية هي خاصة بأسئلة اشتقاق المعاني فقط.

المبدأ الثاني: احفظ وافهم النمط التالي:

The extremely ugly duck moves quickly.

Adv.

Adj

N

V

Adv.

1. تأتي الصفة غالبًا قبل الاسم وتصفه (ugly duck)
2. يأتي الظرف قبل الصفة ويحدد مقدارها (extremely ugly)
3. أصبحت مدرجًا للنمط التالي: ظرف، صفة، اسم (extremely ugly duck)
4. يأتي الفعل غالبًا بعد الاسم (duck moves)
5. يأتي الظرف قبل أو بعد الفعل (moves quickly) أو (quickly moves) كلاهما صحيح.
6. يأتي بعد (the, an, a):

2. اسم (The duck)، أو مجموعة اسم (The ugly duck)، (The extremely ugly duck)

ما ينطبق على (the) بالنقطة السادسة، ينطبق على كل الأدوات التي تأتي سابقة للاسم مثل صفات الملكية، أو حروف الجر، الخ... (ستراها بعد قليل)

المبدأ الثالث: احفظ نهايات الأفعال التالية:

participate strengthen classify capitalise (ize) encourage

بعض الأفعال ليس لها نهاية تميزها وسنعمد هنا مبدأ أن الكلمة الأقل حروفًا = فعل مثل، (inform)

حفظ نهايات الأفعال هو الأهم لأنك تستطيع من خلاله في بعض الأحيان أن تعرف ما هي الخيارات المتبقية، مثل:

1. Companies usually look for people to hire.

succeed successful successfully successes

1. بما انه الفراغ مسبق بحرف جر، فسيتبادر لذهنك أنك تحتاج **لاسم بعد حرف الجر**، لكن بما أنه بعد الفراغ هنالك اسم، اذن ستحتاج **لصفة تسبق الاسم**. (مهم جدًا النظر لما قبل الفراغ ولما بعده).
2. على مبدأ ان الكلمة الأقل حروفًا هي فعل، فعليك استثناء كلمة (succeed).
3. وبما أنك تعرف أن الكلمة المنتهية بـ (ly) هي ظرف، فعليك استثناء كلمة (successfully).
4. وما دمت تعرف أن إزالة الـ (ly) من الكلمة تجعلها صفة فعليك وضع كلمة (successful) جانبًا لتستكمل استبعاد الخيارات الخاطئة كلها. (مهم جدًا ان تلتزم بتكتيك استبعاد الخيارات الخاطئة)
5. لم يتبقى عندك الا كلمة (successes)، وعليك استثناءها لأنها ستكون اسم غالبًا.
6. هكذا يكون الجواب هو (successful)

المبدأ الرابع: تعرف على أشهر النهايات للأسماء والصفات:

educational accessible
successful cancerous
prosthetic
dependent childish

comfortable
creative
sleepless

ADJECTIVES

teacher translator
importance appendage
privacy obesity
linguist enthusiasm
depth kingdom

extraction
knowledge
acupuncture
childhood

prosthetics
closure
childishness
relationship

equipment

NOUNS

النهاية (ic) للصفة والنهاية (ics) للاسم مهم

المبدأ الخامس: أينما وجدت التصريف الثالث أو فعل (ing) في خيارات أسئلة الاشتقاق، فهما صفة غالبًا:

2. We were that everyone loved our performance.
amazed amazement amazingly amaze

3. The party was that we all enjoyed.
interested interesting interest interestingly

(التمرين 2 + 3) تتذكر أن موقع الصفة غالبًا هو قبل الاسم، لكن أضف لذلك انه بعد الفعل (be) تأتي صفة غالبًا.

4. My boss wrote me a letter of, and invited me to visit him at the his office.
apprecite appreciating appreciated appreciation

(التمرين 4) إذا ظهر لك بالخيارات صفة أصلية وأخرى غير أصلية، اختر الأصلية. الصفة الغير أصلية: (اشتقت من خلال التصريف الثالث أو من خلال اضافة (ing) للفعل)، أما الأصلية، فهي باقي الصفات.

المبدأ السادس: كلمات خادعة

{function = v/n}

{recommend v1, recommended v2/v3} مهمة

{succeed v1, succeeded v2/v3} مهمة

{complement = v/n}

{remedy = v/n}

{expand v1, expanded v2/ v3}

{proceed v1, proceeded v2/v3} مهمة

{intend v1, intended v2/ v3}

الحالات التي يستخدم فيها الاسم أو مجموعة الاسم

بعد أدوات التعريف والتنكير "a, an, the"

5. Fadi has now learned English well enough that he can perform interviews without an
interpret interpreted interpretable interpreter

بعد حروف الجر وأشهرها: "in, on, at, for, of, into, to, from, under, about, above, with, as, by" حروف جر أخرى

"across, after, against, along, around, before, behind, below, beneath, beside, between, beyond, down, during, inside, near, until, via, within, without"

6. My manager wrote me a letter of to apply for the new position.
recommend recommended recommending recommendation

بعد ضمائر الإشارة "this, that, those, these" (demonstrative pronouns)

7. You should fill-in this before you leave.
 clear clearance cleared clearing

بعد محددات الكميات (quantities)

"little, a little, few, a few, much, many, more, most, plenty of, lots of, some, any, no, enough, several, all, half, a lot of, more"

• ما هي أفعال الربط (Linking Verbs)؟

- smell** = يشم / تبدو رائحة = **taste** = يتذوق / يبدو طعم = **sound** = صوت / يبدو =
seem = يبدو = **look** = ينظر / يبدو شكل = **appear** = يبدو =
become = يصبح = **be** = يكون = **feel** = يشعر / يعطي شعور =

- تتشابه أفعال الربط غالبًا مع ما يعرف بالأفعال الخيرية (Stative Verbs). أدرس المثالين التاليين:
 → The coffee **tastes** awesome. → The man **tastes** the coffee.
- هل تعلم انه من غير الممكن ل(Stative Verbs) ان تأتي بحالة استمرار؟ ادرس المثالين التاليين:
 → The coffee **tastes** awesome. → The coffee **is-tasting** awesome.
 → I **am** at home now. → I **am-being** at home now.
 → My kid **looks** happy right now. → My kid **is-looking** happy right now.

- تستخدم أفعال الربط لربط المبتدأ (subject) بالخبر (predicate).
- قد يكون الخبر (noun, adjective, adverb):

Subject	Verb	Predicate
This building	is	a school . (n)
This man	is	satisfied . (adj.) ★
The book	is	here . (adv.)

8. All she wants is more to move on.
 confident confidence confidently confidential
9. Public areas and buildings are now more to people with disabilities.
 access accesses accessibility accessible

بعد الأرقام "one, two, three...etc" (numbers)

10. We need to hire at least three in the new school.
 teach teaching teachers taught

بعد صفات الملكية "my, our, your, his, her, its, their" (possessive adjectives)

11. Our has thrived lately.
 investment invest invested investing

كفاعل أو مفعول به

12. We should prioritise in already existing cities, rather than creating new ones.
 sustainability sustained sustain sustainable

13. gives people the ability to resist the infection temporarily or permanently.
immunise immunised immunisation immune

بعد الـ (gerund) التي هي عبارة عن فعل + ing الذي يعمل كاسم

14. Mariam is in her second year of studying at the University of Jordan.
economics economical economically economic
15. In addition to teaching for students, Rasha teaches children's literature.
linguistics linguistically linguist linguistic

الاسم يصف الاسم الذي قبله (مهارات عُلْيَا)

16. Japan has taken the lead in car
productional producer production productive

الحالات التي تستخدم فيها الصفة (الامر نفسه فيما يتعلق بمجموعة الاسم) (انظر ص 11)

smart → smarter → the smartest /// beautiful → more beautiful → the most beautiful

قبل الاسم

17. We are looking forward to a long and partnership with your company.
succeed successful successfully successes
18. The 20th century brought about changes in our lifestyle.
revolutionarily revolutionary revolutionise revolutionist

بعد أفعال الربط (أشهرها BE) (become, seem, look, appear, sound, taste)

19. Wages were fixed at the time of recruitment and were not
negotiator negotiable negotiation negotiate

Study the following:

Ali is **practically** **much** **more** **intelligent** than anyone in the class.

تذكر هذا النسق The extremely ugly duck moves quickly

20. Because of traffic jam, it is impossible for me to get home in less than an hour.
practical practice practitioner practically
21. I avoid drinks which are prepared when having my main meals.
artifice artificially artificer artificial

بعد المحددات **more, most, so, too, very, quite**

22. It's quite and useful to travel and work somewhere during and after your study. ★
recommend recommender recommendable recommendation

حالة المقارنة بالصفات (comparison)

23. The new employee is **as** **as** me. He knows much about livestock.
know known knowledge knowledgeable

بعد الظرف

24. The land became wonderfully and produce more than enough food. ★
 fertilise fertiliser fertilisation fertile

being بعد

25. Being very, she can solve any problem easily.
 intelligent intelligence intelligently intelligencer
26. How do you deal with the knowledge of being than most people?
 smarter smart smartness smartly
27. Dinner is being by mother.
 cooked cooker cooking cook

تركيبة (keep, make + obj. + adj.)

28. There are many ways to keep our children engaged when stuck at home.
 academically academy academic academies

الحالات التي يستخدم فيها الفعل:

Your presence **will** highly motivate me.



بعد الأفعال المساعدة التالية: (لست بحاجة لتحفظها، فأنت تعرفها وتعرف أن الفعل بعدها مجرد)

{can, could, shall, should, may, might, will, would, must, have to, don't have to, has to, doesn't have to, had to, used to, be going to, ought to, do, don't, does, doesn't, did, didn't}

29. Suha studied hard. I'm sure she will
 success successfully successful succeed
30. Experienced Jordanian doctors can easily human bodies using ultrasound devices.
 scan scanned scannable scanner
31. When do you to receive your test results?
 expect expected expectancy expectantly

بعد {to} (بشرط ان لا تكون حرف جر)

32. Scientists around the world are working to a cure for cancer.
 discoverable discover discoverer discovery
33. The way our teacher follows shall take me to
 smart smartness smartly smarter

بعد الفاعل

34. Most people nowadays on social media.
 blog blogging blogger blogged

usually, always, never, hardly, sometimes, often, daily

35. The company I work for always total sales.
calculates calculator calculation calculating

قد يأتي الفعل ببداية جملة الأمر (imperative sentence)

36. your pencil so that your writing become legible.
sharp sharpen sharpener sharper

الحالات التي يستخدم فيها الظرف (انظر ص 11)

slow (adj.) + ly = slowly (adv.)

easy (adj.) + ly = easily (adv.)

في نهاية الجملة (يصف الفعل)

37. It is important to spend your time
produce production productively productive

قبل الفعل أو بعده

38. The students completed their science project.
success succeeded successful successfully

39. The doctors prevented the spread of the virus.
success succeeded successful successfully

حالة المقارنة بالظروف (comparison)

40. Ahmad is a good man. He works as as possible.
hard hardness harden harder

يأتي الظرف بين الفعل المساعد والفعل الرئيسي

41. A good advertisement **will/ is going to** attract customers.
certain certainly certainty

يأتي الظرف ببداية الجملة (ستظهر لك فاصلة بعد الفراغ غالبًا)

42., I don't believe this story.
basically basic base based

About Adverbs

- She is **always** late. (*after Be*)
- She **always** comes late. (*before other main verbs*)
- She will **always** come late. (*between modals/ Semi-modals/ helping verbs and main verbs*)
- She comes **early every day**. (*at the end*)
- **Basically**, she comes on time. (*at the beginning*)
- **Actually**, She doesn't come late.

تطلب تمارين الكتاب التالية منك أن تشتق الصفة بنفسك. (اسئلة مقالية لم تعد تأتي وازارتنا لكنها موجودة بالكتاب ومطلوبة، ينصح بالاطلاع عليها)

43. The Middle East is famous for the of olive oil. (**produce**)
44. Ibn Sina wrote textbooks. (**medicine**)
45. Fatima al-Fihri was born in the century. (**nine**)
46. My father bought our house with an from his grandfather. (**inherit**)
47. Scholars have discovered an document from the twelfth century. (**origin**)
48. Do you think the wheel was the most important ever? (**invent**)
49. Al-Kindi made many important mathematical (**discover**)
50. Who was the most writer of the twentieth century? (**influence**)
51. Before you apply for a job, check that you have the correct (**qualify**)
52. The company is pleased with your work and is happy to give you a (**recommend**)
53. Congratulations on a very business deal. (**succeed**)
54. We should always be ready to listen to good (**advise**)
55. My father often talks about what he did in his (**young**)
56. It's important to have an of different countries' customs. (**aware**)

المبدأ السابع: ستضطر في بعض الأحيان للجوء للمعنى (دراسة الاشتقاق تفيدك من 60-70% بالحل فقط):

57. Anyone with heart, lungs or blood problems should ask for medical advice before flying.
circulate circulation circulated circulates
- المبدأ الثامن:** تقتبس بعض الجمل، أو العبارات من القطع والتمارين كما هي (**بصمية**)
58. Students can use to do tasks such as showing photographs, researching information, recording interviews and creating diagrams.
tablet computers identity fraud filter security settings
59. Be careful when you answer the question, and try not to
earn respect make a mistake make small talk join a company
60. Medicines that are not the normal, traditionally accepted treatments are known as
homoeopathy acupuncture complementary conventional

أفكار إضافية Additional issues

الأفعال {**make, let, help**} (يأتي مفعول به بعدها ومن ثم فعل مجرد)

61. I can make him
confession confessed confess confessing
62. She made him the exercise again.
do does doer did
63. She lets the students in class.
sing singer singing sings
64. I am trying to help him for a new bike.
look looking is looked looks

☀ **few (C.Ns)**, insufficient small amount.

☀ **little (U.Ns)**, insufficient small amount.

☀ **much (U.N)**, I have much coffee.

☀ **a few (C.Ns)**, sufficient small amount.

☀ **a little (U.Ns)**, sufficient small amount.

☀ **many (C.N)**, I have many friends.

Suffix	Type	Words
{al}	اسم وصفة أكثر	{arrival = n}/{natural, criminal, formal = adj.}
{ant}	اسم وصفة أكثر	{inhabitant = n}/{significant, important, dominant = adj.}
{ate}	صفة وفعل أكثر	{accurate = adj.}/{participate, calculate, dominate, negotiate = v}
{en}	صفة وفعل أكثر	{golden = adj.}/{encourage, enable, sharpen, strengthen = v}
{ry}	صفة واسم	{bakery, Chemistry = n}/{satisfactory, complementary = adj.}
{y}	صفة واسم	{lucky = adj.}/{academy = n}
{ing}	اسم وصفة وفعل مستمر	

المبدأ التاسع: ان أسئلة الاشتقاق هي نفس أسئلة المعاني، والفرق بينهم هو أن خيارات سؤال الاشتقاق هي نفس الكلمة لكن باشتقاقات مختلفة، بينما سؤال المعاني كلماته مختلفة عن بعضها:

65. Abeer teaches maths. She is a brilliant in my school. **سؤال اشتقاق**
 mathematician mathematical mathematics mathematically
66. Ahmad's job doesn't pay very well, but it is very, so he doesn't want to leave it. **سؤال معاني**
 seminar translation secure doctor
- أسئلة إضافية**
67. Some universities offer difference-in-pronunciation courses that suit individual needs.
 region regional regionalise regionally
68. I need a piece of on which computer to buy.
 advise advice advisor advised
69. Have you read about the importance of Islamic in history
 achieve achieved achieving achievements
70. Hani is a very competent worker. He looks also, and he can perform any task.
 adaptable adaptation adapt adapted
71. 4 Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say it is
 viable alien skeptical conventional
72. Not surprisingly, two of Jordan's largest exports are chemicals and
 fertile fertilised fertilise fertilisers
73. In order to turn the deserts into and productive land, engineers built an 800-mile canal.
 fertile fertilization fertilise fertiliser
74. Many serious diseases can be prevented by, which helps the body to build antibodies.
 immunised immunisation immunise immune
75. How quickly does blood round the body?
 circulate circulated circulation circulating

76. You can wear your watch when you go swimming if it's.....
self-confidence waterproof inspire original
77. You must not take in medicine without consulting a
philosopher physician chemist polymath
78. Choose the correct meaning of a 'wake-up call'.
an alarm clock a warning a telephone call a danger
79. The nature reserve uses recycled water, which helps the of the environment.
sustainabil sustainabilly sustainabilise sustainability
80. One of the most important things that we give children is a good (educate)
81. If you work hard, I'm sure you will (success)
82. Congratulations! Not many people such high marks. (achievement)
83. My father works for an that helps to protect the environment. (organise)
84. It's amazing to watch the of a baby in the first year of life. (develop)

Ex. 4 (SB P42)

85. Many instruments that are still used today in were designed by Arab scholars.
(operational / operate / operations)

86. When do you to receive your test results?
(expect / expectancy / expectantly)

(تعرف على الاشتقاقات الواردة بالجدول أدناه: (ركز على اللون الأحمر (قد يطلب منك ان تكتبها))

NOUN	ADJECTIVE	VERB	ADVERB
production	productive / produced	produce	productively
medicine	medical	-	medically
nine	ninth	-	ninthly
inheritance	inherited	inherit	-
origin	original		originally
invention	inventive invented	invent	inventively
discovery discoveries	discovered	discover	-
influence	influential	-	Influentially
qualification	qualified	qualify	-
recommendation	recommended	recommend	-
success	successful	succeed	successfully
advice	advised	advise	-
youth	young	-	-
awareness	aware	-	-