Grade: 11 Date:			English Language Semester 1 <sup>st</sup> & 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
Name:					EOUZWERT HTTENATION
Question :	1	2	3	4	
Points					/ 100
$\mathbf{V}_{\text{res}}$ have to construct all the superfractions which are (2) in (4) are set of the super-					

You have to answer all the questions which are (2) in (4) pages on the same exam's paper

# \* For items (1-50), read each one carefully then choose from a, b, c or d the correct answer. ( 50 points)

1.He started talking to the new neighbour.

#### The sentence that has a similar meaning to the one above is:

A)He had a laugh with the new neighbour

**B**)He struck up a conversation with the new neighbour.

C)He hit it off with the new neighbour

**D**)He took to the new neighbour

2.She gave the impression of being very self-confident

The sentence that has a similar meaning to the one above is:

A)She came across as being very self-confident.

**B**)She took to be very self-confident.

C)She paid them a compliment for being very self-confident.

**D**)She made small talk about being very self-confident.

**3.**Abeer commented on how nice her shoes were.

# The sentence that has a similar meaning to the one above is:

A)Abeer paid her a compliment about her shoes

**B**)Abeer made small talk about her shoes.

C)Abeer had a laugh about her shoes.

**D**)Abeer created a strong bond about her shoes.

4. I immediately liked him.

#### The sentence that has a similar meaning to the one above is:

- **A)** I hit it off him immediately
- **B**) I took to him immediately
- C) I made small talk with him immediately
- **D**) I created a weak bond with him immediately.

5.I didn't really like her friends when I met them.

### The sentence that has a similar meaning to the one above is :

A)I didn't really take to with her friends when I met them.

B)I didn't really hit it off with her friends when I met them.

C)I didn't really make a favourable impression on her friends when I met them.

D)I didn't really make small talk with her friends when I met them.

6.We found it really funny.

# The sentence that has a similar meaning to the one above is:

A)We made small talk about it

**B**)We made a favourable impression of it.

C)We had a laugh about it.

D)We struck up a conversation about it

7. cars will almost certainly reduce the number of road accidents .

# -The sentence which has the same meaning as the one above is:

A)Driverless cars are sure to reduce the number of road accidents.

**B**)Driverless cars are likely to reduce the number of road accidents.

C)Driverless cars are unlikely to reduce the number of road accidents.

**D**)It is impossible for driverless cars to reduce the number of road accidents.

8.I'mof doing my presentation on endangered species.					
A)thinking B)hoping C)planning D)about					
9.I don't think he v	9.I don't think he will stop eating meat				
-The sentence whi	-The sentence which has the same meaning as the one above is:				
<b>A</b> )He is unlikely to	A)He is unlikely to stop eating meat				
<b>B</b> )He is likely to s	stop eating meat.				
<b>C</b> )He is sure to sto					
	D)He is certain to stop eating meat				
	10) I don't think I made a impression in the interview.				
A. favourable	B. favour	C. favours			
11) When Rola lea mind.	rnt that the new bab	y was healthy, it	was a off her		
A. weight	B. weighing	C. weighed	D. weigh		
		_			
, <u> </u>	rb which means " <b>to</b>	-	-		
A. figure out	B. make out	C. get acro	Dess D. come across		
13) When you move to live or work somewhere else, you					
A. bewildered	<b>B. rival</b>	C. relocate	D. thrilled		
14) However, people should have the freedom to about things they do not					
agree with.					
A. protested	B. protesting	C. protest	er D. protest		
15) Anyone can see how much Dad loves his model trains. He's so when					
he talks about them.					
A. passionate	B. solitary	C. defensi	ive <b>D. tense</b>		

16) However, as the heatwave breaks and is replaced by rain and the risk of				
floods and even hurricanes in the coming weeks.				
A. heat	B. torrential	C. soaked	D. sub-zero	
17) Tigers – the largest	living cats on Earth –	are at the top of their f	ood chain so they have no	
predators.				
A. critically	<b>B. endangered</b>	C. natural	D. furry	
18) If I'm bored on the	e train, I like to	up a conversat	tion with a fellow	
passenger.				
A. strike	B. come	C. hit	D. take	
19) We know that socia	al media directs adve	rtisements	its users.	
A. in	B. out	C. to	D. on	
20) The city museum	an exł	nibition featuring the	work of photographer	
Harry Trenton.				
A. was recently open	ing	B. recently opened		
C. has recently been opening D. has recently opened				
21) I the	e website for 10 min	utes before I went to	school.	
A. check	B. checked	C. had been chee	cking D. have checked	
22) Reem feels tired because she all day.				
A. have been working	g B. has worked	C. has been working	D. had been working	
23) By the next year, they how to cope with every possible technical				
problem.				
A. will be learnt	B. will have lear	nt C. will learn	D. learn	
24) That's his brother,? The boy with black hair.				
A. won't he	B. isn't he	C. doesn't	he D. hasn't he	
25) You've done so much revision - you're to pass your exam.				
A. bound	B. not likely	<b>C. unlikely</b>	D. unsure	

26) Ramzi regularly does his assignments at a short notice.

The sentence that has a similar meaning as the previous one is:

A. Ramzi will regularly put off his assignments at a short notice.

B. Ramzi would regularly put off his assignments at a short notice.

C. Ramzi used to regularly put off his assignments at a short notice.

D. Ramzi won't regularly put off his assignments at a short notice.

27) My grandfather's house, ..... I love, isn't very modern.

A. when B. which C. whom D. who

28) The right way to join these two sentences (I was talking about an app. It's really cool) is:

A. The app (which/that) I was talking about is really cool.

B. The app when I was talking is really cool.

C. The app, that I was talking about, is really cool.

D. The app whose I was talking about is really cool.

29) ..... she made the statement than she realised she had made a big mistake.

A. Little did B. Never have not I heard C. Scarcely had D. No sooner had

30) By and large, young people do more sport.

The function of the underlined phrase is:

A. Talking about what you think is generally true.

B. Acknowledging that you are generalizing.

C. Talking about facts. D. Talking about opinions.

31) Nazzal was ...... when he found out he'd got a place at university ......
A. esctatic / . B. esctatic / , C. ecstatic / , D. ecstatic / .

32) **I am writing to express my concern about** plans to construct a new concert hall on the site of the city park on South Road. While a concert hall would certainly be a desirable facility, the current plans present a number of major problems.

In formal email, the underlined sentence is used to:

- A. State the problem and offer some solutions.
- **B.** State your reasons for writing in the introduction
- C. Begin with an appropriate formal greeting.
- D. Ask the recipient of the email to take some action.
- 33) ..... means take measures to check something. **B**) set up C) test **D**) prove A) set out 34) People break the law when they do something ..... **D**) illegal C) integral A) foundation **B**) intern 35) Please ...... your thoughts on what you think went wrong. A) prove **B**) bright C) look **D**) share 36) Harry insisted ..... taking lots of photos at my birthday party. C) for A) at B) on D) to 37) The reporter asked how the charity could help these people. The correct direct speech of the above sentence is: A) "So how could the charity help these people?" B) "So how the charity could help these people?" C) "So how can the charity help these people?" D) "So how the charity can help these people?" 38) 'I wish I hadn't bought white trainers.' The sentence that has reported correctly by using the suitable reporting verb is: A) Osama regretted to buy white trainers. **B)** Osama advised to buy white trainers. C) Osama regretted not buying white trainers. D) Osama regretted that he didn't buy white trainers.

<ul><li>39) They told her that the man who wished to remain</li><li>A). / anonumous B), / anonymous C), / anonumous D). / anonymous</li></ul>					
40- It appe	ars that a digital	mirror is now ava	ilable.		
- A digital	- A digital mirror now appears				
A) to bein	A) to being available B) to be available				
C) be avai	lable	D) being a	vailable		
41- It will show people the consequences of an unhealthy lifestyle.					
- The sente	nce that has the	same meaning as t	he one above is:		
A) The conseq	uences of an un	healthy lifestyle	will be shown people.		
B) People will be shown the consequences of an unhealthy lifestyle.					
C) The conseq	uences of an un	healthy lifestyle	will be shown to peopl	e.	
D) B+C					
42- Look at the recent crash which was caused by <u>a sensor malfunction</u> in a self-driving car in the USA.					
- The agent is mentioned in the sentence above because:					
A) it is unknown B) it is new and important information					
C) it is obviou	s D) it	is unimportant			
43- The kitchen drawer is full of handy to slice onions or peel eggs and so on.					
A) appliances	B) gadgets	C) devices	<b>D) function</b>	lities	
44- You need to up important computer files in case you lose them.					
A) swipe	B) handle	C) hack	D) back		

45-If we spent	more on society,fe	wer people	live in hardship.	
A)have to	B)would have to	C)had to	D)will have to	
46yo	u run,you're going	to be late for the	lesson.	
A)Unless	B)If	C)When	D)If only	
47-If she	an interesting	person,the journalis	stsher.	
A)weren't , will i	nterview			
B)isn't , wouldn'	t have interviewed			
C)hadn't been, will have interviewed				
D)weren't ,wouldn't have interviewed				
48-If you hadn't given up languages at school, youable to work abroad now.				
A)are B)w	vill be C)wou	ld be D)would	l have been	
49the clock strikes midday, the race will begin.				
A)If not	B)When	C)If	D)Unless	
50-You'll laughI tell you what happened to me yesterday.				
A)when	B)if	C)A+B	D)If only	

#### Question Number Two : (30 Points) <u>Read the following text carefully, and then answer all the questions that follow. Your answers</u> should be based on the article.

The doors shut with a thud behind me as I walk into the shopping centre. Immediately, there's a buzz of noise. I can hear two or three different types of music being played in various shops. Awoman walks past me, carrying lots of shopping bags. I can hear the sound of **them** rubbing against each other. I try to shrug it off, but it's made me feel a bit more anxious. The lights are too bright. A man is shaking a pot full of coins – I think he's collecting money for charity. It's really loud. I carry on through the shopping centre. I can smell fried food. I bump into a friend, but I can't stop to talk to her because it's all so overwhelming. I need to calm down. I need to get out of here.

This is a description of what it might feel like for some people with ASD (autism spectrum disorder) to go to a shopping centre. While people's experiences vary a lot, one of the key issues for many individuals with autism is a hypersensitivity to sights, sounds, smells and tastes, which can make a simple activity, such as going shopping extremely stressful. Some people are able to cope with this kind of sensory overload reasonably well, though the stress might eat away at them inside. But for others, they end up having a meltdown. This can make it difficult to fit in with or to keep friends because other people just don't understand the pressure that has led the person with autism to act in this way. It can also lead to people with autism having problems at school or with holding down a job, as they may come across as unreliable or bad-tempered.

In order to help people understand what it's like to have autism, could Virtual Reality (VR) help? Virtual Reality is a computer-generated simulation of an experience, which is seen in 3D, and which can feel almost exactly like really being in that situation. According to Chris Milk in his TED talk, Virtual Reality connects humans to other humans in a way which can change people's perceptions of each other. Perhaps in response to such ideas, the National Autistic Society has developed a VR experience to help people understand what sensory overload feels like.

**1.** Quote the sentence that shows how the doors sounded when the writer entered the shopping centre.

2. Quote the sentence that describes what the man was doing with the pot in the shopping centre.

3. What reason does the writer give for not stopping to talk to their friend?

4. Mention three types of sensory input that people with autism might be hypersensitive to, according to the text.

5. What reason is given for the National Autistic Society developing a VR experience?

6. How far do you agree that Virtual Reality can help people better understand individuals with autism? Give reasons based on the text and your own opinion.

Q3.

#### Write on one topic of the followings. ( 20 points)

1- Once you went out with your friend for shopping during which he lost his pocket money. Write a story including where you went , how he lost it , what you did , how you felt and finally how you found it .

2- Future houses are now more common than they used to be . Write an essay about the benefits of future houses and how you could imagine they will look like.

Best wishes -

Wael Nsairat and Taha Noubani

